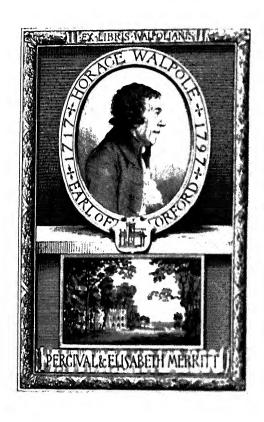
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LETTERS OF HORACE WALPOLE

MRS. PAGET TOYNBEE

HENRY FROWDE, M.A. PUBLISHER TO THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD LONDON, EDINBURGH NEW YORK

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Horace Walpole from a mezzotint by J.M. Ardell after Sir Joshua Reynolds P. R.A.

THE LETTERS OF HORACE WALPOLE

FOURTH EARL OF ORFORD

CHRONOLOGICALLY ARRANGED

AND EDITED WITH NOTES AND INDICES

BY

MRS. PAGET TOYNBEE

IN SIXTEEN VOLUMES
WITH PORTRAITS AND FACSIMILES

VOL. VIII: 1771-1774

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THE LETTERS

OF

HORACE WALPOLE

1336. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Jan. 15, 1771.

THERE seems to be a pestilence amongst our politicians. They go off by wholesale. The Duke of Bedford died last night; happily for himself, poor man! for he had lost his sight, and almost his speech and limbs. Sir Edward Hawke is only dead politically, having resigned from age and infirmities. The new Secretary of State, Lord Sandwich, succeeds him 1, and no man in England is fitter for the office. I do not know who will have the Seals. Suffolk is most talked of, but, though young, he is all over gout. The Great Seal remains at nurse, and the changes in the law are still in suspense, like the Peace, which somehow or other has been strangely bungled. We might, I am persuaded, have had it two months ago. The opposition is in the last state of a consumption; Mr. Grenville's friends point due west to St. James's; Lord Chatham and Lord Temple have quarrelled, and the latter is retired. Lord Shelburne has lost his wife (our friend Lady Granville's daughter2), acts the disconsolate husband, and is going

LETTER 1836.—1 As First Lord of the Admiralty.

² The first wife of William Fitzmaurice, second Earl of Shelburne, was daughter of John Carteret, Earl of Granville, by his second wife, Lady Sophia Fermor, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Pomfret. Walpole.

abroad: Wilkes and Parson Horne write against each Alderman Sawbridge is dying; and, in short, Lord C. like Widdrington in Chevy Chace, is left almost a fight it out upon his stumps. So we must have world, start new subjects, or sink into a dead ca I think still that we shall not go to war.

In France the scene seems thoroughly foolish Duke of Choiseul has lost his power ridiculously by a fille de joie, to humour two women 3 who seem t 'qu'on ne doit pas être impunément putain, sa grande dame.' He comforts himself, as everybody France that is in fashion, with being applauded, a reading a million of epigrams against his enemies; sidering that he will be as much forgotten in a mor he was the pattern of last year's coat. The cabal the him out are said to be divided; at least they had no ment ready. They have been dragging old lie generals out of garrisons to fill up state places, and get enough even thence, or from hospitals; but an to furbish up ancient ministers and ambassadors forwards for ostensible minister. They have talked sieur d'Ossun from Madrid, a Monsieur de Vergenn was at Constantinople, and even of the silly Care Bernis. The Chancellor, who is abhorred, seems most credit. The Duc d'Aiguillon, they say, is a li appointed, but will have the affaires étrangères as the Peace is made; but at present the Prince of Co much power with the King. In the meantime the t of Versailles have blunted themselves, and a compo on foot with the Parliament, who are permitted register the last tempest. I do not think these ne

³ The Duchesse de Grammont, sister of the Duc de Choiseul, and her friend the Princesse de Beauvau.

⁴ Charles Gravier (1 Comte de Vergennes, E come into office until 1774 Walpole.

will grow more tractable when Pelion and Ossa are lifted off their necks.

So much for England and France. Yes, yes, it is a new world. The ancient dramatis personae are dead, or have quitted the stage. I shall continue for your sake to send you great outlines, but I cannot interest myself about a new race, when I have done with the theatre myself. What can occupy one less than a play-bill, when one scarce knows half the actors by sight? Not that I have that symptom of age, esteeming only the veterans one remembers. God knows, how few I admired of the old troop! neither Betterton nor Penkethman, Lord Hardwicke nor the Duke of Newcastle. I can easily expect their successors to play their parts better.

Princess Amelia, who is not of this age neither, was very near dying two days ago of a bilious fever.

Well, as we have closed a long period, pray send me my letters to the end of last year. I believe I have mentioned it once or twice. I should like to have them all together, for they are a kind of history—only think of eight-and-twenty years!

I will tell you what I must get you to send me, too, by the first opportunity, the Lettere Pittoriche; I am not quite sure of the title, but they are three, four, or five small volumes, in quarto, of the letters of the great painters. I saw the two first volumes some time ago at Paris, but could not get them; and as I have now finished the last volume of my Anecdotes of Painting, and intend, after it is published, to make a new general edition, I know there are passages in those Letters that I should like to insert in my work. My own letters you will take care to reserve for a safe opportunity, but the books I wish for immediately by sea. Adieu!

1337. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Jan. 20, 1

You will wonder to hear from me again so very Yet I am not going to proclaim war, or announce p though I believe we shall, thank God, have the latter. have not a new Secretary of State, nor any new death; in short, I am impatient to thank you for a present I have received, and that you never mentioned having me. Sure it is not so insignificant! It is the volume Masaccio's designs, brought by Mr. Coxe. I am transp with them! They are nature itself, and evidently the cursors of Raphael. He plainly availed himself of dignity, but scarce reached the infinite truth of the pression. The action of the mouth in every head a surpasses any other master, and seems to have been c only by this. I did not remember these works. O there are more, make your Patch 1 give us all. I c be content under all. They are admirably touched executed: he must engrave the rest; and there is one work he must perform, too. I remember at Florence a few pictures of Fra Bartolomeo, another parent of Raj and whose ideas I thought, if possible, greater: as the such a scarcity of his works, and as they have never I know been engraved, at least not so well I am person as these by Patch, make him add them to another s Masaccio's heads. It will immortalize you both to presuch works. I am much pleased, too, with the carica that is, with those that are scarce caricaturas; for, you know, I love truth; and those that are not extravagar highly natural. Tell me more of this Patch; and, i

LETTER 1837.— An English artist wards much known and em and picture-dealer and cleaner, after-Walpole.—Thomas Patch (d. 1

have a mind to please me quite, send me a drawing by him of yourself, of your whole person, exactly as you are. Astley's head of you, though finely coloured, never satisfied me for likeness. Let me have your figure precisely, and as natural as the *Crelia in Funzione*. I am expecting Sir Joshua Reynolds, our best painter, whom I have sent for, to see some wonderful miniatures I have bought, and these heads of Masaccio. I think they may give him such lights as may raise him prodigiously. I must repeat it, the mouths, and often the eyes, are life itself. There is but one head I do not like; it is No. 22; and yet I believe it a portrait, but ill chosen. My dear Sir, do push on this work: let us have more of Masaccio, and all the few of Bartolomeo. The Great Duke will not refuse you a permission for Patch to copy them.

22nd.

Obligations beget importunities. I must beg you to send me two more of Patch's volumes of Masaccio; but, as they are for other people, I must pay for them; so don't haggle, but tell me their price, and I will give your brother the money.

The Parliament is in the act of meeting; but, I should think, except a Mansfield-baiting, there will be little stirring till the Peace is made, and can be found fault with. Made, I hope, and think, it will be. For the vacancies, they are still at market. It is odd that just at the same moment, in France the Chancellor cannot make a minister, and in England the minister cannot make a Chancellor.

As this is a letter of supererogation, I make no excuses for its brevity. Adieu.

Tuesday, 22nd, in the evening.

I had sealed my letter, as you will perceive; and break it open again in a great hurry, to tell you the Peace 2 was

² The agreement with Spain relative to the Falkland Isles.

signed last night, and declared in the House of Commo to-day. You will ask the conditions: I don't know the yet, nor much trouble my head about them, but I could

help sending you this good news.

My codicil must contradict half my letter. Lord Halif is Secretary of State, and Lord Suffolk Privy Sent Mr. Bathurst, Lord Keeper, en attendant his father's death to be Chancellor; De Grey, Chief Justice of the Common Pleas; Thurlow and Wedderburne's Attorney and Solicitor Generals. There, I think I shall have no occasion to write again soon. Good night!

1338. To LADY MARY COKE.

Arlington Street, Jan. 27, 1771.

I AM extremely flattered, dear Lady Mary, by your sister. telling me that you complain of my silence—alas! I thought. surrounded by emperors and empresses, you could not think of or care for the letters of such little mortals as I imagined that I must write to you with all the formality of the Aulic Chamber. I had begun an epistle and put myself into one of M. de Seilern's most exalted altitudes, but my words came so slow, that I should not have finished before I hope you will return. By your kind reproof I trust you will allow me to descend from my Austrian buskins. and write in my usual style. I am [not], nor ever can box altered towards your Ladyship; but, truth is, I feared your having become at least an Archduchess, and did not know. which would be a thousand pities, but your fair nose might

³ Alexander Wedderburn (1733-1805), M.P. for Bishop's Castle; cr. (June 17, 1780) Baron Loughborough of Loughborough in Leicestershire; cr. Earl of Rosslyn in 1801; Solicitor-General, 1771-78; Attorney-General, 1778-80; Lord Chief Justice of the

Common Pleas, 1780-92; Lord Chexx. cellor, 1798–1801. Wedderburn was the object of Horace Walpole's special detestation.

LETTER 1338.—Notin C.; reprinted from Letters and Journals of Lada Mary Coke, vol. iii. p. 869, n. 1.

have risen half an inch, and your lips, which could never mend, have dropped and pouted with prodigious dignity at being addressed with a familiarity unknown to the house of Hapsburg. I am transported with finding you still the same, and could now almost trust you with the baneful influence of the Czarina. However, pray never think of making her a visit too. You have travelled enough, and ought to have the Magi come to see you, instead of wandering yourself after every star. I do not pretend, Madam, to tell you news, for Lady Strafford and Lady Greenwich leave none untold. One article rejoices me greatly, the Peace with Spain. I do not wish to conquer the world every ten years! Events happen here so daily, that we do not want battles and sieges for conversation; and yet I think politics are likely to grow a little drowsy. The deaths of Mr. Grenville and the Duke of Bedford have left Lord North in full security. Lord Temple takes no more part, and they say is even quarrelled with Lord Chatham. Wilkes and Parson Horne have a civil war between themselves, and nobody insists upon one's lighting up candles for either. begins to yield to quinze-oh! I had forgotten: there are desperate wars 1 between the Opera in the Haymarket and that at Mrs. Cornelys's. There was a negotiation vesterday for a union, but I do not know what answer the definitive courier has brought. All I know is that Guadagni is much more haughty than the King of Castille, Arragon, Leon, Granada, &c. In the meantime King Hobart² is starving, and if the junction takes place his children must starve, for he must pay the expenses of both theatres. The Ladies' Club-oh! but you are one of the profane and must not be acquainted with our mysteries, yet you must respect them, for Monsr. de

 $^{^1}$ These disputes are further described in the letter to Mann of Feb. 22, 1771. 2 Mr. Hobart, the manager.

Belgioioso is one of our members. He is a sensible good sort of man, and has not half the pasteboard about him that Seilern had. You will like Monsr, de Guines too, who is very civil and modest, and has none of the agreeable peevishness of his predecessor4, nor the charming indifference of his predecessoress. What do you say at Vienna to Monsr. de Choiseul's fall? And when will your neighbour Mustapha 3rd be sent in chains to Petersburg? Is the Dauphiness⁵ breeding, or are you very angry she is not? Plays, at least scenes, thrive exceedingly. There is a farce at Covent Garden called Mother Shipton that has a million of pretty landscapes, and temples of ruby and emerald. Garrick has revived Dryden's King Arthur with some good scenery: unluckily, for a heathen temple, he has produced a Gothic cathedral, in which the devil happens to be the principal performer, and then Purcell's venerable music is squalled in imitation of modern singing, till one's ear don't know it by sight. He has got a tragedy too, translated from Voltaire's Tancrède by Madame Celesia 6, Mallett's daughter, which takes, though very middling; and a sentimental comedy called The West Indian, by Mr. Cumberland, that is quite ravishing; at least so they say, but I have not had time yet to go and be ravished. I do not know that we have a single new book, except one or two political pamphlets, that nobody reads but the Common Council. who cannot read. Lord Huntingdon is going abroad, not, like your Ladyship, to see kings and queens, but because he has fewer opportunities of seeing them than he had. Lord Shelburne is going too, on the loss of his wife, and Lord Grantham to Spain 7. I have not heard who is to

³ Austrian Ambassador in London.

⁴ The Marquis du Châtelet.
5 The Dauphiness Marie Antoinette.

⁶ Dorothea (1738–1790), daughter of David Mallet, and wife of Pietro Paolo Celesia, a Genoese, and Minister

in England from that Republic from 1755 till 1759. Her adaptation was called Almida.

⁷ Thomas Robinson, second Baron Grantham, appointed Ambassador at Madrid.

succeed the last as Vice-Chamberlain. The worst and the best news I can tell you is, that you and I, Madam, have been very near losing our Princess, and that she is perfectly well again. I am to play there to-morrow, but our loo is reduced to half-crowns. You have heard, I suppose, that on account of her deafness she goes no more to court, and is to have no more Drawing-rooms. This sketch of everything will, I hope, atone a little for my past omissions, and yet why should I expect it? You are a wanderer, Lady Mary, like Cain, and seem not to care for your own country. You would have liked it better, I believe, during the Heptarchy, when we had more kings and queens than there are in a pack of cards. If you should ever write your travels, and like Baron Polnitz give a full account of all the gracious sovereigns upon earth, I flatter myself you will honour the Strawberry Press with them. I promise you they shall be printed on the best Imperial paper. It is employed at present on the last volume of my Anecdotes of Painting, which do not deserve better than quires of foolscap. May I trouble your Ladyship with my compliments to Lord Stormont⁸. I am just going to Lady Ailesbury, and as I conclude I shall meet Lady Strafford there, I must finish my letter that I may trouble her to send it—but the length indeed is all I ought to make excuses for.

I am, Madam,
Your Ladyship's
Abandoned but ever
Faithful and devoted knight,
HOBACE WALPOLE.

⁸ Ambassador at Vienna.

1330. To run December on Custanti.

l'abready que la l'ennes stituete a cue marquest me s Madatuse, je ti seesen pean viens litigesellistast ilon tribities. triousy, he do la wester don't it no function is not most page reconstruismance of la plus partaite estime me thousese the un incinent a no faire entendes? that chore manners, jo possis to suspect qui vous and its a table it point apareches mean court asses plan de liberta To use rejuction about round, our do under plaintent Area rous etc ami iticano, arany itima Mountain then introduction is so make ingredient, in don mallow Madanhouse to there to a Representation of an action of the new year do toma, our appreciate at exemple the locations? Lat dones de destines en que la penterité dire de nonce, l'entendre de la bouehe de sa patrie et de toute l'Ethe! regiment je toinie he civil do m'avoir donné un un grand page don't la gloire ne fait qu'accrettre te fourth of a qui il too transquoit que la diagritice pour l'immortalité this out balle manuan il faut ronce one against that the position Chambers, at anim the michal positions weeks anadometer. My Locall & Realitation a distance y local Park gote depute for M to Cardinal de limbelien la Prance project promocials was account greated excitated the grow M. In I Clarencest of eggs at arrest essay witho low regression do tome has do l'état l'esta consission partont les régliables hontestrong qui s'y exclusibont. Notes pangido qui inc e

Americania and Chairmagnateliana at Mine to the freedomen by the insert-Morry, and all to Mr. Thing helded spray \$256 . It was possible die atwithhim should affect fannancy \$2. Account one letting. I so say 1751 im which have bound Chigabhania warm bai ground and page tree graves represent the gravitage out the continues of the property was well become proper purfen durch ber ber M gui perlin. Mandameren ben I hadden, by the selection their haddens street state to

Laporton tillie Magnin-tand fromthe agend he Marigues W signife without the that like fabrands reten great automore fi He had anderedien your or Version M. de Choiseul que par la peur qu'il leur avoit faite, a une manière de louer toute différente, et se félicite de sa chute. Ce n'est pas un éloge à mépriser.

Votre fermeté et la noblesse de votre âme, Madame, m'assurent que parmi tant de sujets de gloire, vous n'oublierez pas entièrement un homme que vous avez comblé de bontés, et qui vous est attaché par la reconnoissance et par l'admiration de toutes vos belles qualités. Permettez-moi de conserver le doux titre de votre petit-fils, et laissez-moi m'enorgueillir, comme si j'étois grand prince, sans mérite des vertus de mes ancêtres. Ma foi, je ne les troquerois pas contre un Cardinal de Richelieu, trop flatté si j'ose me signer,

Madame,

Votre très affectionné et très fidèle serviteur, Horace Walpole de Choiseul.

1340. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Feb. 22, 1771.

Two days ago there began to be an alarm at the delay of the Spanish courier, and people were persuaded that the King of Spain had refused to ratify his Ambassador's declaration; who, on the warrant of the French King, had ventured to sign it, though expecting every hour to be recalled, as he actually was two days afterwards. However, the night before last, to the great comfort of Prince Masserano and our ministers, the ratification arrived; and, after so many delays and untoward accidents, Fortune has interposed (for there has been great luck, too, in the affair), and peace is again established. With you, I am not at all clear that Choiseul was in earnest to make it. If he was, it was entirely owing to his own ticklish situation. Other people think this very situation had made him

desperate; and that he was on the point of striking a hardy stroke indeed; and meditated sending a strong army into Holland, to oblige the Dutch to lend twelve men-of-war to invade us. Count Welderen¹, who is totally an anti-Gaul, assured me he did not believe this project. Still I am very glad such a boute-feu is removed.

This treaty is an epoch; and puts a total end to all our preceding histories. Long quiet is never probable, nor shall I guess who will disturb it; but whatever happens must be thoroughly new matter, though some of the actors perhaps may not be so. Both Lord Chatham and Wilkes are at the end of their reckoning, and the opposition can do nothing without fresh fuel.

The scene that is closed here seems to be but opening in France. The Parliament of Paris banished; a new one arbitrarily appointed; the Princes of the blood refractory and disobedient; the other Parliaments as mutinous; and distress everywhere: if the army catches the infection, what may not happen, when the King is despised, his agents detested, and no ministry settled? Some say the mistress and her faction keep him hourly diverted or drunk; others, that he has got a new passion: how creditable at sixty! Still I think it is the crisis of their constitution. If the monarch prevails, he becomes absolute as a Czar; if he is forced to bend, will the Parliament stop there?

In the meantime our most serious war is between two operas. Mr. Hobart, Lord Buckingham's brother, is manager of the Haymarket. Last year he affronted Guadagni, by preferring the Zamperina, his own mistress, to the singing hero's sister. The Duchess of Northumberland, Lady Harrington, and some other great ladies, espoused the

LETTER 1340.—1 The Dutch Minister in England. He married a sister of Sir John Griffin, Maid of Honour

to Anne, Princess of Orange. Wal-pole.

brother, and without a licence erected an Opera for him at Madame Cornelys's. This is a singular dame, and you must be acquainted with her. She sung here formerly, by the name of the Pompeiati. Of late years she has been the Heidegger of the age, and presided over our diversions. Her taste and invention in pleasures and decorations are singular. She took Carlisle House in Soho Square, enlarged it, and established assemblies and balls by subscription. At first they scandalized, but soon drew in both righteous and ungodly. She went on building, and made her house a fairy palace, for balls, concerts, and masquerades. Her Opera, which she called Harmonic Meetings, was splendid and charming. Mr. Hobart began to starve, and the managers of the theatres were alarmed. To avoid the Act, she pretended to take no money, and had the assurance to advertise that the subscription was to provide coals for the poor, for she has vehemently courted the mob, and succeeded in gaining their princely favour. declared her masquerades were for the benefit of commerce. I concluded she would open a bawdy house next for the interests of the Foundling Hospital, and I was not quite mistaken, for they say one of her maids, gained by Mr. Hobart, affirms that she could not undergo the fatigue of making the beds so often. At last Mr. Hobart informed against her, and the bench of justices, less soothable by music than Orpheus's beasts, have pronounced against her. Her Opera is quashed, and Guadagni, who governed so haughtily at Vienna, that, to pique some man of quality there, he named a minister to Venice, is not only fined, but was threatened to be sent to Bridewell, which chilled the blood of all the Cæsars and Alexanders he had ever represented; nor could any promises of his lady-patronesses rehabilitate his courage—so for once an Act of Parliament goes for something.

You have got three new companions2; General Montagu3, a West Indian Mr. Paine 4, and Mr. Lynch, your brother at Turin.

There is the devil to pay in Denmark 5. The Queen has got the ascendant, has turned out favourites and ministers, and literally wears the breeches, actual buckskin. There is a physician⁶, who is said to rule both their Majesties, and I suppose is sold to France, for that is the predominant interest now at Copenhagen. The Czarina has whispered her disapprobation, and if she has a talon left, when she has done with the Ottomans, may chance to scratch the little King.

For eight months to come I should think we shall have little to talk of, you and I, but distant wars and distant majesties. For my part, I reckon the volume quite shut in which I took any interest. The succeeding world is young, new, and half unknown to me. Tranquillity comprehends every wish I have left, and I think I should not even ask what news there is, but for fear of seeming wedded to old stories—the rock of old men; and yet I should prefer that failing to the solicitude about a world one belongs to no more! Adieu!

1341. To Grosvenor Bedford.

DEAR SIR,

Arlington Street, Feb. 27, 1771.

Inquiring of your son to-day why my new clerk Mr. Harris was not more instructed, he said there were circumstances

2 As Knights of the Bath. Walpole.

6 Struensee, afterwards beheaded.

Walpole.

³ Brother of George Montagu. ⁴ Ralph Payne (1789–1807), son of Ralph Payne, Chief Justice of the island of St. Christopher; cr. (Oct. 1, 1795) an Irish peer as Baron Lavington of Lavington; Governor of the Leeward Islands, 1774-75 and 1801-7; Clerk of the Board of Green Cloth,

⁵ The Prime Minister Bernstorf and other court officials had been dismissed through Struensee's influ-ence with the King and Queen. Struensee, supported by the Queen, undertook the comparent undertook the government.

which some persons of the Treasury would not like to have communicated; which much surprising me, your son said, Mr. Rowe¹ had had some cloth, which he chose to have entered as some other article. This notice did and could not but greatly astonish me, who have always told you, in the most positive manner, that I never would connive at the smallest collusion, nor upon any account receive the least profit that was not strictly and justly my due. You know I have repeatedly declared to you, that I would not suffer the benefits of my office to be raised by any indirect practices on my part; and you must remember how strongly I rejected old Palmer's pretensions, and was firm that I would lose the perquisites due on what he was entitled to take at the office, rather than enter into any bargain with him.

When I talked to you last at Brixton Causeway, you desired me not to let anybody into the secrets of my office. I replied with dissatisfaction, that I would have no secrets in my office, nor would receive a shilling from it that I was not willing all the world should know; and I appeal to yourself if this has not been my constant rule.

I am sensible that you have done nothing but from zeal for me, and regard to my interest; but my honour is infinitely more dear to me, and I most peremptorily charge you not to give into the least collusion with anybody at the Treasury in order to serve me, either by increasing my profits, or by gaining them to my interest. I will go shares with no man living in any dirt. I am aware that this may make those people my enemies, and may turn them to prejudice me by postponing my accounts, by delaying my payments, or, as your son said, by preventing their taking many articles from the office, on which I should have a just profit; but I scorn such traffic, and had rather lose the

LETTER 1841.—1 Milward Rowe, a Chief Clerk in the Treasury.

office itself, than blush to hold it by such means; in short, I prefer being wronged to doing wrong.

In the present case Mr. Rowe is welcome to the cloth, but then I will pay for it myself, and do absolutely forbid you to charge it in any shape to the Government. Should he ever make such another application to you, you must say that you dare not yield to it, and that I have positively forbidden it.

Mr. Harris must be instructed thoroughly in all the duties of his place, but I do not desire he should know this transaction, for fear he should ever be tempted to imitate it. I am fully persuaded of your good intentions to me in it, and that your prudence and fear of making me an enemy induced you to comply. But I entreat you to remember, that as I have no worldly wisdom myself, I cannot let any man living use any for me contrary to right, justice, and the duty I owe to the public as a servant of the Government. I have held the place now above thirty years, through many storms, and sometimes under much oppression; but my conduct in it has been untainted; and as I have disdained to secure it by voting with ministers against my conscience, you may depend upon it, I will not traffic for the favour of clerks by winking at their corruption.

I am, dear Sir, yours most sincerely,

HOR. WALPOLE.

1342. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, March 22, 1771.

I was in too great a hurry when I announced peaceable times, and half took leave of you as a correspondent. The horizon is overcast again already; the wind is got to the north-east and by Wilkes; and without a figure, the House of Commons and the City of London are at open war. It is

more surprising that Wilkes is not the aggressor—at least folly put new crackers into his hand. Two cousins, both George Onslow by name, the son and nephew of the old Speaker, took offence at seeing the debates and speeches of the House printed, and the more as they had both been much abused. They complain, and the House issues warrants for seizing the printers, and addresses the King to issue a proclamation for apprehending them. Out comes a proclamation, and no Great Seal to it. The City declares no man shall be apprehended contrary to law, within their jurisdiction. The printers are seized; Wilkes, as sitting alderman, releases one: the Lord Mayor 1, Wilkes, and another alderman deliver another, and commit the messenger of the House of Commons to prison. The House summons the Lord Mayor to appear before them and answer for his conduct, but as he is laid up with the gout, allow him to come on Monday last, or to-day, Friday. He gets out of bed and goes on Monday. Thousands of hand-bills are dispersed to invite the mob to escort him, but not an hundred attend. He pleads his oath of office, is too ill to stay, demands that the City should be heard by counsel, and is allowed to retire. Wilkes is summoned too: writes a refusal to the Speaker, unless he is admitted to his seat. The Speaker will not receive his letter, nor the House hear it, though read, and again order him to attend. On Wednesday they allow counsel, but not against their own privileges, and expect the Lord Mayor again to-day, but the papers of this morning say he is not vet able to appear.

This is the argomento, as your opera books call the sketch of the subject, but I do not tell you the dénouement any more than Metastasio does—I wish it may not be necessary to call it the catastrophe, for methinks here are plenty of

LETTER 1842. -1 Brass Crosby (1725-1798), M.P. for Honiton. He was committed to the Tower on

combustibles; but as this is only the first act, and I have ted time to finish my letter to day, I may be able to unfold a little more of the drama by Tuesday's post; but I have long left off greening, for in all just his events I have whoevend that the furn things take depends upon persons and accidenta that start up in the middled of the slowy, and have medicing to the with the resemining on which one builds conjuctures, so for the promout I leave this chapter in the dash, which is conformable to the evaperace that articl track writers use to increase the interest and curiosity of their respices I believe you will think I have been employing the same mechanism before, having announced to you three months ago the progress of the prosecution of Lord Manufield. but it mooms that Lord Cambon Lord Chatham and the public, who added rulinguish a promium bear builing have equally forgodies the proper with which that epoctacle was announced. I have not board it mentioned since Christense and now we are not likely to want trials and sufference ! tiny, martyre!

I directed you, I describe withouthout King Carlon of some and interest for final an stall inserts merionia ensploy mount of these about I describe the twent was Thom has been an agin question actual I describe them by where, or to believe, I liet pray when does linguage instants to meteore Falbland's Island? "Monton at? Why, I exist bloom use? you have not green it tank to linguage yet how can also readers at to you ?" The stock to linguage we will this merret, and there hours in fallow into their breaches, where the heart of the abouth is apid to he. These there as a families and possiblesce arrived from though the action as a three institution of prouple are arrested from though these three thousand.), and a shift look? with Variations, and others three thousand?

Seine anne Britanieris Briding, prüse Kapel baren approved Lauf de Albe Manne Carlledon freiseagueur o an de argente de de argente de la Carlledon freiseagueur o Albert Laufengeberg de la Carlledon freiseagueur de la Ca

⁴ This discrete triggsts, which spiled from Traffermed in Sugar, 2 Mile and was north former in the traffer and was north former in the traffer and the same traffer and traff

s who were going to set all to rights; for it seems we laying the devil, and plundering and tyrannizing we had not gone thither for those two Christian oses.

Saturday, 23rd.

Lord Mayor is still confined, and sent a card yesterday e Speaker to excuse waiting on him. The House in neantime intend to divert themselves with Alderman r on Monday, for their dignity grows very much ned for its own honour. So does the City's too, and ble Bar will have enough to do to keep the peace sen them.

ance, luckily, has little leisure to join with King Carlos ing Brass Crosby—their confusions and King Louis's ness seem to increase every day. You shall hear the ry of the Comte de Maillebois. He accused Marshal rées in the last war for losing the battle of Hastenbecke, h, by the way, we never found. D'Etrées recriminated, called Maillebois before the Marshals of France, by h he was flétri, imprisoned for a year, and deprived of a employments but one lieutenance héréditaire.

late he had revived, and caballed against Choiseul, on e fall he grew big; and, by the interest of the Prince of é and M. de Montegnard, was appointed one of a new hission of three Directeurs des Places fortifiées, with thousand livres a year each. The Comte de Broglie, adheres to the D'Aignillon's faction, spirits up his her, and the Marshals of France present a strong orial against so improper a nomination. Montegnard hils, and obtains from the King a reprimand to the hals, and calls it téméraire to dispute his royal choice. was signed at ten in the morning. Triumphant ebois posts with it to Paris. At past twelve that night he receives a dismission, and Montegnard a

command to wait on each separate Marshal of France next morning, and beg their pardons for having man unworthy a recommendation. There! there are two tolerably disgraced! And what do you think of weathercock majesty that signs two such contradictione day? As the latter was Madame du Barri's act plain what is the shape of the helm of Government Monsieur de Montegnard and the Abbé du Terras said to have resigned, and to be again in place, but not sure of the truth of this last paragraph.

Strawberry Hill, Sunday ni

I came hither to-day in a tempest of snow; it i fourth winter we have had since Christmas. I was quite so much at ease when I went to town last Mon having received a courier from Mr. Conway to tell me my house in Arlington Street had been broken open in night, and all my cabinets and trunks forced and plund I was a good quarter of an hour before I recollected th was very becoming to have philosophy enough not to about what one does care, for if you don't care the no philosophy in bearing it. I dispatched my t servant, breakfasted with Mr. Chute, who was come with me, fed the bantams as usual, and made no hurry to town than Cincinnatus would have done, if he lost a basket of turnips. I had left in my drawers 27 bank-bills, and three hundred guineas; not to mention my gold and silver coins, some inestimable miniatur little plate, and a good deal of furniture, under no g but that of two maidens, whom lions you know will touch, but are very ravishable by house-breakers, a r more hungry kind of wild beast. When I arrived, surprise was by no means diminished. I found in t different chambers, three cabinets, a large chest, and a of china wide open, the locks not picked, but forced, he doors of them broken to pieces. You will wonder this should surprise me when I had been prepared for Oh! the miracle was, that I did not find, nor to this have found, the least thing missing. In the cabinet dern medals there were, and so there are still, a series nglish coins, with downright John Trot guineas, halfeas, shillings, sixpences, and every kind of current y. Not a single piece was removed. Just so in the an and Greek cabinet; though in the latter were some ers of papers, which they had tumbled and scattered the floor. A great Exchequer chest, that belonged to ther, was in the same room. Not being able to force ock, the philosophers (for thieves that steal nothing ve the title much more than Cincinnatus or I) had ched a great flapper of brass with such violence as to it into seven pieces. The trunk contained a new set airs of French tapestry, two screens, rolls of prints, and t of silver stuff that I made for the King's wedding. vas turned topsy-turvy, and nothing stolen. The glass and cabinet of shells had been handled as roughly by impotent gallants. Another little table with drawers, nich, by the way, the key was left, had been opened too, a metal standish, that they ought to have taken for , and a silver hand-candlestick that stood upon it, were iched. Some plate in the pantry, and all my linen just from the wash, had no more charms for them than or silver. In short, I could not help laughing, especially e only two movables neglected, were another little with drawers and the money, and a writing-box with ank-notes, both in the same chamber where they made rst havoc. In short, they had broken out a panel in the of the area, and unbarred and unbolted it and gone t the street door, which they left wide open at five

o'clock in the morning. A passenger had found it so alarmed the maids, one of which ran naked into the st and by her cries waked my Lord Romney³, who opposite. The poor creature was in fits for two days at first, finding my coachmaker's apprentice in the st had sent him to Mr. Conway, who immediately dispathim to me before he knew how little damage I had rece the whole of which consists in repairing the doors and I of my cabinets and coffer.

All London is reasoning on this marvellous adventure not an argument presents itself that some other does contradict. I insist that I have a talisman. You must l that last winter, being asked by Lord Vere to assist in set Lady Betty Germaine's auction, I found in an old catal of her collection this article, The Black Stone into which Dr used to call his spirits. Dr. Dee, you must know, was a conjurer in the days of Queen Elizabeth, and has wr a folio of the dialogues he held with his imps. I a eagerly for this stone; Lord Vere said he knew of no thing, but if found, it should certainly be at my ser Alas, the stone was gone! This winter I was again empl by Lord Frederic Campbell, for I am an absolute auction to do him the same service about his father's a collection Among other odd things, he produced a round piece of shi black marble in a leathern case, as big as the crown of a and asked me what that could possibly be? I screamed 'Oh Lord, I am the only man in England that can tell it is Dr. Dee's black stone!' it certainly is; Lady Betty formerly given away or sold, time out of mind, for she a thousand years old, that part of the Peterborough collection that contained Natural Philosophy. So, or since, the k stone had wandered into an auction, for the lotted pap

Robert Marsham (1717-1793), second Baron Romney.
 John, Duke of Argyll. Walpole.

it. The Duke of Argyle, who bought everything, it: Lord Frederic gave it to me; and if it was magical stone, which is only of high polished at preserved my chattels, in truth I cannot guess d.

ave got the Roman Prince and Princess Giustiniani: sughter of some Derwentwater 5, and has many related among the spurious royal family. He, you know, that sumptuous of all palaces at Rome with doorgiallo antico. He is not quite so magnificently lodged a portal being garnished with beef-steaks. He would not seven sequins a month for his lodging, and not ould house him at that rate but a butcher in ly. The Duke of Gloucester went to thank him for ities to the Duke of York—and was let in! Think such demigods visiting at a shamble. I will reserve of my paper for the event of to-morrow. If the hother City goes on, Prince Giustiniani may happen much surprised as we are at his lodging in a butcher's

I must say a few words more. What felicity that ad saved Masaccio's designs before the fire, and what Andrea's body was not burnt instead of them! The ight have been supplied by the first malefactor's that aged, and might have passed for a miracle. I shall thankful to you for any two views of Florence, not as tas, for my houses are not furnished at all in the style, but as pictures, and smaller than that size; and ou other thanks for what you have sent me. I will erve Patch in his subscription, but the best way will

a Francesca Charlotte (d. ghter of Count Mahony, of Benedetto, Prince Giusfhe second husband of her grandmother was Hon.

Charles Radclyffe, titular Earl of Derwentwater. (See Table VI.)

⁶ Masaccio's paintings were in the church of St. Andrea at Florence. Walpole.

be to have his brother advertise. However, I will for the brother and talk to him.

Tuesday, Mar

The die is cast. The army of the House of Commo marched into the City, and made a prisoner; but as blood is spilt; though I own I expected to hear the this morning when I waked. Last night, when I w bed at half an hour after twelve, I had just been told the avenues to the House were blockaded, and [the mo beaten back the peace-officers, who had been summon it was toute autre chose yesterday, when the Lord Mayo to the House, from what it had been the first day. now escorted by a prodigious multitude, who hiss insulted the members of both Houses, particularly March and Sullivan, who escaped with difficulty, a latter of whom they had mistaken for the elder C However, many retired with the Lord Mayor, who wer ill at ten at night, and the rest were dispersed by the e severity of the weather, and by the lateness of the which lasted till past four in the morning, when sent Alderman Oliver 8 to the Tower, who would no submission, though the ministers wished to k of him on easy terms. The Lord Mayor is to be to-morrow.

Many unpleasant passages there were for the cour George Savile left the House, protesting against the ceedings, and was followed by some of his friends. Barré went farther, said in his place that the conduct House was *infamous*, that no honest man could sit at them, and walked away—and the House was for swallow so ungrateful a bolus. Nor was this all. Ale

in the Tower until the er

James Patch, a surgeon.
 Richard Oliver (d. 1784), M.P. for the City of London. He remained

Townshend charged all their arbitrary proceedings on the baneful influence of the Princess Dowager of Wales—yes, in those very words.

Well! what think you now? When so many men have ambition to be martyrs, will the storm easily subside? Oh, Sir Robert, my father, would this have happened in your days? I can remember, when on the Convention, Sir William Windham, no fool for that time, laboured to be sent to the Tower, and my father told him in plain terms he knew his meaning, and would not indulge him. This generation is wiser, for I am sure Alderman Oliver is not, and yet he has carried his point. But I grow old, and gossip. One always prefers the wisdom of one's own age. My father's maxim, Quieta non movere, was very well in those ignorant days. The science of government is better understood now—so, to be sure, whatever is, is right. Adieu!

1343. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, March 30, 1771.

This is not a letter, but a codicil to the last. I think we are going into great violences. A prodigious mob came from the City with the Lord Mayor on Wednesday, and a greater was at his service, but he would not encourage it. The two Foxes were assaulted and dragged out of their chariot, and escaped with difficulty. Lord North was attacked with still more inveteracy; his chariot was torn to pieces, and several spectators say there was a moment in which they thought he must be destroyed. Sir William Meredith, though in opposition, and a Mr. La Roche¹, saved him from the fury of the people. He went into the House and spoke with great firm-

 ⁹ In 1739. See Stanhope's History of England, ed. 1853, vol. ii. pp. M.P. for Bodm 277-8.

LETTER 1343.—1 James La Roche, M.P. for Bodmin; cr. a Baronet in 1776.

ness, and as much coolness. Others were insulted, but not so outrageously. At twelve at night, the ministers proposed to commit the Lord Mayor only to the Serjeant-at-Arms, on account they said of his ill-health, but, in truth, to avoid extremities; he protested that he was perfectly well, and chose to accompany his brother alderman to prison; on which he was sent to the Tower. The Deputy Serjeant, who attended him, he had great difficulty to save from the fury of the populace, who insisted on hanging him on a sign-post.

The ministers are more moderate than their party, who demand extremities. Young Charles Fox, the meteor of these days, and barely twenty-two, is at the head of these strong measures, and equally offends the temperate of his own party and the warm ones of the opposition. Sir George Savile left the House, protesting against the persecution of the citizens; and Colonel Barré in plainer terms told the House on Wednesday night, that their conduct was infamous, that no honest man could sit amongst them, and walked away.

The King was excessively hissed yesterday as he went to the House. Charles Fox again narrowly escaped with his life, a large stone being thrown at him, which passed through both the windows of his chariot. Two committees are appointed; one to enforce the powers of the House; the other to inquire into the riots. I wish both do not inflame the riots! The riots will certainly encourage war from abroad, and war will return them the compliment. But it were talking to the winds to urge this!

The House is adjourned to Monday se'nnight, but the committees are to continue sitting. Neither side probably will allow itself holidays; and, when the City of London gives the toast, will neither Ireland nor America pledge it, who are both enough disposed to drink out of the same goblet?

Well! still I say, to be sure I grow very old, when I cannot discover the wisdom of these proceedings. They cannot mean quiet and peace, for we had but just obtained both strangely. We seem to be governed by the predominant fashion, gaming. A gamester loses, regains what he had lost, and continues to play on.

Pray whom is your neighbour, the Empress-Queen, going to bet with, for I see she is putting all her troops in motion²? The poor people are everywhere but fish and counters. To what end do modern philosophers write against all this? Kings and queens never read essays of morality. They only read books of devotion, which are too civil to meddle with crimes of state. Parsons are like the law, and seem to think a king can do no wrong. How their Majesties will stare in the next world, when they come to plead that their ministers are answerable for all they did in this, and find their plea overruled! Adieu!

1344. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, April 26, 1771.

You may wonder I have been so silent, when I had announced a war between the House of Commons and the City—nay, when hostilities were actually commenced; but many a campaign languishes that has set out very flippantly. My letters depend on events, and I am like the man in the weather-house who only comes forth on a storm. The wards in the City have complimented the prisoners 1, and some towns; but the train has not spread much. Wilkes is your only gunpowder that makes an explosion. He and his associates are more incensed at each other than against

² In preparation for the first partition of Poland, which took place in and Alderman Oliver.

the ministry, and have saved the latter much trouble. The select committees 2 have been silent and were forgotten, but there is a talk now of their making some report before the session closes.

The serious war is at last absolutely blown over. has sent us word she is disarming. So are we. Who would have expected that a street-walker at Paris would have prevented a general conflagration? Madame du Barri has compensated for Madame Helen, and is optima pacis causa. I will not swear that the torch she snatched from the hands of Spain may not light up a civil war in France. The Princes of the blood are forbidden the court's. Twelve dukes and peers, of the most complaisant, are banished, or going to be banished; and even the captains of the guard. In short, the King, his mistress, and the Chancellor, have almost left themselves alone at Versailles. the most serious events in France have always a ray of ridicule mixed with them, some are to be exiled to Paris, and some to St. Germain. How we should laugh at anybody being banished to Soho Square and Hammersmith! The Chancellor desired to see the Prince of Conti; the latter replied, 'Qu'il lui donnoit rendez-vous à la Grève.'

If we laugh at the French, they stare at us. Our enormous luxury and expense astonishes them. I carried their Ambassador, and a Comte de Levi, the other morning to see the new winter Ranelagh 'in Oxford Road, which is almost finished. It amazed me myself. Imagine Balbec in all its glory! The pillars are of artificial giallo antico. ceilings, even of the passages, are of the most beautiful stuccos in the best taste of grotesque. The ceilings of the ball-rooms and the panels painted like Raphael's loggias

² See the previous letter.

³ In consequence of the strong pro-tests addressed by thom to the King

relative to his treatment of the Parliament of Paris.

4 The Pantheon. Walpole.

in the Vatican. A dome like the Pantheon, glazed. It is to cost fifty thousand pounds. Monsieur de Guisnes said to me, 'Ce n'est qu'à Londres qu'on peut faire tout cela.' It is not quite a proof of the same taste, that two views of Verona, by Canaletti, have been sold by auction for five hundred and fifty guineas; and, what is worse, it is come out that they are copies by Marlow's, a disciple of Scott. Both master and scholar are indeed better painters than the Venetian; but the purchasers did not mean to be so well cheated.

The papers will have told you that the wheel of fortune has again brought up Lord Holdernesse⁶, who is made governor to the Prince of Wales. The Duchess of Queensberry, a much older veteran, is still figuring in the world, not only by giving frequent balls, but really by her beauty. Reflect, that she was a goddess in Prior's days! I could not help adding these lines on her—you know his end:

Kitty, at heart's desire, Obtained the chariot for a day, And set the world on fire.

This was some fifty-six years ago, or more. I gave her this stanza:

To many a Kitty, Love his car Will for a day engage, But Prior's Kitty, ever fair, Obtained it for an age!

And she is old enough to be pleased with the compliment.

My brother has lost his son; and it is no misfortune, though he was but three-and-thirty, and had very good parts; but he was sunk into such a habit of drinking and gaming, that the first ruined his constitution, and the latter would have ruined his father.

⁵ William Marlow (1740-1813).

⁶ Robert Darcy, last Earl of Holder- 7 Sir

ness. Walpole.

7 Sir Edward Walpole. Walpole.

Shall I send away this short scroll, or reserve it to the end of the session? No, it is already somewhat obsolete: it shall go, and another short letter shall be the other half of it—so, good night!

1345. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, May 8, 1771.

I wish, my dear Sir, I could be as useful to you in solid, as I am in trifling, commissions. I bought your fans the very next day, the best, the most fashionable, and the prettiest I could get, and carried them directly to Mr. Davenport myself. Unluckily, he had sent away your liveries, but promised me the fans should set sail with the first vessel he could find. I have sent you six; two of two guineas, two of a guinea and a half, and two of one guinea. I went to the utmost because you will be little in my debt, Lord Beauchamp owing me six guineas for the wine you sent him; and I think after all the expenses I have put you to, your conscience need not be much embarrassed about the remaining four guineas.

I wish with all my soul you may obtain an increase of pay, but as it is not to be got from a fan-shop, I doubt nobody could serve you less in that article than I, who never deal at the great warehouses. I am still more awkwardly situated about the offer of your house 1. You may probably have heard enough to make you think I was just the proper person to make the tender; but for that very reason I am the most unfit. I firmly believe the solidity of the connection I hint at 2, but not knowing it authoritatively, I have most sedulously avoided even the

LETTER 1845.—1 To the Duke of 2 The marriage between the Duke Gloucester, who was expected at and Lady Waldegrave. Walpole. Florence. Walpole.

appearance of supposing there is any such connection at all. It would not become my character to wink at any such thing, and I never will know it, but in a light proper to be known. It is not enough for me to be persuaded that it is strictly honourable; I will run no risk of having a dementi. In the meantime, not to neglect your concerns, I have desired Lord Hertford to make the offer, as if coming through him from you. I dare to say it will be guessed that it passed through me to him. It will be taken equally well from you. and will mark at once my fierte, and how incapable I am of taking liberties upon so equivocal a footing. In truth, I believe there is no prospect of the journey. The person, who is extremely good and amiable, is in danger of taking a much longer journey. The disorder in his family has settled on his lungs, and produced a confirmed asthma. He falls away every day, and was very near death within this month. I grieve for the fate of the survivor, nor guess what it will be, but it was not in my power to prevent her risking so much!

The Parliament rose suddenly this morning—sudden it was, though advanced but a day but as the Lord Mayor and Alderman Oliver are at liberty the instant of the prorogation, the King was advised to go to the House to-day before the mob was apprised of it. It was not very dignified counsel; but, in truth, that whole business has been wofully conducted, and has heaped nothing but disgrace on the House of Commons; who, instead of vindicating their authority, have betrayed the utmost pusillanimity. It was begun unadvisedly, and has ended pitcously. We are threatened with violent rejoicings and illuminations to-morrow, and, therefore, as we expect much riot, I suppose there will be little, for nothing ever happens that is premeditated; mobs, especially, are the creatures of a moment, not of thought. Wilkes, though he has his rebels like other

monarchs, triumphs over the Government and the House of Commons. The latter did not dare to let him appear before them.

The Duke of Choiseul is still more popular against the court. His head is on every snuff-box, and the women are so violent, that their wives every day make some of the new Parliament's resign their functions. I should not have expected so much sense from him, but the Prince of Conti has made an admirable answer to the Dauphin. latter said, 'Papa-Roi' est bien le maître pourtant?' Monseigneur,' replied the Prince, 'et si fort le maître, qu'il peut donner sa couronne à Monsieur le Comte d'Artois 5.2 That is just what majesty gets when it arrives at its utmost wishes! It overturns the constitution, and then nothing is left to overturn but the succession. The Prætorian, or Preobazinski guards, must achieve the first, and soon learn that il ne tient qu'à eux to dispose of the second. I think it very probable that the Chancellor may not be suffered to wait so long, but may be dispatched by the people. non movere was my father's motto, and he never found it was a silly one. However, I am very glad Monsieur de Maupeou and Madame du Barri thought they knew better; they have saved us a war.

Thursday, 9th.

I have had a note from Mr. Davenport to say he would send the fans by the first ship, and that he would write you word he had a parcel for you. I have told him how much haste you are in for them, and begged him to forward them with the utmost expedition.

Lord Hertford has made your offer, but the Great Duke's

³ A tribunal composed of members of the King's council, which had been instituted to supply the place of the Parliament.

⁴ Louis XV was called 'Papa' by

some of the members of his family.

⁵ Youngest brother of the Dauphin.

Walpole.

⁶ Maupeou. Walpole.

so you have all the merit, and avoid the trouble pense. I wish he may be able to undertake the

Halifax has been at the point of death '; but, though mmediate danger, is said to be incapable of business, rd Suffolk, I hear, is to replace him immediately. t know that this is true.

summer, I think, will be so quiet that our corrence will not be very lively. In July I propose a
surney to Paris for about six weeks. We have had
nters since Christmas, and not an appearance of
till within these three days. Your snow will soon
pensated by glorious suns; but in England we every
ve ourselves airs of being disappointed, though it is
seldom we have any fine weather. I believe, if we
read Virgil at school, we should never have invented
for distinctions of sessions. Somelvely said lately
winter was come over to pass the spring in England,
ugh well said, it was an air two. We like in the
n Ocean, and our nabobs that plunder the Indiese
contrive to import an ounce of Eastern climate.

Priday med ming

needay night did not pass quietly; besides the grain the City, the mobidemulished all the windows flotcher Norten, the Speaker, and a much greater it Lord North's, with threats of pulling it downsards were sent for in time; and all as queet

nd 1484. Linns 19, 1971, and the the Mostbeau Ferrence of Leve rind no freezistady of Ataia. Bullidd

1346. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

DEAR SIR,

Arlington Street, May 29, 1771.

I have but time to write you a line, that I may not detain Mr. Essex, who is so good as to take charge of this note. and of a box, that I am sure will give you pleasure, and I beg may give you a little trouble. It contains the very valuable seven letters of Edward the Sixth to Barnaby Fitzpatrick 1. Lord Ossory, to whom they belong, has lent them to me to print, but to facilitate that, and to prevent their being rubbed or hurt by the printer, I must entreat your exactness to copy them, and return them with the copies. I need not desire your particular care, for you value these things as much as I do, and will be able to make them out better than I can do, from being so much versed in old writing. Forgive my taking this liberty with you, which I flatter myself will not be disagreeable. Mr. Essex and Mr. Tyson dined with me at Strawberry Hill, but could not stay so long as I wished. The party would have been still more agreeable if you had made a fourth. Adicu! dear Sir.

Yours ever,

H. WALPOLE.

P.S. I am rejoiced you are delivered from the dread of inundations.

1347. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, June 8, 1771.

I HAVE received the parcel of letters very safe from Major Dixon; they reach to the end of last year.

LETTER 1846.—1 Sir Barnaby Fitzpatrick (d. 1581), Lord of Upper Ossory. He was sent to the English court 'as a pledge of his father's loyalty.' He was a favourite companion of Edward VI, and acted as his whipping boy. After Fitzpatrick

grew up he resided for a while at the court of Henry II of France, when Edward VI kept up a correspondence with him, of which the letters mentioned by Horace Walpole formed part. They were issued from the Strawberry Hill Press in 1772.

I do not believe that Orestes and Pylades were half so punctual for thirty years together. But do not let us be content and stop here; thirty years more will finish the century; I have no objection to living so long: I hope you have none.

You say I do not cite the dates of your letters, but I did better, I executed your commission the instant I received it, and it is no fault of mine if Madame Santini is not at this moment fanning herself with one of the fans. I should be inexcusable if I neglected the few commissions you give me, when you are so kindly punctual about mine.

Mr. Chute, who dined here to-day, told me he had just heard that Lord Halifax is dead. It was hourly expected when I came from town on Thursday. Lord Suffolk was most talked of for his successor; and then the Privy Seal will be contested 1 by two ex-ministers, the Duke of Grafton and Lord Weymouth.

In the letters I have been reading over, I find you have been a great advocate for Le Fèvre's medicine for the gout. He is already quite exploded here; and, about Liège, where he lives, they abhor him. He performs none of his promises, but in producing an immediate fit, which can be done without a medicine. Mr. Chute and I are strong bootikinists. He, indeed, is a marvellous proof of their efficacy. He (so many years devoured by gout) has not had a fit in his feet these four years; and, when it comes in his hands, though it lasts very long, he never has three days of sharp pain.

I do not know whether the Russian fleet will pass the Dardanelles, but their army must not pass the Danube. It is certain that Prince Lobkowitz was sent to Petersburgh to make this declaration in the names of the Empress-Queen and Emperor; and there is such a dearth of roubles in the other Empress's treasury, that she must stoop to the pro-

LETTER 1347.—1 The Duke of Grafton succeeded as Privy Seal.

hibition. The Peace itself would be made, but as there is provision of money and troops made at Constantinople, the Sultan dares not but try another campaign, for fear of an insurrection. I like to see these haughty sovereigns obliged to draw in their talons, or put them forth, whether they will or not.

Some of their representatives are to dine here to-morrow. Indeed you ought to come too: there will be a little corns diplomatique—the French, Spanish, and Austrian ministers. I am sorry this card cannot sail till Tuesday, when it will be too late. Seriously, how happy it would make me to see you here, salva your dignitate. Strawberry is in the most perfect beauty, the verdure exquisite, and the shades venerably extended. I have made a Gothic gateway to the garden. the piers of which are of artificial stone, and very respect-The round tower is finished, and magnificent; and the state bedchamber proceeds fast; for you must know the little villa is grown into a superb castle. We have dropped all humility in our style: yet, fond as I am of this place, I am going to leave it for some weeks: in short, on another journey to Paris. Nothing, I think, but my dear old woman2 could draw me so far; and nothing but her shall I see. The time of year disculpates me from the scandalous surmise of going to divert myself. If the disturbances there should happen to amuse me, why that is excusable in an ancient politician; and no philosopher has forbidden our being entertained with public confusion. I shall, in truth, only look on with the same indifference with which I see our own squabbles. The latter are drawn to the dregs. I shall set out on the 7th of July, and be here again by the end of August. If you write to me in the interval, direct to London; for you know we always have found more difficulty in sending our letters by the

² Madame du Deffand, Walpole.

nt road than by that roundabout. I shall probably again before I go, though this is not a time of year I can have much to tell you, and at present less than If Count Orloff takes Constantinople, the bombs will ard at Paris before they can be reverberated from ce. Lord Bute is arrived in good health, but they ach emaciated, and looking much older. He is going ry his fourth daughter to Lord Finlater", the son of acquaintance Lord Deakford. The Queen is brought I think, of a son , but an eighth prince or princess ody's business but the compiler's of the court-calender. told that at Paris I am to go distracted about the iness, and to recover my wits by seeing the Comtesse vence". Good night! I reserve some paper in case ild learn any European secrets from my guests tow.

Sunday night.

party has succeeded to admiration, and Gothic archihas received great applause. I will not swear that been really admired. I found by Monsieur de Guisnes hough he had heard much of the house, it was in no able light. He had been told it was only built of lath aster, and that there were not two rooms together on. When I once asked Madame du Deffand what her ymen said of it, she owned they were not struck with looked upon it as natural enough in a country which it yet arrived at true tasts. In short, I believe they all the houses they see are Gothic, because they are e that single pattern that reigns in every hotel in

marriage did not take place. --- Lady Augusta Fituari, aughter of third Earl of . (1778) Captain Andrew 1799. He succeeded as King of Hanover in 1887.

⁵ She was very ugly, Walpole,... Marie Lunise Josephine d. 1810), laughter of Victor Amadeus III of Savey.

e Ernest Augustus (1771 Duke of Cumberland in Paris; and which made me say there, that I never whether I was in the house that I was in, or in the I came out of. Two or three rooms in a row, a salle à manger, a white and gold cabinet, with four los glasses, a lustre, a scrap of hanging over against the win and two rows of chairs, with no variety in the apartre but from bigger to less, and more or less gilt, and chamber with a blue or red damask bed: this is that of taste to which they think we have not attained—we have as pure architecture and as classic taste as there we have as pure architecture and as classic taste as the red with the harmonic and the have as pure architecture and as classic taste as the red we have as pure architecture and as classic taste as the red we have as pure architecture and as classic taste as the red we have as

Lord Halifax died yesterday. The Bishop of Osna is to have that riband to which the Earl had never installed. As there is going to be an installation a expense of the crown, the Bishop's will be lumped w and save such another cost. Lord Hyde', they say, is Chancellor of the Duchy, in the room of Lord Strange'died suddenly last week. I don't know how the g places are to go. If I hear to-morrow, when I shall through London in my way to Lord Ossory's, I will tell

Monday ni

It rains great places and preferments. The Bish Durham died last night; but what is that to you or You no more desire to be a right-reverend father in than I to be Secretary of State. Yet how many are having after these things, without reflecting that they are likely to follow in death than in succession! It is excusion.

⁶ Prince Frederick, afterwards Duke of York.

⁷ Thomas Villiers, brother of the Earl of Jersey, and afterwards Earl

of Clarendon. Walpole.

8 Only son of the Earl of Walpole.

Dr. Trevor, Walpole.

ildren to cry for rattles; for they don't know how soon are to part with them. I don't mean by this to give elf any preference in wisdom. 10

1348. To LADY MARY COKE.

Strawberry Hill, June 9, 1771.

ou cannot imagine, dear Madam, how much I am ered with receiving your orders to pass a whole day you, though I have not, that I know of, a drop of rian blood in my veins. It is true Charlemagne was grandfather by a Courtenay that married somebody whom I am descended, but I hope you had not that ch in your eye, but graciously invited me without conring that I am but a thousand years off from being ort of prince. I shall obey your commands with more nission and satisfaction than if your Ladyship's name Teresa as well as Mary. You are goddess enough for and I shall never pilgrimize to Vienna to see a greater . I wish you was as much content with your own ity. A wise lady should make such a progress but ; no more than the wise men. I doubt whether even would have retained that character, if they had danced the same star year after year. It is the Emperor's to come after your Ladyship. Can we expect him, if carry to him what is most worth seeing in England? ill he come if you are to return to Vienna? Nay, he not deserve your visit, when he had a vacant throne to you, and yet let you slip out of his hands. an instance in romance of such a neglect. Do you any consideration upon earth would have determined nice to return to Rome, after Titus had been so weak

assage omitted. ref 1348. — Not in C.; red from Letters and Journals of Mary Coke, vol. iii. p. 408, n. 2.

¹ Lady Mary Coke was at this time extremely partial to the Austrian royal family.

and ill-bred, as to suffer her to depart? Shall Argyll's daughter run up and down Europe like ing Jew? Choose your kingdom and reign ther I shall certainly die of it, I wish to see yes crowned once for all. Your glory is still dear loo at Notting Hill', and even than all my For your sake I could sacrifies my darling via few sheep with you on our two hills, but I re see you return so often without a diadem. nothing, said Borgia: Be Casar's wife or Cresar has not done his part. My hourt is service, but I am off, if you offer it to Cassa Nay, I will not be pacified, though you should visit is only to his mother'. Nobody but I g old woman more than once. If you think of I marry Madame du Deffand, and will no long Your Ladyship's

Constant and

Eternal ado

1349. TO THE REV. WILLIAM CA

Arlington Street,

You are very kind, dear Sir, and I sught to is more, I am, ashamed of giving you so much I am in no hurry for the letters. I shall not a 7th of next month, and it will be sufficient if I a week before I set out.

Mr. C. C. C. C. is very welcome to atta a Duchess of Norfolk. He is ever welcome right; to the edification I hope of all the m

the historian of Giller, Cambridge

I Lady Mary Coke's country seat.
The Empress Maria Theress.
LETTER 1849,—1 Robert Masters.

Antiquarian Society, who I trust will insert his criticism in the next volume of their Archeologia or Old Women's Logic; but, indeed, I cannot bestow my time on any more of them. nor employ myself in detecting witches for vomiting pins. When they turn extertioners' like Mr. Masters, the law should punish them, not only for requery, but for exceeding their province, which our ancestors limited to killing their neighbour's cow, or crucifying dolls of wax. For my own part, I am so far from being out of charity with him, that I would give him a nag or new broom whenever he has a mind to ride to the Antiquarian subbat, and preach against me. Though you have more cause to be angry, laugh at him as I do. One has not life enough to throw away on all the fools and knaves that come 'cross one. I have often been attacked, and never replied but to Mr. Hume and Dr. Milles to the first, because he had a name; to the second, because he had a mind to have one; and yet I was in the wrong, for it was the only way he could attain one, In truth, it is being two solf-interested, to expuse only one's private antagonists, when one lets werse men mass unmolested. Does a booby hurt me by an attack on me, more than by any other foolish thing he does? These not he teaze me more by anything he says to me without attacking me, than by anything he says against me behind my back? I shall, therefore, most certainly never inquire after or read Mr. C. C. C. S. criticism, but leave him to oblivion with her Grace of Norfolk and our wise Society. As I doubt my own writings will soon be forgotten. I need not fear that those of my answerers will be remembered.

I am, dear Sir.

Yours most smeerely,

Hon. WALFOLK

touch which he had previously under-

^{*} Code etation that Masters had named him to your forthy possible towards the regule of a bound at Water-

1350. To THE HON, HENRY SEYMOUR CONWAY.

Strawberry Hill, June 17, 1771.

I was very sure you would grant my request if you could, and I am perfectly satisfied with your reasons; but I do not believe the parties concerned will be so too, especially the heads of the family, who are not so ready to serve their relations at their own expense as gratis. When I see you, I will tell you more, and what I thought I had told you.

You tax me with four days in Bedfordshire': I was but three at most, and of those the evening I went and the morning I came away made the third day. I will try to see you before I go. The Edgeumber' I should like, and Lady Lyttelton, but Garrick does not tempt me at all. I have no taste for his perpetual buffoonery, and am sick of his endless expectation of flattery; but you who charge me with making a long visit to Lord and Lady Ossery, you do not see the mote in your own eye; at least, I am sure Lady Ailesbury does not see that in hers, I could not obtain a single day from her all last year, and with difficulty get her to give me a few hours this. There is always an indispensable pheasantry that must be visited, or something from which she cannot spare four-and-twenty hours. Strawberry sets this down in its pocket-book, and resents the neglect.

LETTER 1850,—Collated with original in possession of Earl Waldegrave.

refund to do an Coneral Conway thereupon demissed bire, in spite of the interposition of Lord and Lody Holland on Lody Sunni's behalf, the Lost Lourenta, vol. 1, p. 147.

3 At Lard Ossery's sont, Ampibill Park.

¹ A reference to the dismissal by General Conway (as Lieutenant-General of Ordnance) of William O'Brien (formerly an actor) from a post under that Board in America, procured for him after his runaway match with Lady Susan Fox-Strangways. O'Brien left America without leave, and when ordered to return,

² George Edgeumbo, third Haven Edgeumbo, afterwards Viscounts and Earl of Musat Edgeussion, and his wife Emma (d. 1907), daughter of John Gilbert, Archbishop of Vock.

At two miles from Houghton Park is the mausoleum 4 of the Bruces, where I saw the most ridiculous monument of one of Lady Ailesbury's predecessors that ever was imagined: I beg she will never keep such company. In the midst of an octagon chapel is the tomb of Diana. Countess of Oxford and Elgin 5. From a huge unwieldy base of white marble rises a black marble cistern; literally a cistern that would serve for an eating-room. In the midst of this, to the knees, stands her Ladyship in a white domino or shroud, with her left hand erect as giving her blessing. It put me in mind of Mrs. Cavendish when she got drunk in the bathing-tub. At another church is a kind of catacomb for the Earls of Kent: there are ten sumptuous monuments. Wrest and Hawnes 7 are both ugly places; the house at the former is ridiculously old and bad. The state bedchamber (not ten feet high) and its drawing-room are laced with Ionic columns of spotted velvet and friezes of patchwork. There are bushels of deplorable earls and countesses. The garden was execrable, too, but is something mended by Brown. Houghton Park and Ampthill stand finely: the last is a very good house, and has a beautiful park. The other has three beautiful old fronts, in the style of Holland House, with turrets and loggias, but not so large. Within it is the worst contrived dwelling I ever saw. Upon the whole, I was much diverted with my journey. On my return I stayed but a single hour in London, saw no soul, and came hither to meet the deluge. It has rained all night and all day; but it is midsummer, consequently midwinter, and one can expect no better. Adieu!

Yours ever,

H. W.

⁴ At Maulden in Bedfordshire. ⁵ Lady Diana Cecil (d. 1654), daughter of second Earl of Exeter; m. 1. Henry de Vere, ninth Earl of Oxford; 2. Thomas Bruce, first Earl

of Elgin.

⁶ Flitton, near Ampthill.

Near Bedford, the seat of the Carterets.

I have been dining at Lord Buckingham's at Marble Hill. He has three fine children by his first wife. and has got a pretty, agreeable young wife. but it was a melancholy day to me, who have passed so many agreeable hours in that house and garden with poor Lasty Suffolk.

1352. To the East of Straffour

Strawberry Hill, Jame 30, 1771

I have waited impatiently, my dear Lord, for semething worth putting into a letter; but trees do not speak in Parliament, nor flowers write in the newspapers; and they are almost the only beings I have seen. I dined on Tuesday at Notting Hill! with the Countesses of Powis and Holdsers nesse, Lord and Lady Pelham?, and Lard Frederick Cavendish—and Pam; and shall go to town on Friday to meet the same company at Lady Holdernesse's; and this short journal comprises almost my whole history and knowledge.

I must now ask your Lordship's and Lady Strafferst's commands for Paris. I shall set out on the 7th of next months. You will think, though you will not tell me so, that theses are very juvenile jaunts at my age. Indeed, I whould be ashamed if I went for any other pleasure but that of ones more seeing my dear blind friend', whose much greater age forbids my depending on seeing her often. It will, indeed, be amusing to change the scene of politics; for though I have done with our own, one cannot help hearing them.

LETTER 1352 1 The with of Laste

^{*}At Twickenham, built by Honeietta Hobart, Countees of Norfolk, nunt of Lord Buckingham, to whom, the left it. Walpole.

h Daughter of his Robert Densy Walpole,

^{*} Sister of W. Camully, Raq. Wal-

Many Clobs mane Remainington West:

Thomas Pathana merical thanna Pathana of thirdestay and his wife hand and tampeter of Pandastah Maintana Pandastah Maintana Pandastah

Mariamo in Itelland. Walquir.

nay, reading them; for, like flies, they come to breakfast with one's bread and butter. I wish there was any other vehicle for them but a newspaper; a place into which, considering how they are exhausted, I am sure they have no pretensions. The Duc d'Aiguillon, I hear, is minister. Their politics, some way or other, must end seriously, either in despetism, a civil war, or assassination. Methinks, it is playing deep for the power of tyranny. Charles Fox is more moderate: he only games for an hundred thousand pounds that he has not,

Have you read the Life of Benvenuto Cellini, my Lord? I am angry with him for being more distracted and wrong-headed than my Lord Herbert. Till the revival of these two, I thought the present age had borne the palm of absurdity from all its predecessors. But I find our co-temporaries are quiet good folks, that only game till they hang themselves, and do not kill everybody they meet in the street. Who would have thought we were so reasonable?

Rancisgh, they tell me, is full of foreign dukes. There is a Due de la Trémouille, a Due d'Aremberg, and other grandess. I know the former, and am not sorry to be out of his way.

It is not pleasant to leave groves and lawns and rivers for a dirty town with a dirtier ditch, calling itself the Soins, but I dare not encounter the sea and bad inns in cold weather. This consideration will bring me back by the end of August. I should be happy to execute any communication for your Lordship. You know how earnestly I wish always to show myself your Lordship's most faithful himble servant.

1353. TO THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Arlington Street, June 2

I just write you a line, dear Sir, to acknowle receipt of the box of papers, which is come very to give you a thousand thanks for the treable y taken. As you promise me another letter I will answer it.

At present I will only beg another favour, and a shame, as it is of a kind you will like to grant. Iately been at Lord Ossory's at Ampthill. You Katherine of Arragon lived some time there's, remains of the eastle, nor any marks of reside a very small bit of her garden. I proposed to Lors to erect a cross to her memory on the spot; and I wish, therefore, you could, from your collections of or memory, pick out an authentic form of a crop better appearance than the common run. It is raised on two or three steps; and if they were would it not be handsomer? Her arms must be he an order, upon it. Here is something of my ulcas shield appendant to a collar. We will have some instead on mark the cause of erection. Adicu!

Your most oblig Hos. Was

1854. TO THE EARL OF UTER COMORY.

My Lord,

Strawberry Hill, Sonday night, Jame 20

I have got your letters' again, and the copies, to know which is the safest way of conveying the

LETTER 1858.—1 In 1888, the year in which her marriage to Restry VIII flavor was pronounced invalid. Eldwas: 2 A rough drawing appears in the

theres 1864 - The Rivert VI to the Barn.

My reverend friend who copied them tells me f them, and part of another, are printed in Fuller's istory, but that need not prevent the printing . I must aak your Lordship in what manner you e me print them; I mean, whether for publicasmaller number only to give away. I submit other the latter is not the preferable way, for as so very few they will barely make a sixpenny and not being all new, people might not think e important enough for sale. On the contrary, number will keep them a curiosity, and yet be o preserve them. If you like this method, I will what number you please, and will send you ree hundred, and will ask your leave to keep for myself, as I did for Lord Powis. He had ed copies', and I the same; and in two years was sold at an auction for four guineas you see rnt the mysteries of my trade. I doubt I shall time to set about the Preface before I leave as I have not yet got Fuller, and a book or that I shall want. The long evenings in autumn at working hours; and as I flatter myself you and then be here at your villa, I can receive your

earched in every volume I could think of where ly to make discoveries, but can find out nothing tly satisfies me about the foundation and devices on. The construction is in the style of a view y', Sir Francis Walsingham's house, in a picture him, consequently might be built by Sir Philip

hile the antiquery

to at land trackers at

e at the spine between K being appeared

In lath by James !

ments Many thinkery Countrions of Passibroke, by milion Houghton Houses was built

^{*} In Kent near Chialakusut

Sidney, who married his daughter. The boar was certainly Sir Philip's crost, and the pheon his arms nay, there is one of the ciphers in which are several letters of his names; but I can touch upon no scent of his having lived there, or having an estate there. Still, I am clear that none of the emblems relate to the Bruces. Though, as a critic. I have taken liberties with Sir Philip, as an antispuary I venerate him, there being a clear distinction between the ideas we have from our sense, and those we have from our nonsense. As I have no partiality for the lliness, from either the one or the other, I beg Sir Philip may be worshipped as founder of Houghton. I new step two hundred years later to tell my Lady theory a match that I have just heard at Lady Blandford's, which indredl smough. Miss Loggo", amitton with Colonel Keene's black eyes, has consented to give him her hand. They must, indeed, keep a few sheep at setting out, but I suppose the shephord expects that Lord North ' will enable them to enlarge their flock. Lord Villiers' is a new object of contention. Mrs. Anne Pitt has made a ball for him don't be in a burry it is not to put her brother's large none out of joint by her own : no, this is a pure act of friendship. She destines him to Lady Caroline Stuart', Lord Bute's fifth daughter. They are a very homely pair of turtles, and do not much add to the decoration of the great pigeon-house at Ranslagh, where she produces them every night. My Lady Harrington disputes the prize with her; and at least to secure part of it gets him to loo with herself, old Blackhay, and Lody

⁶ Hon, Elizabeth Legge, laughter of Viscount Lewislam, oldest sum of first Earl of Dartmenth (where he predeceased); m. Celonel James Whitshel Keene, M.P. for Warmham.

⁷ Lord North was commeted with Miss Legge through the marriage of his father, the Earl of Guilford, to

her tenther Viennentees Lemislam

1 the ego Manus, Vithere (2001
1400, Viennet Vithere entrichetelt
his strither as serviced Slad (2000)

^{*} Londy Electrician Shouse Scientists (1776) Blow John Brancon adhermants Vinconest timelion and Back of Frenchington.

I pity poor Lady Harriet 10, who is too charming et up to sale.

pe to have more dignified news to tell you at my from Paris, where the Duc d'Aiguillon is at last er. I expect to find many a *Junius* there, at least ads; but if ever the French rebel farther than in s, the time must be at hand. It is foolish to be sing remonstrances after the King has struck the

When they have harangued him into despotism, lippic will talk him out of it. That lamb and legisthe Czarina would suffer no Patriot orations. By y, I hear Voltaire has already half-stifled Monsieur illon with incense. It is just two years since I tness to a thousand fulsome epistles that the Duchess seul received from him in praise of her husband.

parts allure thee, think how Bacon shined, ne wisest, brightest, meanest of mankind 12 ! ow another person 13, unworthy to be named in such

tal company, who has written a very fulsome letter the Dowager d'Aiguillon, not in truth for his own t, but in hopes of serving a dear old blind friend, who wants protection.

ou recollect any other commission before I set out by fortnight, be so good to let me know. You allow crust, to end without any formal conclusion.

1355. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Strawberry Hill, June 24, 1771.

EN I wrote to you t'other day, I had not opened the letters, and consequently had not found yours, for

oley).

11 The King had abolished the

y Henrietta Stanhope (d. arth daughter of second Earl ington; m. (1776) Hon. Foley (afterwards second

Parliament of Paris.

12 Pope, Epistle iv. 1, 381.

¹³ Doubtless Walpole himself.

which, and the prints, I give you a thousan though Count Bryan' I have, and will return to Walker' is very like, and is valuable for being mentithe *Dunciad*; and a curiosity, from being mentiwithout abuse.

Your notes are very judicious, and your informuseful to me in drawing up some little proface to it which, however, I shall not have time new to disjourney, as I shall set out on Sanday so'might your motte much. The Lady Cocilia's letters a say, more curious for the writer than the matter, very little of those daughters of Edward IV. Yoher sister Devenshire' lived to be old, sepecial who was married to Lord Wells', and I have for he was first consinte Henry VII, who, I suppose it the safest match for her. I wish I know all she sisters knew of their brothers, and their uncle Manuel good may it do my Lord of Canterbury parboiled stag. Sure there must be many more in Bennet Library!

Though your letter is so entertaining and used the passage I like best in a promise you make size in the autumn with Mr. Fasser. Fray put him a it, as I shall you. It would add much to the obyou would bring two or three of your Mrs. w Collections with you.

Adley, dear Nir !

Yours with the atmost gratitud

11 11

LETTER 1865 .- 3 Count Stryes of Bury, seconding to a note by Cole.

minth damphine of Rings on Williams Constants. December 2 1887

Bury, according to a note by Cole.

Richard Walker (1979 1784).

Vice-Master of Trinky Delloge, Combridge, and Profession of Moral Philosophy in that University. Of Passical, iv. II, 908 8.

I Lady Catherine Plantagement,

^{*} John Walles 4 140

^{*} A redespense to see it

1356. To GROSVENOR BEDFORD.

Bin, Arlington Street, June 27, 1771. n very happy to be able to set your mind quite at ease your place, which was wanted for O'Brien', of which k you will hear no more. I would not enter into the al by which I got rid of the application, were it not to to you how sincorely I am your friend. In two words when I found I could not beat them from the pursuit y other means, I declared to Lord and Lady H.* that ld not request you to do a thing to which you had so a repugnance; but if that would satisfy them, I would ith my own two little places in the Exchequer, at what hould be reckened worth fairly. They did not choose the price for them, but the offer entirely put a stop to nsisting on your place, which they could not in decency e, when they had the option of mine, and thus, in form, II. told me she gave up the whole,

1857. To THE COUNTERS OF UPPER OFFICER,

Arlington Street, June 27, 1771.

ctose the ticket your Ladyship ordered, and as Mr. Fitztimay wish to carry his children and some companion im, I have made the order for five instead of four, and have added another, but having lately had some disabout sometimes giving a larger and sometimes a more cted order, I am forced to confine the rule to four, or it as I can; my neighbours wanting to bring all equaintance, and taking it ill if they are refused and

n 1964 - William Kriteien, 19, who had married Lady 19, Birmigwaya, minoca if Loyal

Figure 1887 — Probably Hon-Lawren 1887 — Probably Hon-Hishard Fitspatrick, smale of Lord Casery.

others indulged; and when your Ladyship comes a us, you will find we are a gossiping set of felks.

I expect to be prodigiously well received at the R tion by numberless old folks, whose portraits I have from oblivion in various visits I have made at a houses. When I have the pleasure of being at Ai I will write the names and histories on the back Gowrans and Robinsons, and on the Fitz-Arbuth parrot. You will find, Madam, an account of Wright in the third volume of my Associates. I received your Ladyship's, I had written to Land about King Edward's letters, and expect his constyour Ladyship's and his for Paris shall be a executed.

I came to town yesterday, and as usual, found to hears much more news in the country than in I I have not picked up a pencil since I wrote to m I may, if I please, go to another ball termore Mrs. A. P.'s', but I think I shall choose to get Strawberry. Her nephew, Tom Pitt, in going to a Miss Wilkinson', a great fortune, sister to Jack it wife. I don't believe your Ladyship cares much about Jacks and Toms.

There is a great hubbub, I believe, at the either on town, where Wilkes is triumphing "over all the ald and Hornes and Olivers; but in this quarter the graes grow if it were not for a few coaches from Hamolagh.

I have sent an injunction to my antiquarian friend copied over the letters, to find me out a pattern of a g cross, to be erected at Ampthill, and I am sure he

² The first wife of Lord Camery's grandfather was Anne, daughter of Sir John Rohinson, second Haronet. ³ Mrs. Anne Pitt.

⁴ Anne, daughter and so heir of

Pitrobning Withinson, of all Norfolk : 4 1808

^{*} Show than full-owing better? * Williams Clode:

there is such a thing above ground, for he is as true a Roman Catholic as it is possible for a Protestant clergyman to be—and there is but a very nice distinction between them, especially when they are antiquaries.

'Tis a mortification, Madam, to be able to send you nothing more amusing, but when one knows no news, a short letter is better than a composed one, and anything to dull excuses. I am grown too old for invention, and, like other old servants, have no merit but that of attachment. No ancient domestic can boast of that quality more than

Yours, &c.

1358. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Saturday noon, July 6, 1771.

I am not gone; I do go to-morrow, and this letter will not set out till after me, as there is no foreign post till Tuesday. I only write to tell you that my nephew¹, Lord Cholmondeley, is gone to Spa, and thinks of frisking through Italy before the Parliament meets. If he comes to Florence, I know how kind you will be to him. He is a good young man, and I hope will not make a bad old one; but of that I know nothing—nor ever shall.

We are told the Jesuits are restored in France. That I shall know in two or three days. Pray take notice that two years ago I foretold this. Nor do I brag of it now, but to show that once in my life at least I guessed right. I said, semen regum seges ecclesiae. Think of old Richelieu and Madame du Barry begetting the resurrection of St. Ignatius. It is all she could help him to resurrect.

Wilkes is another Phœnix revived from his own ashes. He was sunk—it was over with him; but the ministers too

LETTER 1858.—1 Onlyson of George, Lord Malpas, who was son of Mary, Walpole.

precipitately hurrying to bury him alive, blow up the and he is again as formidable as ever; and what w worse, he must go into the very closet " who nover sends him thither on a message. You and I and wise men, laugh at luck and fatality, and such comwe know do not exist; but pray let us confess hones we cannot wonder if the unilluminated populace are at on some occasions. Does not there seem to be a attending the court whenever they meddle with the Does not he always rise higher for their attempting whelm him? What instance is there of such a day subsisting and maintaining a war against a king, mis courts of law, a whole legislature, and all Neetland, years together? Masaniello did not, I think, last fit Wilkes, in prison, is chosen member of l'arbament, a alderman of London. His colleagues betray him. him, expose him, and he becomes sherriff of Lots believe, if he was to be hanged, he would be made : England-I don't think King of Great Britain . \ the meantime I will go and see the reverse, a whele and every Parliament in it in opposition to the error the courts of law suppressed by the Chancellor. Adv

1359. To Jone Churt.

Amiene, Tuesday evening, July 2

I am got no farther yet, as I travel leisurely, and venture to fatigue myself. My voyage was but of four I was sick only by choice and precaution, and find my perfect health. The enemy, I hope, has not return pinch you again, and that you defy the foul fiend weather is but lukewarm, and I should chasse to be

³ The King's closet. Walgada

Monning that the Sects hade him has much. Waiping.

the windows shut, if my smelling was not much more summerly than my feeling; but the frowsiness of obsoleto tapestry and needlework is insupportable. Here are old fleas and bugs talking of Louis Quatorze like tattered refugees in the Park, and they make poor Rosette attend to them, whether she will or not. This is a woful account of an evening in July, and which Monsieur de St. Lambert has omitted in his Neusons, though more natural than anything he has placed there. If the Grecian religion had gone into the folly of self-mortification, I suppose the devotees of Flora would have shut themselves up in a nasty inn, and have punished their noses for the sensuality of having smelt to a rose or a honeysuckle.

This is all I have yet to say; for I have had no adventure, no accident, nor seen a soul but my cousin Richard Walpole, whom I met on the road and spoke to in his chaise. Tomorrow I shall lie at Chantilly, and be at Paris early on Thursday. The Churchills are there already. Good night—and a secct one to you!

Paris, Wednesday night, July 10.

I was so sufficiated with my inn last night, that I mustered all my resolution, rose with the alouette, and was in my chaise by five o'clock this morning. I got hither by eight this evening, tired, but rejoiced; have had a comfortable dish of tea, and am going to bed in clean sheets. I sink myself even to my dear old woman and my sister; for it is impossible to sit down and be made charming at this time of night after fifteen posts, and after having been here twenty times before.

At Chantilly I crossed on the Countess of W., who lies there to night on her way to England. But I concluded she had no curiosity about me and I could not brag of

Larrenn 1960 -- I Imas Francisca mather of a power called for Susanna, (1716-1809), Marcale de St. Lambort, and member of the Franch Academy.

It is for me to take the measure I am determined to take. I would have done anything to oblige either you or my brother, but I am not to be threatened out of my right in any shape. I know when it is proper to yield and when to make my stand. I refused to accept the place for my own life when it was offered to me; when I declined that, it is not probable that I should hold the place to the wrong of anybody else; it will and must be seen who claims any part or prerogatives of the place unjustly; my honour demands to have this ascertained, and I will add, that when I scenned a favour, I am not likely to be intimidated by a menace. I say all this coolly and deliberately, and my actions will be conformable.

I do not forget my obligations to you, dear fir, or to your dead brother? whose memory will ever be most dear to me. Unkind expressions shall not alter the affection I have for you or your family, nor am I so unreasonable, so unjust, or so absurd, as not to approve your doing everything you think right for your own interest and security, and for those of your family. What I have to say hereafter will prove that these not only are, but ever have been my sentiments. I shall then appeal to your own truth, whether it is just in you to have used some expressions in your latter, but as I mean to act with the greatest circumspection, and without a grain of resentment to anybody, I shall say no more fill I have had full time to weigh every world I shall use, and every step I mean to take. In the meantains I am,

Your obliged humble servant.

How Warrage

P.S. My refusal of the patent for my life has already what value I set upon it; but I will have justice, especially for ** Uniferior Manual **

my character, which no consideration upon earth shall prevent my seeking. It must and shall be known whether I enjoy the place to the wrong of any man living. You have my free consent, Sir, to show this letter to whom you please; I have nothing to conceal, and am ready to submit my conduct to the whole world.

1361. To the Hon. Henry Seymour Conway,

Paris, July 30, 1771.

I to not know where you are, nor where this will find you, nor when it will set out to seek you, as I am not certain by whom I shall send it. It is of little consequence, as I have nothing material to tell you, but what you probably may have heard.

The distress here is incredible, especially at court. The King's tradesmen are ruined, his servants starving, and even angels and archangels cannot get their pensions and salaries, but sing 'Wee' wee! wee! instead of Hesannaha. Compregue is abandoned; Villiers-Cotrets and Chantilly crowded, and Chantelenp' still more in fashion, whither everybody goes that pleases; though, when they ask leave, the answer is, 'Je no le défends ni le permets.' This is the first time that ever the will of a King of France was interpreted against his inclination. Yet, after annihilating his Parliament, and imming public credit, he tamely submits to be afficiented by his own servants. Madame de Beauveau, and two or three high spirited dames, defy this Car of Gaul. Yet they and their cabal are as inconsistent on the other hand. They make epigrams, sing vandevilles against the

Lappen 1901 The country places of the finks of training and the finks of training and the finite maps in the graces of the finite payment of facts for the lappen at the facts for the finite facts of the fin

peous Waly de

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12 class; to missly as his consist to

10 First Missister he man laminaled

13 the hong Walgade

mistress', hand about libels against the Chancellor', and have no more effect than a sky-rocket; but in three mountage will die to go to court, and to be invited to my with Madame du Barri. The only real struggle in between the Chancellor and the Due d'Aiguillen. The first is false. bold, determined, and not subject to little qualing other is less known, communicates himself to indeeds, in suspected of deep policy and deep designs, but seems to intend to set out under a mask of very smooth variable. for he has just obtained the payment of all his latter excess. La Chalotais' pensions and arrears. He has the advantage. too, of being but mederately detected in comparison of his rival, and, what he values more, the interest of the mustices. The Comptroller-General' serves both, by acting insighted more sensibly felt; for he rains exceptuals but there who purchase a respite from his mistress. He dispenses land ruptcy by retail, and will fall, because he cannot even by these means be useful enough. They are risking off made millions from la caiser mildeier, five from the manne and one from the affaires etringeres; yet all these will be to esta esto them. You never naw a great nation in we desgraceful a position. Their next prospect is not better at vests an an imbecile", both in mind and body.

2.6. 5.

Mr. Churchill and my sister set and to might after any get, and I shall sould this letter by them. There are no new books, no new plays, no new nevels; may, no new fastures They have dragged old Mademorable los Mastre out of a retreat of thirty years, to sing at the telesce, which is a most gaudy Ranelagh, gilt, painted, and becauteled like an Opera, but not calculated to lost as long as Mother Coliseum, being composed of chalk and pastel-and limited

Madame du Barry. Walpole
 Maupeon, Walpole
 The Abbé Terrai. Walpole * The Daughter afterwards to co-XVI

courts of treillage, that serve for nothing, and behind anal, very like a horse-pond, on which there are fire-and jousts. Altogether it is very pretty; but as are few nabobs and nabobesses in this country, and middling and common people are not much richer to when he had lost everything but his patience, the etors are on the point of being ruined, unless the takes place that is talked of. It is, to oblige lle, Racine, and Molière to hold their tongues twice to, that their audiences may go to the Colisée. This is ar Parliament's adjourning when senators want to go wmarket. There is a Monsieur Gaillard writing a gof the Rivalité de la France et de l'Angleterre. I hope I not omit this parallel.

instance of their poverty that strikes me most, who political observations by the thermometer of baubles, t there is nothing new in their shops. I know the of every snuffbox and every teacup as well as those dame du Lac and Monsieur Poirier. I have chosen cups and saucers for my Lady Ailesbury, as she d me; but I cannot say they are at all extraordinary. e bespoken two cabriolets for her, instead of six, se I think them very dear, and that she may have nore if she likes them. I shall bring, too, a sample iguette that suits them. For myself, between economy ne want of novelty, I have not laid out five guineas y memorable anecdote in the history of my life. d, the Czarina and I have a little dispute: she has I to purchase the whole Crozat collection of pictures, ich I had intended to ruin myself. The Turks thank r it!—Apropos, they are sending from hence fourscore s to Poland, each of whom I suppose, like Almanzor, amp with his foot and raise an army.

⁷ Gabriel Henri Gaillard (1726–1806).

As my sister travels like a Tartar princess with her whole horde, she will arrive too late almost for me to hear from you in return to this letter, which in truth requires no answer, vu que I shall set out myself on the 25th of August. You will not imagine that I am glad to save myself the pleasure of hearing from you; but I would not give you the trouble of writing unnecessarily. If you are at home, and not in Scotland, you will judge by those dates where to find me. Adieu!

Yours ever.

Hon. WALROLD

P.S. Instead of restoring the Jesuits, they are proceeding to annihilate the Colostines, Augustines, and some other orders.

1362. To Jour Curre

Paris, Aug 5, 1 71

It is a great satisfaction to me to find by your letter of the 30th that you have had no return of your great. I have been assured here that the best remedy is to sut one's nails in hot water. It is, I fear, as certain as any other remedy! It would at least be so here, if their bedies were of a piece with their understandings; or if beth were as curable as they are the contrary. Your prophery, I doubt, is not better founded than the prescription. I may be lame, but I shall never be a duck, nor deal in the garbage of the Alley.

I envy your Structury tide, and need not say how much I wish I was there to receive you. Methniks, I should be as glad of a little grass, as a seaman after a long a yage. Yet English gardening gains ground here predigiously need much at a time, indeed. I have literally seed one that is exactly like a tailor's paper of patterns. There is a M. Linder

1, who has tacked a piece of what he calls an English to a set of stone terraces, with steps of turf. There ree or four very high hills, almost as high as, and r in the shape of, a tanky pudding. You someoze n these and a river, that is conducted at obtuse angles tone channel, and supplied by a pump; and when s come in, I suppose it will be navigable. In a enclosed by a chalk wall are the samples I men-; there is a stripe of grass, another of corn, and a third he, exactly in the order of beds in a nursery. They ranslated Mr. Whately's book, and the Lord knows sarbarism is going to be laid at our door. This now sanie will literally be mad English.

arrets, new retrenchments, new misery, stalk forth day. The Parliament of Resangon is dissolved; so Grenadiers de France. The King's tradesmen are all ipt; no pensions are paid, and everylady is reforming uppers and equipages. Despetien makes converts han over Christianity did. Louis Quince is the true istianissimus, and has ton times more success than his ning great-grandfather. Adien, my dear Sir!

Yours most faithfully.

Hop. WALFOLE.

Friday, Mit.

was to have gone by a private hand, but cannot till Monday; no I may be continuing my letter till g it myself. I have been again at the Chartrence; lough it was the nixth time. I am more enchanted more paintings " than ever. If it is not the first work

11, wel 411 p 204 n c

* Im "sucur's paistings of surviterits

In the life of Mt Heiston

a 1962 I remaid amateur im, më jisog sidënisa m d'asim da in a appaid dayon linel. militaria ita Mistirena dia 1807

^{*} Thomas Whateley 1 1775 M P If it Chatle History and in and telescope to me on Modern to a leman.

in the world, and must yield to the Vatican, yet in an and harmony it beats Raphael himself. There is a over all the pictures, that makes them more naturally representation of objects. I cannot conceive he effected. You see them through the shine of a now wind. These poor folks do not know the mest treasure they possess, but they are perishing these pand one gazes at them as at a setting sun. There purity of Racine in them, but they give me more pleand I should much sooner be tired of the post that painter.

It is very singular that I have not half the satisfagoing into churches and convents that I used to have consciousness that the vision is dispelled, the want of so obvious in the religious, the solution that one proceeds from contempt, not from contemptation those places appear like abandoned theatres destricted destruction. The monks trot about as if they had long to stay there; and what used to be hely al now but dirt and darkness. There is the more ste than in a tragedy acted by candle smillers. One i to think that an empire of common sense would very picturesque; for, as there is nothing but taste t compensate for the imagination of madness, I don't will never be twenty men of taste for twenty the madmen. The world will no more see Athens, Kenne, Medici again, than a succession of five good empere Nerva, Trajan, Adrian, and the two Antonness.

Mr. Edmonson has called on me; and, as he ato-morrow, I can safely trust my letter to him.

I own, been much shocked at reading tiray's death.

⁴ Parhaps Joseph Edmondson (d. * 1884) Anol at Carllett, 1788), herald and genealogist. is the stressed one July 2

'Tis an hour that makes one forget any subject of nt, especially towards one with whom I lived in nip from thirteen years old. As self lies so rooted no doubt the nearness of our ages made the stroke o my own breast; and having so little expected his t is plain how little I expect my own. Yet to you, all men living are the most forgiving, I need not the concern I feel. I fear most men ought to ze for their want of feeling, instead of palliating nsation when they have it. I thought that what een of the world had hardened my heart; but I find had formed my language, not extinguished my In short, I am really shocked-nay, I am ess. my own weakness, as I perceive that when I love y, it is for my life; and I have had too much reason vish that such a disposition may very seldom be put trial. You, at least, are the only person to whom venture to make such a confession.

a! my dear Sir! Let me know when I arrive, which about the last day of the month, when I am likely ou. I have much to say to you. Of being here I am eartily tired, and nothing but this dear old woman keep me here an hour—I am weary of them to death hat is not new!

Yours ever, Hor. Walpole.

363. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Paris, Aug. 11, 1771.

R, Madam, I shall return from hence, like many an Ambassador, without having done anything that s. I have indeed at last received some canyas and

⁶ Gray was ten months older than Horace Walpole.

silk from M. Francès, to the value of forty-six living two sous, which, when the materials shall be manufactured 1 your Ladyship, will, I trust, increase a million fold. Am tes snuffboxes and toothpick cases, the vintage has entaresty failed this year. I have not been able to find a new orzes to either sort. The shops complain of a total stagnature () trade, and this some impute to a cross man whom they wralk Mons. le Chancelier', who has pulled all the l'athania Tat out by the noses, and occasioned a decrease of 10,000 those organs of smelling in Paris; and others sav, that certain Comptroller-General having left nebuly anythmas to eat, there is but little demand for teethpack cases As I many totally ignorant of commerce, it is impossible for moto pradicted what truth there is in these hypotheses all I has so is theret I am as well acquainted with the faces of every smith a its every shop, as every administration is with Mr. Illin's 1 Ossory's commission will be a little better executed that in it may be. I have seen three fine clocks, two dearer clarate the sum he limited, and one under it but as I could rasst. venture to lay out more or less money than his Louis links allowed, I have made all three nit for their protures, sarrel shall bring him the designs, that he may the whim I wastell kerchief himself.

Paris is quite empty, even of English. In truth I libes ixa a hotel full of English, but I know the faces of but acrees, and of him, scarce the voice; it is now Lord English, and Examples is dying for love of his future bride, for he are Examples absolute status; we have visited thrice, met once, and when I speak to one another next time. Lordy historymous was exact yesterday to Complegue; Marshal lightlies had a ferry fixe

Lurrus 1868. Maupeon ² The Abbé Terray.

a Lady Amelia Stanbope of 1700, third daughter of seesed Earl of Harrington; m. (1767) Richard Barry, sixth Earl of Barrymora. Her favour

of the Principles and so follow Alexander's that the Property of the second with a second with the Madagan Andrew Andrews and the second and the Samuel Andrews Andrew

take care she had a box at the Opera here; but don't tell Junius so.

It is with great satisfaction I have to inform your Ladyship that the taste for English gardening makes great progress here, not owing, slas! to mine, but to Mr. Whately's

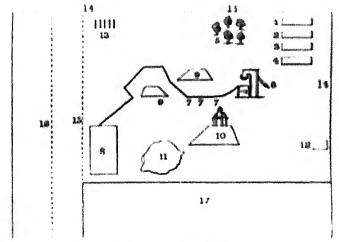


TABLE OF BETERRE ES.

1. Slip of corn. 2. Its. of grass. 3. Do, of weeds, very rural. 4. Its of cats. 5. Irregular grove. 6. A well and pump that furnishes the tiver. 7. 7. 7. A serpentine river in a stone chainel, four feet wide. 8 A canal. 2. 9. Two mountains, twelve feet high, in the chape of a tance pudding, but not so green as the river. 49. Mount thympus, with a temple on it. 41. An irregular piece of turf. 12 A faity, with an Italian front. 13 Slips of grass. 14, 14, 14 The wall. 45, for accommanding a superb view over the hot house and doughall. 16 hitchen garden with mel in france. 17 Figurdigalden.

lund, which has been translated. I have been to see a garden almost out of Paris, which has been laid out in our taste at a vast expense; and as it improves upon us, I have here sent your Ladyship the plan as well as I could bring it

away by memory, at the same time legging you to the badness of the drawing, which does not do justioriginal.

If Lord Ossory should wish to lay out Ampthill manner, I will take care to have a more correct plan but, indeed, without being upon the spot there is no of the effect. There is something so social le in best to shake hands across the river from the tops of a mountains, 9.9, that nothing but so amiable a reationave imagined it. Nay, it is a great idea, one this sees the mountain-gods of Pariassus and I-la puller fautcuits across a continent, and drinking a glass of to the health of their bergeres!

The rest of my travels I shall reserve till I he honour of seeing your Ladyship at Twickenham. I to set out on my return to morrow so'nnight, a Madam,

Y 40.25

1364. To THE HON. HENRY SEYMORE CONTRACTORS

Paysa, Aug at 17

You will have seen, I hope, before new, that I has neglected writing to you. I sent you a letter by has but doubt she has been a great while upon the read, a travel with a large family. I was not sure where we and would not write at random by the post.

I was just going out when I received yours as newspapers. I was struck in a most accorded in when, after reading your letter, I san in the newstat Gray is dead! So very assist an interact I suppose, the natural reflection to self on lessing a but a year older, made me absolutely start in my It seemed more a corporal than a mental blow, as

I am exceedingly concerned for him, and everylady must be so for the loss of such a genius. He called on me but two or three days before I came hither; he complained of being ill, and talked of the gont in his stomach but I expected his death no more than my own and yet the same death will probably be mine. I am full of all those reflections but shall not attrist you with them; only do not wonder that my letter will be short, when my mind is full of what I do not give vent to. It was but last night that I was thinking how fow persons last, if one lives to be old, to whom one can talk without reserve. It is impossible to be intimate with the young, because they and the old cannot converse on the same common topics; and of the old that survive, there are few one can commence a friendship with, because one has probably all one's life despised their heart or their understandings, These are the steps through which one passes to the unonviable less of lite!

I am very sorry for the state of poor Lady Beauchamp!. It presages ill. She had a prospect of long happiness. Opium is a very false friend.

I will get you Bougainville's book. I think it is on the Falkland Isles, for it cannot be on those just discovered; but as I set out to morrow se'nnight, and probably may have no opportunity sooner of sending it, I will bring it myself. Adien!

> Yours ever, Hos. Warrens.

Lurann 1964 the water of his count hearthani, altest was of Horner Walteds a first countries. Lett Horlford the sinet is February

¹⁷⁷²

Jean Partal Managarile 1 1783;

1865. To the Rev. William Corn

DEAR SIR,

Paris, Aug

I am excessively shocked at reading in the pa Mr. Gray is dead! I wish to God you may be al. me it is not true! Yet in this painful uncertaint rest some days! None of my acquaintance are in 1 I do not know to whom to apply but to you also ! vain! too many circumstances speak it true! the exact: a second paper arrived by the name point not contradict it and, what is worse, I saw him or five days before I came hither; he had been to he for the air, complained of the gout flying about sensations of it in his stomach, and indeed, then changed, and that he looked ill still I had not idea of his being in danger I started up from when I read the paragraph a cannon-fall would surprised me more! The shock but ceased, to go my concern, and my hopes are two ill fessibled to ans If nobody has the charity to write to me, my and continue till the end of the month, for I shall not return on the 26th, and unless you receive this tain for your answer to leave London on the 20th, in the I cannot meet it till I find it in Arlangton Street I beg you to direct it.

If the event is but too true, pray add to this me service that of telling me any circumstance you his death. Our long, very long friendship, and his must endear to me everything that relates to him writings has he left? Who are his executors carnestly wish, if he has destined anything to the

LINTER 1865, at Oray's executions fits James Brown Moses were William Muson the post, and broke College Camebal Age

print it at my press. It would do me honour, and would give me an opportunity of expressing what I feel for him. Methinks, as we grow old, our only business here is to adorn the graves of our friends, or to dig our own! Adieu, dear Sir!

Yours over, Hon, Walrolf,

P.S. I heard this unhappy nows but last night, and have just been told that Lord Edward Bentinck' goes in haste to morrow to England: so that you will receive this much sooner than I expected. Still I must desire you to direct to Arlington Street, as by far the surest conveyance to me.

1366. To LADY MARY CORE.

I seven trouble your Ladyship with common news. The little events of the world are below the regard of one who steps from throne to throne, and converses only with demigods and demigoddesses. Parliaments are broken here every day about our ears, but their splinters are not of consequence enough to send you. I waited for something worthy of being entered in your imperial archives little thinking that I should be happy enough to be the first to inform you, at least to ascertain you, of the most extraordinary discovery that ever was made, and far more important than the forty dozen of islands, which Dr. Solander has picked up the Lord knows where, as he went to catch new serts of flear and crickets; and which said islands, if well husbanded, may produce forty more wars. The discovery I mean

From the terms of many set from a first of

Limitema 1999 had not required of findy. Many thinks, and his graden as I hady.

² Passel (Barles & Carles 1798) 1772, who as a passel (Code and Statute in More a yage in the Station datases.

will occasion great desolation too: if will president a change in the empire of Parnasaus, it will be sa judicial to the eyes, and considerably reduce the what Cibber called the puraphenaisa of a security of It is difficult not to moralize on as tract an Can we wonder at that fleeting condition of he are when the brightest and most durable of commercia on to be but a vapour! No, Madam, I devet here They have indeed been in some danger , but have I con at least for some time, by Madame du Barre, and t edicts that wink at the return of the Josusta. The ra in question have undergone a tuese tiery trial, an nothingness is condemned without my riore. Yes ! diamonds are a bubble, and adamant steelf has ! obduracy! I am merry to say that it would be a compliment now to tell a leasty that else had a !! than to compare them to a diamond, and if a cor I will heart were no harder than adamant. I el, all the finding it no longer irronatible. As the seven extra took its rise at Vienna, Viner Lands alorge mean quest, ages de a . something of it ! I'mblic expersences have now twee here; and the day letter yesterday the erical to executed. A diamend was put into a converte once a sefire, and in an hour was absolutely assemblated he were left, not enough to enclose in a fance in emerald mounted the scaffold next six verdure as but not its essence. The third was a risky minution over the flames, and came forth from the farmage as as Shadrac, Meahac, and Abedrages to the spice or to all of the diamond: a crystal bolished with as spined, i. as the ruby, and not a hair of its head was singed can tell how far this revolution will go For the I foresee that no woman of quality will deager to me

[?] These attestments are described in deep fact, 1771 y 741

more diamonds, and that next to rubies, crystal will be the principal ornament in a lady's dress, I am buying up all the old lustres I can meet with. I have already got a piece of two thousand weight, and that I hope to sell for fifty thousand pounds to the first nabob's daughter that is married, for a pair of earrings; and I have another still larger, that I am taking to pieces and intend to have set in a stomacher large enough for the most prominent slope of the present age. Madame du Barry they say has already given Pitt's diamond to her chambermaid; and if Lord Pigott³ is wise, he will change his at Betts's glass shop for a dozen strong beer glasses. As to Lord Clive and the Lady of Loretto, I do not feel much pity for them; they are rich enough to stand this loss. The reflections one might make on this disaster are infinite, but I will take up no more of your Ladyship's time-nor do I condole with you, Madam; your philosophy is incapable of being shaken by so sublunary a consideration, as a decrease in the value of your large ring. It has a secret and inestimable merit, which is out of the power of a crucible to assail; and you and it will remain or become stars, when the fashion of this world passeth away.

I am, Madam,
Your Ladyship's
Most faithful
Humble servant,

Paris, Aug. 22, 1771.

Hor. WALPOLE.

1367. To the Earl of Strafford.

Paris, Aug. 25, 1771.

I HAVE passed my biennial six weeks here, my dear Lord, and am preparing to return as soon as the weather will

³ George Pigot (1719-1777), first Baron Pigot, Governor of Madras, 1755-63, 1775-76. He bequeathed

his diamond to his brothers and sister, who sold it for more than twenty-three thousand pounds. allow me. It is some comfort to the patrict to find this climate werse than our own. The very hot days at the end of last month, which with us northern people compans a summer half this, and for these three days there has 1: a storm, and extreme cold. Yet these folks of and sit with their windows open full support in firing is very dear, and naluda very water 1 retronchment are the words in fashion and as a little more than caprice. I have heard to luxury but in Madomoiselle timmari, a faxwho is building a palace : round the rail a more windows that open upon het houses, that are flowers all winter. That is worthy of finer dancer, whom Mr. Hebart is to transplant a Mademoiselle Heinel or Ingle, a Heming. perfectly made, very handsome, and has a set

perfectly made, very handsome, and has a set copied from the classics. She mesons as graved Pygmalion's statue when it was coming to hele her log round as imperceptibly as if she mas da Zodiac. But she is not Virgo.

They make no more of breaking Parliament an English mob does of breaking windows. It is are so ill-sorted. If this King and ours shoul and figure in, Lenis XV would describe our I Polly Jones did but say a word to him. They I such a habit of it here, that you would think a was a polypus: they cut it in two, and by make a polypus: they cut it in two, and by make the fit becomes a whole assembly. There I been the case at Beamigers. Level and Lady who are in the highest favour at Companying, we carry over the receipt.

Everybody feels in their own way. My grief ruinous condition of the palacon and pretures. 1 m

at the Louvre. Le Brun's noble gallery, where the battles of Alexander are, and of which he designed the ceiling, and even the chatters, bults, and looks, is in a worse condition than the old gallery at Somerset House. It rains in upon the pictures, though there are stores of much more valuable pieces than these of La Brun. Heaps of glorious works by liaphael and all the great masters are piled up and equally neglected at Versailles. Their care is not less destructive in private houses. The Duke of Orleans' pictures and the Prince of Menaco's have been cleaned, and varnished so thick that you may noo your face in them; and some of them have been transported from board to rioth, bit by bit, and the scama filled up with colour; so that in ten years they will not be worth sixpence. It makes me as provish as if I was posterity! I hope your Lardship's works will last longer than these of Louis XIV. The glories of his mode hasten fast to their end, and little will remain but these of has authors

I am, my dear lord,
Your most faithful humlde servant,

Hon. WALFOLD

1368. To Man. Animorow?

Parsa, Sopt. 1, 1771.

It I had known, Madam, of your being at Paris, before I heard it from Colonel Blaquiero?, I should certainly have presented your flattering invitation, and have offered you any services that could expend on my acquaintance here. It is plain I am old, and live with very old folks, when

Only think of the poor dear souls having a comic opera made upon their loves? Rosette is so shocked that she insists upon Raton's posting to Paris and breaking the poet's bones, sauf à les ronger après. If he is a preux chevalier, he will vindicate her character d'une manière éclatante. Do not tell me that you are lying-in and cannot spare him; I am sure you are so fond of your little girl³, that you will not miss him.

Have you heard the last adventure of the fiancée du Roi de Garbe'? She was seven years and a half at sea; the captain of the packet-boat is tall, comely enough, and a very shark on such an occasion. He snapped her up at once as voraciously as she did John Harding. They passed a week together at Calais, and he then consigned her over to a marching regiment at Ardres. Alfieri told this story himself to Monsieur Francès, from whom I had it fresh. Alfieri's sentiments, that had resisted so many trials, could not digest this last chapter; he has given her up. I wish, when she has run the gauntlet through all the troops on the road to Paris, she may replace Madame du Barry, and prove la fiancée du Roi de France.

Yours ever, H. Walpole.

² Jesse states (see George Selwyn and his Contemporaries, vol. iii. p. 18) that Horace Walpole enclosed in this letter a copy of the Journal des Spectacles for August 28, 1771, which contained the following announcement under the heading of La Comédie Italienne:

RATON ET ROBETTE,

Parodie remise au Théâtre,
Avec ses Agrémens;
Précédée du Marschar.
On prendra 6 liv. et . . .

Demain la troisième Représentation
des Deux Millorens
Comédie Nouvelle en un Acte,
Suivie d'un Divertissement.

Précédée
Des Intrigues d'Arlequin
Pièce Italienne.

On commencera à cinq heures et un quart.

³ Maria Fagniani (afterwards Marchioness of Hertford), born in August 1771. Selwyn adopted her, and left her a large sum of money at his death.

⁴ A tale by La Fontaine. Horace Walpole probably alludes to Penelope Pitt, daughter of George Pitt (afterwards Baron Rivers) and wife of Viscount Ligonier. She was divorced by her husband in Nov. 1771, for misconduct with Alfleri the poet.

1871. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 9, 1771.

I could not have laid out my holidays more conveniently (if I may be wicked enough to call a suspension of our correspondence so) than by fixing on the time I did for going to France. Nothing has happened here that would have furnished a letter, and there I heard and saw enough for a volume: I must try to abridge my materials.

For the misery of his people, and for the danger of his successors (if he escapes himself), the King, I think, will triumph over his country: a victory most kings prefer, not only to peace, but to foreign laurels. The Princes of the blood are firm, without spirit or sense: the nobility have as little of either; the vigour of Parliamentary remonstrances are hushed by the English remedy bribery; and the people curse the King, the Chancellor, the mistress; and starve. Hesançon, Douay, Toulouse, Grenoble, and by this time Bordeaux, have lost their Parliaments, or accepted new ones. In some are erected superior councils—this variety proves how wrong the system is, or how incomplete. The only good attained is the diminution of law-auits; many preferring to compound their quarrels, rather than apply to the new judicature.

In the meantime the Chanceller does as much hurt against all law, as any of his profession ever did by law. He is very able, very enterprising, and after being the most sarvile flatterer, proves the most inhuman tyrant. Everybody is pillaged, and numbers ruined. The army is much reduced, and if corruption does not prevent it, their finances will seen be in good order. The besetted old Ben-gime's neither desires this increase of power, nor feels for the

sufferings it occasions; but shudders for his ow yet lets Abigail, who has still less some than plunge him into all these difficulties and shau street-walker has just received the homage of Eur. holy Nuncio, and every Ambassador but he of My waited on her, and brought gold, frankincense, as Fuentes alone would neither bend the know to the Chancellor. The Dauphiness, who is governe husband's aunts, paid no regard to her good : instructions, and would not speak to the mistre presentation. The Due d'Aiguillon is not see re he not only visits her publicly, but very prevately gains little ground with the King. The Chancel to think devotion a bawd better suited to the a age, and meets him often at Secur Legisles's 'ver Denia. This Princess is undoubtedly a Papal cuidi. reform of convents does not proceed; and Name supposed to have effected a considerable diagra Bishop of Orleans, a bon vicant and bon conchant, as of Choiseul, had the feuille de benefices. Madasse drew him into some conversation on the times. cautious; yet, as she is a Frondense, he equation ! a little to her. She betrayed the conversation to be and the prelate is banished to an abboy, and met a to go to his mother, who is past fourmours. Victoire's treachery and folly, both to her party as bishop, is laid to the saint her sister.

The Duc de Choiseul acts juy, spirits, happiness all the world, treats all the world, and thinks him only the greatest minister, but the most believed twas; not reflecting how foolishly he throw away ha

The Spanish Ambassador. Walpole.

The Empress-Queen. Waleste.

sensible to the ruin he is drawing on his friends and uself too. It has been the fashion to ask leave to him. Very few have been refused, but the answer is, le défends, ni le permets. This has passed for sion; but the King has said he would remember who should go,—and he will not want remembrancers. Fort, the proscription has already commenced. The of Beauvau is removed from the government of edoc, worth 103,000 livres a year, under pretence having opposed the fate of the Parliament of Paris, ald not be proper to dissolve that of Toulouse. The le Duras is to lose the government of Bretagne, and we from very good authority that not one person placed oiseul but will be removed within a year. His own Guards are to be taken away, bon gré, mal gré.

s prospect is by no means unfavourable to us. France pain on cool terms; the army no longer the favourite,—perhaps disgusted—certainly dispirited, and liable soured by the crowds of discontented,—the Vive le Roinly extinguished for the present; a Dauphin more unsing; anold King, like Hercules betwixt virtue and vice, lifferent ways by a bigot-daughter and an idiot bunter; ternment dissolved and not resettled; and, to crown divided and rival ministry. I do not think the Ducuillon of abilities to reconcile this chaos. He is very out, but very dark, and by some circumstances, I believe that a politician, that he is a very little one; that is, he pring a mine to blow up an ant-hill.

is is a slight sketch of my observations. Paris suffers busly; the ruin of so many fortunes has introduced everest economy. The retirement of the Parliament, he numbers that depended on them, has carried away, say, forty thousand persons. Even fashion and whim

⁵ He was commander of the Swiss Guards.

are out of fashion. I heard of but one instance of luxury: Mademoiselle Guimare, a favourite in belonging to the Prince de Souleire, and lately to of Orléans, who kept her in ledgings within the of a convent, is building a magnificent beaute à manger is to have des serres chandes round it, will opening into the room, that she may have era and odours all the winter.

As your own country is never behind the world in extravagance and folly. I must tell a of young men of fashion, who, during lately. Alban's Tavorn's, thought the noise of the coards some. They ordered the street to be littered as is done for women that he in. The ball Haymarket amounted to tifty shillings apose. I am glad the Carabiniers and the Grenadices are cashiered, the sight of them before a tax make our young men misearry.

I arrived but last Friday, and am delighted each that is going to be in my family. Lord Vallian of Lady Grandison, a very rich Irish peopers a marry hady Gertrude Cenway, Lord Heatford's married daughter. She is very protty, though beautiful as her two next sisters. The bridegreenough in his person, sensible enough, and natured. I know you interest yourself in schales me, and therefore I tell it you, though you know of the turtles.

Pray what is become of Constanting less Russians to be taking it and taking it as long as i Troy-town? This is the third summer that the have been sauntering towards the Turkish capital

I bog against the proper season you will send in

o In Pall Mail

1

oots of iris. They are for my dear old friend at Paris to into sweet bags. Adieu!

1372. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 9, 1771. r Sir, judge of your shock and concern at Mr. Gray's death by own. I saw him the day before I left England. He plained of the gout flying about him, and said he had a month at Kensington for the air. I saw him changed very low, yet I had not the least idea of any sudden ortune. Three weeks after I read in the Chronicle at s, that he was dead! I would not believe it—not alas! reason; but I could not bear to believe it. I wrote to Cole to inquire—he has confirmed it, and I find it at eturn but too true. I feel for you, Sir, and as I most tily regret him, I would do anything to show my regard is memory. If he has left anything for the press, tter myself mine will be allowed to contribute to that e. I shall be very happy to bear all the expense. You, a sure, Sir, will let his genius want no due honour; and not to interfere with anything that you design to say im, and which you will say better than anybody, that nd you the following lines. They are not worthy of nor do I repeat them to you but as a proof of my ow and a tribute to your friend, which is the only light rhich they can please you: you will see that the lines ose him buried among his real predecessors.

Freat shades of Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, hear, A genuine Bard from Genius claims a tear. He, who in numbers, worthy of the Lyre, Enshrin'd your names, now joins the mighty choir. Amidst your radiant Urns his Urn enclose, A spot more hallow'd than where Kings repose;

Aloft let Pomp her Edwards, Henrys, keep. Near Homer's dust should Pindar's asher bloom

If I could have greater contempt for the age that it would be on observing that one single paragrathat has been said on our friend; but when columns in every paper on Sir Francis Delayal, not to be glad? Who would be the here of these

Is there any chance, Sir, of your coming soil I long to pass a melanchely hour with y is possession of the plate from my picture of M I have many scraps and letters of his that show early his genius was ripe, and which will please ceedingly. To collect the reliques of our friends the sweetest employment of those moments who when we have lost them! It is a decent prapa for our own fate.

I atal.

1878. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLD

Mitraminore e ## 11. Tragit

11700 1700 Megi. .

Physic at Cambridge

However melanchely the occasion is, I can be a thousand thanks, dear Sir, for the kind trouble taken, and the information you have given me of Mr. Gray. I received your first letter at l'assa I found at my house in tewn, where I arrace Friday last. The circumstance of the Professor to rise in the night and visit him adds to the she is that true professor of physic? Jesus! is their murder as well as their presence?

I have not heard from Mr. Massen, but I have

LETTER 1872,—1 Sir Francis Haks Delaval died on Aug. 7, 1771. LETTER 1878,—1 Russell Plumptrs So so good as to tell the Master of Pembroke?, I have not the honour of knowing him, how I am of his proposed attention to me, and how feel for him in losing a friend of so excellent. Nothing will allay my own concern like seeing his compositions that I have not yet seen. It is even them too dear but when the author is irredost, the produce of his mind is the next best on. I have offered my press to Mr. Mason, and will be accepted.

thanks for the cross?, dear Sir; it is precisely what i. I hope you and Mr. Essex preserve your resolussing a few days here between this and Christmas, present, I am not my own master, having stepped middle of a sudden match in my own family. Lord is going to marry his third daughter to Lord son of Lady Grandmon, the present wife of Sir Montagu". We are all felicity, and in a round of I am this minute returned from Beaumont Lodge Vindsor, where Sir Charles Grandmon lives. I will mow, if the papers do not, when our festivities are

I receive with gratitude from Mr. Tyson either or etching of our departed friend, but wish not to useribed to me, as it is an honour more justly due touchower.

Master of Pombroke will accept a copy of a small have of Mr. Gray, painted soon after the publication de on Eton, it shall be at his service—and after his beg it may be bequeathed to his college. Adieu! Yours most sincerely.

Hon. WALPOLE,

1374. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MARIN

Strawlers Hill, Sept 2

I have received both your letters, Sir, by Mi. St. and by the post from York. I direct this to Assorthan to York, for fear of any miscarriage, and will not to insert near Sheffield.

I not only agree with your nontiments, but and that they countenance my own practice. In seen I have sold my works, and nometimes have me impressions at my own press pay themselves, as I rich enough to treat the public with all I point the do I know why I should. Some editions have been to charities, to the poor of Twickenham, Ac. Mr. Life of Magliaberchi was bestowed on the reading I am neither ashamed of being an author, nor a to-My mother's father was a timber merchant, I have reasons for thinking myself a werse man and a thinking myself better; consequently I shall next at doing anything he did. I print much better than and love my trade, and hope I am not one of the undescring of all objects, printers and tombrellers. I confess you lash with justice. In abort No. 1 h notion of poor Mr. Gray's delicacy. I weald not talents as orators and senators do, but I would keep and sell any of my own works that would gain mohood, whether books or shows, rather than to ton sell myself. Tis an honest vocation to be a measure, I would not be Solicitor tioneral! Whatever moli. fix upon for the publication of Mr. Gray's works, answer I shall approve, and will, therefore, say to the

LETTER 1874..... Alexander Welderburn, whom Hornes Walpule time. it till we meet. I will beg you, Sir, when you come to town to bring me what papers or letters he had preserved of mine: for the answer to Dr. Milles, it is not worth asking you to accept or to take the trouble of bringing me, and, therefore, you may fling it aside where you please.

The epitaph is very unworthy of the subject. I had rather anybody should correct my works than take the pains myself. I thank you very sincerely for criticizing it, but indeed I believe you would with much less trouble write a new one than mend that. I abandon it cheerfully to the fire, for surely bad verses on a great post are the worst of panegyrics. The sensation of the moment dietated the epitaph, but though I was concerned, I was not inspired. Your corrections of my play I remember with the greatest gratitude, locause I confess I liked it enough to wish it corrected, and for that friendly act, Sir, I am obliged to you. For waiting, I am quitting all thoughts of it; and for percent reasons the look is because it is time to remember that I must quit the world. Mr. Gray was but a year older, and he had much more the appearance of a man to whom noveral years were promised. A contemporary's death is the Ucalegon of all sermons. In the next place his death has taught me another truth. Authors are said to labour for postority, for my part I find I did not write even for the noing generation. Experience tells me it was all for there of my coan, or near my own, time. The friends I have lest were, I find, more than half the public to me. It is an difficult to write for young people, as to talk to thom, I mover, I perceive, meant anything about them in what I have written, and cannot reminister an acquaintaine with thous is treat

Mr thray was far from an agreeable confident to self-love, yet I had always more variated ton in communicating anything to him, though sum to be mortified, than in being de cachet, they acknowledge no such power. He to his seat at Fronsac's, and has dispatched a c Versailles for a squadron of powers. I suppose it in his plundering the city, and building a new I' his garden: do you know they call that which he with the spoils of the Electorate Le families I' I have seen it; there is a chamber surrounded with glasses, and hung with white lutestring painted with glasses, and hung with white lutestring painted with himself this remantic bower! Lessking glass is reflected so many wrinkles; you would think Rins lived till now.

I am very sorry to confirm poor Mr. Gray's deed died of the gout in his stomach. I fear, partly by a himself, and partly by the horrible neglect of the if of Physic at Cambridge, who would not rise out of to assist him. He has left nothing finished in t finished everything so highly, and laboured all him a long, that I am the loss surprised.

We have nothing in the chapse of nows, for I recken the factions in the City of Lember, which is and subdivided amongst a parcel of people, whose has almost all unknown but to themselves. The papers a with their squabbles, but I never read such asseals? would tire the voluminous patience of Helizabed and

We do not believe your Russian mayal arctery a tedious war, and dull enough to afford the ruof another game of chosa. Your brother the Russia still more unintelligible: what is he doing with his and marches and counter-marches without an enemy

You have received, I hope, the letter I write the mediately on my return from Paris. Members do financial in angular returned thither, being recalled in angular

^{*} His country seat on the lass dogs. a.

ng impertinently in some court squabbles at Parma:
d the detail, but have forgotten it—one cannot be
through a microscope at the politics of such a diminuvernment.—Our correspondence is revived, but I am
glad when it wants forage.

1376. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Sin, Strawberry Hill, Oct. 12, 1771. ur wedding will not be so soon as I expected, and ould be unwilling to have you take a journey in had r, I wish it may be convenient to you and Mr. Essex e hither on the 25th of this present month. If one send on any season, it is on the chill suns of October, like an elderly beauty, are less capricious than spring mer. Our old-fashioned October, you know, reached days into modern November, and I still depend that reckening, when I have a mind to protract ir.

Ossory is charmed with Mr. Essex's cross, and much to consult him on the proportions. Lord has taken a small house very near mine, is now, il be here again after Newmarket. He is determined it it at Ampthill, and I have written the following erocord the reason:

lays of old hors Ampthill's towers were seen, mourisful refuge of an injur'd queen, of flow'd her pure, but unavailing tears; o bluided seal sustain'd her ainking years. President hones her radiant hanners way'd, here aveng'd a realin by priests enslay'd in Catherine's wrongs a nation's blue was spread, I buther's light from Henry's lawless hed.

a 1939 - I The measurings of ... Local Villers .. It hold place in Fabrathoda Regiment Comman to ... some 1370

I hope the satire on Henry VIII will make you the compliment to Luther, which, like most postice ments, does not come from my heart 1 only like better than Henry, Calvin, and the Church of Rom were bloody persecutors. Calvin was an executable and the worst of all; for he copied those where pretended to correct. Luther was as jovial as a land served the cause of liberty without canting.

Yours most sincorely.

Hon. Wats

1877. To Sin Hohace Mann.

Strawberry Hill, that 22,

THE clouds that concealed the Pretender's election seem to disperse. It is affirmed that he is in the Hi of Poland, with the Catholics and Dissidents. I hea Paris that his cousin, the Marquis de Fitz-James, is to him with a commission from Louis the well ! When I was there, I know they were sending to I between twenty and thirty officers, headed by a Mo de Vieumenil 2, reckoned one of their last nultars I do not comprehend it, and pity the poor true blue S ists, who are to be betrayed and drawn into their d tion by this handful, like the Jacobites in Scotland wants, indeed, many other lights; if the Emper King of Prussia approve this plan, what can thirty 1 men add to it? If they do not, what can that dim troop effect in opposition? France is wefully falled: if, after arming the Ottoman Sultan against the the they are reduced to play off this puppet against her

LETTER 1877,—1 In support of the Confederacy of Barr, formed to prevent the Dissidents from obtaining political rights.

⁷ Autoine Charles in it is 1709 Haron de Vicenson

^{&#}x27;The Engineer of Box ported the Presidence

the landog that yelps when mastiffs are worrying one another. I am curious, however, to see farther into the scuffle. If what I have told you proves true, I shall no longer believe Spain concerned in the project. Fuentes and Caraccioli* persist in refusing their homage to Madame du Barri. The Due d'Aiguillon thinks he has made her amends by insisting on his mother visiting her. I pity the old Duchess, who had held out nobly. It is a worthy act of duty in a son! The Abbe Terray has recovered his ground, but at the expense of sacrificing his mistress, a Madame de la Garde, who scandalized a court where the Du Barri triumphs but it was by selling her favour, not her favours, . . . This creature, and a Madame Sabatin. mistress of the Duc de la Vrillière, kept open shops for the disposal of preferments. The three Sultanas were called Les Trois Dis-Grices.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton from Naples passed one day last week here, and I left them this morning at Park Place. She looks better, but the climate affects her strangely. Vesuvius has burnt him to a cinder.

I have no news to tell you. You know as much of Wilkes and Townshend as I do, from their memorials in the newspapers. The famous Junius seems at last to issue from the shop of the former, though the composition is certainly above Wilkes himself. The styles are often blended, and very distinguishable, but nobedy knows who it is that deigns to light in disquise under Wilkes's banner. So far this unknown knight will not resemble his producessors in remance, that he probably will not disclose himself and demand the Princess' in marriage.

This letter, short as it is, must depart : I have nothing

^{*} Mongolitan Minister at Paris

I hanner sentited

^{*} Allasmarda bis Williams Walpede

The Princement Wales was much about in the astricul writings of that the justicularly in Willes's Walgale

to add to it. I live chiefly here, and alone; and I can amuse myself, it is not so easy to amuse other the history of solitary hours. My house is comforts charming, and except the great bedchamber, on I am at work, quite finished. I go but little abreas I told Mrs. Hamilton, and she agreed to it, our is delightful when framed and glazed, that is, beautiful to a window. Thus my time steals away peaceal agreeably, but is not a theme for a letter; and the when I am reduced to talk of myself, and have not say of myself, it is time to bid you adien!

I was just going to send this letter to bondon for a to-morrow, when I received yours of the 24th of last with the enclosed deputation.

I will take care to execute your commission pour though a little difficult to me. Your nephew never to least notice of me, but that I can excuse; I am no age to be agreeable to so young a man. I am worky that his conversation on my father is not so decou ought to be. However, I can transact your 1through your brother. Indeed I am as ill encume with your brother, which I have not mentioned before, because I hate to give you a moment's uneas: but I remember he is your and that's brother, an as much as I can. He has not only treated me w usual peevishness, but with a good deal of involence not seen him since my return from Paris, and the is not proper for the post. I believe he is laid up w gout at Richmond, which has prevented my ananmost provoking letter that I received from him while in France. All this shall go for nothing, for I can be

B For the nephew to be his uncle's proxy at the installations of of the Bath, Walpole.

his ill-humour and wretched temper, when it is to serve you. I will write to him, and if your nephew does not accept the office, as probably he will not, I will transact the whole with Lord Rochford, and inform myself of all that is necessary. Take no notice to your brother of what I have said, and do not let him quarrel with you, for your own sake. I know how to deal with him, and do not mind his ill-I have kept my temper, and shall not lose it: it is too late in my life to suffer the follies of others to disturb my tranquillity-and with two such considerations as you and Gal's memory, I am not likely to come to any open rupture with your family. As to an installation, I have no notion that there will be one before the spring -I never heard of one in winter and during short days especially as I suppose there will be a banquet, one of the King's sons being to be installed, and consequently the length of the ceremony would make it necessary to illuminate the Hall; not to mention the cold and damp of such a spot but you shall hear more soon. I am glad the fans are arrived at last, though so late. It was no fault of mine.

1378. TO THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Strawberry Hill, Oct. 23, 1771.

I am sorry, dear Sir, that I cannot say your answer is an agreeable and entertaining as you flatter me my letter was; but consider, you are prevented coming to me, and have flying pains of rheumatism—either were sufficient to speil your letter.

I am sure of being here till to morrow se'nnight, the last of this month: consequently I may hope to see Mr. Essex here on Monday, Tuesday, or Wednesday next. After that, I cannot answer for myself, on account of our wedding, which depends on the return of a courier from Ireland. If

11

I can command any days certain in November, I will you notice; and yet I shall have a scruple of draggin, so far from home at such a season. I will leave your option; only begging you to be assured that I always be most happy to see you.

I am making a very curious purchase at l'arm, the conarmour of Francis the First. It is gilt in relief, a very rich and beautiful. It comes out of the Unita lection. I am building a small chapel, too, in my ga to receive two valuable pieces of antiquity, and which been presents singularly lucky for me. They are the wa from Bexhill with the portraits of Henry III and Queen, procured for me by Lord Ashburnham. The x great part of the tomb of Capaccio', mentioned in Anecdotes of Painting on the subject of the Confes shrine, and sent to me from Rome by Mr Hamilton, minister at Naples. It is very extraordinary that I of happen to be master of those curiosition. After summer, by which time my castle and collection we complete (for if I buy more I must build another east) another collection), I propose to form the catalogue description, and shall take the liberty to rall on you your assistance. In the meantime there is one ugh uc divert you at present.

Lam, dear Sur,

Yours most smearly,

Hon Water

LEBYER 1878,—1 Formerly in the church of Santa Maria Maggings at Rome. According to the Enewaysten of Strussberry Hill it was 'a magnificant shrine of messio, throu stories high . . erected in the year 156s over the bedies of the hely markers

Hitaglicius Panetina, art poty John James Capened art his mife, and was the school Caralini, who result the ter Edward the tresfessor in missier Alley

1379. To LADY MARY COKE.

R Ladyship's illustrious exploits are the constant of my meditations. Your expeditions are so rapid. such distant regions, that I cannot help thinking re possessed of the giant's boots that stepped seven s at a stride, as we are assured by that accurate an Mother Goose. You are, I know, Madam, an nt walker, yet methinks seven leagues at once are igious straddle for a fair lady. But whatever is your or of travelling, few heroines ancient or modern can npared to you for length of journeys. Thalestris. of the Amazona, and M. M. or N. N. Queen of Sheba, each of them the Lord knows how far to meet nder the Great and Solomon the Wise; the one the favour of having a daughter (I suppose) and a by him; and the other, says scandal, to grant favour to the Hebrew monarch. Your Ladyship, as more real Amazonian principles, never makes but to empresses, queens, and princesses; and your y is enriched with the maxims of wisdom and virtue you collect in your travels. For such great ends did otus, Pythagoras, and other sages, make voyages to , and every distant kingdom; and it is amazing how their own countries were benefited by what those ophers learned in their peregrinations. Were it not your Ladyship is actuated by such public spirit, ld put you in mind, Madam, of an old story that have you a great deal of fatigue and danger and think of it, as I have nothing better to fill my letter I will relate it to you.

un 1979 Misplaced by C amoignt letters of 1776, (See Notes and June 9, 1988)

Pyrrhus, the martial and magnanimous King of (as my Lord Lyttelton would call him), being, as heard or seen Goodman Plutarch say, intent on his p tions for invading Italy, Cineas, one of the grooms bedchamber, took the liberty of asking his Majost; benefit he expected to reap if he should be successful quering the Romans?- 'Jesus!' said the King, poor 'why the question answers itself. When we have come the Romans, no province, no town, whether the barbarian, will be able to resist us: we shall at o masters of all Italy.' Cineas after a short pause s 'And having subdued Italy, what shall we do nowt?' next?' answered Pyrrhus; 'why, soize Sicily.' 'Very 1 quoth Cineas; 'but will that put an end to the war ?' gods forbid!' cried his Majosty: 'when Sicily is re-Libya and Carthage will be within our reach.' And without giving Cineas time to put in a word, the Prince ran over Africa, Greece, Asia, Persia, and other country he had ever heard of upon the face of earth; not one of which he intended should omcay victorious sword. At last, when he was at the e his geography, and a little out of breath, Cincas we his opportunity, and said quietly, 'Well, Sire, and wh have conquered all the world, what are we to do that 'Why, then,' said his Majesty, extremely satisfied wil own prowess, 'we will live at our same; we will spend days in banqueting and caronaing, and will think of no but our pleasures.'

Now, Madam, for the application. Had I had the had few years ago of being your confidential abiguit, you meditated a visit to Princess Esterhasy, I would ventured to ask your Ladyship of what advantage acquaintance would be to you? Probably you would told me, that she would introduce you to several filectic

Margravines, whose courts you would visit. That ag conquered all their hearts, as I am persuaded you d, your next jaunt should be to Hesse; from whence uld be but a trip to Aix, where Madame de Rochouart

Soaring from thence you would repair to the rial court at Vienna, where resides the most august, virtuous, and most plump of empresses and queensmistake-I should only have said of empresses; for Tajesty of Denmark, God bless her! is reported to be s virtuous, and three stone heavier. Shall not you at Copenhagen, Madam? If you do, you are next to the Czarina, who is the quintessence of friendship, Princess Daskioff says, whom, next to the late Czar, fuscovite Majesty loves above all the world. Asia, pose, would not enter into your Ladyship's system of est; for, though it contains a sight of queens and as, the poor ladies are locked up in abominable places, vhich I am sure your Ladyship's amity would never you-I think they call them seraglios. Africa has ng but empresses stark-naked; and of complexions ly the reverse of your alabaster. They do not reign eir own right; and what is worse, the emperors of barbarous regions wear no more robes than the pigns of their hearts.—And what are princes and sses without velvet and ermine? As I am not a jot er geographer than King Pyrrhus, I can at present ect but one lady more who reigns alone, and that Majesty of Otaheite, lately discovered by Mr. Banks 1 or. Solander; and for whom your Ladyship's comnate breast must feel the tenderest emotions, she g been cruelly deprived of her faithful minister and Tobiu, since dead at Batavia.

ph Banks (1748–1820), created et in 1781; K.B., 1795. He n England on June 10, 1771,

on his return from his voyage to the South Seas in company with Cook.

Well, Madam, after you should have given me to of your intended expeditions, and not left a queen on the face of the globe unvisited, I would ask were to do next?—'Why then, dear Abigail,' you have said, 'we will retire to Notting Hill', we wishrubs all the morning, read Anderson's 'Regul ties all the ovening; and once or twice a week I will Gunnersbury and drink a bottle with Princess An Alas, dear lady! and cannot you do all that scuttling from one end of the world to the other was the upshot of all Cincas's inquisitiveness; and the pith of this tedious letter from, Madam,

Your Ladyship's most faithful Aulic Counseller And humble admirer,

Hop. WAL

1880. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Nov ?

I SCARCE know where to begin, and I know not say on all the melanchely and strange events that i yesterday. My Deputy i died suddenly on Monday, brought me to town. On my way I called at I House; Lord Holland's servant came in and said the of Gloucester was dead? When I arrived here, i your two letters, in which you give me so particu sensible an account of his illness, and of the very all and proper part you have acted. The instant I had I went to Lord Hertford, who teld me no confirmation.

² Lady Mary Coke's wills mear Kensington.

James Anderson, D.D. (d. 1780). His Royal Genealogies was published in 1782.

Larry 1800 1200 strawe

The links of thouses

of the Duke's death; but he, as well as I, from your conclude it over!—But, unfortunate as this event at will be your astonishment, when at the same time you that the very same moment brought to light, at to the public, an event that made that loss almost oked? In short, the Duke of Cumberland, as rash surd as the Duke of Gloucester was decent, prudent, niable, went off, last Friday the first, to Calais, and to the King, that he was married to Mrs. Horton 3, at she was enceinte, and gone with him. You know Mrs. Horton but the Duke of Grafton's Mrs. Horton 4, uke of Dorset's Mrs. Horton, everybody's Mrs. -faith, I do not know whether it would have been roper a Mrs. Horton as her he has married—and yet a woman of virtue! But think what a bitter pill royal family, when you hear it is the sister of the clonel Luttrel whom the court crammed into the of Commons in the room of Wilkes-so fatal is that the crown, and such triumphs start up for him, henever he is at the lowest ebb. Think how he will t the court's being lashed with the instrument they ed for him!—no mortification can equal it! vill you say to this mad boy, when you know that, vorld says true, his mother 5 was thought at the point th at the very instant he chose to make his declara-All last week it was affirmed that she has a cancer mouth, and that it was got into her throat. She, or, went to the King at Richmond on Sunday. What ful catastrophe; if she is dying, to learn the death espectable a son, and such a completion of folly in

Anne Luttrell (d. 1809), of first Baron Irnham ds Earl of Carhampton) ow of Christopher Horton, Hall, Derbyshire. She had no children.

⁴ Nancy Parsons, who was sometimes known by that name.

⁵ The Princess of Wales. She died in February 1772.

another son, who had already furnished such mattabuse 1 as Shakespeare says,

The funeral baked meats

Will coldly furnish forth the marriage support The new Princess of the blood is a young widow of t four, extremely pretty, not handsome, very well made the most amorous eyes in the world, and eyelashes long. Coquette beyond measure, artful as Cloopats completely mistress of all her passions and projects. I eyelashes three quarters of a yard shorter would have to conquer such a head as she has turned. I need no to you how unfortunate an event this is at the ; moment, and how terribly it clashes with the situat another person '! a person whom I most heartily put whom I did all I could to prevent from falling into a a position. I know not what she will, or is to do! is possible, by this time may know more than I do a I surmise so by the command laid on the physicians to the worst.

Well! altogether here is a strange scene opened circumstances make it different from anything historiumsh; and I wish history may not have more to dithe consequences! Had the Pretender met the yellowher at Genea the other day, instead of the older laughed, I should not have wondered. How singulated the Duke of York should land and die at Mohae the Duke of Gloucester at Leghorn! But reflections, reflections, and what has happened almost makes one stitious, and what may happen makes one almost pred we expect the fatal courier every hour, and as this cannot depart until to-morrow, I will say no more test this extraordinary crisis.

grave, the strucks outsigned the Duke of Olive-contes

⁶ By his intrigue with, and letters to Lady Grosvenor. Walpole.
⁷ The Dowager Countess Walds-

You will certainly have no occasion to think of your installation now for some time. Your brother sent me a mighty sugared answer to my letter, and has written to your nephew to be your proxy. I hope heartily that he will accept it. The person recommended to you is by no means a proper representative for you; he is an apothecary's son, and was forced into the place he enjoys by the late Duke of York, whose intimacies were the prototype of Mrs. Horton's consort. I doubt your nephew must be knighted, which I imagine was a great object with your candidate; but as your nephew must have your title, he can surely not hesitate to make a step towards it. We shall have full time to discuss all these matters. Thank you for the roots of iris.

Alderman Townshend has refused to pay the land-tax, on pretence that Luttrel's election deprives the county of Middlesex of being represented. His goods are seized, and the cause would have always made noise enough—what will it not make now, when the royal wedding is coupled with it? I begin to question whether this will be the age of abortions, as I have always called it, and hitherto always found it. Methinks it will rather be the age of seeds that are to produce strange crops hereafter.

Friday, Ath.

The courier that arrived yesterday has made everybody happy with the fortunate news that the Duke of Gloucester was out of danger on the 25th. The King is so overjoyed, that he seems to forget the other misfortune, and all the world does justice to the merit of the recovering Prince. I would fain flatter myself it will last. . . . I am impatient for another letter from you to confirm the good news. Adieu!

Passago oblitarated in Ma

1381. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Nov. 18

It is but just to acknowledge the good news your a I rejoice very disinterestedly at the Duke of Glourecovery. I put no trust in princes: I doubt, I m for there is no health in them. Nor shall I be surpall the flattering symptoms vanish, and, in a few contradict the prognostics of the surgeons. The I is said to be much relieved by taking hemlock. It third object of the present curiosity, deep silence is of at court on that point. The public is not so resent thousand tales are coined, which I spare you, for neither seen nor heard anything that had wit one deserve being sent so far. Indeed, as I pass my time chiefly and alone, you will not wonder that I do no know where the new court' resides; the last place was Arras.

You please me with the kind things you say nephew, Lord Chelmondeley. He is amiable and good. I do not pretend to judge of such young me do not easily take to us ancesters; but it would be faction to me not to have all my nepetiam as weath if I were a Pope. If Lord Chelmondeley goes to hom tell him I wish he would bring me a head of hims Pompeio Battoni.

We are again bickering, I think, with Spain; but a here, and a cinder there, do not make a boulire. King hates us ever since Naples; but we have a many that it adds to the provocation, does not tempt him to a his anger too openly. Your old friend, Lead Sand watchity, industry, and knowledge, in person; and the proper man in the world to be at the head of the man

LETTER 1981. 1 Of the Duke and Duchess of Camberland Wa

ave heard nothing from your brother, or of your w. I fear the latter is negligent; for I cannot conhis having any aversion to the commission. It is, to, of no consequence, but in preventing me from y an answer to Lord Rechford.

Hamilton's Correggio in arrived. I have seen it; it ine and so is the price; for nothing but a demi-god, omislovil, that is, a nalsob, can purchase it. What do hink of three thousand pounds? It has all Correggio's and none of his grimace, which, like Shakespeare, he apt to blend and confound. I myself expect a treasure rrow, a complete suit of armour of Francia the First, I have bought out of the Crozat collection. It will a great figure here at Otrante. Mr. Clinto is come to me the monarch at his landing. It is cruel to me to see you here: what an addition would it be to the uillity I have had the seems to give myself! It would licione, if Time did not disperse or carry off one friends ofemporaries. As to young acquaintance, there is no ig the conversation of different ages. One is checked moment; one cannot make an allusion to what one on, without being reduced to explanations that become, on to them, old stories. The times immediately pretheir own are what all men are least acquainted with. ing man known Romulus better than George the Second. e other hand, the young have new words, new language, unnotionts, and one can no more talk their talk, than their dances. You and I could at least talk of a con, or of Booth and Mrs. Oldfield; and, were you own master, methinks you would prefer it to nameand christonings of baby future severeigns. It amazes hen I see men, by choice, push on towards a succession irta. Ambition should be a passion of youth; not, as nerally is, of the end of life. What joy can it be to

govern the grandchildren of our cotemporaries? It being a more magnificent kind of schoolmaster. It was that I should regret quitting my seat in Parliament I knew myself better than those prophets did. For are past; and I have done nothing but appland my tion. When I compare my situation with my former a and turbulent life, I wonder how I had spirits to go to the former, or how I can be charmed with the latter that having lost those spirits.

Arlington Street

The town furnishes no more than the country, almost as empty. The wandering court is again at where the Prince has given a ball to the garrison piteous—ay, and too silly to talk of. Adicu!

1882. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER Chisches

Arlington Street, Nov 30,

The Duchess of Bedford alarmed me extremely, is the night before last, by telling me both your Ladysh Lord Ossery have been very ill. Happily, she added the worst was over with both. I am, however, very a to hear more, especially as last night she knew to further. She said you had caught colds by going int house before it was thoroughly aired; but at least Madam, you carried yours from Twickenham. I we trouble your Ladyship with more at present; but must that at least you would be so good as to order some your servants to send me a line with an exact account of yourself and Lord Ossery.

1888. TO THE EARL OF UPPER CHROCKY.

MY DEAR LORD, Arlington Street, Inc. 4.

As it is not agreeable to the principles of distrijustice (which ought to be a rule to great authors as w istrates) that Lady Ossory should monopolize all my se, I take the liberty of addressing the following cript to your Lordship, drawn up for the use of your or1; and though I must confess a faint imitation. ted, like Fénelon's Telemachus, to assist in the plan of acation, I had, indeed, another view in sending it to ordship: There is rather more abstruse learning in might be agreeable to a lady's taste, especially in the as to the ancient wisdom of the Egyptians and the doctrines of Zorosster, without a little taste of which ern young lady cannot be thoroughly accomplished. Anno should draw the least benefit from my instrucinder your Lordship's inspection, I should not despair being one day or other thought a proper bride for the Duke of Russia, whose education under so wise a as the Czarina, assisted by all the philosophers of , is reckoned the most complete that ever was bestowed heir of a crown. I am, your Lordship's most faithful o servant,

HORACE TRIBMEGISTUS.

I need not say that I think - that I trust, my dear ou will not let this foolery go out of your own hands.

THE PEACH IN BRANDY,

A MILESIAN TALE,

THE USE OF THE BIGHT HON. THE LADY ASSE PETERATRICS.

Scanlan Mac Giollal'hadnug, King of Kilkenny, the and fifty seventh descendant in a right line from a, King of Spain, had an only daughter, called Great A, y corruption, Grata, who being arrived at years of ion, and perfectly initiated by her royal parents in the of government, the fond menarch determined to seven 1882. I hady Anne Pitspatrick, d unmarried, 1841.

resign his crown to her. Having accordingly asset the senate, he declared his resolution to them; and I delivered his sceptre into the Princess's hands, he can her to ascend the throne; and, to set the example, we first to kiss her hand and yow eternal obsdience to her senators were ready to stifle the new Queen with pane and addresses; the people, though they addred the old were transported with having a new sovereign; an University, according to custom immerical, present Majesty, three months after everybody had forgotte event, with testimonials of the excessive serrow and except the Majesty felt in losing one monarch and getting another than the fifth reserved hard served by

Her Majesty was now in the fifth year of her age a prodigy of sense and goodness. In her first speech senate, which she listed with inimitable grace, also as them that her heart was entirely Irish, and that she di intend any longer to go in leading strings; as a prewhich she immediately declared her murse Prime Mit The senate applauded this sage choice with even g encomiums than the last, and voted a free gift to the t of a million of sugar-plums, and to the favourite of the thousand bottles of usquebaugh. Her Majorty then just from her throne, declared it was her reval pleasure to at blindman's buff but such a hubbuh areas from senators pushing and squeezing and punching one anto endeavour to be the first blinded, that in the souff! Majesty was thrown down, and got a bump upon her head as big as a pigeon's egg, which set her a equalling you might have heard her to Tipperary. The old Kins into a rage, and anatching up the mace, knocked on Chancellor's brains, who at that time happened not to any vide the Minutes), and the Queen mother, who a a tribune above to see the ceremony, fell into a fit and carried of twins, who were killed by her Majesty's fr but the Earl of Bullachoo, great butler of the en happening to stand next to the Queen, anatched up ... the dead children, and perceiving it was a male, ran to the King and wished him joy of the birth of a mor The King, who had now recovered his sweet ter called him fool and blunderer: upon which Mr. 1'1 O'Torture, a zealous courtier, started up with great proind and accused the Earl of Bull-a-boo of high treason, aving asserted that his late Majesty had had any other than their present most lawful and most religious eign Queen Grata. An impeachment was voted by a majority, though not without warm opposition, parrly from a celebrated Kilkennian orator, whose name fortunately not come down to us, it being erased out of ournals afterwards, as the Irish author whom I copy when he became First Lord of the Treasury, as he was g the whole reign of Queen Grata's succession. nent of this Mr. Killmorachill, says my author, whose is lost, was, that her Majesty, the Queen-mother, ig conceived a son before the King's resignation, that was indubitably heir to the crown, and consequently esignation void, it not signifying an iota whether the was born dead or alive. It was alive, said he, it was conceived—here he was called to order by O'Flaharty, the Queen-mother's man-midwife, ber for the borough of Corbelly, who entered into a ed dissertation on embryos; but he was interrupted e young Queen's crying for her supper, the previous ion for which was carried without a negative—and the House being resumed, the debate was cut short by npatience of the majority to go and drink her Majesty's h. This seeming violence gave occasion to a long protest, n up by Sir Archee Mac Sarcasm, in which he contrived ate the claim of the departed fætus so artfully, that it iced a civil war, and gave rise to those bloody ravages nassacres which so long laid waste the ancient kingdom lkenny; and which were at last terminated by a lucky ent, well known, says my author, to everybody, but h he thinks it his duty to relate for the sake of those never may have heard of it. These are his words:--happened that the Archbishop of Tuum (anciently I Meum by the Catholic clergy), the great wit of those was in the Queen-mother's closet, who had the young n in her lap. His Grace was suddenly seized with lent fit of the colic, which made him make such wry that the Queen-mother thought he was going to die, an out of the room to send for a physician, for she was tern of goodness and void of pride. Whilst she was

stepping into the servants' hall to call somebody, acto the simplicity of those times, the Archbishop's increased, when, perceiving something on the mant which he took for a peach in brandy, he gulped it al at once without saying grace, God forgive him! and great comfort from it. He had not done licking ! before the Queen-mother returned, when Queen Gra out, "Mamma, Mamma, the gentleman has eat my brother!" This fortunate event put an end to the the male line entirely failing in the person of the de Prince. The Archbishop, however, who became 1' the name of Innocent III, having afterwards a sen own sister, named the child Fitzpatrick, as having of the royal blood in its veins; and from him are des all the younger branches of the Fitzpatricks of on Now the rest of the acts of Queen Grats, and all th did, are they not written in the book of the chrone the Kings of Kilkenny?"

1884. To THE COUNTERS OF UPPER OSSION

Strawberry Hill, Dec. 4.

Though the account your Ladyship gives use of y is so bad, I cannot but feel my obligations to you for so much trouble. There are few, I believe, Madam interested than I am in your recovery; and were sa or masses in fashion, Venus, or the Virgin Mary, have a great deal of my custom. You must not stay in the country, but come to town, where your h dry and warm. Our climate requires to be reast boiled as much as our meat. Why do you think a more coal-mines than all the rest of the world, but i we have more fogs, damps, and rains? You must i me that you keep good fires at Ampthill. You ranno an atmosphere of smoke there; and for air, its great lence is being changed. You will conclude, Madam half what I say is for my own sake; so it cortain

it is my interest that you should be well, and I am permission London will restore you sooner than the country. I speak very little for myself in any other respect, for I am chiefly here, and shall be so till after Christman. I am glad you have the comfort of seeing Lord Ossery received: it must have been very melanchely to want each other's company and assistance. I wish I could send you or tell you anything that would divert you; but whether it is the world's fault, or mine, I know nothing. The newspapers have already told you, Madam, that the Duke and Duchesa of Cumberland are come to Windsor. That he is privately forbidden the court is certain, for of she there is no question, and that Lord Hertford is ordered to tell everybody, as a moret, which they are desired to tell everybody, that there is no road from Windsor or Cumberland House to Mt. Jamen's, There is a good natured exception for the Inker our corrants, who having been placed by the hong, and having had no hand in the wedding, are allowed to go backwards and forwards. Princess Amolie, where I played the night before last, and whom he the by I do not intend to marry, we having, as the Duke of Norfolk said to the Imphose when she proposed her nice for his nother. married one another enough, told us that Lade Heldernesse had begged her Reyal Highness to contradict the report of an intended match between the Lady Amelia' and the Prince of Mecklenburg. I don't know whether your Ladyolige will anderstand all this, and whether I have not made such a confusion of Lady Amelies and Princess Amelies. and nophows and moves, and matches and princes that my letter will be no difficult to unravel as one of Lord & hatham's lung motorin in the House of Lords.

I have the satisfaction of announcing to you the arrival of two great personages from France, one is, Mademissalle

Heinel, the famous dancer; the other, King Francis First. In short, the armour of the latter is actually here, and in its niche, which I have had made for it on staircase; and a very little stretch of the imagination give it all the visionary dignity of the gigantic hand armour that I dreamt of seeing on the balustrade of staircase at Otranto. If this is not realizing one's dreams. I don't know what is. The two play-houses have been doing the reverse; they have converted the real Installation into a vision, especially at Covent Garden, where nymphis and satyrs appear in St. George's Chapel, and behave like good Christians as they are.

The weather is so fine, that forgetting it was December, and that I am not in the spring of my age, I went a birds nesting this morning: I cannot say I had any sport: Rosette put up one robin-redbreast; but we did not lail. The first rat or mouse, or such small deer that she runned down, I will take the liberty of sending your Ladyship.

some venison.

1385. To LADY MARY COKE.

Arlington Street, Dec. 11, 1771.

LADY Strafford tells me I ought to write to your Lady ship. I obey, though I am not quite clear that she is its the right. Can you care for hearing from anybody its England, Madam; when you are indifferent whether your see them or not? I could say a great deal upon subject, but I will not, only do not be surprised that I have got a new passion. Ancient paladins, I know, we respond to maintain constancy, though they travelled all

² An Installation of Knights of the Garter took place on July 25, 1771.

LETTER 1385.—Not in C.; printed from Letters and Journal In Lady Mary Coke, vol. iv. p. 2, n. 7.

rld; but no act of the Parliament of Love was ssed enjoining fidelity to knights, when it was their that took to travelling. Indeed, if your Ladyship de a vow to wander till you had obliged every fair n Europe to confess how much handsomer I am neir lovers, something might be said; but as you ent no conquered Amazon to kiss my hand, and to ledge my claim, I am not bound to believe that travelling to assert my glory; and therefore, regardu as a truant, I have thrown my handkerchief to lady, and declare by these presents that I renounce adyship's allegiance. It will be in vain to mount alk-white palfrey and amble home directly; the die and Heaven knows whether matrimony itself may sue. I shall always retain a sincere friendship for t really there was no end of having one's heart jolted rom one country to another, and of having it lugged year to Vienna. A heart torn to pieces, like flags a battle, is very becoming; but a heart black and horrible, and I can tell you, your Ladyship does k the better for it, though you have endeavoured to its bruises by embroidering it all over with spread . But here I drop the subject: you are now your istress, Madam, and may seek what adventures you undisturbed by me. I shall be sorry to see you even with two black eyes, but shall bear it with all ilosophy of friendship; and as friends always do, ontent myself with telling you that it was your own nd with recommending the best eye-water I know. friend go farther, except in whispering to everybody, you would have taken my advice, you would have at home?

best news I can send you, Madam, is that I never usion to Lady Mary Coke's penchant for the Austrian Imperial family.

saw Lady Strafford look in better health. To a desert: grass grows in the pit at the Opera. To of Brunswick is coming: the Princess Dowage There is the devil to pay I don't know where Duke of Chandos is dead to the great joy of family. All the fine ladies are in love at Poniatowski, and some of them win his most that they may have something to keep for England is in profound peace. I reland in December, which is indeed no news to you, is we June, and which is still less news

Iam

Your Ladyship's

Most devoted
(though inconstan
Humble Ser

Hos.

1386. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER ()

Strawberry Hill, In

I am not a little impatient, Madam, to be perfect recovery, of which I am anxiously in I think you know too well what pleasure it wou not to have confirmed it to me, if you were again. Had you been worse, I think I should it from others, as I have been in town all this returned but to-day. I shall go thither again on see that greatest of curiosities, a fine dancer at Mademoiselle Heinel is to appear on Tuesday, fine gentlemen pay her a compliment they used to the Speaker, of leaving their hunting to see he

In Denmark, where the position of the Queen and Struensee was most critical.

I frederidg france : towaki, brother of Poland,

ill re-establish our Albemarle Street Club and Almack's, a have both been in a very languishing way; the first the absence of Miss Loyd and Mrs. Fitzroy, who has nother daughter to comfort her for the loss of her or; and the second, because it is not so casy to borrow, now so many are hanged or run away.

Princess of Brunswick was expected to-day; but they

ill find her mother much better. The restitution of and's Island came the beginning of the week. If all prosperities do not cure you, Madam, you must be disloyal politician. I do not think any other news tell you will do you much good. There is a new ly at Covent Garden called Zobeide, which I am told vindifferent, though written by a country gentleman'; iere is a new Timon of Athens, altered from Shakespeare . Cumberland, and marvellously well done, for he has t the manners and diction of the original so exactly, I think it is full as lead a play as it was before he ted it. Lord Lyttelton has published the rest of his the Second, but I doubt has executed it a little care-, for he has not been above ten years about it. I began t, I don't know how, I was tired. It is so crowded clouds of words, and they are so uninteresting, that ak one may dispute, as metaphysicians do, whether e space is a plenum or a vacuum. Lady Sackville* ne t'other day of a new discovery, which, I suppose, taphysical too that there is no such colour as grey. at what we call so is green or blue. I am rejoiced at I have some thoughts of going without powder, and ing that my hair is green.

na 1966 3 Peny John word for thinglory the O. 1771 oght tradeck (1740 1890) of y. Leinoutousine dually flor. Franco Labouses dually flor. Franco Labouses

Grower of 1755; daughter of measid Baron afterwards frot Early Grower; m. 1748. Lord John Philip Backtills of 1766; mas of first Pake of Dorset

Lady Holdernesse swears on her Bible that there truth in the supposed match of her daughter and the of Mecklenburg and there ends my tiazette. I Strawberry Courant there is not a syllable of new Lord Ossory has a mind to enrich Ampthill, Mr. Ha has brought over a charming Correggio, and a col of Tuscan vases, idols, amulets, javeling and casq bronze, necklaces and ear-rings of gold from Hercula Pompeii, and Sicily, sacrificing instruments, diese of ivory, agate, &c.; in short, enough antiquity to fil whole gallery at least. Your Lord must make ha those learned patrons of taste, the Czarina, Lord t] some nabob, will give 50,000l, for the collection, t the picture may as yet be had for 3,000L, and the antifor 8,000L. They are a little dear, but the first is deliand the latter most entertaining. Adieu! my Lor Lady, tell me you are both well, and I will not play again soon.

THE SEQUEL TO GULLIVER'S TRAVELS

The two nations of the giants and the farries ha been mortal enemies, and most cruel wars had has between thom. At last, in the year ', thus, then, then Four hundred and Thirtmenth had an only daughte was called Illipip, which signified the Cerking jan, in prodigious stature, she being full eighteen inches which the fairies said was an inch taller than Eve, the fairy. Gob, the Emperor of the giants, had an on who was as great a miracle for his diminutiveness, fifteen, he was but seven and thirty feet high, and he was fed with the milk of sixteen elephants eve and took three hogshead of jelly of lions between meal, he was the most puny child that ever was see nobody expected that he would ever be reared to estate. However, as it was indispensably necessary to him, that the imperial family might not be extin as an opportunity offered of terminating the long wars between the two nations by an union of the heatile houses; ambassadors were sent to demand the Princess of the fairies for the Prince of the giants, who, I forgot to say, was called the Delicate Mountain. The Queen of the fairies, who was a woman of violent passions, was extremely offended at the proposal, and vowed that so hopeful a girl as Corking pin should not be thrown away upon a dwarf; however, as Oberon was a very sage monarch, and leved his people, he overruled his wife's impetuosity, and granted his daughter, Still the Queen had been so indiscreet as to drop hints of her dissatisfaction before the Princess, and Corking-pin set out with a sovereign contempt for her husband, whom she said she supposed she should be forced to keep in her toothpick-case for fear of losing him. The witticism was so applauded by all the court of fairy, that it reached the ears of Emperor Gob, and had like to have broken off the match.

On the frontiers of the two kingdoms the Princess was met by the Emperor's carriages. A litter of crimson velvet, embrodered with seed pourly as big as estriches' eggs, and a little larger than a cathedral, was destined for the Princess, and was drawn by twelve dromedaties. At the first stage she found the bridegroom, who, for fear of catching cold, had come in a close sedan, which was but six and forty foot high. He had six under-waistcoats of bear-skin, and a white handkerchief about his neck twenty yards long. He had the misfortune of having weak even, and when the Princess descended from her litter to meet him, he could not distinguish her. She was wonderfully shocked at his not caluting her, but when his governor whispered him which was one, he out mon his finger and stretched out his hand to lurng her nearer to his eye, but unluckily fixed upon the great mistress of the Queen's household, and lifted her up in the air in a very unseemly attitude, to the great diversion of all the young fairy lords. The lady squalled dreadfully, thinking the l'ince was going to devour her. As motortunes would have it, notwithstanding all the Empreso's precaution, the Prince had taken cold, and happening at that very metant to energe, he blow the old lady ton leagues off, into a mill-pond, where it was forty to one

but she had been drowned. The whole cavalcad fairies was put into great disorder likewise by this a accident, and the cabinet councillors deliberated they should not carry back the Princess immed her father, but Corking-pin, it sooms, had not for Prince so disagreeable as she expected, and decla she would not submit to the disgrace of returning a husband. Nay, she said, to prevent any more r she would have the marriage solemnized that migh nuptial ceremony was accordingly performed by th bishop of St. Promentory, but the governor decla he had the Empress's express injunctions not to live together for two years, in consideration of the youth and tender constitution. The Princess was a rage that she swore and stamped like a mad were spit in the Archbishop's face. Nothing could es confusion occasioned by this outrage. By the Giantland, it was death to spit in a priest's fac Princess was immediately made close prisoner, and were dispatched to the two courts, to inform them had happened. By good fortune, the chief of the l did not love the Archbishop, recollected an old law said that no woman could be put to death for an committed on her wedding-day. This discovery a whole nation of giants into two parties, and oc a civil war, which lasted till the whole nation of was exterminated; and as the fairies, from a faction took part with the one side or other, they were all t to death, and not a giant or fairy remained to s either race.

1387. To Sin Horace Mann,

Strawborry Hill, Don 1

I am vexed that you have not had perfect cont about your Pisan Palace; yet I am persuaded the civility was meant, for the Prince is naturally a but I will say no more on this subject. The other

arned with his wife; has been privately forbidden the; and it has been intimated, as a general secret which body is expected to know, that the same persons must to to St. James's and to the new-married couple. The sees Downger is said to be much better.

public brother of yours is going to be your brother in er sense; the Duke of Chandos's red riband is to be to Mr. Hamilton, from Naples, and Sir Francis Delato Sir Charles Hotham's: yet I don't believe the lation will be advanced. Your real brother says not d of your nephew; I don't know whether he is more unicative to you.

and's Island to us is arrived. It ought to be general or it secures peace. There have been endeavours to ade both us and Spain that we were out of humour one another, but neither country would take the hint, all our storms are blown over, except in Ireland, hat does not seem to threaten much, for the money are passed, and, consequently, the opposition are a King's mercy, as he might now prorogue their ment without inconvenience to himself. What ten of vexation might have been avoided if folks have adhered to my father's maxim of Quieta non e!

at do you say to the rape and almost murder of the of Poland*? I should think it must alarm King 's old wound, which is very apt to quiver. I hear ys that he would not for a great deal play so deep no as his Chancellor does. The other assassinated reh's* Prime Minister has been in danger too—Oeyras.

Charles Hotham Thompson, Hing Stanislans, but he escaped from their hands.

Nov. B, 1771, four of the prates of Harr kidnapped.

P Of Portugal, Walpole.

There is no harm if such tyrants as Ceyras and Mare frightened a little.

I was in hopes of thanking you for the receipt pictures and iris roots, for the ships are arrived, but not got the things from the Custom House. He there is no being too premature with gratitude, an thank you very much d'arance.

By a more authentic account that I'rincess Asnels me last night, there seems to be small chance of a Princess's recovery.

We are so much accustomed to politics, that possible not know how to behave under the present consistent can go into the City without being mobbed, and till Brentford without 'No. 45' on one's coach-door. 'I salmost as dead as Sacheverell, though sheriff. You not be sorry that I have no more to tell you, and quently will excuse the shortness of this, but some make letters without political straw.

1388. To Sin Honach MANN

Arlington Street, Ites 22

1

I This minute receive yours of the 9th, from 1'12 am much concerned at the account you give of the 10 alarming situation. Though I have not the home knowing him, it is impossible not to feel for him it as it is impossible not to respect his character. I the as the physical folks here did too, that the great dissecond relieve both his broast and the humour that occase his illness, but I now doubt it very much. He can apprehends his own danger, and has, I suppose,

f. The Princess Downger of Wates.

Elegender | The Third | Thi

reasons to add to his low spirits; but I cannot believe, as you think, that he is ignorant of what has happened²; that history, for many reasons, is more likely to have added to his unhappiness. You, my dear Sir, I fear, for I seem to perceive, though you do not express it, are not without difficulties.

Pray assure Lord Cholmondeley how very kindly I take his messages, and how pleased I shall always be with any marks of his affection. The great difference of our ages prevents my flattering myself that his should be great, and it is to avoid being importunate that I do not trouble him much with marks of mine; but he may be sure of it, whenever he thinks it worth his while to sock it. I wish you would read this paragraph to him without telling him I desired you to do so. It is for his sake, between you and my, that I wish him to cultivate me a little more than he does. At the same time, I own to you that I do not cateen him the less for his not paying court to me; and should be become more attentive on your hints, I should still make allowance for that, as I have seen that his nature is not interested. I have lived too long to expect more than natural good disposition. It is not flattery I want, but so much intimacy with him as might give me opportunities of knowing him better; for though he is the relation on whom it would suit me best to fix my views, I cannot place them on an almost stranger, nor would think of it without another point that I wish could be brought about too. You will oblige me, therefore, my dear Sir, extremely, if, after reading to him the passage above, you were to hint to him, that it would be prudent in him to make me his friend.

This must absolutely be from yourself, for I would not for the world enter into any engagements to him which

^{*} The marriage of the Imbe . (thus berland

I might afterwards disappoint, though from his own Be so kind to us both as to sound him on his the of marriage, and whether rank, beauty, or fortune, to object. I have a person in my eye who has both former, and who has had the best education, and ha most charming character, with uncommon sense and dence. Fortune he will not want when the tieneral but his consent must be fully granted, and therefore late the tieneral is attempt any overture, I wish to know my negmind, and then I would sound the General. You with the extreme delicacy of all this, and I leave it total your discretion.

With regard to your own affair, I like your idea the want of knighthood in the person who has apple be your proxy; but for that very reason, I would be on it till the time is fixed, that he may not acquire the interim; and therefore I will not deliver your me to the Earl' till then. For Sir William Boothby, I si not think he would accept it; but he would be very part I would advise you to write to Mr. Crofts to know answer your nephew has given, or whether any.

I have received Mr. Patch's pictures, and like them well, but I think they are a little hard. I speak ple that he may correct. Thank you much for them, I allike to pay for them, if I thought you would allow The engravings from Fra Bartolomee disappears me none of the great ideas I thought I remembered in at least he is far below the amazing Masaccio are well engraved, except wanting a little more size. The iris roots are still performing quarantine; but the no haste.

³ General James Cholmondalsy, great-uncle of Lord Cholmondalsy Walpole.

^{*} Lord Backbook had recover a parasis to the Borne Maca grows Walgelle

s we have none, except from Ireland, where the tion gain frequent victories by the absurdity of Lord hend.".

Princess Downger is much better, and it is thought immediate danger.

Swiss are at last taken from the Duc de Choiseul, osigned them handsomely, without haggling. It has all his fall extremely. They give him three hundred not livres down, sixty more for life, and thirty to be de Choiseul, if she survives him. It is the exit of glish minister, rather than of a French one.

le Sorbe, the Genome minister at Paris, where he orn when his father was in the same character, is iddenly. It was a dirty, intriguing, sensible creature, tion him because he was the vermin that instigated ut to invade Corsica; and therefore his death, if it, was, at least, not early enough. Europe, Asia, and ca do not furnish me with another paragraph, though we such magnificent fields for our correspondence, night, therefore, from one end of the world to the Yours ubique.

389. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Arlington Street, Jan. 5, 1772.

urso but disasters, Madam, since my last. Poor Mr. rbort hanged himself on Wednesday. He went to convicts executed that morning; and from thence, boots, to his son, having sent his groom out of the At three, his son said, 'Sir, you are to dine at aller's; it is time for you to go home and dress.' He is his own stable and hanged himself with a bridle.

Lord Liestenant, Wilfords. Lavrum 1989. 2 William Pitakerconsistented of the forms. Lett, M.P for Porty.

Walmilo

They say his circumstances were in great disorder. have been deep doings at Almack's, but nobody has into a stable. This paragraph, possibly, may be when you receive it, as if it was in the magazine, f letter will not set out till Thursday, as I cannot yo you the whole of a tragedy that happened to myse very morning—don't be frightened, Madam, I am not bound on the banks of Styx, and waiting to send balletter by Charon.

I was waked very early this morning, by half an after nine (I mean this for flattery, for Mr. Craufors your Ladyship does not rise till one; by the way in the middle of a charming dream. I thought I w the King's Library in Paris, and in a gallery full of of prints, containing nothing but fotes and decorated scenery. I took down a long roll, on which was par on vellum, all the coremonies of the present reign; was the young King walking to his coronation; the R before, who I thought was alive. I said to him, ' Royal Highness has a great air'; he seemed extre flattered, when the house shook as if the dovil were for him. I had scarce recovered my vetation at least disturbed, when the door of my room shook so yiel that I thought somebody was breaking it open, th I know it was not locked. It was broad daylaght I did not know that househreaking might not beimproving. I cried out, 'Who is there?' Nolesdy annu In less than another minute, the door rattled and a still more robberaceously. I called again no reply rung: the housemaid ran in as pale as white aslies, if ever saw such, and cried, 'Lud! Sir, I am frightened of my wits: there has been an earthquake! Oh, I beli her immediately. Philip' came in, and, being a 24

¹ Philip Colomb, Hornes Walpole v ralet.

philosopher, insisted it was only the wind. I sent him down to collect opinions in the street. He returned, and owned everybody in this and the neighbouring streets were persuaded their houses had been breaking open; or had ran out of them, thinking there was an earthquake. Alas! it was much worse; for you know, Madam, our earthquakes are as harmless as a new-born child. At one, came in a courier from Margaret to tell me that five powder-mills had been blown up at Hounslow, at half an hour after nine this morning, had almost shook Mrs. Clive, and had broken parts or all of eight of my painted windows, besides other damage. This is a cruel misfortune: I don't know how I shall repair it! I shall go down to-morrow, and on Thursday will finish my report.

Wednesday, 8th.

Well! Madam, I am returned from my poor shattered castle, and never did it look so Gothic in its born days. You would swear it had been besieged by the Presbyterians in the Civil Wars, and that, finding it impregnable, they had vented their holy malice on the painted glass. As this gunpowder-army passed on, it demolished Mr. Hindley's 3 fine bow-window of ancient Scripture histories; and only because your Ladyship is my ally, broke the large window over your door, and wrenched off a lock in your kitchen. Margaret sits by the waters of Babylon, and weeps over Jerusalem. I shall pity those she shows the house to next summer, for her story is as long and deplorable as a chapter of casualties in Baker's Chronicle; yet she was not taken quite unprepared, for one of the bantam hens crowed on Sunday morning, and the chandler's wife told her three weeks ago, when the barn was blown down, that ill-luck

³ John Atherton Hindley, who lived at Twickenham in a house left to him by the last Earl of Radnor of

never comes single. She is, however, very thank the china room has escaped, and says God has been the best creature in the world to her. I detell her how many churches I propose to rob, to my losses.

As my calamity has brought the Gunpowder plot head, I will transcribe some lines on that occasion, Oxford several years ago, which I think will dive Ossory from their great simplicity, and the natural in the last verse:

Guy Vulpes ardere domum vult Parliaments
Lanterna carca condities eguis erat.
Lord Mounteagle venit, et narrat Salabarrensi
Salaburiens Regi narrat, et ille alias.

Many thanks, Lord and Lady, for your last lette I wish our correspondence at an end, and that you come to town. Have you heard, my Lord, of Luttrell's repentance ? He intends to do penance House of Commons, and acknowledge his am in repredict Middlesex at the instigation of the devil and Lord and then vacate his seat. I dare say there will be mover him in Middlesex than ever minety and me persons that have been duly elected—if so many the

George Solwyn has just been here, and teld memore dismal stories. Poor Lady Di Heauclere is givat Blenheim from a black venit. Little Cachielm attacked the night before last while he and Lord were at the great house. The thieves were disappand then invaded a lawyer's house in the neighbors but the master fired a blunderbuss and dispersed Some of their brethren were more successful last in town. Lord Heliester had sent up all his plate waggen. It arrived, and there were two of his se

⁴ Colonel Luttrell spoke of resigning his cost, but did not do:

house, but this morning not so much as a silver cas left! Robbed if one lives in London! blown up sountry! One must really go to the Indies to enjoy rtune in safety and quiet. Adieu! Madam; I fear rnal is too long.

I have just reflected antiquarianly that pale as ashes one of our most ancient proverbs, and in use before ero invented; as the ashes of the latter only are f wood, grey or pale.

THE SPECTATOR.

MO. MONE.

WRITTEN BY NOBODY

Strang, Janeans 19, 1000

I es a tiesa, adquer clica septemberes Accordes. In a

if the greatest advantages of human reason is that asimilate everything to its own hature. To use om philosophic, man can give an appearance of o everything he says. He can lend falsehood the co of truth; he can establish false principles, draw sclusions, form false hypotheses, and yet continue a rational being. One cause of these decoptions ivatorious and fugitive nature of truth; we have real knowledge, and no much in left to guess, that wonder men deceive both themselves and others. e systems were the first great effort of the human uding. Their accuring possibility catablished their t being requisite that a greater portion of sense, nine of long experience, should concur to their ion. But the slow progress of experience is these e with the alarity of wit and invention, new equally false, displaced the old, and ancoosied to actor of reason, till time and accident demolrahed faltie, as they had done the former. Yet all this

while did reason seem to govern,—a circumstance that may suggest some apprehension whether reason itself be not an ignis fatuus. It is allowed that there is much the same portion of sense in every age; we have had a longer series of experience than the ancients, but it is certain that our parts, capacities, understandings, are not superior to theirs. Now, if whole ages rolled away in dreaming, why should we suppose that we possess more reason than they did? To believe that our own age is wiser than the preceding, is exactly such an arbitrary assumption, as that of adhering to any religion because it is the religion of our own country,—a compliment paid to self, and no proof either of our faith or our wisdom.

From this deduction I think it clearly follows that any system, or the reverse of any system, is equally true. Now, as the present age is singularly philosophic, but not endowed with much invention, almost all the new philosophy being little more than a revival of ancient exploded systems, dressed up in phrases borrowed from experimental process, I would recommend to any man who is ambitious of founding a new sect, to take any obsolete system, to build a new one by reversing it totally; it will supply his want of imagination, and probably hang together better than any theory he

could spin out of his own conception or memory.

But as all primitive inventions are naturally simple, may be difficult, if recourse is had to very ancient systems, to find sufficient matter for contradiction. The opposition. too, may be too obvious. In such case I would recommend the compounding of two ancient theories, which may be contradicted, or so melted together as to contradict another, with various other combinations, at the discretion of the author. As an instance is the best method. illustration, let us try what may be done. One of the most ancient doctrines handed down to us is the transmigration of souls into other bodies. Another, but far more recent, is the immortality of the soul, which, according to Bishop Warburton, was never known to the man who preached it; or which is the same thing, was never preached by the man who knew it, except by his never mentioning it—a pretended new method of induction, but though set forth in five amaple volumes, by that learned prelate, solely and singly built on

eat aphorism, Silence gives consent; a kind of demonh by which anything may be proved to be in a book s not being there. Nor, by the way, ought we to e total honour of this application of the aphorism to verend Bishop. It was practised, not two centuries hink, on the works of Jansenius by the Church of who found the famous five propositions which she med in his book, though nobody could ever discover here, either in words or in sense. But to return to v method of system-making. Pythagoras, or whoever ned it from, held that souls, after the decease of the to which they had been annexed, wandered into and ively informed other bodies; a very simple dectrine, very reverse of which would be equally sensible, I therefore (after adopting the converse of the other tion I mentioned above, viz. immortality of the soul, I would affirm is mortal) assert, that several nouls ecossively into the same body; and that when one es, another immediately takes its place, a system ive me leave to say, would account for the various lictions we observe in mankind much more satisfachan the received notice of marriage between one soul e body, indiscoluble but by the death of the latter, far more simple system, and consequently more de to the operations of Nature, who always prefers the and least complex march. My system annihilates volved system of the passions, which are supposed to u the various caprices, follies, crimes that enter into unn composition, which, if they existed together and , would form madmen instead of rational beings, by g the man different ways at the same time, and not him transquil mannigh to make an equinan. y, if we suppose the soul dies, as it probably dees, it a new one immediately succeeds to its place, a total on may naturally onsue; and the man may become erent from his former self, as a new look in that is ed by an old woul which had passed through other For example, there have been instances of vonng andsome, strong, well made and vigorous, who have through the dangerous age of temptation with as modesty, as much continues, as the most blushing

virgin of a northern climate. The same men arrived at years of decrepitude have hurried headlong into the lowest excesses of debauchery, and flung themselves into the arms of common prostitutes, practising all the tricks of enfeebled desire, and purchasing infamy without acquiring ideasure. As on one side such conduct cannot be the effect of passion. so is it impossible to suppose on the other that it could be the result of the union of the same soul and the same lady. But as we are sure the body is the body of the same man. we are reduced to believe that that body is inhabited by The former is dead, and some level old soul has entered into the body, and transported it to actions totally inconsistent with its former behaviour,

Instances, more familiar to us in this country, happen A young man is inflamed with the love of his country; Cato, Leonidas, Epaminondas, fire his imagination, and inspire imitation. Liberty charms him; he is jealous of her; he would risk his life for her safety. He speaks, writes, moves, and drinks for her. He searches records, draws remonstrances, fears prerogative, hopes for public mastertunes, that she may escape in the confusion. A Secretary of the Treasury waits on him in the evening; he appears next morning at a minister's levee; he goes to court, is captivated by the King's affability, moves an address, drops a consure on the liberty of the press, kisses hands for a place, bespeaks a Birthday coat, votes against Magna Charta, builds a house in town, lave his farms into pleasure-grounds under the inspection of Mr. Brown, pays notedly, games, is undone, asks a reversion for three lives, is refused, finds the constitution in danger, and becomes a l'atriet once more.

Now can any one believe that the soul, that pure ethereal incorruptible essence, that immortal portion of divinity, given to us for the direction of our lives, that one sole noble, as we are told, of all our actions, can be capable of such and so many other inconsistencies? Undoubtedly not. A soul must be a mortal temperary spirit, which informs our bodies for more or less time, and in far more liable to destruction than the body. It is observed to various accidents; and parhaps may be affected by many outward impressions. It may be like the sensitive plant; the approach of another person's hand, or that person's may be fatal to it. For instance, the hand of stary of the Treasury, or that person's breath, may soul, though it does good to the annexed body. His may be poison to it. Other souls may be of a stronger and, though liable to be soiled, may survive the stouch or effluvia. I am persuaded that when a man, o virtuous, becomes vicious, his first soul is departed, as made room for another of stronger element, which sist everything but disgust and disappointment.

Il not multiply examples, but any man's meditation aggest to him how extensive this theory may prove, tell him how many systems may be composed only erting every proposition. Mr. Asgill acquired a name aying the necessity of dying. I do not expect less a for establishing a plurality or succession of souls, in the same body. The uncertainty of everything everything possible.

fallibility of sense has persuaded several modern philos that nonsense may be capable of demonstrating truth. have they given power to a nonentity, and design, ntrivance, and execution to what is only acted upon; lse came chance and matter to be erected into the ers of creation? A word is enough to the wise, navn old dictum. Let it give place to this improvement. satisfy fools; and with more truth, for what word ever d a wise man? What did a wise man ever learn that t excite a thirst in him of knowing more? He finds knowledge bounded; and can he then be satisfied. the impediments themselves prove there is something eyond? As he cannot advance, were it not the best o go backwards? Nonsense is unlimited; and the defect of all philosophers, past and present, is, that ave not pursued their researches far enough. Truth. e pedigree of a noble family, is carried on only in the ine. Falsehood takes in collaterals, and the genealogy less. Its branches people the earth; and the descenof the cursed Cain found and possess empires, while ce of the beloved David is poor, despised, and un1390. TO THE HON, HENRY SEYMOUR CONWAY.

Late Strawberry Hill, Jan. 7, 1779.

You have read of my calamity without knowing it, and will pity me when you do. I have been blown up; my castle is blown up; Guy Fawken has been about my house; and the 5th of November has fallen on the 6th of January! In short, nine thousand powder-mills broke losse yesterday morning on Hounslow Heath; a whole squadron of them came hither, and have broken eight of my painted glass windows: and the north side of the castle looks as if it had stood a siege. The two saints in the hall have suffered . martyrdom! they have had their bodies out off, and nothing remains but their heads. The two next great sufferers are indeed two of the least valuable, being the passage windows to the library and great parlour a fine pane is demolished in the round room; and the window by the gallery in damaged. Those in the cabinet, and Hollsein room, and gallery, and blue room, and green closet, Ac., have escaped, As the storm came from the north-west, the china closed was not touched, nor a cup fell down. The law-window of brave old coloured glass, at Mr. Hindley's, is manuscred; and all the north sides of Twickenham and Brontford are shattered. At London it was proclaimed an earthquake, and half the inhabitants ran into the etreet.

As Lieutenant-General of the Ordnance, I must be seech you to give strict orders that no more pewder mills may blow up. My aunt, Mrs. Kerweed, reading one day in the papers that a distiller's had been burnt by the head of the still flying off, said she wondered they did not make an Act of Parliament against the heads of stills flying off. Now, I hold it much easier for you to do a hady this service, and would recommend to your consideration, whether it would not be prudent to have all magazines of powder kept under

till they are wanted for service. In the meantime, et a pension to make me amends for what I have sed under the Government. Adieu!

Yours, all that remains of me, Hor. Walpole.

1391. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Jan. 14, 1772.

EE with great uneasiness, my dear Sir, the disagreeable on you are in from the absurdity of your inmates 1. n your patience drops a hint, I know how bad it must The principal is to be pitied, who has such wretched vers-I attribute to his low state that with regard to he does not remedy neglects—but if fools could be , they would not be fools. You will, I doubt be ered ere long by a melancholy conclusion. The fate of nother is now very near—and very extraordinary—she wallow no liquids, only solids. Do not think I misplace vo words: the case has been known. She is forced to t in her coach every day to shake the numbness of her but can speak only at moments and with great difficulty. a dreadful conclusion, and much to be compassionated. shall write to your brother to-day to press your ew's decision, and if he declines, to desire your brother ind a proper person, for surely the one recommended le so.

Charles Hotham and Mr. Hamilton are to receive ribands to-morrow, but certainly no Installation will spon.

not be concerned at your nephew's want of attention

ER 1391. - 1 The Duke of ster and his suite were at this siding in Mann's house. The

to me: I am too old and too indifferent to ever does not disturb my tranquillity, which has lon depend on the actions of others. One's mind when one is young, and while one is ignorant of When one has lived some time, one learns that think too little, and the old too much, and one less about both. Int least have contracted an temper, which diverts itself with most things, few to heart. I think of my own nephew and the same composure, as you saw by a letter I w The friend the former has got is far fro one; I know a horrible story of him in his own f as I do not believe much in the duration of I theirs will probably die away like others. For t able discourse of young people, it is the nonse moment. What is called bon ton is generally people that have not yet got into good compar an affected tone is never used by really good Young men of sense lose it soon; young men not sense keep it even after it has coased to be tone. Indeed, what is fashion? Is not it a perm nothing was ever right till the present momen the present moment will immediately be as wron predecessors? And can such a system be be And what notice does absurdity deserve more laughed at for an instant?

The current of time hurries everything along a if we have the patience to sit still and see it pass of washing away our vexations as well as our and both being dreams are not worth remembran attained so much habitual philosophy (for I bel other) that events which would formerly have dis exceedingly, do not now put me out of to

I experienced last week. A dozen powder-mills within two miles of Twickenham blow up last week, and almost levelled my castle as low as Troy. This is far from true; but the explosion really demolished four of my windows of painted glass, and broke as many more. I neither stomached it like a Stoic, nor damned the undertaker of the mills like a Christian. I shall set about mending them with the patience of Penelope, though with the prospect of having them ruined again, for, as Mr. Bentley said, in this country abuses are freeholds, and I do not believe the neighbourhood will get the mills removed. The Duke of Northumberland ', to raise his rent a trifle, obtained an Act of Parliament for this nuisance; indeed, he got the consent of the gentlemen within the circuit, by promising they should be corn-mills; but the Act was no sooner passed, than lo, they became powder-mills! and have torn the whole county to pieces!

The Parliament meets next week. There will, I think, be little to do, unless an attempt to set aside the subscription of the clergy to the Thirty-nine Articles' should stir up a storm. Religious disputes are serious; and yet, can one care about shades of nonsense? Adieu!

1392. To Sin Horace Mann.

Arlington Street, Jan. 21, 1772.

I must set you right, my dear Sir, in an error into which I innecently led you; and am glad to be able to do it, as I am happy to find that a son of your dear brother is not always in the wrong. In general, I agree with you that it is melanchely to be interested for either children or

⁵ Mir High Prijthman, who on marrying the heirese of Algernote, Itshe of bioticrest, who was not of the heirem of the Earl of Northumberland, man created Earl and then

Inhe of Northmoberland Walpole.

* A position against subscription to the Articles was presented in Feb. 6, 1778, by Sir William Merodith but was resected by \$17 to 71.

nephews, they are so often disappointing: in short brother Edward had never yet mentioned the proxy Horace: but tells me he had disliked his nopher knighted yet-that is, would have had him wait till to him regularly. This totally disculpates Horace, your brother's writing to him, as he has now done a very civil letter to me handsomely and cheerfully s the office. I shall write him as obliging an answer a As I love to do justice, especially to folks I am a li of humour with, I must tell you that your brother handsomely, taken upon himself the refusal to Mr. . applied to him; telling A, that you having left the r tion of a proxy to him, he chose it should be one own family. Thus I think all difficulties are of I will see your nephew when he comes to tow manage the whole, or as much as I can, myself. the best I have to say on the chapter of nephews.

I doubt Lord Chatham has given you no reason to a panegyric on him. The ghost of old Horace' would eat the little regard I meet with from my nephews and Yet, will that not put us on a fact? The endeasours life have been to make them happy, rich and great, them from ruin and distress; not to cheat them of he and defraud them of estates entailed on them.

I am more wounded at the neglect shown to year; I account for it. It is out of character, and cruel. I guess at all at the person on whom your suspicion his a titular at Leghorn; but why not fathom it? One be as much afraid of suspecting a friend wrongfully finding him in the wrong. I know nothing of the mathematical he showed about your riband; nor can I cohow he should have influence enough to hurt you. a mystery I cannot unravel.

LETTER 1892.—I His uncle, the late Lord Walpule of Welterto

I wish you were not exposed to these desagremens! It has been my wonder how you could support the pertness and folly of all the youths that debark at Florence, and of all that govern them. Your fortune, I know, and am grieved, my dear Sir, to know, is very moderate; but sure, as you are not young, tranquillity is the best riches. What are rank and fortune, if they do not secure content?

I was born at the top of the world; I have long been nobody, and am charmed to be so. I see the insolence of superiors; but how does it hurt me? They can neither frighten me, nor deprive me of any enjoyment. I laugh at their dignity, which I generally see built or leaning on meanness and slavery; and which is best founded, their contempt or mine? To be determined to be content with little, is to be determined that one's happiness shall depend on no one but oneself; but, if consideration is one's point, I do not see why one should be satisfied without being emperor of the world. One superior would mortify me more than a thousand inferiors homaging me would contribute to my satisfaction; but when one is emperor of one's self all is harmony and sunshine. And depend upon it, a moderate fortune is more capable of bestowing and ensuring that roign, than any position of grandour. Were I rich, my nephews and nieces would be attentive and sincere enough: I like better to know their hearts.

We have no news; but to-day is the birthday of news: the Parliament meets; indeed, with a quiet aspect. Old Northington is dead, as he lived, cursing and swearing. He had taken an aversion to his son', and ordered the trees in the park to be cut down. The gardener, trusting to the proximity of his death, demurred. He perceived it, and turned him away: repeated his orders, but found that

Northington.
Numbers Healey, first Harl of School Holley (1747-1798), second Earl of Northington.

a dying lawyer could not quicken other people, mother people can quicken a living lawyer. His went so slowly to work that only five cake attefuneral.

Some of the English at Pisa, Florence, or Leghosent home Lord L.'s story, and it has appeare newspapers. Methinks the public have nothing to every boy's amours—but it seems the public thin wise. I must go write to your nephow, so good me

1393. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE

Arlington Street, Jan

It is long indeed, dear Sir, since we correspond should not have been silent if I had anything work you in your way—but I grow such an antiquity that I think I am less fond of what remains of decessors.

I thank you for Bannerman's proposal I mean, fithe trouble to send it, for I am not at all dissubscribe. I thank you more for the notes on King I mean, too, for your friendship in thinking of Dean Milles I cannot trouble myself to think as His piece is at Strawberry; perhaps I may look the sake of your note. The had weather keeps me and a good deal at home, which I find very conliterally practising what so many persons proteintend, being quiet and enjoying my fireside in in days.

Mr. Mason has shown me the relics of poor 3 I am sadly disappointed at finding them so very in able. He always persisted, when I inquired a

⁴ Lord Lincoln, eldest son of the into the hands of each ab Duke of Newcastle. Re had fallen had soon large sums from

writings, that he had nothing by him. I own I doubted. I am grieved he was so very near exact—I speak of my own satisfaction; as to his genius, what he published during his life will establish his fame as long as our language lasts, and there is a man of genius left. There is a silly fellow, I do not know who, that has published a volume of Letters on the English Nation, with characters of our modern authors. He has talked such nonsense on Mr. Gray, that I have no patience with the compliments he has paid me. He must have an excellent taste! and gives me a woful opinion of my own trifles, when he likes them, and cannot see the beauties of a poet that ought to be ranked in the first line.

I am more humbled by any applause in the present age, than by hosts of such critics as Dean Milles. Is not Garrick reckoned a tolerable, though he has proved how little sense is necessary to form a great, actor? His Cymon, his prologues and epilogues, and forty such pieces of trash, are below mediocrity, and yet delight the mob in the boxes as well as in the footman's gallery. I do not mention the things written in his praise, because he writes most of them himself. But you know any one popular merit can confer all merit. Two women talking of Wilkes, one said he squinted-t'other replied, 'Squints!-well, if he does, it is not more than a man should squint.' For my part, I can see how extremely well Garrick acts, without thinking him six feet high. It is said Shakespeare was a bad actor; why do not his divine plays make our wise judges conclude that he was a good one? They have not a proof of the contrary, as they have in Garrick's works-but what is it to you or me what he is? We may see him act with pleasure, and nothing obliges us to read his writings. Adieu, dear Sir.

Yours most sincerely,

HOR. WALPOLE.

1394. To LADY MARY COKE.

Arlington Street, Jan. 29

Your reproofs, my dear Madam, are so kindly ter that, though undeserved, I cannot be quite sorry t received them. I thank you much for giving me an tunity of defending myself: and you must allow distinguish between the two accusations, as they af very differently; what you think you have observed would hurt me very seriously, if well founded; w passed through another, Madam, you ought only smiled at, if you will allow me to say so. Your L says that you have observed an alteration in my be to you. I should be very culpable indeed if there w It would be most ungrateful after all your good me; and it would be a capital contradiction to all I am not of an age to plead giddiness and thoughtle and yet most assuredly inattention can be all my because there is certainly no change in my regs esteem. I respect your virtues, Madam, and the th good qualities I know of you; and as you have lo of them I must have lost my senses if I did not them as much as ever, which I swear to you I do.

I beg your pardon if any negligence can be impose; and I refer you to my future behaviour sincerity. For what your Ladyship calls a mesoridicule, and which was nothing but a very incipoke, if no more was delivered than I uttered, as in which you should consider how much the alteration of an accent may affect the substance, all I can resis, that meeting Lady G. 1 at Lady Blandford's,

LETTER 1894. — Not in C.; reprinted from Letters and Journals of Lady Mary Coke, vol. iv. p. 29, n. 1.

¹ Lady Greenwich, siste Mary Coke.

something, I protest I do not know what, of supposing your Ladyship's next jaunt would be to China. I should have said it to yourself without fear of displeasing youand to say the truth, if this was aggravated into a serious message, I must conclude it was done with a good intention, as your friends cannot but grieve at your frequent and long eclipses; and may like to cover what they wish to say to you under another person's name. Nobody can be absurd enough to suppose your Ladyship has any interested view in visiting the Empress Queen, or in courting any other Can the Duke of Argyle's daughter desire to be higher than she is, and would not paying court be lowering her? Would it not infer that she does not think herself great enough? Great birth is your own; favour must be conferred and can only come from a superior, and they who confer favours always think so highly of themselves that they seem to undervalue those whom they fancy they honour. In short, Madam, not to be too serious, nor to enter into the Empress's merits, which shall be as great as you please, let me beg you to return to your own empire; come and reign over those hearts you dispose of. and do not leave them because somebody or other has offended you. Contempt and indifference are our best weapons or shield. Life is not long enough to attend to resentments. It is easy to be happy, if one does not care much about the world, but takes it as it comes. I have practised what I preach, and am sure of my nostrum's If one does not love often, one cannot hate often: now both love and hatred are troublesome inmates. I will give your Ladyship more lectures upon my philosophy when you return; but I shall not set them down in writing, for the profane are not to be initiated. You shall hear me with patience—nay, and if you do not, I will not mind it, but preach on. I had rather make you angry with

reason, than be again accused of neglect. I will make use of all the impertinent privileges of a friend, which I confess are shocking, rather than let you suspect me of lukewarmness—but never a verbal message more! I condole with you, Madam, on the death of the Princess of Hesse². Princess Amelia, though expecting it, was much shocked. I tell you no news, for I know Lady Strafford sends you bushels, wet and dry. If she does not tell you that the Pantheon is more beautiful than the Temple of the Sun, read no more of her letters. I acknowledge with the utmost gratitude, dear Lady Mary, the repetition of your friendship, and am firmly persuaded that mine will never alter on the condition you mark for its duration: and if [it] does, the fault must then be in

Your Ladyship's Most faithful

> Humble Servant, Hor. Walpole.

Jan. 30th. We learnt last night the revolution in Denmark, and the disgrace of the Queen, &c.

1395. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Feb. 3, 1772.

Your representative Majesty will be shocked to find how frequently your family furnishes Europe with very unpleasant conversation. We are all gazing on what has happened in Denmark, where the Queen and her medical

² Mary, Landgravine of Hesse-Cassel, and fourth daughter of George II.

³ In the night of Jan. 16-17, 1772, the Prime Minister Struensee and six of his adherents were arrested at a court ball. On the same night

the Queen was taken prisoner by Count Rantzau, and placed under guard in the castle of Kronborg.

LETTER 1895.—¹ Meaning the English royal family, which Sir Horace Mann represented at Florence. Walrole.

Prime Minister² has been seized; the former imprisoned, and the latter loaded with irons. It is certain that fame has been busy with their amours for these two years—it is as certain that nothing is weaker than the little King; yet, as I look on revolutions as I do on private quarrels, in which both sides are generally in the wrong, I do not doubt but that it will come out that her Majesty's gallantry has been amply balanced by ambition and treachery³. The Queen Dowager⁴ and her son⁵, who have been brought forward, are both said not to excel the King in capacity; and if so, are only phantoms to decorate the conspiracy: but little is known yet, nor could I tell you much more than you will see in the public papers.

This tempest has clouded the halcyen calm that accompanies the opening of the session, where the voice of opposition is no longer heard. In truth, the calamities of the royal family are much to be pitied, and the conclusion of the Princess's if life is very melancholy. I have heard nothing of her this morning, but yesterday she was thought near her end. We every day expect like news from Naples'. The news of Princess Mary's death came a week ago. She had long been ill, and never happy, though a most gentle and amiable being. There remains only Princess Amelia now of all the late King's children.

Mr. Chute desires I will recommend to you a Mr. Musgrave, a young lawyer, whom you will see some time hence at Florence. I know him a little too, and can add my

² Struenses, the king's physician. Walpole.

³ The chief mover in the intrigue was Rantzau, who secured the approval of the Queen Dowager by producing forged evidence of a plot formed by Queen Caroline Matilda and Struensee against the King.

⁴ Juliana Maria of Brunswick-Wolfenbüttel, second wife of the late

King Frederick V.

⁵ Prince Frederick of Denmark (d. 1805).

⁶ The Princess Dowager of Wales. Walpole.

⁷ Of the Duke of Gloucester. Walvole.

⁸ Landgravine of Hesse, fourth daughter of George II. Walpole.

testimonial to his character. There will cor a Mr. Graves, whom I do not know, but of v heard much good; and if he is like Mr. Muss of them will want your congenial good n warmed in their favour. You will therefore b Mus-graves.

I was ashamed to send away such a scrap, a stayed till to-day's post to recruit it. The I from Naples speak of the Duke of Glouceste but for the Princess of Wales, I do not k moment whether she is not dead. She wa at the extremity, and this morning the King levee. Her end has been expected these ten d courage was so great that she went out to ta Monday or Tuesday.

No more news yet from Denmark, which is end to one should think, therefore, that nothin happened, or Mr. Keith ¹⁰ would have dispatche faster. You may imagine the impatience of hear more of this strange revolution.

Yesterday there was a long debate, for this see House of Commons. A petition was offere hundred and fifty divines, for abolition of the Articles, that summary of impertinent folly. It at eleven at night by a large majority; so difficult is it to expel nonsense than sens makes few martyrs. Will not the Jesuits to upon them, that we are more absurd than Fr than Spain? I begin to think that folly is cannot be annihilated. Destroy its form, it to The reformation was only a re-formation.

She died on Feb. 8, 1772.
 Robert Murray Keith (after-Copenhagen.

Wards K.B.), Brit

when attempts to serve or enlighten mankind do not produce more prejudice to them. What are the consequences of the writings of the philosophers, and of the struggles of the Parliaments in France? Despotism! Lawyers have been found to support it, and priests will not be wanting. Methinks it would be a good text for the gallows, 'Upon this hang all the law and the prophets.'

The Czarina has sent Lord Chesterfield a box of her own turning, ornée, says she vulgarly, de son portrait. It is in return for some compliments he paid her to her Ambassador. What miserable thirst of pedantic vainglory! How sorry one should be to be obliged to answer civilly! What pains people take to have everything but common sense!

1396. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1772.

I cannot express my surprise at the jumble your brother has made, by writing to your nephew to be your proxy, and at the same time advising you to apply to Sir W. Boothby. Mr. Croft brought me your letter to Sir William, but I begged him not to deliver it, but to go to your brother at Richmond first, and settle it with him. As your nephew has accepted the proposal so handsomely, and is by so much the most proper person, I should, and I think you would, be sorry to have that arrangement altered, especially as it is an unanswerable excuse to Lord Rochford. I question much too whether Sir William would accept it-should he decline it, your nephew might refuse, after being dismissed -and then how should we avoid Mr. A.? I will do all I can to settle it for Horace, as most proper, and as what I am sure you would like best. This will go on Friday; but as Mr. Croft cannot go to Richmond till Saturday or Sunday, you must have patience for the definitive answer till Tuesday's post.

I am much obliged to you for the plan yo taken about my nephew, though as it must by letter, I should rather not have it executs he will see too clearly into my project but your letter is gone, there is no remedy.

The Princess Dowager died on Saturday n thing ever equalled her resolution. She too within four or five days of her death, and n having the least idea of her danger, even to of Brunswick, though she had sent for he she had convulsions the day before she expe and dressed to receive the King and Queen, a four hours in indifferent conversation, thou articulate herself; said nothing on her situs leave of them, and expired at six in the mes She could not be unapprised of he a groan. fate, for she had existed upon cordials alone from the time she had received the fatal Denmark; and died before she could hear daughter.

The courier arrived in the evening; the name of the Queen Dowager, or whether the constant name of the Queen Dowager, or whether herself, have determined to manage the y honour as much as possible, but to press her on Struenses for intending to drug the King's in order to draw from him a cession of the Rephysician-minister—a plan that, affecting delishes the outrage—a plan, too, very difficult unless both the Queen and physician had ta intoxicate themselves first. Count Ostein', ye bour at Naples, is said to be deep in the

Sir William Hamilton told me he was sure it would appear; nay, on his first coming over, he mentioned this man to me as the genius of intrigue.

Our halevon days are already clouded: the tempest has again risen in Ireland. Yesterday's letters from thence say their Parliament is outrageous on a new Board erected there: they talk of sending a deputation of twenty-one members of the Commons to remonstrate to the King Lord Townshend has occasioned all these against it. troubles by the most extravagant behaviour. He lives with a carpenter and two more low fellows, and has written a satiric ballad on the chief men there, a mark of contempt that even money will not wipe out. The East Indies are going to be another spot of contention. Such a scene of tyranny and plunder has been opened as makes one shudder! The heaven-born hero2, Lord Clive, seems to be Plutus, the dæmon who does not give, but engrosses riches 3. is a letter from one of his associates to their Great Mogul, in which our Christian expresses himself with singular tenderness for the interests of the Mahometan religion! We are Spaniards in our lust for gold, and Dutch in our delicacy of obtaining it.

A terrible blow, which I have long foreseen, has fallen on Lord Hertford's family. His daughter-in-law 4, a most amiable and good young woman, is dead, and her husband half distracted for his loss. You will pity Lord Hertford's situation: his daughter, Lady Gertrude, was married to Lord Villiers on Monday morning, Lady Beauchamp died on Tuesday, and the Princess is to be buried on Saturday, for which, as Lord Chamberlain, he must give all the orders.

² Expression of Lord Chatham on Lord Clive. Walpole. ³ Clive disposed of the greater part

³ Clive disposed of the greater part of the charges brought against him

in a speech in the House of Lords.

4 Daughter of Lord Windsor, and first wife of Lord Beauchamp. Walpols.

I cannot certainly refuse, when you ask it, Patch inscribe the designs to me, and my replessened, as dedications are quite out of fashion, now is only to write the person's names and title I have none of the latter, and therefore the pass onaked, that I think he had better pick out as Lord Maccenas, who will be fond of the complime insists on me, who had rather pass eldest, somethmanner of the enclosed card is all that is not only but all that I can admit.

I am not proud of being a favourer of the a is better than Illustrissimos and Eccellensus. It to owe one's lustre only to an adjective; and I Inglese, because one may be a gentleman withou lord, as many are lords without being gentleme humility, you see, is errant pride yes, yes, we creatures, and all impostors; always studying world will think of us, though hourly expense us how little it does think of us. Who will the a moment's reflection on a dedication to me? comfort truly to have the letters of one's name a page that is turned over unread, in a hundre a set of prints! Yet this is a farthing's wort that many men covet! In there a clown who his initials on the leads of a church, who does himself, Exegi monumentum acre peremuna? 14 world, I laugh at myself, and you will laugh for this long monologue: pray do. There is litt in me but my invariable attachment to you lasted above thirty years, and I do not find that with age.

P.S. On reading over your letter again, I pe

⁵ A series of stehings after works of Fra Bartolosans

you cannot have written to my nephew, and therefore it is better to omit it.

I must add a codicil, I find.

Codneil, Feb. 14, 1772.

Mr. Croft could not rest, but went to Richmond yesterday very good-naturedly, and has settled all with your brother. Horace is to remain your proxy, and to be another Sir Horace, the only way I could bear his being so. Mr. Croft will tell you all himself on Tuesday.

Wish me joy: I have changed all my Roman medals of great brass, some of which were very fine, particularly a medaliuncino of Alexander Severus, which is unique, for the uniquest thing in the world, a silver bell for an inkstand, made by Benvenuto Cellini. It makes one believe all the extravagant encomiums he bestows on himself; indeed so does his Perseus*. Well, my bell is in the finest taste, and is swarmed by caterpillars, lizards, grasshoppers, flies, and masques, that you would take it for one of the plagues of Egypt. They are all in allissimo, nay, in outissimo relievo, and yet almost invisible but with a glass. Such foliage, such fruitage! In short, it is fit to keep company with my eagle and your Caligula can one say more?

1397. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, March 5, 1772.

I no not wonder you are impatient for Danish news, or that you mistake in what you say of their King. Absurd he has been enough; but in the late revolution he was as much a sacrifice as his Queen; and is in effect not less a prisoner. There is not only a dead silence observed here, but foreign courts are kept as much in the dark. All

A status in bronze in the Lappin before the Old Palace at Phorenes. Widpole.

I can collect is, that a knot of offended nobility have operated the change, headed by Rantzau¹, and two others, whose names I forget, and who never quit sight of the King; Rantzau even lying in his room. He signs, is forced to sign, every paper they offer to him, and I suppose is as roundly lectured as Charles II was by the Kirk in Scotland before the battle of Worcester. The Queen Dowager, besides that she and her son are both fools, is said to be very ambitious; but whether they have real influence or not, I do not know. The poor little Prince Royal², of whose legitimacy there can be no doubt, whatever there is of his sister's 3, is never mentioned, and I suppose will be set aside as well as his father, when the junto have found, or pretended to find, sufficient grounds for deposition: such are the blessed effects of despotism, even to the despots! When no resource but despair is left, the oppressors make much quicker work than can be done by the help of laws. Fifty Grand Signors have lost their heads for one Charles I, and he might have kept his, if he had not sultanized.

The Queen of Denmark, I am told, is to be dispatched to Norway⁴. I pity her! Her youth and inexperience could not suppose that she might not do anything, when she was told that she might do everything. How many dismal hours will she have for fruitless reflections! How she will curse those who misled her, far more guilty than those who confine her! They are wise princes who sacrifice their ministers, that seldom deserve better. Mr. Keith's spirit in behalf of the Queen has been rewarded. The red riband has been sent to him, though there was no vacancy,

LETTER 1897.—1 Shack Charles, Count of Bantzau-Ascheberg, who at first supported Struensee, and afterwards headed the conspiracy which overthrew him.

² Afterwards King as Frederick VI.
³ Louisa Augusta, afterwards married to Duke Frederick Charles II of Augustenburg.

⁴ This was a false report,

with orders to put it on directly himself, as there is no sovereign in Denmark to invest him with it.

We have another scene coming to light, of a black dye indeed. The groans of India have mounted to heaven, where the heaven-born General Lord Clive will certainly be disavowed. Oh, my dear Sir, we have outdone the Spaniards in Peru! They were at least butchers on a religious principle, however diabolical their zeal. We have murdered, deposed, plundered, usurped—nay, what think you of the famine in Bengal, in which three millions perished, being caused by a monopoly of the provisions, by the servants of the East India Company ? All this is come out, is coming out—unless the gold that inspired these horrors can quash them. Voltaire says, learning, arts, and philosophy have softened the manners of mankind: when tigers can read they may possibly grow tame—but man!

What shall I tell you to clear up your brow and make you smile again? Shall it be that Lord Chatham hunts and makes verses? He has written a copy to Garrick, in which he disclaims ambition. Recollect what I have said to you, that this world is a comedy to those who think, a tragedy to those who feel! This is the quintessence of all I have learnt in fifty years! Adieu!

1398. To Sin Honace Mann.

Arlington Street, March 27, 1772

THE Royal Marriago Bill is at last finished, after taking up near an hundred hours in the House of Commons,

Larren 1806. I by that Hill overy Prince or Prince the de-

chopt only the issue of Princesses married abroad, was prohibited from marrying until the age of twentyfive without the King's consent. After the age of twenty five, about the King's consent be retuent that

A The momentum brought against Clive and the servants of the East India Company were greatly exagging syntact.

It was near being wrecked at last, being carrie a majority of eighteen, while ten more, who we been against it, were accidentally shut out, not a division so soon. This is a mighty tumble first day of the session, when the opposition hup the game.

Never was a bill that gave more deep offence, mere speculation: the people did not interfere; a a matter of popularity to oppose it. Lord Manstiall the edium, and very deservedly, for no man a hand in drawing it, as ministers and lawyers Lord North, though disliking the bill, supporte a man; the rest treacherously condemning it, votus and wishing it might miscarry.

Lord North is likely to have the Duke of Saxe vacant Garter, the only one except my father's shone in the House of Commons since Queen El day.

If you want any more news, you must have Ireland, where there is a pretty substantial matter four thousand men, calling themselves Hearts. Whatever their hearts are, their heads are of gus Poor souls! they have had therough provocation, to starve, to be shot, or to be hanged. They are of Lord Donegal, driven off their lands because the not pay hard fines for renewing their leases hundred horse and infantry are marched again. We had better have wasted an hundred hour dressing these misfortunes, than in framing acts marriages!

and if within a year of such amnouncement both Houses of Parliament should not express their disapprobation of the intended marriage, it might then be lawfully

melantitiond (Manchespa, Majoraid, and 1962), see a Frankraich 181, Tracks Orethan; d. Magadi 10, 1882

It is confidently said that the Danish Hearts of Steel have assured us that the Queen's life shall not be touched,and this they reckon a favour. Struensee and Brandt 3 are probably by this time no more.

We had last Sunday a most violent storm of thunder and lightning. The latter entered by the wire of the bell into Lady Mary Fox's dressing-room in Cavendish Square, where she was with her husband, Lord Robert Spencer 5, and young Harry Conway. It melted the wire, fired the cornice, burned a chair, and damaged the floor. I cannot but think it was raised in a hot-house, by order of the Maccaronis, who will have everything before the season.

The House of Commons is going to tap the affairs of India, an endless labyrinth! We shall lose the East before we know half its history. It was easier to conquer it, than to know what to do with it. If you or the Pope can tell, pray give us your opinion.

1399. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, April 9, 1772.

It is uncommon for me to send you news of the Pretender. He has been married in Paris by proxy, to a Princess of Stolberg 1. All I can learn of her is, that she is a niece to a Princess of Salm, whom I knew there, without knowing any more of her. The new Pretendress is said to be but sixteen, and a Lutheran: I doubt the latter; if the former

³ Enevold von Brandt, formerly a royal page, and one of Struensee's associates. Brandt and Struensee's were beheaded on April 28, 1772. 4 Lady Mary Fitzpatrick (d. 1778),

eldest daughter of first Earl of Upper Ossory (and sister-in-law of Horace Walpole's correspondent, Anne Liddell, Countess of Upper Ossory); m. (1766) Hon. Stephen Fox, eldest son

of first Baron Holland, whom he succeeded in 1774.

⁵ Third son of third Duke of Marl-

borough; d. 1831. Letter 1399.—¹ Louisa Maximiliana, Princess of Stolberg (d. 1824), known after her marriage as Countess of Albany. She separated from her husband in 1780.

is true, I suppose they mean to carry on the bree way it began, by a spurious child. A Fitz-Preter excellent continuation of the patriarchal line. A says, when the royal family are prevented from it is a right time for the Stuarts to marry. To seems to explain the Pretender's disappearance last and though they sent him back from Paris, they dislike the propagation of thorns in our side.

I hear the credit of the French Chancellar decli

had strongly taken up the clergy; and Sceur Le King's Carmelite daughter, was the knot of the The new Parliament has dared to remonstrate a declaration obtained by the Chancellor for sett an arret of 1762, occasioned by the excommuni The Spanish and Neapolitan ministers is and pronounced the declaration an infringemen family compact: the arret of 1762 has been com satisfy them, and the Pope's authority, and everyt comes from Rome, except what regards the I (I do not know what that means), restrained. supported by D'Aiguillon and all the other minis are labouring the reconciliation of the Princes of t that the Chancellor may not have the honour of re Perhaps the Princess of Stolberg aprun Sister Louise's cell. The King has demande millions of the clergy: they consent to give ! shall see whether Madame Louise, on her knows, or du Barry, on her back, will fight the better fight. think the King's knees were more of an age for than for fighting.

The House of Commons is embarked on the Indian affairs, and will probably make a long I went thither the other day to hear Charles Fox, to a resolution I had made of never setting my i

It is strange how disuse makes one awkward: I felt a palpitation, as if I were going to speak there myself. The object answered: Fox's abilities are amazing at so very early a period, especially under the circumstances of such a dissolute life. He was just arrived from Newmarket, had sat up drinking all night, and had not been in bed. How such talents make one laugh at Tully's rules for an orator, and his indefatigable application. His laboured orations are puerile in comparison with this boy's manly We beat Rome in eloquence and extravagance, and Spain in avarice and cruelty; and, like both, we shall only serve to terrify schoolboys, and for lessons of morality! ' Here stood St. Stephen's Chapel; here young Catiline spoke; here was Lord Clive's diamond-house; this is Leadenhall Street, and this broken column was part of the nalace of a company of merchants who were sovereigns of Bengal! They starved millions in India by monopolies and plunder, and almost raised a famine at home by the luxury occasioned by their opulonce, and by that opulonce raising the prices of everything, till the poor could not purchase bread!' Conquest, usurpation, wealth, luxury, famine - one knows how little farther the genealogy has to go! If you like it better in Scripture phrase, here it is: Lord Chatham beget the East India Company; the East India Company beget Lord Clive; Lord Clive beget the Maccaronis, and they begot poverty; all the race are still living; just as Clodius was born before the death of Julius Cmaar. There is nothing more like than two ages that are very like; which is all that Rousseau means by saying, give him an account of any great metropolis, and he will furniell its fate ' Adiou!

1400. To Stu Honace Mann

Arlington fitreet, April 21

town, or to Newmarket, for the Faster heliday: Parliament will sit late on Indian affairs. There is committee appointed to examine into these grievance I expect nothing from it. People will be very easy very important at first. The criminals will pur weary them; the idle will grow tired with the disc and the persevering will probably be bribed to a perplex the pursuit. Should you wender if the guilty, who are the most rich, should obtain a verapplause!

We have a strong fleet preparing? that has a form appearance. The world destines it against Coper I hope it will not sail. I believe a Prussian army soon sail by land to Hanover, without waiting for a We conclude Struensee and Brandt executed, and seem to look but ill for the young Queen herself have been flying reports that she is dead, and too papers say she is recovered of two fits of the collection of the collection of the Prussian inhistor, behaved with insolence to the King the other day at the levee, la indecently at the Prussian minister on the King speaking to him. His wife is just arrived, but I been at court, nor is visited by the great laddes. I looks serious.

Larren 1400.—1 So in MS.

2 A squadron which had been ordered to sail for Copenhagen on Sir Robert Keith's informing the English ministers of the Danish proposal to banish Queen Caroline Matilda (whose sentence of divorce

from the King had been person Aged for 1779; to An Juthard. Wherety before 42 which the engageness was a war and the attraction of the set of t

The Pretender is certainly married to the Princess of Stolberg, whose youngest sister is the wife of the Marquis de la Jamaique, son of the Duke of Herwick; but I do not believe she is a Protestant, though I have heard from one who should know, General Redmond, an Irish officer in the French service, that the Protender himself alguted the Roman Catholic religion at Liego a few years ago, and that, on that account, the Irish Catholics no longer make him remittances. This would be some, and the only apology, but fear, for the l'ope's refusing him the title of King. What say you to this Protestantism? At Paris they call his income twenty-five thousand pounds sterling a year. His bride has nothing, but many quarters. The Cardinal of York's answer last year to the question of schither his brother was gone? in now explained; you told me, he replied, . Whither he should have gune a year sconer.

I am just going to the Opera to hear Milico, who sings to-night for the first time. I do not believe he will draw such audiences as Mademoiselle Heinel has done. The town has an idle notion that she made so much impression on a very high heart, that it is thought prudent to keep it out of her way. She is the most graceful figure in the world, with charming eyes, bewitching mouth, and lovely countenance; yet I do not think we shall see a Dame du Barri on this side the Channel. Adien!

P.S. I know Mr. Nicholla', and have a great regard for him. Pray tell him so, and show him so.

I have no reason to think my nephew * married.

A marrangumalant of Mr. theny then Massar's solition of theny's Works Walgeste Ban Norton Michaells of

^{1809;} Howton of Louisid and Bradwell in Buffolh

4 Probably Louis Cholmonicher

1401. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MASS

Strawberry Hill, M

I have given up to Mr. Stonhewer, as you d Sir, Mr. Gray's volume of MSS.¹, but shall be gla if you do not dislike it, to print some of the m He himself was to lend me the speech and let Thomas Wyat. At a leisure hour, would not it to you to draw up a little account of that post?

Dr. Brown has sent me a very civil letter of Gray's portrait. He speaks too of the book for their college, and that he was to receive I forget whether I troubled you with it or not.

I have selected for your use " such of Gray's will be intelligible without many notes; but the early letters have both wit and humour, they are so confined to private persons and stories, that : difficult, even by the help of a comment, to a interesting to the public. Some of the incidents have slipped out of my own memory; still there twenty of his juvenile letters that I think will will bring them with me when I make you a visit I have a great many more, to the very end of his they are grave, and chiefly relative to questions is on which I consulted him, or begged him to a libraries at Cambridge; there are some criticisms books and authors, either his own opinions or is mine. These are certainly not proper for prese tion: but I shall leave these and the rest behin none of them will diagrace him; which ought care, since it was so very much his own.

ve⁸ is in town, and has promised to pass a day a where I am continuing my immortal labours trable materials, painted glass, and carved wood the foundations of the chapel in the garden are a Monday. The state bedchamber advances will, I hope, be finished before my journey to in short, this old, old, very old castle, as his old Parr, is so near being perfect, that it will ready by the time I die to be improved with ; or to have the windows cut down to the me travelled lady.

apers tell me that Mr. Chambers, the architect, Williamized himself, by the desire as he says of f the Polar Star *, his brethren, who were angry suming his proper title, is going to publish a rnamental Gardening; that is, I suppose, conrden as a subject to be built upon. In that not interfere with your verses or my prose *; both use the happiest expression in the world

coldly declare him free.

or climate is so bad, that instead of filling our buildings, we ought rather to fill our buildings as the only way of enjoying the latter.

ended East is all the wind that blows;

afraid to rail at it, lest the rain should take my plaints, and come and drown us till the end was lamenting the weather to M. de Guines:

e by this Missig sof

Sweden in return for a gift of drawines.

i Falgrave (d. 1799), e asid Threshdeston, Fallow of Pesphrisha go. Ho was a frietid of officery as reasted a Knight

ings.

1 The Emplish Garden, of which the first book appeared in this year.

2 Probably the | Essay on Modern Gardening, printed at Strawberry littl in 1785.

the French Ambassador. He said, 'In England y nothing but the bad weather; I wonder you are not.' Yet one must have seen such a thing as apricould not have invented the idea. I can sweat formerly heard nightingales as I have been sitting very bow-window. If I was thirty years younger fancy they are gone because Phabe is gone; he certainly heard them long since my ballad-mak I hope your garden, which is not exposed to waywar but

will always flourish in immortal youth, advances a great pace; consider, you are to recor was when fashion and great lords shall have bross square enclosures, walls, terraces, and labyrinths, be told by the Le Nautre of the day, that their Lord invented a new taste; and will never know to the for though beautiful poems preserve themselves, by being read and known. Works of genius are Hermetic philosophers; none but adepts are as with their existence, yet certainly nothing is ever you may find in Mr. Wharton's new Life of Sir Pope, which has resuscitated more nothings, a nobodies, than Birch's Life of Tillotson or Louth's of Wykeham.

There has been a masquerade at the Pantheson, a so glorious a vision that I thought I was in the old I or in the Temples of Delphi or Ephesus, amidst a various nations, and that formerly

Panthoidea Euphorbus eram.

and did but recollect what I had seen. All the fri

1707), Binhop of Mr. Ibn: Binhop of Clafford, 1700

of London, 1777 87.

⁷ André Le Nêtre (1618-1700), landscape gardener.

B Thomas Warton.

P Robert Lowth or Louth (1710-

niches were edged with alternate lamps of green and purple glass, that shed a most heathen light, and the dome was illuminated by a heaven of oiled paper well painted with gods and goddesses. Mr. Wyat¹⁰, the architect, has so much taste, that I think he must be descended from Sir Thomas. Even Henry VIII had so much taste, that were he alive he would visit the Pantheon. Adieu! dear Sir.

Yours most sincerely,

HOR. WALPOLE.

1402. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, May 13, 1772.

You will receive, I hope, by yesterday's post a letter from your nephew Horace. He promised me to write, and I knew it would give you pleasure. So it will to hear of my negotiation with him, and the content I have had in him. One of the heralds, whom I had charged to give me the earliest notice of an Installation, brought me word last week that it was fixed for June, and that as the King was to defray the expense on account of his son, it would be very magnificent. I immediately wrote to your brother, desiring he would take on himself to make your excuses to Lord Rochford, and I offered to wait on your brother and settle all with him: for though I have not seen him since what passed in the autumn. and though we are, as it were, reconciled, I did not stick at punctilios when your service was concerned. He sent in great haste for your nephew, and sent him as fast to me, to prevent my visit, as he has the gout; I was rejoiced at the exchange, especially as I found Horace a most amiable young man: civil, sensible, rational, and good-natured. He does not at all taste the present knighthood, but yields with the best grace in the world to accommodate you.

10 James Wyatt; d. 1813.

As your brother is incapable of writing, he dedraw the letter to Lord Rochford, which I did occasion (speaking in your brother's name) to the hopes of the family. I had vast inclination the heir of the family, but I would not venture your brother, nor risk his refusing to adopt the However, I talked to Horace on the subject, which conceive there is any doubt of the entail, which to tell you. The hopes passed very well with your brother was written out for him by his dissigned it, and Lord Rochford received it with mess, and said he was perfectly satisfied before excuse. Still, as your brother disliked the person much, I thought it was right Lord Rochford at the objection came from him, not from you.

This has turned out very agreeably to mo. Yo in the best manner. I have been civil to your bragain acquainted with dear Gal's son; find hi better than he had been represented to me; see disposed towards you—and shall take care not of him again. He has promised to bring Lady with me at Strawberry Hill. She is now rea They have only one girl; have lost two boys have a third Horace.

I have little to say to you on my own Horaleft his name a single time at my door. My per as well as in all my Horaces, are disappoints may be quite satisfied that you are not the a coldness from me—but one cannot position as one's heir. I hinted at the marriage I mention his uncle of his own name. It was received a indifference, not to say distaste, that I shall a them no farther. The uncle is very fond of 1 do so much more than I can, that I shall not interfere, but let them please themselves.

We have nothing new, but what is no longer so, the Danish tragedy. It was on the point of being a very deep one. Had our fleet sailed, the North had been in arms. Luckily it did its business without stirring out of port. The Queen goes to Zell. Struensee is gone to David Rizzio!

May 14th.

I hear to day that the destination is changed, and that the Danish Queen does not go to Zell, but to the Goerde, a hunting-seat near Hanover². The yatch to convey her is to hoist the Danish flag as soon as she goes on board. I have heard from good authority too, that her husband has twice endeavoured to get to her. I do not wonder we maintain her royalty, for by what code can a divorce pass on a legal marriage without the consent of either party? Even your match-making and match-dissolving operator at Rome would not allow of such a sentence. Adieu³!

1403. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

MY DEAR LORD,

Thursday, May 14th, 1772.

original MS. in Horace Walpole's

handwriting is the following note:

I waited on you this morning, to learn your motions. There is an evil report of your thinking of the country—but sure you remember that I have a mortgage on you, and that you must pay it off before you can stir. I beg to know your plan, that I may obtain a day from you at Strawberry Hill before you go: and I cannot have the conscience, even for your sake and Strawberry's, to ask it before the east wind is rained away. As there is no wind-bow to ensure us

² The Queen went to the Göhrde till the castle of Celle was ready to receive her.

ceive her.

4 letter here is omitted.

that the world is not to be blown away, as there is to us against being drowned, it is impossible to tell w weather-cock will change its mind; but, wet or dry, insist on your promise, and flatter myself that La Lady Jersey will do me the same honour.

1404. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

|Kndormel

I am in such confusion, my dear Lord, that I do not what to say, but the truth. I had read Tuesday of Lordship's card instead of Monday, and never kn mistake until this instant. My servant asked me would have for dinner! I replied, 'I dine at Lord Number He said, 'I beg your pardon, Lord Numeham's eard yesterday; I thought your Honour had disengaged you I dined alone at home yesterday, and am shocked that I probably made your Lordship, Lady Numeham your company wait. You will possibly forgive me, be never see my own face again—nor will ever read again without spectacles. Consider what pleasure lost, and pity

Your mortified humble servant.

Hom. Wat

1405. To SIR EDWARD WALFOLE.

DEAR BROTHER,

Arlington Street, May 20

I am much obliged to you for the mark you hav me of your friendship in acquainting me with Lady

LETTER 1408.—1 Frances, daughter and heiress of Philip Twysden, Bishop of Raphoe; m. (1770) George Bussy Villiers, fourth Rarl of Jersey; d. 1821.

LETTER 1404.—1 Hen. Elisabeth Vernon (d. 1826), daughter of first Baron Vernous, m. 1176 Simon Harmonts, Vincouham, sidest non of first court, whom he successful

Larran 1406. Nest is printed from Last Journals Walpols, vol. i, pp. 186-18 marriage1; and I give you many thanks for the you do me in believing that I interest myself y in the welfare of all your children. h entirely out of the secret of the match, I never it, from the long conviction I have had of Lady avo's strict virtue and many excellent qualities; is accomplished, I hope in God it will prove as city to her as it is an honour to her and her family. have said this with the utmost truth, it would be e to affect much zeal and joy for the attainment ject which, at the beginning, I said all I could to her from pursuing, on the sincere belief that it likely to tend to her happiness. When I found chance of prevailing, I desisted; and, having no question her, I forbore all mention of the subject. sake I did not approve the connection; for my own take no part in it, without being sure of the . As both friendship for her and regard for my our dictated this conduct, I can neither repent it it. Your daughter, I think, has too nice a sense r herself to blame me; and the Duke of Gloucester, will not be sorry that his wife's relations (for it is o you to say that you have always been more about her character than her fortune) were innore afraid of any disgrace that might happen to they were ambitious of an honour so much above tensions. It is not to make my court that I say have no vanity to gratify; I have no wishes that natisfied before. I receive the honour done to the ith great respect for the royal person who confers

ith no pride for myself, having never aspired above

e this montreal received from Lady Wallegrave, take of this contex pronequalist me with their

marriage, which was in 1766. (Sir Edward Walpule to Horace Walpule, May 19, 1772, Istel Journals, vol. i. p. 97.)

the privacy of my situation. To you and to your of sincerely hope the event will prove a source happiness, and shall always be, with proper defer her, and with cordial good wishes for her and you Dear brother,

Yours most affectionately, Honaca Wa

Arlington Street, May 2

1406. To THE DUCHESS OF GLOVERSTEIN

MY DEAR MADAM,

It is very true what your father has told y I never was so struck with admiration of anything with your letter to him. It shows the grantions heart, of your understanding, and of your condu a greatness of mind that makes you worthy of your You will not think this flattery, for you know I capable of flattering you and it cannot be dear a compliment to your rank, when I approve, as I do ingly, your waiving it. The Duke of Gleacester ha a satisfaction that few princes taste the convict you married him from inclination, not from a I do not ask your pardon for having opposed that tion, because I did it from fearing it would not your happiness. Nor can I repent my conduct and since; you cannot disesteem me for it, and hi Highness cannot be serry to have found that he relations had too much honour to be proud ever favour to you till they were satisfied of your marria, Duke, I hear, is to have a leves on Thursday, as I w dare to take any liberty, and certainly would as lit any mark of veneration and gratitude to his Reval I after the honour he has done to the family, I went

Larren 1408, ... Not in C ; reprinted from Inst Journals Walpole, vol. i. pp. 104-5.

onsult him on what would be most proper for me aving never had the honour of being presented to Highness or of kissing his hand, it would be prein me to approach him without that testimony of at the same time, as the motives of my past e well known, my going through that ceremony would be a positive declaration of my being your marriage. Sir Edward is clear that such his time would be the most improper imaginable, pugnant to that amiable and wise moderation you ed, and he bid me tell you how wrong he thinks e for me to go to the Duke's levee. Let me beg ore, dear Madam, to acquaint his Royal Highness reasons why I am not one of the first to express and gratitude, together with my joy for his rel return. I have the utmost respect and attachis person, the more sincere as I have no views, on, no pride to gratify. My wishes are completely i your having acted as became the names you bore. sion of dignity without your excellent qualities ver have made me, so much as I am, either in r resignet

Your most obedient humble servant,

HORACE WALPOLE.

407. To the REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawberry Hill, May 25, 1772.

told Lord Hertford of the injurious manner in ur thoughts of resigning the chaplainship have resented in the newspapers, and of the obliging as you have used towards him in offering to give In is extremely sensible of your civility, and would thank you from him in the handsomest manner, and, as you permit him, will fill up your plass when you are willing to resign it. For myself, I asset you, dear Sir, that next to the pleasure I should have, it was in my power to do you service, the greatest satisfact it I can enjoy is to assist in delivering you from attendant on a court: a station below your sentiments and reset I have read Chambers's book? It is more extravages than the worst Chinese paper, and is written in we revenge against Brown?; the only surprising consequents is, that it is laughed at, and it is not likely to be adopted as I expected; for nothing is so tempting to fools, as active to deprave taste.

Lord Carlisle has written and printed some copies esf Ode on Gray's death. There is a real spirit of poetry iza but no invention; for it is only a description of them descriptions. There are also two epitaphs on Lady Carliss! dog, not bad, and a translation from Dante of the story Count Ugolino, which I like the best of the four piese Mrs. Scott', sister of Mrs. Montagu, has written a life-Agrippa d'Aubigne, no she has not written it, shes 1 extracted it from his own account, and no dentist at a # could draw a tooth with loss grace. It is only in a religial sense that she has made it a good book, for it seems a is very pious. There is a Mr. Jones too, whee has 1-1 lished imitations of Aziatic poets; but as Chambers's Yes; was advertised by the title of Genamental Gardening, in what of Oriental, I think Mr. Jones's is a blunder of thrental ornamental, for it is very flowery, and not at all Easterns.

LETTER 1407, - 1 Insertation on Oriental Oriental

a Lancelet Brown.

² Narah jil. 1796; ilaughter of Matthew Rebinson, of West Layton, Yorkshire; m. 1752; theorge Lewis Scott, mib-preceptor to the Prince of Wales (afterwards Change 111.

A William Jones (1740 2 % highted in 1790, created no.5) and finding of the High thices falcette, 1790 by Indied Evens remotetely chicago francistions from the Assiste I make

ly, I fancy Dr. Percy, has produced a dismal dull led *The Execution of Sir Charles Bawdin*, and or one of the Bristol poems, called Rowley's still worse counterfeit than those that were first e; it grows a hard case on our ancestors, who day bastards laid to them, five hundred or a rears after they are dead. Indeed, Mr. Macpheres so fair as to beget the fathers as well as the Adieu! dear Sir.

408. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Arlington Street, June 9, 1772.

teding paper was given me by a gentleman, who eter opinion of my bookhood than I deserve. The him no satisfaction, but told him I would get ade at Cambridge for the pieces he wants. If ive me any assistance in this chase, I am sure as it will be trouble enough, I will not make my ser.

Yours ever,

H. W.

1409. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, June 15, 1772.

ot you felt very hot to-day: are not you a little or have you no sympathy? While one Sir ann has been overwhelmed with ceremonies¹, ther quite at his ease and insensible? In short, been installed to-day; and your representative is this moment doing part of your honours to all

ritten by Chatterton.

08.—1 He wished for relative to the Order of

LETTER 1409.—1 At the Installation of Knights of the Bath. Sir Horace Mann the younger acted as his uncle's proxy.

the remaining town, at a magnificent ball that you knights your companions are giving at the Opera New Sir Horace has been quite kind to me, and proto accept as many tickets as I pleased: but I cobring myself to go into such a formal crowd in the weather, for it is the first summer we have had for and so I only took two tickets for younger port Pray, one Sir Horace, write very cordially to the Sir Horace, for he has really done everything with a grace in the world.

On Thursday there is to be a higher chapter, as North is to receive the Garter.

Colonel Heywood has sent me word of the lock coming, so I conclude it will be taken care of.

The papers have told you what is indeed no public, that the Duke of Gloucester, the very ever his return, allowed my niece to acquaint her father thave been married ever since September 1700. Ladv grave, which I think very prudent, does not take that title, but her father has shown the letter has much the copies of it have got about. For my own part, I hat all changed my sentiments from the event, be think her prudence to have been perfect. . . It is ever, a great satisfaction that her character is invulned it gives me much more pleasure that she has obtained the honour, which does not dazzle me at all

As the Parliament is risen, and everybody g going out of town, you cannot expect news. It is of vacation that my letters are forced to observe, friend Lord Cowper has done a noble set; he has a pension of two hundred pounds a year to an old fr

² Groom of the Bedelamber to the Duke of Glousester, Walpule.

^{*} New Treat Journals and 1.

* Half a line wilding and

his aunt, Lady Frances Elliot, who had left her but a bare thousand pounds: you cannot imagine how I admire him for it. Generosity is not the extravagance in fashion. Adieu! my dear Sir.

1410. TO THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

DEAR SIR,

Strawberry Hill, June 17, 1772.

You are a mine that answer beyond those of Peru. I have given the tressures you sent me to the gentleman from whom I had the queries. He is vastly obliged to you, and I am sure so am I, for the trouble you have given yourself—and therefore I am going to give you more. King Edward's Letters are printed; shall I keep them for you or send them, and how? I intend you four copies; shall you want more? Lord Ossory takes a hundred, and I have as many; but none will be sold.

I am out of materials for my press. I am thinking of printing some numbers of miscellaneous MSS, from my own and Mr. Gray's collections. If you have any among your stores that are historic, new, and curious, and like to have them printed, I shall be glad of them. Among Gray's are letters of Sir Thomas Wynt the elder. I am sure you must have a thousand hints about him. If you will send them to me, I will do you justice, as you will see I have in King Edward's Letters. Do you know anything of his son, the insurgent, in Queen Mary's reign?

I do not know whether it was not to Payne¹ the bookseller, but I am sure I gave somebody a very few notes to the British Typography. They are indeed of very little consequence.

I have got toolay, and am reading with entertainment, two vols. in octavo, the Lurs of Leland, Hearne, and Antony

Lurran 1410 - 1 Thomas Payne 1719 1759.

Wood. I do not know the author?, but he is of Oxford. I think you should add that of your friend Browne Willia?. There is a queer piece on Freemasonry in one of the volumes, said to be written, on very slender authority, by Henry VI, with notes by Mr. Locke a very seld conjunction! It says that arts were brought from the East by Peter Gower. As I am sure you will not find an account of this singular person in all your collections, be it known to you, that Peter Gower was commonly called Pythageras. I remember our newspapers insisting, that Thomas Kouli Khan' was an Irishman, and that his true name was Thomas Callaghan.

On reading over my letter, I find I am no sceptic, having affirmed no less than four times that I am neer. Though this is extremely awkward, I am need will not write my letter over again: so pray excuse or learn my tautology.

Yours over.

II W.

P.S. I had like to have forgotten the most obliging, and to me the most interesting part of your letter, your kind offer of coming hither. I accept it most gladly; but, for reasons I will tell you, wish it may be deferred a little. I am going to l'ark l'lace, then to Ampthill, and then to Goodwood; and the beginning of August to Wentworth Castle, so that I shall not be at all settled here till the end of the latter month. But I have a stronger reason. By that time will be finished a delightful chapel I am building in my garden, to contain the shrine of Caporcio, and the window with Henry III and his Queen. My new bedchamber will be finished too, which is now all

² Rev. Thomas Hushdenford (1783 -

^{*} Indiang Roof Rham become an Nadle Blade, Kong of Passia, 1990

⁸ Browne Willis (1883 1760), anti-

^{....}

d, besides, September is a quiet month; visits eceive are over, and the troublesome go to shoot If that time suits you, pray assure me I shall m first of September.

To the Hon. Henry Seymour Conway,

Strawberry Hill, Monday, June 22, 1772.

that I have had no dealings with Mr. Fordyce'; i ruined me, as he has half the world, I could away. I tired myself with walking on Friday : e on Saturday in my foot ; yesterday I kept my r o'clock, and my room all day -but, with self all over with bootikins, I have scarce had y foot awelled immediately, and today I am to the blueth and greenth; and though you id that I am paving the way to an excuse, all be able to be with you on Saturday. All excuse myself from is walking. I should er have the gout, if I had lost the use of my bims that have no legs, and do nothing but chins in a cloud and sing, are never out of cise is the worst thing in the world, and as

tion as gunpowder. o Mr. Fordyce, here is a passage ridiculously him, that I met with yesterday in the Letters n : 'Il n'y a pas long-temps qu'un auditour nommé Mons. Nivelle fit banqueroute : et iont, c'est helire depuis trois jours, un tresorier asuelles, nommé Sanson, en a fait autant ; et

ingituor its the little Die tynn, marit thomas.

Aloungelor Mier. thut if simty edbor tierin, fried, jes Misgland and Neutland Filmi Patin, 1801 1873), physician agreement was Joseph 1st, much must hear of positions until literary lurn wan fullowed by Letters first published in 1714,

pour vous montrer qu'il est vrai que res humanæ faciunt circulum, comme il a été autrefois dit par Plato et par Aristote, celui-là s'en retourne d'où il vient. Il est fils d'un paysan; il a été laquais de son premier métier, et aujourd'hui il n'est plus rien, sinon qu'il lui reste une assez belle femme '.'—I do not think I can find in Patin or Plato, nay, nor in Aristotle, though he wrote about everything, a parallel case to Charles Fox: there are advertised to be sold more annuities of his and his society, to the amount of five hundred thousand pounds a year! I wonder what he will do next, when he has sold the estates of all his friends!

I have been reading the most delightful book in the world, the Lives of Leland, Tom Hearne, and Antony Wood. The last's diary makes a thick volume in octavo. One entry is, 'This day old Joan began to make my bed.' the story of Leland is an examination of a Freemason, written by the hand of King Henry VI, with notes by Mr. Locke. Freemasonry, Henry VI, and Locke, make a strange heterogeneous olio: but that is not all. The respondent, who defends the mystery of masonry, says it was brought into Europe by the Venetians-he means the Phœnicians. -And who do you think propagated it? Why, one Peter Gore.—And who do you think that was ?—One Pythagoras, Pythagore.—I do not know whether it is not still more extraordinary, that this and the rest of the nonsense in that account made Mr. Locke determine to be a Freemason: so would I too, if I could expect to hear of more Peter Gores.

Pray tell Lady Lyttelton that I say she will certainly kill herself if she lets Lady Ailesbury drag her twice a day to feed the pheasants, and you make her climb cliffs and

³ Fordyce married in 1770 Lady She married secondly (in 1812) Sir Margaret Lindsay (d. 1814), second James Bland-Burges.

mountains. She has a tractability that her; and if she does not pluck up a spirit never to be put out of her own way, I do may be the consequence. I will come and ple of immovability. Take notice, I do not cyllable to Lady Ailesbury. She has not day here these two years. She is always ays she will come when you will fix a time, ned, and then puts it off whenever it is ill spure one single day from Park Place.

de were not as partial to their own Park

Yours ever.

Hor. WALFOLE.

Tuesday moun

letter last night; this morning I received wait till Sunday, as you bid me, which will nient for my gout, though not for other but I shall choy the superior, as nullum var et polagrar.

TO THE REV. WILLIAM COLK.

June 28, 1772.

ing into my chaise I received your packet, a only time to give you a themsand thanks, in six copies, and have left orders for Dr. i friends to see my house; but I fear it will dvantage; for my housekeeper is very ill, mly be a maid that can tell them nothing.

H. W.

Yours ever.

times printed the for them, afterwards the for the Post a tambridge phyfrom regional in the man

1413. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Stranberry Hill, July

It is true, you had forgot the list of maps, he received them in your postscript today, and as be in London to-morrow, I will give my bookself about them.

I am very sorry you are no little pleased we nephew. He certainly did not like the knighth was very desirous of pleasing you; and the less it, the more I think you are obliged to him. I have told you how much I was charmed with his be and to say the truth, if he had not been your nephew too, I believe we both should have had litt to be dissatisfied with him. Your brother and I upon the foot I could have wished; he taken all to avoid seeing me; but is otherwise very civil it shall remain for me.

Will you believe, in Italy, that one rascally travagant banker had brought Britannia, Queen Indies, to the precipies of bankruptcy! It is very to Fordyce is the name of the caitiff. He has be the bankers, and was very willing to have added to Mr. Croft to the list; but he begged to be excused him a farthing. He went on the same errand to Quaker; who said, 'Friend Fordyce, I have known persons ruined by two diec; but I will not be refour dice.'

As the fellow is a Scotchman, and as the Scogiven provocation even to the Hank of England, culating vast quantities of their own bank's notes clamour against that country is revived, and the carried very far, at least in the newspapers. This

even spirits, too, to the popular party in the City, who be covering some of the ground they had lost, and will the court in the election of sheriffs, which I think to be decided this morning: but, to say the truth, we little either of this matter, or of the history of the ers. Nay, I am not more au fait of Poland, where, say, their Imperial Russian and Prussian Majesties oing to make the royalty hereditary in the present is person and family, by dividing his dominions amongst selves. It is very kind, for as his relations were never to crowns, they might, no more than he, know how to a very heavy one. But what do you say to the affronts do to France, where this partition treaty was not even ed? How that formidable monarchy is fallen, de! It gives us brave time for playing the fool.

d so all the Pope's subterfuges cannot save the Jesuits! nks I wish the King of Spain would insist on our ssing our black militia too. The peace between the ans and Turks seems to be made, but I have never the of that war, since I found that Constantinople was be taken. You know I do not love piddling politics. In the peace but a vast revolution could revive my taste for

Indeed, Denmark is pretty well: Poland pretty—but can one care whether some thousand acres of ry, more or less, belong to the Grand Signior or the na? Good night.

3rd.

r more bankers are broken; and two men ruined by failures (which are computed to amount to four ms) shot themselves the day before yesterday! It is thought that Fordyce only advanced the crash, and t would have happened without his interference, for each bankers have been pursuing so deep a game mitting bills and drawing cash from hence, that the

Bank of England has been alarmed, and was to seize this opportunity of putting an end to so a traffic. In short, it has given a great shock to it will require some time to re-establish it.

1414. To the Rev. WHITAM MASS

Stramberry H 11 J.

Ir is with great pleasure, dear Sir, I see the tim of making you my visit. The first of August 1 my progress, or very near that day; but, as I do on macearonic wings, it is uncertain how long before I reach Aston; but you shall know by I may not keep you waiting. You must be a to tell me my road, and if there is anything i worth stopping to see I mean literally to ver not love guessing whether a lump in the ground British, or Saxon. Give me leave to consult you rest of my journey. From you I shall go to Lors and thence wish to make excursions to York Castle Howard, and Mr. Ardabaco Will you a map, and mark the distances ? Consider I am not young; and do not weigh what can be done, I can do.

Mr. Stonhower has not returned me the bead willing to hurry him, I have forferine to send for write to him, will you mention it? I have problem a Letters, and will bring you a copy. I begun a kind of Desiderate Curase?, and intendit in numbers, as I get materials; it is to be an I Foundlings; and though I shall not take in all

Lurran 1414. Ditailley Head, near Ripon, the near of William Aislable (d. 1781), M.P. for Rigness

Privilental center Miscelland as Independenterentalism appearant

Il be no inquiry into the nobility of the parents; I I care how heterogeneous the brats are.

ole tells me Dr. Brown has given him a print of y, and that it is very like, which rejoices me, and se more impatient for one.

a visitor just come in; you will lose nothing by it, not know a syllable worth telling you,

And am, dear Sir,

Yours most sincerely,
Hor. Walpole.

Strawberry Hill, July 7, 1772.

1415. To the Rev. William Cole.

you last week by the Cambridge Fly, that puts ray's Inn Lane, six copies of *K. Edward's Letters*, I forgot to direct their being left at Mr. Bentham's, the neglect perhaps you have not yet got them; I have been very blamable, while I thought I was reditious; and it was not till reading your letter at now that I discovered my carelessness. I have do f Dr. Glynn and Co.: but the housekeeper has receive them.

have given to the gentleman; and for the ha: I am going to work on the latter.

not yet seen Mr. Gray's print, but I am glad it is I expected Mr. Mason would have sent me one at I suppose he keeps it for me, as I shall call on my way to Lord Strafford's.

est 1, one of our brother antiquaries, is dead. He cy curious collection of old pictures, English coins,

415.-1 James West, M.P. for Boroughbridge, sometime Secre-Treasury.

English prints, and MSS., but he was so rich, for granted nothing will be sold. I could w family-pictures of Henry V and Henry VIII.

Foote, in his new comedy of The Nate b, has la Doctor Miller and our Society very deserved nonsensical discussion they had this winter about ton and his cat. I am not narry for it: few of fit for anything better than such researches.

Poor Mr. Granger has been very ill, but is covered; I intend to invite him to meet you in It is a party I shall be very impatient for , you sincerely I am,

Bear Sir.

Your oldiged and Humble ber Hore V

P.S. Pray tell me who the thirdinal was, who Ant. Wood says, Sir T. Wyat went to Date In my edition the column is 100, not 31, as in I have not Hearne's Language it. If there we a Hearne's notes relating to Sir Thomas, to so transcribe it.

1416. To the Rev. William Man

DEAR SIR,

"Handberry Hall, Ja

I answer your letter, as you had me, the moins it, though I can scarce write for laughing at a and her nurslings. I thank you a thousand t inestimable a present: I do not know where Lo

The Society of Antiquesies
LETTER 1410 - The Marquis of
Rockingham, from white Herace

nother bell that would purchase it. It makes me impatient to see the new poem that is cast in the mint.

have chalked me out a noble route, but I have not go to undertake so mighty a compass at once. I must s be at Lord Strafford's earlier than such a tour would I shall, therefore, set out on the third, go directly n, and wait on you afterwards, which will be soon our return from York. A bad inn terrifies me more my antiquity of art or nature can invite me, and o no tasto for crossing washes and rivers : one l look so silly to be drowned at my age, and to be by Charon, Qu'avois-tu à faire dans cette galère? I can up a few sights in a detached manner from Lord ord's, and the remainder I will consult with you at

nk you for the account of the picture painted by ort?. The print of Mr. Gray is the print of Mr. , that is, either Mr. Cole named one for the other. risunderstood him; one of those you was so good as me is framed, and installed in the chamber where writing; it is the blue room, where hang Mad. du d, Grammont, and Hamilton, company that will u the value I set on your portrait.

all bring you a copy of King Edward's Letters, and my edition of Grammont', if I can get Hamilton's rom the engraver; by that time too I shall have the umber of my Miscellaneous Antiquities ready. may in only a republication of some tilts and tourna-I have been at work on Sir Thomas Wyat's life. ix to his speech and letters, but it is not yet finished,

so if you know anything more about him than is in papers, and in Leland, and our old biographers, have ample room for it. Would it not be a pity to industrious a Caxton drowned? Mr. Cole has told somebody else, I forgot who it is, that is going to reold historians à la Hearne. This taste of digg antiquated relics flourishes abundantly, unless Foo

new piece blows us up. He has introduced the Society in Chancery Lane, sitting, as they really Whittington and his cat; and as I do not love answerable for any fooleries but my own, I think scratch my name out of their books. Oxford ha contributed to the mass the Lives of Leland, Hear Wood. In the latter's journal one of the most im entries is, 'This day old Joan began to make my bed.' a figure will this our Augustan age make; Garric logues, epilogues, and verses, Sir W. Chambers's Ga Dr. Nowel's sermon, Whittington and his cat, S Dalrymple's History, and the life of Henry II 6! a library of poetry, taste, good sense, veracity, and v ungrateful Shebbear! indolent Smollett! trifling J piddling Goldsmith! how little have they contrib the glory of a period in which all arts, all scien encouraged and rewarded. Guthrie buried his genius in a review, and Mallet died of the first effu 4 Dr. Thomas Nowell (1730-1801), Principal of St. Mary Hall, Oxford.

On Jan. 30, 1772 (the anniversary of the execution of Charles I), Dr. Nowell preached at St. Margaret's, Westminster, before the Speaker and several members of the House of Commons. In the sermon 'George III was compared to Charles I, the existing House was likened to the opponents of Charles, and the grievances of the subjects of both monarchs were declared illusory' (D.N.B.). A vote of thanks to the

preacher passed on Jan. Feb. 21, however, Thom shend suggested that the should be burned by the and on Feb. 25 the entry was expunged without a d ⁵ Sir John Dalrymple (1

fourth Baronet; in 1771 lished Memoirs of Great B Ireland from the Dissolut last Parliament of Charle the Sea Battle of La Hogn 6 By Lord Lyttelton.

his loyalty. The retrospect makes one melancholy, but Ossian has appeared, and were Paradise once more lost, we should not want an epic poem. Adieu! dear Sir.

Yours ever,

H.W.

1417. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, July 23, 1772.

I ought, I know, to have acknowledged sooner a letter of yours with very particular and kind advice, but I have waited to tell you that I have received the cassolette of Benvenuto Cellini, and in hopes of having something to fill a letter; but Benvenuto is still performing quarantine, and nothing has happened worth repeating; so, lest the delay should make you apprehend for the safety of your letter, I will no longer neglect to thank you for it, though I can no farther follow your advice than to be entirely a cipher in the affair. The part I have acted was dictated by the most scrupulous honour. I cannot repent it. I will not offer to atone for it. I may be hated, but I will not deserve to be despised. Honours I never sought; money I never valued; and if I did, I have what to my moderate wishes will always seem riches; and, what is more than all, I am fifty-five; is that an age to care for favour, or fear frowns?

I have executed your commission, but not at all in a way to satisfy me. The size of the maps you have fixed on is too small: there are none good that are not larger. I should be ashamed to send those I have got. For accounts of them, I do not know what to say more than maps say of themselves. Still I begged Mr. Conway, who is a great geographer, to assist me. He knows a General Loyd, still more an adept, and wrote to him for his assistance, but this person is out of town; so I will wait for farther directions. As to the price, unless the commission is

extended, the maps that answer the orders will conto a parcel of shillings. Let me know farther, an shall be punctually obeyed but foreigners not undering this country give strange commissions. Every is to be had here for money; but Italians have idea how dearly, and therefore I would not exceed w particular allowance. I shall give you, my dear Sir commissions in my turn. I want a print of the Prete new wife, if there is one, and of him, if a recon I much want Patch's caricatures that were added Masaccio, and a book of 150 views by one Mr. Step I saw them at Lord Ossory's lately, who says the n mad, and was much at your house. It is chiefly his prefixed to them that I wish for, as I am indefatigat collecting English portraits.

On reading your letter over again, I must say one more in answer to it. I did make a very proper exem my absence, and have rather reason to think it was disapproved. It remains no longer with me nor come to my turn, while another, who have a much purifically, has received no attention. No, my dear Sar, you allow me to sit with my arms folded and my month of Welley by the letter of the letter

We have had the only perfect summer 1 ever remed hot, fine, and still very warm, without a drop of rain, verdure suffers, and so do the poor cows, but I have f over so many deluges, that I cannot help enjoying haleyon days. They are indeed, in all senses, had Not a cloud even in the political sky, except a caper Lord Hillsborough, who is to quit his American because he will not reconcile himself to a plan of settle on the Ohio⁴, which all the world approves; but I si

think this exit will terminate in a single alteration, and that Lord Weymouth will return to the Cabinet.

I am going for a fortnight or three weeks into Yorkshire, and hope by my return to find your positive directions about the maps, and Benvenuto in Arlington Street.

1418. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Strawberry Hill, July 28, 1772.

I am anew obliged to you, as I am perpetually, for the notice you give me of another intended publication against me in the Archæologia, or Old Women's Logic. By your account, the author will add much credit to their Society! For my part, I shall take no notice of any of his handicrafts. However, as there seems to be a willingness to carp at me, and as gnats may on a sudden provoke one to give a slap, I choose to be at liberty to say what I think of the learned Society, and therefore have taken leave of them, having so good an occasion presented as their council on Whittington and his cat, and the ridicule that Foote has thrown on them. They are welcome to say anything on my writings, but that they are the works of a Fellow of so foolish a Society.

I am at work on the Life of Sir Thomas Wyat, but it does not please me, nor will it be entertaining, though you have contributed so many materials towards it. You must take one trouble more: it is to inquire and search for a book that I want extremely to see. It is called *The Pilgrim*, was written by William Thomas¹, who was executed in Q. Mary's time, but the book was printed under, and dedicated to, Edward VI. I have only an imperfect

LETTER 1418.—1 William Thomas (beheaded for treason in 1554), Clerk of the Council to Edward VI, and compiler of an Italian grammar and dictionary. The Pilgrim, which consists of a defence of Henry VIII, was published abroad in Italian in 1552.

memorandum of it, and cannot possibly recall to mind from whence I made it. All I think I remember is, that the lauk was in the King's library. I have sent to the Museum to inquire after it: but I cannot find it mentioned in America History of English Printers. Be so good as to ask all your antiquarian friends if they know such a work.

Amidst all your kindness, you have added one very disagreeable paragraph. I mean, your doubt about coming hither in September. Fear of a sore threat would be a reason for your never coming. It is one of the distempers in the world the least to be foreseen, and September, a dry month, one of the least likely months to bring it. I do not like your recurring to so very ill-founded an excuse, and positively will not accept it, unless you wish I should not be so much as I am,

Dear Sir.

Your most faithful Humble servant, Hon. WALFOLE.

1419. TO THE COUNTESS OF L'PPER CESSORY.

Arlington Street, Saturday, S in the evening of your problem day

Solution of solitudes! all is solitude. I am justly jum. ished, Madam, for leaving the most agreeable place in the world', and two and a half persons for whom I have the greatest regard, to come to a place where grass would great in the streets, if this summer it would grow anywhere. Even Lady Hertford is gone, and I suppose my Lady Townshend is on the wing. The former, I conclude, is at Wakefield races, for she does not return till Monday. In

LETTER 1419 .- Misplaced by C. thes Artes and Queens, July 7, 1000 amongst letters of January 1777. Assythill

short, I have repacked up my nightcap, and am hurrying to Strawberry, only staying to do you justice on myself, and sign my confession. I was as unlucky at Luton; I sent in a memorial, begging only to see the chapel—the lord was not at home, and admittance was denied.

As I do not take the St. James's Evening Post, nor think my own works worth twopence, pray send me, if there appears, any answer to Joeasta.

On my table I found a deprecation from the Secretary of the Antiquaries, but I intend to be obdurate. Having antiquarian follies enough of my own, I cannot participate of Whittington and his cat.

You may believe, Madam, that I cannot have heard any news, having seen no soul but my maid Mary. A million of thanks for all your goodness to me; I do not deserve it, and I would blush at it, if that was not too common a sacrifice with me to merit being laid on your altar.

NOBLE JEFFERY,

A PORM IN THE PRIMITIVE HTYLE,

RECMBELY INSCREBED

TO THE

MOST HONOCHABLE LADY ANNE, COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY, BY THOMAS TRUEMAN, GENT.

Jeffery was a noble wight,
I will tell you all his story;
It may chance to please you much,
If it happens not to here ye.

He was not extremely rich,
Though his birth was very great;
Yet he did for nothing want,
When he get a good estate.

Morano Walpule had recently left the Society. See letter to Cole of July 38, 1772.

Of good manners he the pink was, And so humble with the great, That he always stood uncover'd But when he put on his hat.

To his servants he was gentle, After his good father's fashion, And was never known to scold But when he was in a passion.

Bacchus was our hero's idol; And, my Lady, would you think it? He, to show his taste in wine, Thought the best way was to drink it.

Galen's sons he seldom dealt with, Having neither gout nor phthisic, Nor evacuations used But when he had taken physic.

More for pastime than for lucre Cards and dice would Jeffery use: Nor at either was unlucky, Unless it was his chance to lose.

A beautiful and virtuous lady Crown'd the bliss of Jeffery's life; And when he became her spouse, She also became his wife.

Five short years with her he pass'd: Had it been as much again, As she brought him children five, Perhaps she might have brought him ten.

Jeffery was extremely comely, Made exactly to a T; And no doubt had had no equal, Had there been no men but he.

Great and various were his talents; He could speak and could compose; And in verse had often written. But that he always wrote in prose.

In music few excell'd our Jeffery;
No man had a lighter finger;
And if he had but had a voice,
He would have made a charming singer.

In optics Jeffery had great knowledge, And could prove as clear as light That all diseases of the eyes Are very hurtful to the sight.

Jeffery's nurse had told his fortune; And it happen'd, as said she, That he would expire at land, If he did not die at sea.

At land he died the very day
On which deceas'd his loving wife:
And more I know, the day he died
Was the last day of all his life.

JEFFERY'S EPITAPH.

Here Jeffery lies, who all the dead surviv'd, And ne'er had died if he had never liv'd.

1420. To STR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Aug. 3, 1772.

CAN I help writing to you, my dear Sir, though I wrote but the other day? Benvenuto Cellini¹ is this moment arrived, but so fine, so beautiful, so Raffaelesque, that I am charmed and ashamed; all gratitude and confusion. Is this what you called an old battered meuble? It is in perfect preservation, and every god and goddess as celestial as if just dropped from heaven. You are too good and too magnificent: all I can do is to dedicate your offering in the chapel at Strawberry, which, by the way, is full of your

LETTER 1420.—1 'A fine silver trunk to hold perfumes, the top from Raphael's Judgement of Paris; the work of Benvenuto Cellini. Bought

out of the Great Duke's wardrobe; a present from Sir Horace Mann.' (Description of Strawberry Hill, p. 499.) presents. Your Caligula, your Castiglione s, your Capello, your &c., &c. I wonder I have not a red fa blushing-and then when I reflect that you hav mortified on my account !! but at least 1 was in of the guilt, and resent it as much as possible. I say more without being understood by others; but k my unalterable friendship for you, you may be sure never forget what happened.

I chanced to be in town to day, as I set out to me make a visit to Lord Strafford in Yorkshire, a very old too; for my old friends must give me great prov before I change. To say the truth, I had almost deof Benvenuto-however, he was brought by a ch from the Hôtel de ---- Et voile tout. So much the

The most ancient of our acquaintance is dead at his Princess Craon. She has been sitting ready dress death for some years. I mean, she was always full d and did nothing, nor saw anybody; but now and the of her old children or grandchildren.

The crack in credit is not stopped: two more I broke last wook; the lesser for two hundred and thousand pounds. There are some great Scotch to violent danger of becoming de très petits reigneurs.

In Denmark there seems to be another score to Rantzau, the active and estensible chief of the revel is sent away with a pension. The principal grown in not known, which implies insecurity, unless, as I le the Prussian is the soul of the compiracy. The enjoys herself in Hanover: her sister of Brunswic made her a visit. Shall you wonder if the Queen real in Copenhagen?

Duke of Gloucester, who had re-

fringel, für Hirraria Manin, 11 a Nor was I pleased with the at Phastes, by minerital (Laset Journale, May 1779, vol.

² Tobit burying the Dead, a pin- cently mostified the 10 ture by Benedetto Castiglisms.

We have had and have the *summercst* summer that I have known these hundred years. We had really begun to fancy that some comet had brushed us a little out of the sun's way.

Once more accept my thanks: I never can give you enough, and yet I can never be more than I always have been, yours most affectionately.

1421. To Grorge Augustus Selwyn.

DEAR GEORGE,

York, Aug. 12, 1772.

I love to please you when it is in my power, and how can I please you more than by commending Castle Howard'? for though it is not the house that Jack built, yet you love even the cow with the crumpledy horn, that feeds in the meadow that belongs to the house that Jack's grandfather Indeed, I can say with exact truth, that I never was so agreeably astonished in my days as with the first vision of the whole place. I had heard of Vanbrugh, and how Sir Thomas Robinson and he stood spitting and swearing at one another; nay, I had heard of glorious woods, and Lord Strafford alone had told me I should see one of the finest places in Yorkshire; but nobody, no, not votre partiglite, as Louis Quatorze would have called you, had informed me that I should at one view see a palace, a town, a fortified city, temples on high places, woods worthy of being each a metropolis of the Druids, vales connected to hills by other woods, the noblest lawn in the world fenced by half the horizon, and a mansoleum that would tempt one to be buried alive; in short, I have seen gigantic places before, but never a sublime one. For the house, Vanbrugh

LETTER 1431. Collated with copy of original in possession of Mr. H. B. Adam.

thorgo bolwyn had a great regard for the fifth land Carliale, the then owner of Castle Howard.

has even shown taste in its extent and cupolas, a mercifully remitted ponderosity. Sir Thomas's beautiful without, and, except in one or two spots, a bad effect, and I think, without much effort of or much expense, might be tolerably harmonized v rest. The spaces within are noble, and were wanted the hall being too small. Now I am got into the I must beg, when you are in it next, to read Lord C verses on Gray, and then write somewhere under the of Phaeton these lines, which I ought to have made pore, but did not till I was half-way back hither:

Carlisle, expunge the form of Phaeton; Assume the car, and grace it with thy own For Phaebus owns in thee no falling son.

Oh, George, were I such a poet as your frier possessed such a Parnasaus, I would instantly sera name out of the buttery-book of Almack's; be at ad eunden, among the Muses; and save every doit out in making a Helicon, and finishing my palace.

I found my Lord Northampton*: his name is picture, though they showed me his nephew Su portrait, who was much fatter, for his. There is a dwhole-length of Queen Mary, with all her folly in hand her hand, and a thousand other things, which to talk over with you. When you write to Fipa, pray Lord Carlisle for the great civilities I received there housekeeper showed me and told me everything, as was so kind as to fetch Rosette a basen of water, completed the conquest of my heart. Wine I was and fruit was heaped on me, and even dinner was ton in short, I never passed a day more to my content, wanted you, and I should have been as happy as I

² Henry Howard (1545–1614), Karl of Northampton.

^{*} Thomas Howard 15s first barl of buffolk



Frederick Howard, fifth Earl of Carliste From a painting by George Romney.

; you know my ecstasies when I am really pleased. end of next week I shall be in town, and hope to there, that I may satisfy both ourselves with etails.

I mentioned the attentions paid to me, I am ful to forget the sun, who was complaisance itself, ll day, gilt an hundred haycocks that were spread great lawn, and illuminated the mausoleum during er. And now, will you tell me that Lord Carlisle nearer related to him than some folks thought? tell you, this is much better authenticated than his p's priority to Howard of Corbie, in which you are n, and so good night.

Yours most cordially, HOR. WALPOLE.

1422. To the Rev. William Mason.

Aug. 24, 1772.

ULD be very ungrateful, dear Sir, after all your goodme, particularly for your kind request in asking an of my journey, if I did not immediately thank you your favours. My journey was as agreeable as it e after leaving so pleasant a place and such good y, and was attended by no accident, except an escape ing drowned in a torrent of whores and apprentices et races. I passed through Clumber and Thoresby and saw no one temptation to stop in either. Strawfound parched to the bone. It has rained for three nce, which has only brought down bushels of dead and advanced autumn without its change of hues. te me amends, I found my new bedchamber finished, etter to Mme. du Deffand of

Sceaux (the former residence of the Duchesse du Maine) is mentioned.

1775, where Walpole's devisiting the château of

and it is so charming that I have lost all envy Howard. The bed would become Chepatra on the or Venus if she was not past Cupid-hearing. In tru I must call it Sardanapalua's, who Margaret may breach of veracity, assure strangers lived still be than the Goths.

Pray remember what I am going to tell you ag find yourself en chapitre. Your church of York a estate given by Queen Philippa on the burial of William of Hatfield, and yet you have the conlet the poor Prince's tomb be tossed about without earth it can call its own 1! My compliments to Mr. to Argentile and Curan', &c.; may, to the old woman if you insist upon it.

Yours over.

H. Wa

Aslingt.

I happened to come hither today on huminon, Dr. Brown has called twice, and left me in his your names a Coastone' and a blood stone seal, wi belonged to Mr. Giny. You know how really I of them, and I thank you very much, but I am gt tressed how to thank Dr. Brown. He has not left a where he lodges, and I am impatient to express h I am obliged, of which I will beg you, dear Sir witness: I certainly would not neglect waiting directly, if I know where to find him. If I do n write to Cambridge,

LETTER 1422 - Prince William of Hatfield (d. 1344), governed non of Edward III. His other appears to linver beens placed in its steament tomition in the morth mists of York Minster through the exections of position mas even of a Mason and Walpele

FA ginn, if mebr hit given in Party a Richt me * A frame constitution of wate on drugs such a feeting nel a long t load, for N # 212

1423. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Strawberry Hill, Aug. 25, 1772.

I THANK you for your notices, dear Sir, and will deliver you from the trouble of any further pursuit of the *Peleryne* of Thomas: I have discovered him among the Cottonian MSS, in the Museum, and am to see him.

If Dr. Brown is returned to Cambridge, may I beg you to give him a thousand thanks for a present he left for me at my house, a Goa-stone and a seal, that belonged to Mr. Gray? I shall lay them up in my cabinet at Strawberry among my most valuables. Dr. Brown, however, was not quite kind to me, for he left no direction where I might find him in town, so that I could not wait on him, nor invite him to Strawberry Hill, as I much wished to do.

Do not these words invite him to Strawberry make your ears tingle? September is at hand, and you must have no sore throat. The new chapel in the garden is almost finished, and you must come to the dedication.

I have seen Lincoln and York, and, to say the truth, prefer the former in some respects. In truth, I was scandalized in the latter. William of Hatfield's tomb and figure is thrown aside into a hole; and yet the Chapter possess an estate that his mother gave them. I have charged Mr. Mason with my anathema, unless they do justice. I saw Roche Abbey', too, which is hid in such a venerable chasm, that you might lie concealed there even from a 'aquire-parson of the parish. Lord Scarborough, to whom it belongs, and who lives at next door, neglects it as much as if he was afraid of ghosts. I believe Montesine's cave lay in just such a solemn thicket, which is now so overgrown that, when one finds the spot, one can scarce find the ruins.

I forgot to tell you that in the screen of York Minster there are most curious statues of the kings of England, from the Conqueror to Henry VI, very singular, evidently by two different hands, the one better than the other, and most of them, I am persuaded, very authentic; Richard II, Henry III, and Henry V, I am sure are; and Henry IV, though unlike the common portrait at Hampton Court², in Herefordshire, the most singular and villainous countenance I ever saw. I intend to try to get them well engraved. That old fool, James I, is crowded in, in the place of Henry 6th, that was taken away to make room for this piece of flattery—for the Chapter did not slight live princes.

Yours ever, H. W.

1424. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Strawberry Hill, Aug. 28, 1772.

Your repentance is much more agreeable than your sin, and will cancel it whenever you please. Still I have a fellow-feeling for the indolence of age, and have myself been writing an excuse this instant for not accepting an invitation above threescore miles off. One's limbs, when they grow old, will not go anywhere when they do not like it. If yours should find themselves in a more pliant humour, you are always sure of being welcome here, let the fit of motion come when it will.

Pray what is become of that figure you mention of Henry VII¹, which the destroyers, not the builders, have rejected? and which the antiquaries, who know a man by

LETTER 1424.- 1 A statuette found

in one of the chapels of Ely Cathedral. Cole and other experts came to the conclusion that it represented Henry VII, but the Society of Antiquaries disagreed with them.

² Near Leominster, in Herefordshire, formerly the seat of the Coningsbys, and at this time in possession of their representative, Lady Frances Hanbury-Williams.

his crown better than by his face, have rejected likewise? The latter put me in mind of characters in comedies, in which a woman disguised in a man's habit, and whose features her very lover does not know, is immediately acknowledged by pulling off her hat, and letting down her hair, which her lover had never seen before. I should be glad to ask Dr. Milles if he thinks the crown of England was always made, like a quart pot, by Winchester measure? If Mr. Tyson has made a print from that little statue, I trust he will give me one; and if he, or Mr. Essex, or both, will accompany you hither, I shall be glad to see them.

At Buckden, in the Bishop's palace, I saw a print of Mrs. Newcome? I suppose the late mistress of St. John's. Can you tell me where I can produce one? Mind, I insist that you do not serve me as you have often done, and send me your own, if you have one. I seriously will not accept it, nor ever trust you again. On the staircase, in the same palace, there is a picture of two young men, in the manner of Vandyck, not at all ill done; do you know who they are, or does anybody? There is a worse picture in a large room, of some lads, which, too, the housemaid did not know?. Adicu! dear Sir.

Yours ever,

H. W.

1425. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Aug. 29, 1772.

Your letter arrived just time enough, my dear Sir, for me to deliver the maps I had got to Sir William Hamilton, who

"The t'heretries Meligices. A 'Thu grivitues our this abhievada of of Vandy, k, is of a Inihoof Florence and his broretary. The other, in a large room, of wome last, and damaged, belongs to the family of Roward, Earl of Stafford, the popula family." (Cole to Walpole, Cot. B.

I The wife of John Newtonie, Master of M. John's College, Cambridge, and Dean of Rechester. The write An English safe the Evidences of the Christian Religion

is on the point of returning to Naples, and as you expect soon the person they are designed for, the arrive early enough. Some of them are not in excondition, but they are the best I could get of the prescribed.

How can you speak so slightly of the fine che Benvenuto? It is most beautiful, and fitted upprettiest manner; nor do I at all perceive ill usage Mr. Chute, who is here, is delighted with it; and the in that the top is copied from a most scarce prin Raphael, by Marc Antonio, which Stosch procured found which is different from three others. The chapter of the chapter of the manufacture of the chapter of the manufacture of the chapter of th

It has been said in our newspapers that the Card York was dead; but your silence makes me cenclus not true, which is probable too by its being in our for they are absolutely nothing but magazines e blunders, scandal, virulence, and absurdity. Of true we have none at all at present. This very brief must, therefore, set out, ill provided as it is. W Poland are out of our reach, and the Turkish war e is like a Chancery suit, of which one just hears a term, and then it goes to sleep again. Common, events, like fine ornaments at a great height, will not so great a distance as we stand at.

1426. To THE DUCHESS OF GLOUCESTER.

HAVING long known, Madam, that your understanding is as good as your heart is excellent, I must believe that you have not changed a plan of conduct which I thought so right' without having still stronger reasons for what you have done. I am very happy to hear that, though forced to act impartially, his Majesty has softened his justice with kindness. It must be my prayer, as well as expectation, that your virtues will reconcile the King to you and ease his Royal Highness's mind of the only pang which, I flatter myself, you will ever occasion to him.

My wish is to pay my duty to you, Madam, immediately, and to the Duke, if I might be allowed that honour; but as I think that would be too great a liberty to take without his Royal Highness's permission, I must hope that the kind familiarity which you still show me, Madam, and which I burn to return, but restrain from a proper respect, will prescribe the conduct to me which his Royal Highness and you choose I should observe, and which may best express the regard with which I am his and your

Royal Highness's

Most faithful and most obodient Humble servant, HORACE WALPOLE.

1427. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 19, 1772

I am ashamed of having been so awkward about the direction, but in good truth I did not think it was necessary

Lerran 1420 Not in C , reprinted from Horaco Walpole's Last Josephille, with i the 11th the

notified his marriage to the King on Nept. 16, 1772 the day preceding that on which this letter was written.

The Duke of Oldseester formally

to specify what market-town of Parnassus you lives For the future, I will remember that a letter to Go Macdregs at Muxaduvad would in this age find it better than to Virgil, if he was living at Hampete shall go to town next week, and will consign Gray's as you order, to Mr. Fraser'. I need not say that the several things you will find it necessary to omit, and i though to any one that knew him and me they we charming, I question whether you will find more a very few proper for the public taste. That same tasto is the taste of the public, and it is a proquantity of no tastes, generally governed by som bad taste, that goes to the composition of a s and it is much botter to give them nothing, that they do not comprehend and which they courses misunderstand, because they will think they compr and which, therefore, must mistake. I do not whether it is not best that good writings should very late, for they who by being nearest in the nearest to understanding them, are also mearest t approhending. At a distant period such writin totally dark to most, but are clear to the only fo one should wish to enjoy them. It must be a comgreat authors to reflect that in time they will be read but by good judges.

Thank you for the new couplet. I have repeated myself forty times, and laughed as often; it is at I good as any of the rest. The papers, alas! will to that I am doomed to sojourn in Egypt, and mu cousins with Colonel Luttrell, who thinks it

The sweetest of all earthly things, To live with princes and to talk of kings*!

LETTER 1427,-- Under-Secretary vince.

of State for the Northern Pro- Alluding to the max

I am removing to the palace neither. No, I hear Mile Act is drawing up against us too3, but I have sang-froid, and bear my honours and disgraces I temper: yet the former are showered upon me. very day, Mr. Garrick, who had dropped me these rs, has been here by his own request, and told r how happy he was at the reconciliation. I did we had quarrelled, and so omitted being happy would not have been so much diverted as I was day, I believe. Mr. Granger lent me a book, etches and Characters of the most Eminent and Persons now Living, printed a year or two ago. er is mentioned, and said to be the only surviving late great minister. I was charmed with finding gh I have so often played the fool, I am still so as to be thought dead and gone. I will take care deceive the kind person, who scorns to disturb my propos to Mr. Granger, he is dying to have your l swears as much as he loves a print of anybody use it is a print of somebody, that he shall value your own sake, and because he admires you He has promised me an unique print, in return, Charles the First's chimney-sweeper, and I am sure not prevent my collection from being enriched with riosity.

e perfectly indifferent I hope about the revolution on 4, and do not care whether the poor people are res to the King or House of Lords.

nd to make a list of all that are going to shun me and squeeze my hand in private, assuring me how

trell's sister to the Duke

ke and Duchess of Glouforbidden to appear at Horace Walpole chose to

stay away also.

4 Gustavus III of Sweden had taken the whole administrative power, including that of taxation, into his own hands.

excessively glad they are of my niece's good fortune; and of all that will not squeeze my hand till they see me at St. James's again, and then pinch half my fingers off with protestations of their joy. I have gone through all this farce in the former part of my life, therefore the repetition will divert me the more. When my father fell, the good Bishop of Carlisle", my old friend, came to condole with me, and to express his fears that we should all go to the Tower, though he could scarce contain his button-mouth from smiling. Even then I had the happy carelessness to be indifferent to what was passing, and it grievously offended Sir John Barnard. I was sitting under him in the House of Commons: somebody asked me if I would go to Vauxhall one day in the next week- 'Vauxhall,' said I, 'bless me we are all going to Siberia.' Well! one can't help it if one's niece Dolgoruchi marries the Czar, but at least one is not liable to have the knout, if there is a change of decoration, I am not at all desirous that Kirgate" my printer should, as no doubt he would, say like Caxton of Earl Tiptoft (I had rather it had been Earl Rivers for the royal marriage sake 7), 'O good blessed Lord God! what grete lesse was it of that noble, vertuous, and well disposed Lord! The axe then did at one blow cut off more learning, than was left in the heads of all the surviving nobility.' I hope he would except my Lord Chancellor ", my Lord Rochford, and the Bishop of London ".

⁸ Charles Lyttelton; d. 1768,
⁸ Thomas Kirgate, Huraca Walpole's printer and secretary.

⁷ Rivers was brother of Elizabeth

Wysivill, wife of Released IV.
Henry Bathuret, Level Appley.

⁹ Michael Terrich.

1428. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 20, 1772.

There is an end of palliating, suppressing, or disbelieving: the marriage (my niece's marriage) is formally notified to the King by the Duke of Gloucester. Many symptoms had convinced me of late that so it would be. Last Wednesday night I received a letter signed Maria Gloucester, acquainting me the declaration had been made, and been received by his Majesty with grief, tenderness, and justice. I say justice, tout oncle as I am, for it would have been very unjust to the Duke of Cumberland to have made any other distinction between two brothers equally in fault, than what affection without overt acts cannot help making. This implies that the Duke of Gloucester must undergo the same prohibition as his brother did, which I am told is to be the case, though the step is not yet taken.

Having acted so rigorously while I could have any doubt of any sort left, it was but decent now to show that respect, nay gratitude, for so great an honour done to the family, which was due to the Prince, and still more to his honour and justice. I accordingly begged the Duchess to ask leave for me to kiss his Royal Highness's hand, which was immediately granted. I went directly to the Pavilions at Hampton Court, where they were, and the Duke received me with great goodness, even drawing an arm-chair for me himself when I refused to continue sitting by the Duchess. or even to sit at all. He entered into the detail of his reasons for declaring the marriage, which he know, by a former letter to the Duchess, I had approved their not publishing so far as her taking the title; and by something that dropped apropos to the title, I am persuaded that my having obstinately avoided all connection with him, had

been a principal cause of his anger, though I do not doubt but some who were averse to the marriage had said everything they could to the disadvantage of the family; and as I had shown most disapprobation of the connection, impressions against me naturally took the easiest root. Well, here ends my part of this history; I neither shall be, nor seek to be a favourite, and as little a counsellor. Were I to advise, it should be to submit themselves entirely to the King. A Prince of the blood, especially of a character so esteemed, may give great trouble, but whom do they hurt but their own family? The Duke of Cumberland was slighted by the opposition, because he married the sister of the man in England the most obnoxious to them. To them the Duke of Gloucester is a very different case, and they are not likely not to make the distinction; but I shall think the Duchess very ill-advised, if she does not dissuade everything that can displease the King. Her temper is warm, but she has an admirable understanding and a thousand virtues. You will be charmed, I am sure, with an instance of her modesty and humility?. She asked me if I did not approve her signing herself Maria Gloucester, and not simply Maria, in the royal style. 'I thought,' said she, 'it was ... to assume it, but... I recollected that Maria was once all the name I had any right to. I thought this . . .' We have another instance in our family, and I set it down as the most honourable alliance in the pedigree. The Dowager Lady Walpole³, you know, was a French stay-

LETTER 1428.—1 Colonel Luttrell.

² A passage in the MS. is here cancelled by a later hand. This sentence and the next can, however, still be read, besides the detached expressions printed above, which show that Walpole here related to Mann what is recorded in his Last Journals, vol. i. p. 136, under date of Sept. 16, 1772 (four days before the date of this

letter):—The Duchess 'asked me if I did not approve her signing Maria Gloucester, instead of simply Maria, in the royal style; for, said she, modestly, "there was a time when I had no right to any name but Maria." The Duchess was a natural daughter.

3 Mary Magdalen Lombard, wife of Horatio, first Lord Walpole, and maker's daughter. When Ambassadress in France, the Queen expressed surprise at her speaking so good French. Lady Walpole said she was a French woman. caise!' replied the Queen. 'Vous, Française, Madame! et de quelle famille?'-'D'aucune, Madame,' answered my aunt. Don't you think that aucune sounded greater than Montmorency would have done? One must have a great soul to be of the aucune or . . . families, which is not necessary, to be a Howard.

Don't trouble yourself any more about the head of Stephens; I have got one here. I will subscribe for anything of Mr. Patch's, but have very little taste for those gates 5; though the originals are fine. Jesses seem to me still less agreeable. Zoffany 6 is delightful in his real way, and introduces the furniture of a room with great propriety; but his talent is neither for rooms simply, nor portraits. He makes wretched pictures when he is serious. His talent is, to draw scenes in comedy, and there he beats the Flemish painters in their own way of detail. Butler, the author of Hudibras, might as well be employed to describe a solemn funeral, in which there was nothing ridiculous. This 7, however, is better than his going to draw naked savages, and be scalped, with that wild man Banks', who is poaching in every ocean for the fry of little islands that escaped the drag-net of Spain.

So they do not think at Rome that the Pretender is worthy to have his face engraved! And yet they wonder the King of Spain is not a bigot, when even the Pope himself does not pretend to be so. It is well for the world when there is a grain of honesty amongst the great umpires

brother of Sir Robert Walpole. Walpole.

Word erased in MS.

⁵ The gates of the Baptistery at Florence, of which Patch, assisted by F. Gregory, published a set of

etchings in 1774.

6 Johann Zoffany (1735-1810).

7 Zoffani went to Florence to paint a view of the Tribune. Walpole. 8 Sir Joseph Banks. Walpole.

of the earth. The King of Sweden is not quite so frank; he is taking oaths on the Bible that he means to keep the oath he is breaking! Truly, between him and the nobility. I am very neutral. Nobility harassed Poland, till they see it parcelled out as if a company of brokers had bought it at an auction; the brokers, however, would have paid the purchase-money; three or four righteous sovereigns are above such mechanic dealings! Oh, by how much is the only rational being " in the world the worst! Pions Maria Theresa! Humane Joseph, the father and the idol of his people! Catherine, the legislatress! Well, I vow I think Frederick of Prussia, who never protended to a single virtue, is the best of the set. He never had the impudence to dony that there is nothing he would not do. quarters Poland, deposes the Queen of Denmark, inspires the nobility to enslave their King, and prompts the King of Sweden to enslave nobility and people; and yet one must say for him that he does not go to church, and invite God to be of the plot. A highwayman is an honest fellow compared to a priest that poisons you in the Sacrament, Bloss us! bless us! who would not tremble to have power!

1429. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MANON

DEAR SIR,

Strawberry Hill, Oct. 13, 1772

I doubt you will have thought me very inattentive to your orders, but, alas! it is far from being my fault. I have been in my bed this fortnight with the gout in every limb, and have not the use of either hand or foot.

Were I at liberty, I fear I could be but of little use to your friend'. The acquaintance I had in the Parliament

Man. Watpole. LETTER 1429.—1 Francis Forrand Moore Foljambe (d. 1814), of Aldwarke, near Rotherham. Mason had

and mel feer letters of introduction for hitti to menin of Hotaca Walsola's Fromeh friends.

eft Paris, and are retired into the provinces. I have I and had not seen in my three last journeys the ophers and litterati; the house of Choiseul is disorbers and litterati; the house of Choiseul is disorber. The President Henault, where I used to supntly, is dead and the house broke up. In short, a no connection left at Paris but with my old blind and her society, which would not at all suit a young fithree-and-twenty. The best person to whom I could scommended him, the Duchesse d'Aiguillon, mother of ke, is lately dead, and I have no more friends at court, young gentleman goes into Italy I can be useful to the Florence and Naples, and will give him letters very willingly. I don't know whether anybody at a curiosity about your last letter but one, but of receive it till six days after it was dated.

Il not say any more, because I have no more to say, out my own sufferings, with which I do not wish to

I am, &c.

1430. To the Duchess of Gloccester.

Strawberry Hill, Oct. 27, 1772.

ask you extremely, my dear Madam, for your answer letter, and for the permission of concealing what is from the two persons in question, who, I am sure, suffer as much as I have done; but I had rather sything from my friends, and for my friends, than om the pain, and the world the pleasure, of know-

anybody.

King in his decision to forbid the court to those who suited her husbatel and herself. The account on Horse Wallede's adviced had refrancel from visiting the Duchass.

¹⁴⁸⁰ Not in C., reross Horaco Walpole's Loss and a pp. 188 9 attention to teneral. The Buchess invariant

I wish I had strength to add a few more explanations, Madam, that would be for your satisfaction, or was able to send you a letter, which, as far as my confused head can recollect, would be a better justification of the elder than all I have said; but I am not capable yet of searching for it, nor can employ anybody to look for it. I must, therefore, wait till I am better.

Indeed I am now so low and faint to-day that I must stop; and will take advantage, my dear Madam, of your late reproof for my too abundant coremony, though nothing can ever make me forget the respect I save to the Duke of Gloucester's wife no, not even the kindness of my niece,

I am, &c.

1431. To Sin Honack Mass.

Strawberry Holl, Nov. 4, 1772

It is so very long since I heard a word of you, my dear Sir, that I can almost fancy you have been laid up with the gout, as I have been. Yes, to day commences the sixth week of my confinement, clear confinement, almost to my bed, and strictly to my bedchamber. I have had this terrible illness in every limb and every point, and it is but to-day that I can say every symptom is mending; but how the comfort of recovery is absted by the reflection on the returns I must expect of the same complaint! To what satisfaction can one look forward, when one sees the gout peeping over happiness's shoulder, and threatening one with being of the party? This thought puts an end to all views; I resign myself to age and its proper mirro, retirement; and only propose to be so reasonable as neither to wish to live or die.

Being in a perfect solitude here, and meapable, from

weakness and languor, to see even my friends, you may conceive I can have nothing to tell you. The papers, my only informers, will have given you the whole history of Wilkes, of which I know not one tittle more. He was on the point of being Lord Mayor; and it would have been a phenomenon!

I have been told, I know not how truly, that there has been a revolution not only in the Czarina's Cabinet, but bedchamber; and that while her favourite Orloff¹ was making and breaking the peace with the Turks, a new Adonis or Hercules has supplanted him at St. Petersburgh. I have an opinion, that when violent systems once begin to be deranged, they do not last long; the present scene in the North is throughout so violent and unjust, that no reflecting being can be sorry for any catastrophe that befalls any of the principal actors.

The iniquities of our East India Company and its crew of monsters seem to be drawing towards a conclusion, at least to be falling on their own heads. They have involved themselves in such difficulties, that the Parliament is forced to meet earlier than was intended, in order to assist or correct them. Tisiphone, Alecto, and Megæra should correct them!

Are Lord Huntingdon and Mr. Nicholls still at Florence? You never say a word to me of the latter, who I thought likely to please you. Consider, we have not so many people left that we both know, that you need be sparing of naming those we can talk about. I am often going to ask you what remains there are of my Florentine acquaintance; but you never indulge my curiosity that way, though it would amuse me. Well.—Adieu.

LETTER 1431.—1 Gregory Orloff (1734-1788), Russian plenipotentiary at the Congress of the Turks and Russians held at Fokchani or Foc-

zani in the summer of 1772. In spite of reports to the contrary his favour with the Empress continued.

P.S. If Mr. Nicholls has not left you, he might bring me a parcel of my letters.

1432. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

DEAR SIR. Strawborry Hill, Nov. 1, 1772,

I did receive the print of Mrs. Newcome, for which I am extremely obliged to you, with a thousand other favours; and should certainly have thanked you for it long ago, but I was then, and am now, confined to my bed with the gout in every limb, and in almost every joint. I have not been out of my bedchamber these five weeks to-day, and last night the pain returned violently into one of my feet, so that I am now writing to you in a most uneasy posture, which will oblige me to be very short.

Your letter, which I suppose Mr. Essex left at my house in Arlington Street, was brought to me this morning. I am exceedingly sorry for his disappointment, and for his coming without writing first, in which case I might have prevented his journey. I do not know, even, whither to send to him, to tell him how impossible it is for me just now, in my present painful and helpless situation, to be of any use to him. I am so weak and faint, that I do not see even my nearest relations, and God knows how long it will be before I am able to bear company, much less application. I have some thoughts, as soon as I am able, of removing to Bath; so that I cannot guess when it will be in my power to consider duly Mr. Essex's plan with him. I shall undoubtedly, if ever I am capable of it, he ready to give him my advice, such as it is, or to look over his papers, and even to correct them, if his modesty thinks me more able to polish them than he is himself. At the same time, I must own, I think he will run too great a risk by the expense. The engravers in London are now arrived at such a pitch of exorbitant on, that, for my own part, I have laid aside all sof having a single plate more done.

Sir, pray tell Mr. Essex how concerned I am for this ce, and for the total impossibility I am under of im now. I can write no more, but shall be glad to m you on his return to Cambridge; and, when I am d, you may be assured how glad I shall be to talk over with him. I am his and

Your

Obliged humble servant, Hor. Walpole.

1433. To the Earl of Hardwicke.

[Strawberry Hill, Nov. 1772.]

VALFOLE has received Lord Hardwicke's commands in town what his mother always kept as the best of Sir R. Walpole, done when about forty. It is by Richardson in a green frock and hat, and the d landscape by Wootton. The most like print, in the Garter robes, was taken from this. At a is a very good one by Sir Godfrey Kneller. If ardwicke chooses that in Arlington Street to be t is very much at his Lordship's service.

1434. To the Rev. William Mason.

Strawberry Hill, Nov. 10, 1772.

In from the shipwreck of all my limbs recovered the shree fingers, I cannot employ them better than in g you for your kind letter and inquiry. Six weeks

1493. - Not in C.; now first printed from original in British

finish to-morrow, and I have not been yet out of my bedchamber, and little out of my bed, till lately, and in the middle of the day. The amendment is no slow, and so dispiriting, that I find it almost as difficult to recover of the recovery, as of the gout; but I will not talk of it, though I pay it off with thinking.

You will oblige me much with that print of Mr. Gray!. You may guess how much I have thought of him lately, and how I have been weighing a shorter life against pain!

I see nobody: I know nothing: I cannot amuse you, and will not tire you. The most pleasing thing that you could tell me, would be, that you had some thoughts of London. Adject!

1435. To THE DUCKESS OF GLODGESTER.

Strawberry Hill, Nov. 15, 1772.

That you have many enemies, my dear Madam, I do not doubt; your merit and fortune will raise you numbers of such in those who have not the former, and are given up to the pursuit of the latter. Lies will be the consequence, as your very merit will prevent them from hurting you, were they to speak nothing but truth. All I take the liberty to be seech of you is, not to lot your own honest warmth and sincerity add to the number. At least wait till you can make your resentment felt as well as known or, what is more like you, till it will be noble to forgive. You are now in a position in which your every word will be weighed and, if possible, misinterpreted. In this country nobady escapes; and you are capable of being hurt till the King and Duke are reconciled. I know how ready you are to bear anything for the Duke's sake, therefore for his sake bear ill nature;

LETTER 1484,—1 A proof of an unfinished print from Eckardt's pertrait of Gray. LETTER 1435 Not in C in printed from Hornes Walledo's faset Junrails, vol. i pp. 1861 1 and when your own virtue is so great as to be willing to waive the honours due to his wife rather than obstruct his Royal Highness's return to court, carry the sacrifice so much farther as not to let the malicious know you know them, since by that frankness you will what their claws in this only moment in which they can hurt his Royal Highness by keeping him from the King.

You will say it is very fine in me to preach, who am warm and imprudent, like you and your father; but that is the very reason, my dear Madam, why I do preach. I have felt the inconvenience of incautious anger, and wish my experience may all turn to your service.

That lies swarm in plenty I know by ancient and recent personal experience too. I was told two days ago that a lady said I had been the cause of the last full publication of your marriage, and that the King believed so. I did not youchsafe to make an answer. You know, Madam, better than anybody does or can, how true that assertion is, King has been told such a gross untruth, I shall certainly be one of the least proper persons in the world to convey to his Majesty what you wish he should be told of your selfdenial; yet it does you so much honour, it is such just gratitude to his Royal Highness, and I am so indifferent about myself, that I shall certainly take care your declaration shall be made known to his Majesty nor have I any doubt but Lord Hertford will be happy to be the messenger. He knows too well the King's affection for the Duke not to be sure he shall execute a welcome office by doing anything that may tend to a reconciliation between the royal brothers; and his letter, which I have already mentioned to you, Madam, and which I here enclose, will convince you Lord Hertford could not think for one moment that he should make his court to his Majesty by inflaming the difference between him and the Duke of Gloucoster. The letter, I give you my

honour and oath in the most solemn manner, is the genuine identic letter that I received at the time; nor has Lord Hertford the most distant idea or suspicion of what he was accused, or of my sending you his letter. I do both, in justice to him and myself, to prove to you, my dear Madam, that I would not put your interests into his hands if I were not thoroughly convinced of his zeal to obey you. He is now in Suffolk, or shooting in Norfolk with my excellent nephew. As soon as I am able to see him in town or here, which I have not yet done, I will not lose a moment. I will only beg you to return me his letter, because, though so strong a vindication of him, I am not sure he would like my showing it; but the goodness of my intention must justify me.

P.S. 21st. I wrote the above some days ago, but was in too much pain then, and for almost all the week since, to finish it; and as Lord Hertford was not in town, nor I able to go thither, there was no hurry. In my tedious and sleepless nights I have thought this matter over and over; and should the method you prescribe not succeed, I think there might be still more direct and more efficacious ways taken; but I know it does not become me to give advice, and therefore I can only show my zeal by implicit obedience, which you may always depend upon, my dear Madam, in

Your Royal Highness's most faithful humble servant.

H. W.

1436. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawberry Hill, Nov. 26, 1772.

THE papers, my only company at present, tell me that Elfrida¹ is brought upon the stage, and pleases exceedingly.

Theatre (without the author's consent) on Nov. 21, 1772.

¹ The Earl of Orford. LETTER 1436.—¹ A tragedy by Mason, produced at Covent Garden

I am rejoiced, and want to go and see it; but as I am not near being in a situation of going to plays, I trust I shall only wait to see it more agreeably; for you cannot be so unnatural a parent as not to come and see Miss Mason in her glory, and then I flatter myself you will let me accompany you. Nothing could make me in cold blood expose myself to that fiery trial. Yours was not so, for Elfrida's character was established long ago, and you have had none of the plague and anxiety; but I own I scarce conceive a greater pleasure than to see a dramatic work of one's own crowned with success, and be witness to it, provided it were well acted. Come, come, you must come and see it; do not deny yourself so lawful a pleasure and that you deserve to enjoy. I mend so slowly, that it seems to me that it will be supreme enjoyment to walk 'cross my own room.

1437. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

[Dec. 15, 1772.]

I HAVE had a relapse, and not been able to use my hand, or I should have lamented with you on the plunder of your prints by that Algerine hog ¹. I pity you, dear Sir, and feel for your awkwardness, that was struck dumb at his rapaciousness—the beast has no sort of taste neither—and in a twelvemonth will sell them again. I regret particularly one print, which I dare to say he seized, that I gave you, Gertrude More ²; I thought I had another, and had not; and, as you liked it, I never told you so. This Muley Moloch used to

LETTER 1437. — Undated; but Cole's note on it is as follows:—'No date, but postmark Dec. 15. I received it Wednesday, Dec. 16, 1772.'

as he had not, carried away one hundred and eighty-seven of Cole's most valuable engravings

¹ Joseph Gulston (1745-1786), print collector. Gulston came to see Cole's collection of prints, and on Cole's offering him such prints

most valuable engravings.

² Helen (1606–1633), great-grand-daughter of Sir Thomas More. In 1623 she took the name of Gertrude and entered a convent at Cambray.

buy books, and now sells them. He has hurt his fortune, and ruined himself, to have a collection, without any choice of what it should be composed. It is the most underbred swine I ever saw; but I did not know it was so ravenous. I wish you may get paid anyhow. You see by my writing how difficult it is to me, and therefore will excuse my being short.

Yours over,

H. W.

1438. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Dec. 39, 1772.

Upon my honour I will pack up my house at Strawberry Hill, and send it you, if you send me any more presents. Why, it is full of them, and belongs more to you than to me. Have you no mercy? Do you take me for an East Indian governor, that you give me lacks of precious things, and suppose I have no conscience. Consider, how ill I have been, and that upon a sick hed at least one begins to have scruples. I could not look round me, without hearing a qualm whisper, Restitution! I cannot carry all your curiosities along with me, and to leave them behind will but add to my regrets. Well! but I will not die though, till I have seen Donatello 1. After eleven weeks of suffering, I am come to town, and though rid of pain, cannot stir; consequently want amusement; Donatello will be a new plaything for an old child. Verily, I put myself in mind of Gay's sick fox, who, after preaching to his young kin against millicide, cries,

> But, hark! I hear a hen that clocks: Go-but he moderate in your food. A chicken, too, might do me good.

Latter 1488.—A bas-relief of St. in the chapel of Strawberry Hill John by Donatello, which was placed Walpels.

I am sorry to hear you know more of the gout than by what you have seen in your own family, and from my relation. The muscular pain in your breast came from cold that mixed with your disorder; I had it so violently for twenty-four hours, that I could only sit up double in Three spoonfuls of Sir Walter Raleigh's cordial. known by the learned name of Confectio Raleana, took it entirely away, and a coughing with it, that exhausted me more than my gout, in this very fit. Why will you not have the bootikins? Not that I think the gout in your feet, when it begins so late, will do you anything but good. and prolong your life. What physician have you had since poor Cocchi? Not that I think any physician will do you more good than the gout will do you harm. The consolation in this terrible disorder is, that it does not want a physician; and, if it did!

I am sorry you saw no more of Mrs. Pitt². She is the most amiable of beings, and the most to be pitied; her brutal half-mad husband, with whom she is still not out of love, and who has heaped on her every possible cruelty and provoking outrage, will not suffer her to see, or even hear from, one of her children. Of Lady Ligonier³ she has heard too much. Then, all her beauties and good nature are poisoned by deafness and danger of blindness. I cannot profess, ungrateful as I am, equal admiration for the other lady⁴, my ingenious friend, as you call her; a title I did not even know I was honoured with, and which I believe was assumed solely to make court to you. I will not call them pretensions, for there is a mixture of humility, but I own

² Penelope, only sister of Richard Atkins, and wife of George Pitt, afterwards Lord Rivers. She is mentioned in Mr. Walpole's Epistle to Eckardt, the painter, on the Beauties. Walpole.

³ Eldest daughter of George Pitt, divorced for adultery. Walpole.

⁴ Mrs. Ann Pitt, sister of Lord Chatham, and Privy Purse to Augusta, Princess of Wales. Walpole.

I think there is little more in that dame than an ambition of having pretensions. What do you think of physicians, when they prescribe the air of Rome?

We have no public news, but new horrors coming out overy day against our East India Company and their servants. The latter laid a tax on our Indian subjects, without the knowledge of the former. One article was twenty-fear thousand pounds a year yes to Mr. Sykes for his table yes, yes, and this appeared at the bar of the House of Commons from a witness he brought thither himself ex una disce omnes. Poor Indians! I fear they will be disaffected. Would you believe, I read that epithet the other day in a Portuguese relation of a mutiny among their negroes in the Brazila. Hacked, howed, lamed, mained, tortured, worked to death, poor Africans do not law their masters! Oh, Tyranny, thy name should henceforth be Impudence! I am sick of all northern profligacy, of the Czarina's murdors or amours; nor care whether she poisons Emperors or enriches her discarded lovers with provinces. I pity the Duchess of Parma*, who is not allowed to choose her own little creatures; and yet I forgive the King of Spain for persisting in rooting out the Jesuits, though he does not know why. A whirlwind brushes the air and clears it. I do not know whether the honours of Mantus will console Lord H. for those he idly forfeited here.

My niece of Gloucoster's pregnancy has been declared here. I am as little clear whether that will be of any advantage to her.

The Prince of Condé has made his peace. The Duke of Orléans is supposed to have a hankering the same way, but is retained by his son. The Chancellor and d'Aignillon

ingdon, Green of the bitch to George III, from which he was dismissed. Wolpole.

⁵ Maria Amelia, Archduchess of Austria, wife of Fordinand, Duke of Parma

⁶ Francis Hastings, Earl of Hunt-

are sworn foes; the mistress omnipotent. Some truth there was, I am assured by a person just returned from France, in the Prince of Conti's story. M. de Sartine, lieutenant de police, went with his officers to the Temple to search for libels: the Prince immediately stripped stark, and showed he had not a rag of paper about him. He told M. de Sartine that, knowing him for a man of honour, he would dispense with his stripping; he believed the other gentlemen were also men of honour, but not being acquainted with them, and having heard of officers of justice, who, being sent to houses of obnoxious persons to search for libels, had contrived to find libels which they had brought with them on purpose, he insisted on their stripping to the skin likewise, and when they had done so, he bade them go and search wherever they pleased. For my part, I did not expect so much cleverness from his Highness.

Adieu! my dear Signor *Donat*ello! It is a title I am sure you have purchased dearly. I shall grow afraid of Danaos et *Dona*ferentes: and the more you give me, the less I will be, yours ever.

P.S. I think I have received but one of the two letters you mention. I hope your new commissioner will be regular; but I must not complain when it is three months since I wrote myself. I never was so guilty—but the gout!

1439. To the Countess of Ailesbury.

Arlington Street, Dec. 29, 1772.

INDEED, Madam, I want you and Mr. Conway in town. Christmas has dispersed all my company, and left nothing but a loo-party or two. If all the fine days were not gone out of town, too, I should take the air in a morning; but

I am not yet nimble enough, like old Mrs. Nugent, ‡ out of a postchaise into an assembly.

You have a weful taste, my Lady, not to like Gower's bon mot. I am almost too indignant to & of a most amusing book in six volumes, called , Philosophique et Politique du Commerce des Deux Inda tells one everything in the world; how to mal quests, invasions, blunders, settlements, bankruptei tunes, &c.; tells you the natural and historical hes all nations; talks commerce, navigation, tea, coffee, mines, salt, spices; of the Portuguese, English, 1 Dutch, Danes, Spaniards, Arabs, caravans, Persians, In of Louis XIV and the King of Prussia; of La Hourd Dupleix, and Admiral Saunders; of rice, and woma dance naked; of carnels, ginghams, and muslin; of a of millions of livros, pounds, rupees, and cowries; cables and Circussian women; of law and the Missi and against all governments and religions. This and thing else is in the two first volumes. I cannot ca what is left for the four others. And all is so miss you learn forty new trades, and fifty new hister a single chapter. There is spirit, wit, and clearness if there were but less avoirdupois weight in it, it we the richest book in the world in materials but fire me are so many ciphers, and only put me in it children that say an hundred hundred hundred my However, it has made me learned enough to talk Mr. Sykos* and the secret committee , which is a anybody talks of at present, and yet Mademoiselle He

¹ By the Abbé (Inillaume Thomas François Raynal (d. 1798).

² Francis Sykes (d. 1994), M.P. for Shaftesbury, created a Bareset in 1781. He made a large fortuna in India as a servant of the East.

India Company. His mod a those of his colleagues had been the subject of impairing frame of Commons

^{* 1 (}post East Indiati affai)

arrived. This is all I know, and a great deal, too, considering I know nothing—and yet, were there either truth or lies, I should know them; for one hears everything in a sick-room. Good night both!

1440. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

Don't think you shall be kind to me every day, my dear Lord, and that I will never be grateful. I must thank you in detail, for the debt would otherwise be enormous. The print is valuable, your own etchings are more, your company most so. I have another little pain in one foot, so you see even my gratitude is interested,—but if you corrupt me is my venality quite criminal?

Yours most faithfully,

H. WALPOLE.

1441. To THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Arlington Street, Jan. 8, 1773.

In return to your very kind inquiries, dear Sir, I can let you know, that I am quite free from pain, and walk a little about my room, even without a stick; nay, have been four times to take the air in the Park. Indeed, after fourteen weeks, this is not saying much—but it is a worse reflection, that when one is subject to the gout, and far from young, one's worst account will probably be better than that after the next fit. I neither flatter myself on one hand, nor am impatient on the other—for will either do one any good? One must bear one's lot whatever it be.

I rejoice Mr. G.1 has justice, though he had no bowels.

LETTER 1440. — Not in C.; reprinted from Harcourt Papers, vol. viii. p. 95.

LETTER 1441.—I Mr. Gulston, who had pillaged Cole's prints, had sent Cole a present of books.

How Gertrude More escaped him I do not guess. It will be wrong to rob you of her, after she has come to you through so many hazards nor would I hear of it either, if you have a mind to keep her, or have not given up all thoughts of a collection since you have been visited by a Visigoth.

I am much more impatient to see Mr. Gray's print, than Mr. What-d'yo-call-him's answer to my Historic Houlds. He may have made himself very angry, but I doubt whether he will make me at all so. I love antiquities; but I scares ever knew an antiquary who knew how to write upon them. Their understandings seem as much in ruins as the things they describe. For the Antiquarian Society, I shall leave them in peace with Whittington and his cat. As my contempt for them has not, however, made me disgusted with what they do not understand, antiquities, I have published two numbers of Miscellanies, and they are very welcome to mumble them with their toothless gums. I want to send you these not their gums, but my pieces, and a Grammont, of which I have printed only an hundred copies, and which will be extremely scarce, for twenty-five copies are gone to France. Tell me how I shall convey them safely.

Another thing you must tell me, if you can, is, if you know anything ancient of the Freemasons. Governor Pownall⁸, a Whittingtonian, has a mind they should have been a corporation erected by the popes. As you see what a good creature I am, and return good for evil, I am engaged to pick up what I can for him, to support this system, in which I believe no more than in the Pope; and the work is to appear in a volume of the Society's pieces. I am very willing to oblige him; and turn my check, that they may

Robert Masters; his Remarks were printed in the Arrhaeologies.

Massachusetts, 1757 50; of Nouth Carolina, 1759-60. He belonged to the Boriety of Antiquaries

³ Thomas Pownall (1723-1805), M.P. for Tregony; Governor of

smite that also—Lord help them! I am sorry they are such numpsculls, that they make me almost think myself something!—but there are great authors enough to bring me to my senses again. Posterity, I fear, will class me with the writers of this age, or forget me with them, not rank me with any names that deserve remembrance. If I cannot survive the Milles's, the What-d'ye-call-him's, and the compilers of catalogues of topography, it would comfort me very little to confute them. I should be as little proud of success as if I had carried a contest for churchwarden.

Not being able to return to Strawberry Hill, where all my books and papers are, and my printer lying fallow, I want some short bits to print. Have you anything you wish printed? I can either print a few to amuse ourselves, or, if very curious, and not too dry, could make a third number of *Miscellaneous Antiquities*.

I am not in any eagerness to see Mr. What-d'ye-call-him's pamphlet against me; therefore pray give yourself no trouble to get it for me. The specimens I have seen of his writing take off all edge from curiosity. A print of Mr. Gray will be a real present. Would it not be dreadful to be commended by an age that had not taste enough to admire his Odes? Is not it too great a compliment to me to be abused, too? I am ashamed! Indeed our antiquaries ought to like me; I am but too much on a par with them. Does not Mr. Henshaw come to London? Is he a professor, or only a lover of engraving? If the former, and he were to settle in town, I would willingly lend him heads to copy.

Adieu! dear Sir. Believe me ever most faithfully yours, Hor. Walpole.

⁴ The son of a Cambridge gunsmith. By Horace Walpole's influ-Bartolozzi. He died in 1776.

1442. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Arlington Street, Jan. 9, 1773,

I want to send you my Grammont and two numbers of Miscellaneous Antiquities. How shall I convey them? The latter are published; of the other there are only a hundred copies printed, and as a quarter of the number is gone to France, you must take it as a great present. I do not say it was printed for my friends; who would have an hundred? all I meant was not to make my favourite book common. For the Antiquities, I care not whether the Critical Review, or Dr. Milles, dislikes them. There is, I heard yesterday, another man' who wrote about some college in Cambridge, that has printed a new pamphlet against my Richard III; it is to appear in the second volume of the Society's discoveries. I shall wait with patience to see it then or never.

I have been here about three weeks, but have not yet arrived at more than taking the air, when there is a morsel of sun. As I have been fifty-five years in town, I find it extremely telerable to see nothing but Piccadilly as I go to Hyde Park: you may comfort yourself, dear Sir, in your way too. If Mr. Colman has violated Elfrids, Mr. Garrick has cut out the scene of the grave-diggers in Hunlet. I hope he will be rewarded with a place in the French Academy. I was indeed surprised at that play being revived by so good a courtier.—The adulterous Queen of Denmark was certainly revived with great propriety just now. I suppose grave-diggers shock kings and queens more than the gallantries of their relations. O'Brien's Duel, translated from the Philosophe sans le sçavoir, was damned the first night. I saw the original at Paris when it was first acted, and

LETTER 1442,—1 Robert Masters, author of the History of Corpus Christi (or Bene't) College, Cambridge.

William O'lirien, the exactor.

8 By Michel Jean Sedaine (1719-1797).

though excessively touched with it, wondered how the audience came to have sense enough to taste it. I thought then it would not have succeeded here, the touches are so simple and delicate and natural. Accordingly it did not. I have been reading the translation, and cried over it heartily.

From Cambridge I am told there is a very good print of Gray, done by one Henshaw, as a companion to yours. Is it for your account of him? How does that work advance? You have forgot, but pray remember to send me one of your own prints for my friend Mr. Granger.

Lord Nuneham is come to town, and has been so good to visit my invalidity twice. What a meritorious pilgrimage it would be if you would too! I am perfectly reliques; I have nothing but dry bones left. You shall be rewarded with a shin-bone, which is of as much use to anybody as to the owner.

H. W.

P.S. You know to be sure why I am exceedingly disappointed.

1443. To THE EARL OF HARDWICKE.

My Lord,

I was in pain this morning and could not have the honour of answering your Lordship's letter. I am very sorry that it does not depend on me, without a breach of promise, to obey your Lordship's commands. You must allow me to explain the circumstances which prevent my indulging myself in the flattering pleasure of obedience when it would do me so much honour. There is an unfortunate page or two in my book, which would hurt a person now living,

LETTER 1448. - Not in C.; now first printed from original in British Museum.

though I thought I had guarded with the utm against any such case. My dread of offending relations of very indifferent artists has long obscompletion of the work, and has kept it back, the off for some time. The concern this accident ha not only made me determine to suppress my book period, but made me give my honour to a friend of interested, that I would not suffer a copy to go hands till that time.

Indeed, when I am well enough, I intend t article in question, and then your Lordship shacommand the first proof, which you see, at prenot at liberty to send you, though I am,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's Most obsdient

Humble mervs

Arlington Street, Jan. 21, 1778.

Hon. V

1444. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Jan

I wish I had received your last a few days so would have told you I was mending, though a had begun to take the air. It would have a hearing I have a little relapsed, and by the receive this I shall probably be airing again. expect much more yet awhile; four months, we yesterday, shatter such a frame as mine dreadfully of ten or twelve days throw it back a vast way, is returned into both feet, and a little into a I could rise neither yesterday nor to-day; but myself it is already going off, and will carry dregs that have set up for themselves. This is

for the present; but what a prospect, if distemper, as they say, prolongs life, instead of shortening it! Your specimen, I trust, will have that effect, and that great torture is not a necessary ingredient of living.

To the latter part of my imprisonment I am very well reconciled: I have had a great deal of company. Fine young ladies, the finest and youngest, have made it the fashion to visit me; and, as old ladies never fail to go after the young, I have wanted neither sort, so that I have had a constant circle, without living in a crowd, as everybody else does. It suits my age, and the gravity I ought to have by this time, but which my spirits resist, as they have done my illness.

Though people that sit at home hear all current news, true or false, I have none to tell you. The Parliament has nothing to do, or does nothing, for want of an opposition; as if ministers acted out of contradiction, like their antagonists. There are, indeed, bankruptcies, that shake almost our foundations; there is an eastern empire to be settled, governed, or held in commendam; and there is a little war, and not a little tyranny, at St. Vincent's 1; but none of them will give the Parliament a quarter of the trouble that a turnpike bill has often done. A few bankrupts have hanged themselves; we, I doubt, shall have hanged many more Caribbees; and we shall not hang the East India Company and their servants, who richly deserve it. So will end the lesson of this year, though it is but just begun.

Your brother knight and minister, Sir James Gray, is dead. He had a stroke of an apoplexy at court, was carried

LETTER 1444.—I The Caribs of St. Vincent refused either to acknowledge the sovereignty of Great Britain, or to give up their lands for the benefit of British planters. An expedition was sent for the purpose of subduing them, or if that

proved impossible, of deporting them. The affair ended in a compromise, by which the Caribs took the oath of allegiance to Great Britain and ceded a tract of land to the Crown, On the English side, the deportation scheme was given up.

home, and died the next morning. You may see news, when I acquaint you with what the newspar you a fortnight ago. It is time to finish, lest I shoul you of some event in last year's historical register.

1445. To the Countess of Upper Ossoi

Arlington Street, Jan. 2

Proud I am indeed, Madam, when such lines as m a coarse, ugly, bulbous root, can produce such flowers to the honour of being your lover, what glory can to that of being your Apollo? You have explaine that old story of his turning his mistress into a law the devil is in it if I have not as good a title to a cl it as he had. Well, methinks, it is ten times more co to wear a garland stripped from one's lady's own than to dress oneself up in honour of one's own self verses are charming, delightful; write on, write on, you shall have two dozen bottles of Aganippe by coach. I am going to be speak a side-saddle for Pegas the moment I am able to dress, that is, undress, like you may depend on my appearing to you in a dream the Apollo Belvedere as two peas; so pray don't to lay your next poem to Lord Ossory, for it will no Mr. Crawfurd came in and read your verses two

great admiration. They are natural, easy, and ger am charmed to be your Phaon, as well as your and sacrifice all my beauties to you, tutte quanter not think I should stoop to even an affaire passage Melpomene, but alas! I, to talk of beauties! who been out of my bed till to-day since Tuesday nig The gout returned the Friday before into six pla I have lain flowing through bootikins, and dissolv a Jupiter Pluvius; but you shall not be tired, Mada

etails—especially as I doubt they would compose a erable part of my poor remainder!

tter myself I shall see Lord Ossory to-morrow. you back any news, he must make it, for none grows There is a new opera that pretends to be liked, and quently is crowded to excess. Lord Holdernesse gives Lemachus a ball on Wednesday, and the ladies give elves another the same night at their club. This is who hear everything by seeing everybody, can tell Who Fatima la questionneuse is, I do not guess. One few on whom I have not set eyes is Mr. Fitzpatrick; s he wrote my epitaph, he probably thinks I am dead. ad forgotten—there is a book you will see, that makes atends to make noise enough. It calls itself Letters to Mansfield. It is no panegyric: it is not written by es. Lord Bristol could not behave to my Lord Chief e with more decorum; Mr. Dyson twist and turn, and e him with more subtlety; nor the gentle Serjeanton, Mr. Hawkins, soothe him to have his legs and cut off, or persuade him only to allow him to extract eart, and rinse it and put it back, with more delicacy. tender intercourse is penned by Mr. Andrew Stewart: not yet published, but the Duchess of Bedford, who had copies, gave me one, and I have perused it with much ation: indeed it is admirable, and it must be confessed a Scot dissects a Scot with ten times more address than chill and Junius. They know each other's sore places

Tuesday, half an hour after three.

news of Lord Ossory: at least, none for me. If he rived, he will dine with Maccaroons, and be hurried the tide to Mademoiselle Heinel.

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TER 1445.—1 The Prince of Wales, to whom Lord Holdernesse was

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the Apollo Belvedere as two peas; so pray don' to lay your next poem to Lord Ossory, for it will n the details—especially as I doubt they would compose a considerable part of my poor remainder!

I flatter myself I shall see Lord Ossory to-morrow. If he carries you back any news, he must make it, for none grows here. There is a new opera that pretends to be liked, and consequently is crowded to excess. Lord Holdernesse gives his Telemachus¹ a ball on Wednesday, and the ladies give themselves another the same night at their club. This is all I, who hear everything by seeing everybody, can tell you. Who Fatima la questionneuse is, I do not guess. One of the few on whom I have not set eyes is Mr. Fitzpatrick; but, as he wrote my epitaph, he probably thinks I am dead.

I had forgotten—there is a book you will see, that makes and intends to make noise enough. It calls itself Letters to Lord Mansfield. It is no panegyric: it is not written by Wilkes. Lord Bristol could not behave to my Lord Chief Justice with more decorum: Mr. Dyson twist and turn, and torture him with more subtlety; nor the gentle Serjeant-Surgeon, Mr. Hawkins, soothe him to have his legs and arms cut off, or persuade him only to allow him to extract his heart, and rinse it and put it back, with more delicacy. This tender intercourse is penned by Mr. Andrew Stewart: it is not yet published, but the Duchess of Bedford, who had two copies, gave me one, and I have perused it with much edification: indeed it is admirable, and it must be confessed that a Scot dissects a Scot with ten times more address than Churchill and Junius. They know each other's sore places better than we do.

Tuesday, half an hour after three.

No news of Lord Ossory: at least, none for me. If he is arrived, he will dine with Maccaroons, and be hurried with the tide to Mademoiselle Heinel.

LETTER 1445.—1 The Prince of Wales, to whom Lord Holdernesse was

Well! there is no reason, because the husband does not come near me, that I should not thank the wife for her dear poetry. Can I have a better opportunity than when he is running after a dancer?

Let him be charmed with her many-twinkling feet, I declare I would erect a statue of your Ladyship, like a tenth Muse, if unfortunately you would not be obliged to be only the eleventh, for I hear Lord Bute has lately bricked up an old statue of one Mrs. Hutchins, a friend of Mr. Heron 2, which he found in the garden at Luton, and bedizened it with a coronet and emblems proper to one of the nine ladies, your predecessors, in honour of—— Oh! I do not guess whom—yes, yes, I do; to be sure, in memory of his mother-in-law, Lady Mary Wortley; but what a strange creature I am, to have forgot scolding for your not finishing your verses. I declare I will print my fragments of living authors. Pray don't let me be one of the points in which you resemble Sappho, if you have a mind that people should say so of me,

'Blest as the immortal Gods is he 3,' who has the honour of being your Ladyship's devoted

Phaon the Second.

P.S. Pray remember that, as King Rhoderic turned his harp into a harpsichord, you must convert your guitar into a lyre.

1446. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Arlington Street, Feb. 1, 1778.

I have received and thank you much, dear Sir, for the print of Gray and the two Indian paintings. Pray tell me

² Francis Heron or Herne, from whom Lord Bute bought Luton Hoo.

³ The first line of Ambrose Philips' translation of a fragment by Sappho. See *Spectator*, No. 229.

more about the latter: the Minerva is very curious, and both are prettily painted. I am sorry they are inseparable, like Indamora and Lindamira. You would have been thanked sooner, but I have had a relapse and kept my bed five days, nor can yet put on a shoe again. Mr. Garrick, who has had both stone and gout, is still Ranger¹, and dances a country dance! I do not envy his performances, but his capabilities.

I agree with you heartily about Lord Nuneham; nor know anything so comfortable as one that talks and thinks just as one likes; which I find a greater rarity than any print or picture in my collection, and to my sorrow I observe that the rareness increases every day; though, unlike other curiosities, they are not to be bought. Your Elfrida, Mrs. Hartley², I am told, is the most perfect beauty that was ever seen. I can neither go to see Mrs. Hartley, nor Elfrida; but as I can read, I long for any of Elfrida's relations.

Have you heard of Mr. Andrew Stewart's Letters to Lord Mansfield? They will inform you how abominable abuse is, and how you may tear a man limb from limb with the greatest good breeding. Alas! we are barbarians and know nothing of these refinements.

Yours ever.

1447. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Arlington Street, Feb. 4, 1778.

This pretends to be at most but half a letter, and indeed is little more than a cover to Lauragais's epistle to Bottarelli, which your Ladyship ordered me to send; and replies to a few questions I omitted. Fashionable as I am,

LETTER 1446.—3 In Hoadley's Suspictions Husband. 2 Mrs. Elizabeth Hartley (1751and charming, my attractions are not great enough Miss Pelham hither. I should neither flatter h her, and anything is insipid to her that does not temper ferment. On the other hand, I keep # company, that I shall take care not to scandalize your Ladyship's profane conundrums. I have guessed. I have not seen Lady Craven's poetry thing of Lady Jane and her Dutch . I have L's' what shall I call it? in which he sa livered Lord Townshend's message exactly, but public will be so good as to believe he delivered Lord Charlemont, whom I have just seen, has fidence in Lord Bellamont's recovery, though not yet discovered where the ball is lodged. Th of my nephew are much more favourable, and he does not always want his reason. The wer bitter that I must not dare to recover, -indeed, I keep myself warm on the hearth where I sit, and beg to be dismissed.

Impren 1447, 3 Lady Elizabeth Berkeley (d. 1828), second daughter of fourth Earl of Berkeley; m. 1. (1767) William Craven, sixth Baron Craven (from whom she was some rated in 1780, and who deal in 1761; 2. (1791) Christian Charles Frederick Alexander, Margrave of Anspach, with whom she took up her absole during Lard Cravon's lifetime. Lady Craven travelled, after her separation from Lord Craven, in eastern Europe, and published an account of a Journey through the Crimes to Constantinople. Blue also wrote plays, One of these, The Bloop walker, adapted from the French, was printed at Strawberry Hill, She was an occasional correspondent of Horace

Walmile.

2 Lady Jane Scott, 5 Ma lance on 1 Mile Dutch friends of Lady are impositly month Letters and Journals of Coke, the latter was of Mine, do theyestin was an intrigue with the I center.

* Lord Ligonier, by Townshend had sont the Earl of Bollamont his quarrel with the la * Charles Costs (17)

Earl of Bellamont. He in a dust with Israt To

"The Earl of Orfebeen attacked by ineas

1448. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Arlington Street, Feb. 11, 1773.

How can you write when the hands are numbed and the eyes put out? Alas! Madam, you would have wanted many a sheet of nonsense if I could not write like Buckinger. without hands, feet, and move without eyes. I have had a violent cold, that put out the latter, and has brought the gout, not only back into both feet, but into my cheek, which has kept me awake, and has now, as the gout could not make me leaner, made half of my face much fatter. In short, here I am, going into my twentieth week, and in pain from head to foot, though not more than is amusing -at least I bear it with so much tranquillity, that I cannot conceive why they make such a rout about Job's patience; but saints are so much flattered and cuddled, that a poor sinner with twenty more virtues cannot obtain a good word. I declare I have behaved with more good humour for these five months, than half the canting martyrs in the Rubric: and then comes my good Lady Ossory, and as provoking as Madam Job herself, tells me I am not so patient as herself. By Jove! as my Lord Hertford says, for fear of swearing. but no nothing shall spoil my temper. Stay, stay, you talk of solitude: can solitude pet one like folks one is forced to lot in?

If it had not been for a fit of laughing, I really should have lost my sang-froid t'other morning. My Phœnician, Irish, antiquarian friend kept me two hours with a new system of the Mosaic creation, which he has discovered to be the true meaning of the Book of Genesis. He told me this world had originally been all mud, and was inhabited by a set of animals proper to such a quagmire; that it was the natural progress of things, and that there were many

orbs round the sun now changing from water to 'Lord!' said I, a little fired, 'why you talk as if the several worlds hung out to dry.' Instead of being he replied gravely, and glad to find I was so apt a Just that,—no, I own, I could then keep my counter longer, and so resumed the empire of my temper.

But, Madam,

To cut things short, let's come to Adam1; or rather to his descendants; and in the first place granddaughter of his that is always in my mind, you ship. You have to be dug up again, and have yo raked into. You must not wonder; people will your dust, if they find verses mixed with it, as the Laura's tomb. I give Mrs. Fitzroy credit, and wi believe that your answer to my Shell-lines 2 were you ever wrote; unless, like Gray, you were a peri at your first appearance. If harmony and ease rust you contract in retirement, you may send Lore to polish us, not to learn the newest varnish; but him come; he shall be taught to wear a black of waistcoat, and red sash, and dance quadrilles with in white satin, trimmed with flowers: or, as ther tredrille of quadrilles at the French Ambassador's, if he chooses it, and the weather is cold enough, be in brown silk with cherry waistcoat and breeches. the bands succeeded very ill, and as Swift makes the cian say to a lady in the old ballad on Quadrille have been told, non debes quadrillare. When your taken his degrees in these sports, he must then le teach your Ladyship a Cossack dance, and you m dance it as well as the Prince and Princess Cza

LETTER 1448.—1 Prior, Alma, ii. 1. 874.

Fitzpatrick, when about fit with a Present of Shells. of Lord Orford, vol. iv. p.

In the meantime I shall be exceedingly glad to have him first here. I trust he knows how happy he makes me by having so much goodness for me.

My nephew is not well yet, nor do I like the accounts of him: he is less recovered than I had been assured. Bellamont is thought out of danger; yet Lady Greenwich (on Lord Townshend's account's) put off her assembly. His Lordship, full of sensibility too, wrote a buffoon letter to Mr. Foote the very night of the duel. Garrick, by the negotiation of a Secretary of State, has made peace with Foote, and by the secret article of the treaty is to be left out of the puppet-show. Colman has been half murdered by a divine out of jealousy, who keeps Miss Miller; and apropos to puppets, there is a Mrs. Wright 5 arrived from America, to make figures in wax of Lord Chatham, Lord Lyttelton, and Mrs. Macaulay. Lady Aylesbury literally spoke to a waxen figure of a housemaid in the room, for the artistess has brought over a group, and Mrs. Fitzroy's aunt is one of them.

What shall I tell you more, my Lord and Lady, of equal dignity with balls, quadrilles, puppet-shows, duels, and waxworks? Oh, of the House of Commons. Lord North is turned into Wilkes; the English of which is, that he was beaten on Tuesday, on the half-pay for the navy 6, and had but the famous number 45 with him, against 154. You may imagine this event makes some folks stare, and others laugh; for my part, I am convinced Lord North was in the wrong, for the Patriot Sir Gilbert Elliot headed the

* The Rev. Richard Penneck, Keeper of the Reading Room at the

British Museum,

of Independence. She modelled the effigy of the Earl of Chatham which is still preserved in Westminster Abbey.

³ He was her brother-in-law.

⁵ Mrs. Patience Wright (1725-1786), a native of New Jersey. She took up her residence in London, and acted as a spy on behalf of Franklin during the American War

⁶ A petition had been presented from naval captains, asking for an increase in their half-pay. Lord North opposed it on the score of expense.

opposition; and some say the K. himself will re his minister is so parsimonious.

Mr. Crawfurd intended to be with you to-day, yesterday was to be spent in reading papers, and exa witnesses, on the affairs of St. Vincent, the debate v come on till to-morrow, and will keep him here.

The Duke of Northumberland lost 2,000l. at quithe ball; the victorious name of Marlborough wor of it⁷.

I this moment hear that Friday will again be pa examination, and that the debate will not be till Mor

1449. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Feb. 17,

Mr. Patch brought me last week, with his brengravings, the beautiful St. John of Donatello, and lovely and graceful pedestal. My dear Sir, how I you! and how pleasing is your remembrance of myou must send me no more. I not only cannot more presents from you, but it would be heaping the my tomb. My health is gone; pain is my lot; and are the fair things of this world to me any longer? off making purchases, and put a stop to my collect were the hearding of a miser to pile my house with a

shown them, which it was a to do to win the memey, all pany at the different table have come round him, and ness of the stroke have be topin for half an hour, acknowledged he could no adding however, "I am no now." And yet to common a he is still unsecountably sidering his birth, wheat commerce with the world loniana' in Prior's Life of pp. 405-7.)

TaThe present links of Marlhorough has been always remarkably shy and reserved. Among other small talents that he pessesses he plays guines uncommonly well. He told Sir J. Reynolds one day, when speaking of the defect in himself already mentioned, of which he is very sensible, that having once made a master-stroke at that game by which he should have made a hundred pounds, he put his cards into the heap, and lost what he had set on them, knowing that if he had

ties, when I shall enjoy them so little; and extravagance to buy, when my lease of life is running out very fast. It will be five months to-morrow that I have been a close and anguished prisoner: besides several relapses, a great cold has added a rheumatism in one side of my face; and when I shall be quit of my actual sufferings, what a shattered tenement will remain! How refit it before I am called upon to sustain another storm?

If I change this subject from my own person, I must not go out of the family: I have a melancholy tale to tell you of another branch of it, my Lord Orford. He had a cutaneous or some scorbutic eruption. By advice of his groom, he rubbed his body all over with an ointment of sulphur and hellebore. This poison struck in the disease. By as bad advice as his groom's, I mean his own, he took a violent antimonial medicine, which sweated him immoderately; and then he came to town, went to court, took James's pills, without telling him of the quack drops, sat up late, and, though ordered by James to keep at home, returned into the country the next day. The cold struck all his nostrums and ails into his head, and the consequence is -insanity! To complete the misfortune, he is in a public inn, on the great road to Newmarket and Norfolk. His mother, the only proper directress, is in Italy; I am in the state of pain and weakness you know; and my brother has so long shut himself up in his own house, that no consideration could draw him out of it. I need but tell you that his daughter. the Duchess', even in summer, could not prevail on him to wait on the Duke. It is an additional distress that Lord Orford has for so many years dropped all connection, all decency, with both my brother and me, that nothing but tenderness for his lamentable position could bear us out in assuming the least authority in what regards him. We

LEGERE 1440 The Duchess of Gloucester.

have the precaution, however, not to take a single step but at the request of his physicians, or with the advice and approbation of his own most particular friends. His life, we are assured, is safe, and we have hopes given us of the recovery of his reason. His death would be the completion of the family's ruin: his continuance as he is, dreadful to himself and his friends: his total recovery liable to dismal moments for his own mind. His case is a heavy addition to my sufferings, and the anxiety I am under on every step I take in concert with my brother lest, one way or other, we should be censured, cannot accelerate my own recovery.

Let me turn, for your sake, from this gloomy scene to a little episode or two of politics. What do you think has been the first event of this halcyon or soporific session, in which the opposition had fairly retreated, confessing their impotence? Why, the first event of this calm was the shipwreck of the Prime Minister. Lord North was yesterday se'nnight beaten by 154 to 45, and on a question of revenue. Oh, so you suppose the opposition was lying in ambush at Knightsbridge, and attacked and defeated him by surprise. Well! you are totally mistaken in every part of your conjecture. The opposition may be still at Knightsbridge, for aught I know; or if on the field of battle, had no more share in the honour of the day than you or I. A friend made the fatal motion, a friend espoused it, friends supported and carried it. The outward and visible lines of this interlude were these; Lord Howe presented to the House of Commons a petition from the naval captains on half-pay for increase of allowance. Lord North had thought of taking no part. and had spoken to nobody against it; for, indeed, when all are on his side, how could he suspect that nobody would be with him? Sir Gilbert Elliot backed the petition: Lord North resisted; the consequence I have told you. The next day Lord North, angry with good reason, was on the point

of making the affair very serious, and was with difficulty kept from resigning. The world is large in its comments on this mystery, and somehow or other the commentators do not in general impute very pure motives to Sir Gilbert, though some make his conduct personal, others more cabalistic. I am no expounder of unrevealed revelations.

Yesterday the fortune of war was changed, and Lord North triumphed. It was on the affair of St. Vincent's, for the expedition to which administration was called to account. Caribs, black Caribs, have no representatives in Parliament; they have no agent but God, and he is seldom called to the bar of the House to defend their cause: 206 to 88 gave them up to the mercy of their persecutors; and as the Portuguese call their negroes, the Caribs are deemed disaffected. Alas! dare I complain of gout and rheumatism, when so much a bitterer cup is brewed for men as good as myself in every quarter of the globe! Can one be a man and not shudder at all our nature is capable of! I welcome pain: for it gives me sensibility, and punishes my pride. Donatello loses his grace when I reflect on the million of my fellow creatures that have no one happiness, no one comfort! Adieu!

1450. To the Rev. WILLIAM COLE.

Arlington Street, Feb. 18, 1773.

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THE most agreeable ingredient of your last, dear Sir, is the paragraph that tells me you shall be in town in April, when I depend on the pleasure of seeing you; but, to be certain, wish you would give me a few days' law, and let me know, too, where you lodge. Pray bring your books: though the continuation of the Miscellaneous Antiquities is uncertain. I thought the affectation of loving veteran anecdotes was so vigorous, that I ventured to print five hundred copies. One hundred and thirty only a I cannot afford to make the town perpetual present I find people exceedingly eager to obtain them we and if they will not buy them, it is a sign of such included that I shall neither bestow my time, nor my copurpose. All I desire is, to pay the expenses, whafford much less than my idle moments. Not but tions of my press have often turned against myself shapes. I have told people many things they did and from fashion they have bought a thousand this my hands, which they do not understand, and onle passant. At Mr. West's sale I got literally not prints sold for the frantic sum of 1, 1951, 10s. You good friend Mr. Gulston threw away above 2001, the

I am not sorry Mr. Lort has recourse to the fount Mr. Pownall's system of Freemasonry is so abgroundless that I am glad to be rid of intervention seen the former once; he told me he was willing to prints, as the value of them is so increased for reason I did not want to purchase them.

Paul Sandby promised me ten days ago to show shaw's engravings (which I received from Dr. Bartolozzi, and ask his terms, thinking he would in so very promising a scholar; but I have heard since, and therefore fear there is no success. Let ever, see the young man when he comes, and I we there is any other way of serving him.

What shall I say to you, dear Sir, about Dr. Pres what shall I say to him? It hurts me not to be a especially as any respect to my father's memory to much more than any attention to myself, which hold to be a quarter so well founded. Yet, how day

LETTER 1450. 1 Kenrick Premot ol. 1779, Master of Cath. Cambridge.

to a poor man, who may do, as I have lately seen done by a Scotch woman2 that wrote a play, and printed Lord Chesterfield's and Lord Lyttelton's letters to her, as Testimonia Auctorum. I will therefore beg you to make my compliments and thanks to the Master, and to make them as grateful as you please, provided I am dispensed with giving any certificate under my hand. You may plead my illness, which, though the fifth month ended yesterday, is far from being at an end. My relapses have been endless; I cannot yet walk a step; and a great cold has added an ague in my cheek for which I am just going to begin the bark. The prospect for the rest of my days is gloomy. The case of my poor nephew still more deplorable: he arrived in town last night, and bore his journey tolerablybut his head is in much more danger of not recovering than his health, though they give us hopes of both. evils of life are not good subjects for letters-why afflict one's friends? Why make commonplace reflections? Adien!

> Yours ever, H. W.

1451. To the Rev. William Mason.

March 2, 1773.

I AM not surprised, my dear Sir, that satire should be bought off, when infamous scandals on the most virtuous characters are printed at the Louvre in usum Delphini. But shall the muse of retribution be silent? shall a censeur royal clip her eagle wings? shall she not dip her penfeather in the blood of Patriot martyrs, and write their vindicias in crimson hues? You to whom the noble quill is descended, must wield the weapon, and revenge Sidney and Russell;

² According to Cunningham, Mrs. Jane Marshall, author of Sir Harry Gaylove, or Comedy in Embryo.

S The Earl of Orford.

probably, deplore the sinking cause for which they vain! Your writings will outlive the laws of En I scorn to say of Britain, since it implies Scotlan laws will replace ours, though their most remarks is suspended in favour of him, whom you call Sir Stewart: I mean, that against leasing-making. Ye have the odious book 1, which is indeed as silly detestable: nor does one know whether the man malignant or absurd. He has given such proofs villainy, folly, and infamous treachery of Charles II, Ja and Louis XIV, as would make any nature but a re shudder, nay, laugh, if indignation did not harrow muscles. Come, I will make you laugh even in your mood. He justifies James II against Burnet's cl thinking only of saving his dogs, when he was in of being shipwrecked. How does he defend him f prelate's lie? (it is Sir John's own word) why, hy letter which says the Duke of York insisted on pr a trunk of papers of such consequence to himself brother, that he would as soon part with his lift tenderness of a trunk's life is indeed superlative humanity. The dear trunk filled at least, I supp place of one or two drowned men! and what d papers must that trunk have contained! Need I at whose expenses these treasures were transcribed the fond letters between their most religious and C Majesties Charles II and Louis XIV, and very few mutandis will suffice to open your ideas. Need I that Sir John Dalrymple, the accuser of bribery, was out of his place of Solicitor of the Customs for takin from brewers? -- sed Jove nondum barbato. - I will on my hands and change the subject.

What shall I say? how shall I thank you for t

manner in which you submit your papers 3 to my correction? But if you are friendly I must be just: I am so far from being dissatisfied, that I must beg leave to sharpen your pen, and in that light only, with regard to myself, would make any alterations in your text. I am conscious, that in the beginning of the differences between Gray and me, the fault was mine. I was too young, too fond of my own diversions, nay, I do not doubt, too much intoxicated by indulgence, vanity, and the insolence of my situation, as a Prime Minister's son, not to have been inattentive and insensible to the feelings of one I thought below me; of one, I blush to say it, that I knew was obliged to me; of one whom presumption and folly perhaps made me deem not my superior then in parts, though I have since felt my infinite inferiority to him. I treated him insolently: he loved me, and I did not think he did. I reproached him with the difference between us, when he acted from conviction of knowing he was my superior. I often disregarded his wishes of seeing places, which I would not quit other amusements to visit, though I offered to send him to them without me. Forgive me, if I say that his temper was not conciliating; at the same time that I will confess to you that he acted a more friendly part, had I had the sense to take advantage of it—he freely told me of my faults. declared I did not desire to hear them, nor would correct them. You will not wonder that with the dignity of his spirit, and the obstinate carelessness of mine, the breach must have grown wider, till we became incompatible. After this confession, I fear you will think I fall far short of the justice I promised him, in the words which I should wish to have substituted to some of yours. If you think them inadequate to the state of the case, as I own they are,

⁵ Mason submitted to Horace his Life of Gray in which Walpole's Walpole for revision those parts of name was mentioned.

preserve this letter, and let some future Sir John Dalr produce it to load my memory; but I own I do not that any ambiguity should aid his invention to for account for me. If you have no objection, I would p your narrative should run thus, and contain no mo a more proper time shall come for stating the truth have related it to you. While I am living, it is not pl to read one's private quarrels discussed in magazine newspapers.

In Section Second.

But I must here add, in order to forewarn my read a disappointment, that this correspondence (viz. duritravels) is defective towards the end, and includes no dition either of Venice or its territory, the last places Mr. Gray visited. This defect was occasioned by a fortunate disagreement between him and Mr. We which arising from the great difference of temper be the pensive, curious philosophy of the former, and the and youthful inconsideration of the latter, occasioned separation at Reggio.

Note to be added. 'In justice to the memory respectable a friend, Mr. Walpole enjoins me to him with the chief blame in their quarrel, confessin more attention, complaisance, and deference on his pa warm friendship and to a very superior understand judgement might have prevented a rupture, which much uneasiness to both, and a lasting concern survivor, though in the year 1744 a reconciliation effected between them by a lady, who wished without the both.'

This note I think will specify all that is necessar though humiliating to me, it is due to my friend a vindication I owe him. It is also all that seems not either in section the second or fourth. As to section

it is far from accurate, and in one respect what I am sure you will have too much regard to me to mention, as it would hurt me in a very sensible part. You will I am sure sacrifice it to my entreaty, especially as it is to introduce nothing to the prejudice of Mr. Gray: nay, I think he would rather dislike the mention. I mean the place that I might have obtained for him from my father. That I should have tried for such emolument for him, there is no doubt; at least have proposed it to him, though I am far from being clear he would have accepted it. I know that till he did accept the Professorship from the Duke of Grafton, it was my constant belief that he would scorn any place. My inclination to be serviceable to him was so intense, that when we went abroad together, I left a will behind in which I gave him all I then possessed in the world-it was indeed a very trifling all!

With regard to what my father would have done, let me recall the period to you or tell it to you, if you do not know it. I came over in the end of September; my father resigned in the beginning of the following February. Considering how unfavourable to him the new Parliament was. it would, I believe, with any partiality to me, have been impossible for him to have given away any place worth Gray's acceptance, but to a member of Parliament during those four critical months; but this, my dear Sir, is not the part that touches me most. They are your kind words, favourite son. Alas! if I ever was so, I was not so thus early! nor were I so, would I for the world have such a word dropped; it would stab my living brother to the soul, who I have often said adored his father, and of all his children loved him the best. You see I am making a pretty general confession, but can claim absolution on no foundation but that of repentance; you will at least, I am

⁴ Horace Walpole returned to England from Italy in Sept. 1741.

sure, not wound an innocent, meritorious broth partiality to me. Do just as you think fit about his to me: I never thought above a very few pr publication, but gave them up to you to prove my and unreserve. As I still think them charmin to have them again; I have scarce any of his let I can call literary, for they only relate to informs gave me for my own trifling books; and I sl ashamed to show how ill I employed such time Indeed they contain little more than the notices mentioned to have received from him. Whatever of that sort are at Strawberry, and as I am but ; yet, after two-and-twenty weeks, to take the air Park, God knows when I shall be able to go to Twic Life itself is grown far less dear to me, since I seen a prospect of surviving all that is worth living f Martin, my reversionary heir, is ready in every encourage me in these sentiments. Three mon when the newspapers proclaimed me dying, he Treasury creature to my clerk to know the wort The young man was shocked, and ask Mr. Martin did not apply to me? No, said th Mr. Martin would think that too indelicate. Howe to be too delicate himself when his principal's inte concerned, he threatened my clerk with Mr. turning him out as soon as I should be dead. I Martin's practising at the target for six month he fought Wilkes, and say if I am to blame in a re of never dining with my heir-apparent.

I have written such a volume here, and so n Dalrymples and Martins and kings, that my hand to feel a little gout, and pleads that it is too hat forced to talk of Macpherson too. You may

however, that I have not read nor shall read his Homer travesti"; all I will add is, that the Scotch seem to be proving they are really descended from the Irish. Dalrymple has discovered humanity to a trunk; Macpherson, I suppose, has been proving by his version, how easy it was to make a Fingal out of Homer, after having tried to prove that Fingal was an original poem. But we live in an age of contradictions. Mr. Mac Jenkinson, the other day on the Thirty-nine Articles, called Land a very very great man, and in the same breath, stigmatized those apostles of the Stuarts, David Hume and Lord Bolingbroke. Can a house divided against itself stand? Did not Bolingbroke beget Lord Mansfield and Andrew Stone? Did not Mansfield and Stone beget the Bishop of Chester ?? Are not atheism and bigotry first cousins? Was not Charles II an atheist and a bigot? and does Mr. Hume pluck a stone from a church but to raise an altar to tyranny? Thank God, if we have as great rogues as Buckingham, Arlington, and Lauderdale, at least they are as great fools as Father Petre". For King James I find no parallel-he was sincere in his religion. Adieu! I leave my name out to be supplied by SIR JOHN DALRYMPLE.

1452. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Arlington Street, March 2, 1778.

I RECEIVED your letter so late yesterday, and had company all the evening, as I have had to-day, that there was no possibility for me to answer the particulars of it. Nay, I do not know whether you will receive my answer this week or fortnight, for I am at the mercy of everybody that

A press translation of the Illud.
William Markham (1719-1907).
Ihshop of Chester, 1771-77; Arch.

hishop of York, 1777-1807,

* Father Edward Petre (1681-1699), confessor of James II.

pleases to visit me, and cannot be denied till to visit too. You will receive the books as yo How you or your curate could want taste so me to go through Sir Thomas Wyat's Oration 1, is inc. It is the finest piece that has been composed, as se said, since the Romans died. To punish you, I wi send you Mr. Home's new tragedy 2 as soon as lished—or one of his former; I dare to say it the same; though he says this is his best.

I do not wonder Lord Nuneham forgot my for I am sure if I committed any I have forgo myself.

Garrick has written a cantata for Millico's bene tumbled out of heaven to play to it; but it we the audience wished themselves at the devilgood thing I have seen this winter is an excel Bull. I forgot to say above, that the town is of your and your curate's opinion about Sir-Oration, that the Miscellaneous Antiquities have above a fifth of them, so there will be no mo-Thomas had abused Cranmer and Latimer instead he would have been more fashionable. Adieu!

1453. To the Countess of Upper Osc

Arlington Street, Mare

I was unlucky, Madam, and did not see Lord two last days. I hope you did not like Les Lois which I sent by him.

We have two new tragedies: I read the two t the one and the three last of the other, and the

LETTER 1452,—1 Printed in Miscellaneous Antiquities.

1 Derren 1453.—1 A tr taire.

Mr. Home's Alonzo seems to be the story of David and Goliah, worse told than it would have been if Sternhold and Hopkins had put it into metre.

Did your Lord bring you the Heroic Epistle to Sir William Chambers²? I am going mad about it, though there is here and there a line I hate. I laughed till I cried, and the oftener I read it the better I like it. It has as much poetry as the Dunciad, and more wit and greater facility. It is said to be Anstey's, and certainly is not unworthy of the Bath Guide; but I shall dread his next production, lest he should tumble again as he did in his second piece.

The occupation of the week is the new quadrilles for Monday. You country gentlefolks, who believe even the Gazette, conclude, I suppose, from the court mourning's that they will be dressed like pall-bearers, in black, with sashes of white sarcenet. No such thing. Being antiquarians or historians, one set is to appear like the court of Henri Quatre-Mrs. Hobart, perhaps, as la belle Gabrielle; and with so much propriety, to be sure their tune will be Quand Biron voulut danser. The other band, aiming at accuracy, said they must be contemporaries, and accordingly pitched upon the reign of our Charles the Second. They have, however, been shoved an hundred years back, and are to dance the brawls in ruffs and fardingales. afraid I shall not be able to see these carousals. I go out twice a day, it is only like a witch upon my crutch; and though masquerading is so much the fashion, I do not care to appear with anything beneath a crook.

My Lord Chesterfield bought a Claude the other day for four hundred guineas, and a Madame de la Vallière for four. He said, 'Well! if I am laughed at for giving so much for a landscape, at least it must be allowed that I have my

² By William Mason.

³ For the King of Sardinia, who died on Feb. 20, 1773.

woman cheap.' Is not it charming to be so agreeable quite to the door of one's coffin?

Mr. Burke is returned from Paris, where he was so much the mode that, happening to dispute with the philosophers, it grew the fashion to be Christians. St. Patrick himself did not make more converts.

As Lady Mary is with you, I will not attempt more news. Selwyn is to be at your inn on his way to meet the Carlisles. He and Lady Mary will know a thousand histories of Almack's and other clubs that do not reach such an antiquated creature as I am in a fortnight. I have not heard a more recent duel than that of Chevy Chase, or the one between Mrs. F. and Miss P. They have not found the ball in the latter yet. Good night to the good company.

1454. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, March 12, 1773.

I was a brute to forget desiring you in my last to thank Mr. Patch for his dedication of Fra Bartolomeo. Sure the gout had fallen upon my memory! Pray tell him it is very lame. His prints both from the Fratre¹ and from Giotto are very well executed; but the former does not strike me like Masaccio. I used to admire his works equal to Raphael's; but certainly it must have been from the colouring, not, as I thought, from his great ideas, for they are far inferior to those of his two cotemporaries.

I am very sorry you feel like me, as well as sympathize with me: I hope your fit will neither be so sharp nor so long. I am just got out after two-and-twenty weeks; think of two-and-twenty weeks! And for walking, I might as well stay at home; but I force myself, lest I should take root in my chair.

⁴ Lady Mary Fox, sister of Lord Ossory. Letter 1454.—1 So in MS.

ey tell us the new Queen of Sardinia² is another beth Farnese. France is making a new family-compact that court. The Comte d'Artois marries his sister of ence's sister³, and his sister Madame is to be Duchesse evoie.

ack! All their Alps will be of no use in the north. ch letters say troops are going from Dunkirk to Sweden, that English men-of-war are to convey them. No soul us a syllable of this here: yet methinks the King of sia believes so, for he has marched an army to the e, which they say is very much in the way to Hanover. u tell me how dear you pay at your theatres. ou how cheap we buy pictures. Sir Watkin Williams six hundred and fifty pounds last week for a landscape icolò Poussin: and Lord Chesterfield four hundred eas for another; which somebody was so good as to a few months ago for Claude Lorrain. Books, prints, , do not lose their rank in proportion. I am every day ted to make an auction; what do you think all your onts would sell for? They would make me a Crossus, think them invaluable.

the physicians have fancied my poor nephew cured; but rday he wrote a letter that proved the very reverse. my own part I am of the desponding side. It would be proper for me to write to his mother; but I think, is at Florence, you might from yourself break a hint is situation to her. I am grieved that she is not in and.

e have none but Indian politics. The Government lend the Company fourteen hundred thousand pounds, to have great share in the direction. I am one that

aria Antonia, Infanta of Spain,
of Victor Amadeus II, King of
nia.
aria Theresa of Savoy, daughter

of Victor Amadeus III, King of Sardinia. She was married to the Comte d'Artois in Nov. 1773.

believe the Indies will leave us stranded, as the Sea did.

A winter without politics is errant summer; and ingly my letters are forced to be lacenic. The furthern know, is inexhaustible, but I cannot supply you with cash. Even our Maccaronis entertain the town nothing but new dresses and the size of their normal three lost all their money and exhausted their and can no longer game for twenty thousand pounds Everything degenerates. Adieu!

P.S. I saw last night, at the Duchess of Glou a Lady Hesketh⁴, who asked most kindly after ye desired me to mention her to you.

1455. To the Countess of Upper Osson

Arlington Street, March 16

Your Ladyship is but too apt to think of me farmy merit; yet never did you overrate my parts so in bestowing the *Heroic Epistle* on me. However, exfor saying, that, if in one respect you have done me too much honour, you have at least lowered my elin another. What must I be, if, living in intima Lord Holland, and being a frequent witness of his uness, I had stabbed him by a most barbarous line? be a rascal and a brute: after that need I, and yet I you my honour solemnly that that *Epistle* is no I hope you, Madam, and Lord Ossory will treat I should deserve, if you ever find it is. Having a

currententitus Williams (*)

⁴ Harriet (d. 1807), daughter of Ashley Cowper, Clork of the Parliaments; m. Sir Thomas Hesketh, first Baronet, of Buffori, Lancashire (who died in 1778). She was the consin and

Legran 1455 1 Line of the hall Helland's driver appeal

very seriously, I have no scruple to own how much I admire that poem, and care not who knows I do. To-day I heard that other relations of royalty are more guilty than I am; the *Epistle* is given to Temple Luttrell. I doubt it; but, if he is the author, I am sure the Duchess of Cumberland has better poets for her kin than the Duchess of Gloucester has.

About Sir John Dalrymple I have very little to say, Madam. I did not want to know that Charles II was a knave, or James and his daughter Anne drivellers. If Algernon Sidney took money from France, it was making one tyrant help to pull down another, and that were a crime my conscience would not be much shocked at. In truth, I am rather tired of the subject: the town and the newspapers have so fully discussed the book, that I neither listen to the one nor read the other. If it is comfortable to any scoundrel to find himself in better company than he expected, to be sure he has nothing to do but to be introduced by Sir John Dalrymple into history.

I am launched little into the world yet. I was not at the ball last night, and have only been at the Opera, where I was infinitely struck with the Carrara, who is the prettiest creature upon earth. Mrs. Hartley I am to find still handsomer, and Miss Linley² is to be the superlative degree. The King admires the last, and ogles her as much as he dares to do in so holy a place as an Oratorio, and at so devout a service as Alexander's Feast. To the club I shall go to-night for the first time, but have not yet seen Thomyris or Thalestris. I was t'other morning at Lady Powis's: her great room is hung with a glorious scarlet damask. She told me it was only silk and worsted; I could not believe my eyes, but insisted it came from Genoa. She vowed it was made in Spitalfields: the sound struck me; I asked

² Elizabeth Anne (d. 1792), daughter of Thomas Linley; m. (April 13, 1773) Richard Brinsley Sheridan.

if that chamber had not been the scene of battle? a was, I have desired that it may for the future spittlefields.

There was a new play by Dr. Goldsmith last nigh succeeded prodigiously; but how is it possible yo ship can bear such stuff as Alonzo, without char probability? A gentlewoman embraces her maid v expects her husband; he goes mad with jealousy, discovering what he ails, and runs away to Persi the post comes in from Spain with news of a due to be fought the Lord knows when! As Persian love single combat as well as if they had been Lucas's Coffee-house', nobody is surprised that th of Persia should arrive to fight a duel that was over before he sets out. The wife discovers the I be her own husband, and the lad her own son, a prevent mischief, stabs herself, and then tells th story, which it was rather more natural to do fir language is as poor as the plot. Somebody as apropos to the Heroic Epistle, what prose the Home written? I said I knew none but his poetry. His

Your Ladyship's conclusion of your letter bein from King James's, I dare not trust to such fi because Jesuitical sounds; but were there any ryour promises, I would sacrifice the three goddess named, and be content with the Helen that offers kind as I can desire. She may depend on my I grateful as she can expect from a Paris a little sur le

comes just in time to prove I was in the right.

P.S. George Selwyn has raked himself into a fe hopes to be able to meet his friend at Highgate at le

³ In Dublin, near the Castle; duels were frequently fought in at the back of it.

1456. To the Rev. William Mason.

Strawberry Hill, March 27, 1773.

I RECEIVED your letter, dear Sir, your MS. and Gray's letters to me, by Mr. Alderson. Twenty things crowd about my pen and jostle and press to be said. As I came hither to-day (my first flight since my illness) for a little air, and to read you undisturbed, they shall all have their place in good time; but having so safe a conveyance for my thoughts, I must begin with the uppermost of them, the Heroic Epistle. I have read it so very often that I have got it by heart, and as I am now master of all its beauties, I profess I like it infinitely better than I did, and yet I thought I liked it infinitely before: there is more wit, ten times more delicacy of irony, as much poetry and greater facility than, and as, in the Dunciad. But what signifies what I think? all the world thinks the same, except a dark corner, where its being so much disliked is still better praise. No soul, as I have heard, has guessed within an hundred miles. I caught at Anstey's name, and I believe contributed to spread that notion. It has since been called Temple Luttrell's¹, and to my infinite honour mine. Lord Nuneham swears he should think so, if I did not commend it so excessively! oh, how very vain I am! Sir William Chambers consoles himself with its having sold him three hundred copies of his book. I do not hear that the patron of arts 2 consoles himself with anything, but is heartily sore: he would read it insultingly to Chambers, but soon flung it down in a passion. It is already of the fourth

LETTER 1456.—Dated May 27 by C. and in the Correspondence of Walpole and Mason edited by Mitford. In Mitford's edition of Gray's Works this letter is, however, dated March

² The King.

^{27,} which is evidently correct.

1 Second son of first Baron Irnham (afterwards Earl of Carhampton).

edition. Thank you for giving my impatient he Martin, a niche. There is published a defence of slavery by his father.

But now, my dear Sir, as you have tapped this a talent, and it runs so richly and easily, for Henve England's sake do not let it rest. You have a irony and satire that the best of causes bleeds for wanted. Point all your lightnings at that wrote rymple, and yet make him but the footstool to the as you made poor simple Chambers. We are act: very same scene Dalrymple has brought to fuller sacrificing friends to stab heroes and martyrs. Th repeated informations from France that prelimina strict union are signed between that court and ours Stormont" is the negotiator, and Lord Mansfield, w not courage enough even to be Chancellor, hor Chancellor of France has courage and villainy one assist him in enslaving us, as the French Chancelle enslaved his own country! If you mind not me, upon it you will meet the indignant shade of Sic your moonlight walk by your cold bath, who will inspiration. You see what you can do, what Milton to prose, what Pope and not principles elevated one do, and for doing what Gray's bards will bless ye short, you have seated yourself close to all three, as must now remain in full display of your dignity. Gray's Life is finished, you are not permitted to anything inferior to the Dispensary. Thank you for

admirable remark on Barillon's letter: I will c nicate it to Mrs. Macaulay, without naming you

bassador Extraordinary in Landon

in 1677, Massuremaidered the wors 'oxblent internal in forgery in Harillen's next lating to Algernon Spiner.

³ Ambassasior at Paris.

Manjaon.
 Paul de Barillen d'Amencourt.
 (d. 1691), Marquis de Branges, Am-

efend Sidney in her next volume, but he demands her pen.

n extremely pleased with the easy unaffected simplicity r MS., nor have found anything scarce I would wish much less retrenched; unless the paragraph on Lord which I do not think quite clearly expressed, and rhaps too clearly, while you choose to remain unfor author of the Epistle. The paragraph I mean lead to a suspicion: might it not look a little s if Gray, at least his friends for him, had been ointed? especially as he asked for the place, and ed it afterwards from the Duke of Grafton? Since and I am sorry he did not) has left no marks of ation against the present times, I do not know er it were so well to mix politics with a life so tical. But I only suggest this: you are sure I do eak from disinclination to the censure, but from e regard both for him and you. The page and ions on poor West's death are new, most touching, xquisitely worded.

nd you Mr. Andrew Stewart's book; and as I had iven to me, I beg you will accept that I send. It e a great curiosity, for after all his heroism, fear tionality have preponderated, and it will not be need.

n add nothing to your account of Gray's going abroad me. It was my own thought and offer, and was ally accepted. Thank you for inserting my alteration; urvive, any softening would be unjust to the dead; abody can justify him so well as my confession and tion. It must be believed that I was in the wrong, a, when I allow it. In things of that nature, the or has the better chance of being justified; and for Richard West, the early friend of Gray and Walpole; d. 1742. your sake, dear Sir, as well as his, I choose you should do justice to your friend. I am sorry I had a fault towards him: it does not wound me to own it.

I return you Mr. Trollope's verses, of which many are excellent, and yet I cannot help thinking the best were Gray's, not only as they appear in his writing, but as they are more nervous and less diffuse than the others. When we meet, why should not we select the best, and make a complete poem 7?

Dr. Goldsmith has written a comedy 8-no, it is the lowest of all farces. It is not the subject I condemn, though very vulgar, but the execution. The drift tends to no moral, no edification of any kind. The situations, however, are well imagined, and make one laugh, in spite of the grossness of the dialogue, the forced witticisms, and total improbability of the whole plan and conduct. But what disgusts me most is, that though the characters are very low, and aim at low humour, not one of them says a sentence that is natural or marks any character at all. It is set up in opposition to sentimental comedy, and is as bad as the worst of them. Garrick would not act it, but bought himself off by a poor prologue. I say nothing of Home's Alonzo and Murphy's Alzuma, because as the latter is sense and poetry compared to the former, you cannot want an account of either.

Mr. Nicholls is returned, transported with Italy. I hope he will come hither with me next week; Gothic ground may sober him a little from pictures and statues, which he will not meet with in his village, and which I doubt will at first be a little irksome. His friend Mr. Barrett's stands for Dover, I suppose on the court interest, for Wilkes

⁹ Thomas Barrett (d. 1808), of Lee Priory, Kent.

⁷ The Characters of the Christ-Cross Row, printed from a fragment preserved by Horace Walpole in Gosse's Works of Gray, vol. i. p. 410.

⁸ She Stoops to Conquer, first performed on March 15, 1773.

sent down a remonstrating candidate. I like the amentary right 10 in his City remonstrance. I forgot all you too, that I believe the Scotch are heartily sick eir Dalrymplyan publication. It has reopened all the this of clamour; and the Heroic Epistle arrived in the sal minute to furnish clamour with quotations. You not imagine how I used it as fumigation. Whenever as asked, Have you read Sir John Dalrymple? I replied, by you read the Heroic Epistle? Betty 11 is in raptures eing immortalized; the elephant and ass 12 are become cellations, and he has stolen the Earl of Denbigh's handief 13 is the proverb in fashion—good night.

ope—Garth—Boileau—you may guess whether I am
Your sincere admirer,

Hor. Walpole.

1457. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Strawberry Hill, March 27, 1773.

HAT play makes you laugh very much, and yet is ry wretched comedy? Dr. Goldsmith's She Stoops to uer. Stoops indeed!—so she does, that is the Muse; s draggled up to the knees, and has trudged, I believe, Southwark Fair. The whole view of the piece is low our, and no humour is in it. All the merit is in the tions, which are comic; the heroine has no more

Patriot Betty fix her fruit-shop ere.' Heroic Epistle, 11. 118-6.

The parliamentary right of Majesty to the crown of these s.' (Ann. Reg. 1773, p. 209.)
Betty Neale:—

e, at one glance, the royal eye all meet a varied beauty of St. James'

reet; t Talbot there shall ply with ckney chair

^{12 &#}x27;In some fair island will we turn to grass (With the Queen's leave) her ele-

⁽With the Queen's leave) her elephant and ass.' Ibid., 11, 74-5.

^{13 &#}x27;See Jemmy Twitcher shambles; stop! stop thief! He's stol'n the Earl of Denbigh's handkerchief.' Ibid., ll. 125-6.

modesty than Lady Bridget', and the author's wit is as much manque as the lady's; but some of the characters are well acted, and Woodward speaks a poor prologue, written by Garrick, admirably.

You perceive, Madam, that I have boldly sallied to a play; but the heat of the house and of this sultry March half killed me, yet I limp about as if I was young and pleased, From the play I travelled to Upper Grosvenor Street, to Lady Edgecumbe's, supped at Lady Hertford's. That Maccaroni rake, Lady Powis, who is just come to her estate and spending it, calling in with news of a fire in the Strand at past one in the morning, Lady Hertford, Lady Powis, Mrs. Howe, and I, set out to see it, and were within an inch of seeing the Adelphi buildings burnt to the ground. I was to have gone to the Oratorio next night for Miss Linlov's sake, but, being engaged to the French Ambassador's ball afterwards, I thought I was not quite Hercules enough for so many labours, and declined the former.

The house was all arbours and bowers, but rather more approaching to Calcutta, where so many English were stewed to death; for as the Queen would not dis-Maid of Honour herself of Miss Vernon till after the Oratorio, the ball-room was not opened till she arrived, and we were penned together in the little hall till we could not breathe. The quadrilles were very pretty: Mrs. Damer, Lady Sefton. Lady Melbourne, and the Princess Czartoriski in blue satin, with blond and collets montes à la reine Elizabeth : Lord Robert Spencer, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Lord Carlisle, and I forget

Larren 1457, 1 Lasty Bridget Honley, daughter of first Earl of Northington; m. 1. Hon, George Fox-Lane, only son of first Baron Bingley ; 2. (1777) Hon, John Tollemache, fourth son of third Earl of Dymert.

2 Caroline, fourth daughter of Henry Vernon, of Hilton Park, Staf-

fertutites, it recessors imi, 1999 " Elizabeth (d. 1919), daughter of Mir Ralph Millanko, fifth Baronet, of Halnaby, Yorkshire, m. (1789) Bir Poniston Lamb, second Baronet, who was created June 9, 1770 Baron

Mollamrine of Kilmore, on Carati; eir. Vimireitaut Meilmeinnun ju 17mis.

whom, in like dresses with red sashes, de rouge, black hats with diamond loops and a few feathers before, began; then the Henri Quatres and Quatresses, who were Lady Craven, Miss Minching, the two Misses Vernons, Mr. Storer⁴, Mr. Hanger⁵, the Duc de Lauzun⁶, and George Damer, all in white, the men with black hats and white feathers flapping behind, danced another quadrille, and then both quadrilles joined; after which Mrs. Hobart, all in gauze and spangles, like a spangle-pudding, a Miss I forget, Lord Edward Bentinck, and a Mr. Corbet, danced a pas de quatre, in which Mrs. Hobart indeed performed admirably.

The fine Mrs. Matthews? in white, trimmed down all the neck and petticoat with scarlet cock's feathers, appeared like a new macaw brought from Otaheite; but of all the pretty creatures next to the Carrara (who was not there) was Mrs. Bunbury*; so that with her I was in love till one o'clock, and then came home to bed. The Duchess of Queensberry had a round gown of rose-colour, with a man's cape, which, with the stomacher and sleeves, was all trimmed with mother-of-pearl carrings. This Pindaric gown was a sudden thought to surprise the Duke, with whom she had dined in another dress. Did you ever see so good a joke?

I forgot to tell your Ladyship that Miss Loyd is in the new play by the name of Rachael Buckskin, though he has altered it in the printed copies. Somebody wrote for her

did not assume the title.

⁴ Antony Morris Storer (1746-1799, son of Thomas Storer, of Westmoreland, Januarea; Lord of Trade, 1781. Chargé d'Affaires at Paris, 1783. He was a schoolfellow of Charles Fox, and a well-known man of fashion. In later life he became an antiquary and backgrediector, He bequeathed his library to Eton College.

⁸ Probably Hon, George Hanger (d. 1824), sen of first Baron Colorame. He succeeded his brother as fourth Baron Coloraine in 1814, but

Armand Louisde Gontant (1747-1793), Due de Lausun, afterwards Due de Biron.

⁷ Mrs. Mathew, no Smyth.

⁸ Catherine (d. 1798), daughter of Kane William Horneck; in, 1771) Henry William Bundury, second son of Rev. Sir William Bundury, fifth Baronet, of Barton, Suffolk. She was the 'Little Comedy' of Goldsouth.

³ She Stoops to Conquer.

a very sensible reproof to him, only it ended indecent grossièreté. However, the fool took it s and wrote a most dull and scurrilous answer; but, for him, Mr. Beauclerk and Mr. Carrick intercepted

Lord Chesterfield was dead before my last let foretold his death set out. Alas! I shall have no his lively sayings, Madam, to send you. Oh yes! his last: being told of his quarrel in Spitalfields, a that Mrs. F. struck Miss P., he said, 'I always Mrs. F. a striking beauty.'

Thus, having given away all his wit to the last i he has left nothing but some poor witticisms in tying up his heir by forfoitures and jokes from . Newmarket.

I wrote this letter at Strawberry, and find noth in town to add but a cold north-east that has brom all our fires and furs. Pray tell me a little of your La futurity, and whether you will deign to pass London.

1458. TO THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Arlington Street, April

I have now seen the second volume of the Arc or Old Women's Logic, with Mr. Mastern's answe If he had not taken such pains to declare it was against my Doubts, I should have thought it a de them, for the few facts he quotes make for my an and confute himself; particularly in the case Eleanor Butler'; whom, by the way, he make her own nephew, and not descend from her own because she was descended from her grandfathe

LETTER 1458, - I Lady Eleanor Talbot, daughter of first Earl of Shrewsbury, and wife of Sir Thomas Boteler, son of sixth Baron Sudeley. vious contract with this I

Richard III asserted the rings of Edward IV to Wydvill was rendered yo Mr. Masters is an excellent Sancho Panza to such a Don Quixote as Dean Milles! but enough of such goosecaps!

Pray thank Mr. Ashby for his admirable correction of Sir Thomas Wyat's bon mot; it is right beyond all doubt, and I will quote it if ever the piece is reprinted.

Mr. Tyson surprises me by usurping your Dissertation. It seems all is fish that comes into the net of the Society. Mercy on us! What a cart-load of brick and rubbish and Roman ruins they have piled together! I have found nothing tolerable in the volume but the Dissertation of Mr. Masters, which is followed by an answer, that, like Masters's, contradicts him, without disproving anything.

Mr. West's books are selling outrageously. His family will make a fortune by what he collected from stalls and Moorfields. But I must not blame the virtuosi, having surpassed them. In short, I have bought his two pictures of Henry V and Henry VIII and their families, the first of which is engraved in my Anecdotes, or, as the Catalogue says, engraved by Mr. H. Walpole, and the second described The first cost me 38l. and the last 84l., though I knew Mr. West bought it for six guineas. But. in fact. these two, with my Marriages of Henry VI and VII, compose such a suite of the house of Lancaster, and enrich my Gothic house so completely, that I would not deny myself. The Henry VII cost me as much, and is less curious: the price of antiquities is so exceedingly risen, too, at present, that I expected to have paid more. I have bought much cheaper at the same sale, a picture of Henry VIII and Charles V in one piece, both much younger than ever I saw any portrait of either. I hope your pilgrimage to St. Gulaston's 2 this month will take place, and that you will come and see them. Adieu! dear Sir. Yours ever.

H. W.

1459. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

I will certainly wait on your Lordship and Lady ham on Wednesday, and endeavour to prepare Mrs. spirits to hazard even a *vole sans prendre*, which is the she dreads the most in the world next to a crowd, going to Princess Amelie, my greatest earthly joy a going to St. James's.

1460. To Sin Honace Mann.

Arlington Street, April 27,

LAST post carried you a war between us and France mail will bring you peace again. Guicciardini l would have difficulty to make a long history of Last Wednesday, fifteen ships of the transaction. were ordered to be equipped for the Mediterranes a French fleet was sailing thither from Toulon, Spanish one was ready at Carthagena, and the le squadron was their object. We were to devour be former, as soon as they had swallowed the latter. Sir t Saunders , who loves no dish like a French ship, was to fall to; and the stocks, who are subject to a pan away to a skeleton: but France, ten times more afra of our puissance, has bogged the stocks to plack up spirits, and awears upon her honour not a ship of her sail. Ours, being so formidable, will, I suppose, beoverland to Warsaw, and restore the Polish const and their King to his full rights how frightened the of Prussia must be !

The House of Commons, I assure you, has no sh

scattering these terrors. Its thunders are a joke, and even affect to joke in their turn, instead of menacing. There was to be a call of the House yesterday: the Speaker ordered the sheriffs to summon their members. The sheriffs of Middlesex, sans cérémonie, summoned Wilkes, instead of Luttrell. Such flagrant contempt has not been noticed!

Balls and masquerades supply the place of politics. France, to be sure, dreads the expensive spirit of our nabobs and Maccaronis, and a little, our weavers, who are all starving, and would have crowded aboard the fleet.

Lord Orford continues as he was; that is, sometimes very well; sometimes very sullen and suspicious—I doubt much of his recovery. I wish for some answer from his mother; but by a letter received last week by her lawyer, I fear she will not come over herself. This will be a great distress to my brother and me, who are most unwilling to take the direction of his affairs.

I am very sorry your gout hangs so long upon you. Mine is quite gone, though not its consequences. I walk very poorly, but I am not young enough or strong enough to recover entirely: every fit will leave its mark. I submit to my lot with patience. My portion has, in general, been very happy, and I must not repine if pain dashes the conclusion. Adieu!

1461. To the Rev. William Cole.

Arlington Street, April 27, 1773.

I HAD not time this morning to answer your letter by Mr. Essex, but I gave him the card you desired. You know, I hope, how happy I am to obey any orders of yours.

In the paper I showed you in answer to Masters, you saw

I was apprised of Rastel's Chronicle, but pray do not mention my knowing of it, because I draw so much from it, that I lie in wait, hoping that Milles, or Masters, or some of their fools, will produce it against me, and then I shall have another word to say to them, which they do not expect, since they think Rastel makes for them.

Mr. Gough wants to be introduced to me! I would see him, as he has been midwife to Masters, but he is so dull that he would only be troublesome—and besides you know I shun authors, and would never have been one myself, if it obliged me to keep such bad company. are always in earnest, and think their profession serious, and dwell upon trifles, and reverence learning. I laugh at all those things, and write only to laugh at them, and divert None of us are authors of any consequence, and it is the most ridiculous of all vanities to be vain of being mediocre. A page in a great author humbles me to the dust, and the conversation of those that are not superior to myself reminds me of what will be thought of myself. I blush to flatter them, or to be flattered by them, and should dread letters being published some time or other, in which they should relate our interviews, and we should appear like those puny conceited witlings in Shenstone's and Hughes's 2 Correspondence, who give themselves airs from being in possession of the soil of Parnassus for the time being, as peers are proud, because they enjoy the estates of great men who went before them. Mr. Gough is very welcome to see Strawberry Hill, or I would help him to any scraps in my possession that would assist his publications, though he is one of those industrious who are only reburying the dead-but I cannot be acquainted with him.

LETTER 1461.—1 Richard Gough (1735-1809), the antiquary.

2 John Hughes; Letters by several

eminent persons deceased, including the Correspondence of J. Hughes, Esq., edited by Rev. John Duncombe.

1773

It is contrary to my system and my humour; and, besides, I know nothing of barrows, and Danish entrenchments, and Saxon barbarisms, and Phoenician characters-in short, I know nothing of those ages that knew nothing-then how should I be of use to modern litterati? All the Scotch metaphysicians have sent me their works. I did not read one of them, because I do not understand what is not understood by those that write about it, and I did not get acquainted with one of the writers. I should like to be intimate with Mr. Anstey, even though he wrote Lord Buckhorse, or with the author of the Heroic Epistle .-I have no thirst to know the rest of my cotemporaries, from the absurd bombast of Dr. Johnson down to the silly Dr. Goldsmith, though the latter changeling has had bright gleams of parts, and the former had sense, till he changed it for words, and sold it for a pension. Don't think me scornful. Recollect that I have seen Pope, and lived with Gray. Adieu!

Yours ever,

H. WALPOLE.

P.S. Mr. Essex has shown me a charming drawing, from a charming round window at Lincoln. It has revived all my eagerness to have him continue his plan.

1462. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Arlington Street, April 30, 1773.

It is most true, Madam, that I did purpose to regalo myself with a visit to Ampthill; but this winter, which has trod hard upon last week's summer, blunted my intention for a while, though revivable in fine weather. Oh, but I had another reason for changing my mind; you are leaving Ampthill, and I do not mean only to write my name

in your park-keeper's book. Yes, in spite of your Lac low-spirited mood, you are coming from Ampthill, a are to be at Strawberry Hill to-morrow se'nnight may not be in the secret, but Lord Ossory and settled it, and you are to be pawned to me while h Newmarket. He told me you certainly would if I as and as they used to say in ancient writ, I do beg it a knees of my heart. Nay, it is unavoidable; for a lady's word may be ever so crackable, you cannot the conscience to break your husband's word, so I upon it. I have asked Mr. Crawfurd to meet yo begged he would refuse me, that I might be sure coming. Mrs. Meynel has taken another year's lease house, so you, probably, Madam, will not be tired for the live-long day for the whole time you shall my mansion. Your face will be well and your feve a week before to-morrow se'nnight, and you wil as well as ever you did in your life, that is, as yo done lately, which is better than ever you did before must not, in truth, expect that I your shepherd be quite so fit to figure in a fan mount. Besides the for six months, which makes some flaws in the of elderly Arcadians, I have been so far from keeping for the last ten days, that I have kept nothing b hours; and have been such a rake that I put myself is of a poor old cripple that I saw formerly at Ho auction: he bid for the 'Rake's Progress,' saying, buy my own progress,' though he looked as if he more title to it than I have, but by limping and sitt In short, I have been at four balls since yesterday se's though I had the prudence not to stay supper a Stanley's. That festival was very expensive, for it fashion now to make romances rather than balls. hall was a band of French horns and clarionets in

uniforms and feathers. The dome of the staircase was beautifully illuminated with coloured glass lanthorns; in the anteroom was a bevy of vestals in white habits, making tea; in the next, a drapery of sarcenet, that with a very funereal air crossed the chimney, and depended in vast festoons over the sconces. The third chamber's doors were heightened with candles in gilt vases, and the ball-room was formed into an oval with benches above each other, not unlike pews, and covered with red serge, above which were arbours of flowers, red and green pilasters, more sarcenet, and Lord March's glasses, which he had lent, as an upholsterer asked Lord Stanley 1 300l. for the loan of some. He had burst open the side of the wall to build an orchestra, with a pendent mirror to reflect the dancers, à la Guisnes; and the musicians were in scarlet robes, like the candlesnuffers who represent the senates of Venice at Drury Lane. There were two more chambers at which I never arrived for the crowd. The seasons, danced by himself, the younger Storer², the Duc de Lauzun and another, the youngest Miss Stanley's, Miss Poole, the youngest Wrottesley' and another Miss, who is likewise anonymous in my memory, were in errant shepherdly dresses without invention, and Storer and Miss Wrottesley in banians with furs, for winter, cock and hen. In six rooms below were magnificent suppers. I was not quite so sober last night at Mons. de Guisnes's. where the evening began with a ball of children, from eighteen to four years old. They danced amazingly well, yet

LETTER 1462 .- 1 Edward Smith-Stanley (1752-1834), Lord Stanley; succeeded his grandfather in 1776 as twelfth Earl of Derby.

² Thomas James, younger brother

of Antony Storer.

3 Hon. Harriet Stanley, youngest daughter of James Stanley, Lord Strange (eldest son of eleventh Earl

of Derby); m. (1778) Sir Watts Horton, second Baronet, of Chadder-

ton, Lancashire; d. 1830.

4 Hon. Harriet Wrottesley, fifth daughter of Rev. Sir Richard Wrottesley, seventh Baronet, and Maid of Honour to Queen Charlotte; m. (1779) General Hon. William Gardiner; d. 1823.

disappointed me, so many of them were ugly; but Lord 5 Delawarr's two eldest daughters and the Ancaster infanta performed a pas de trois as well as Mdlle. Heinel, and the two eldest were pretty; yet I promise you, Madam, the next age will be a thousand degrees below the present in beauty. The most interesting part was to observe the anxiety of the mothers while their children danced or supped: they supped at ten in three rooms. I should not omit telling you that the Vernons 8, especially the eldest, were not the homeliest part of the show. The former quadrilles then came again upon the stage, and Harry Conway the younger was so astonished at the agility of Mrs. Hobart's bulk, that he said he was sure she must be hollow. The tables were again spread in five rooms, and at past two in the morning we went to supper. To excuse we, I must plead that both the late and present Chancellor 9, and the solemn Lord Lyttelton, my predecessors by some years, stayed as late as I did, -and in good sooth the watchman went four as my chairman knocked at my door.

Such is the result of good resolutions! I determined during my illness to have my colt's tooth drawn, and lo! I have cut four new in a week. Well! at least I am as grave as a judge, looked as rosy as Lord Lyttelton, and much soberer than my Lord Chancellor. To show some marks of grace, I shall give up the Opera (indeed it is very

⁵ Printed 'Dr.' in previous editions, probably written 'Ld.' in the MS.

⁶ Lady Frances and Lady Charlotte West, daughters of second Earl of Delawarr, both of whom died unmarried.

⁷ Lady Priscilla Barbara Elizabeth Bertie, eldest surviving daughter of third Duke of Ancaster; m. (1779) Peter Burrell, of Beckenham, Kent (created Baron Gwydyr in 1796). She was declared Baroness Willoughby

d'Eresby in 1780.

⁸ The daughters of Lord Ossory's mother by her second marriage to Richard Vernon: — Henrietta (d. 1838), m. (1776), as his second wife, George Brooke, second Earl of Warwick; Caroline, m. (1797) Robert Percy Smith; Elizabeth, d. unmarried. Horace Walpole wrote some verses upon them called The Three Vernons (Works, vol. iv. p. 388).

§ Lord Camden and Lord Apsley.

and go and retake my doctor's degrees among the gers at Lady Blandford's; and intending to have no diversions than I have news to tell your Ladyship, ink you shall not hear from me again till we meet, shall think it, in heaven.

1463. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, April [May] 2, 1773.

VRITE you but a line or two, my dear Sir, that I may nake the packet too large. I am very glad of Lady d's message, as it gives me an occasion of writing to and laying the whole scene before her, as I have done e enclosed, which I beg you will take care she should ve safe. My brother and I are very earnest to have come over, as we really do not know how to act. see her, I will rely on your adding your persuasion I doubt very much of her son's recovery, though rs. e physicians say they expect it, at least intervals of , I have given her those hopes, not being willing to he contrary against their opinions. As we cannot, not meddle with his monied affairs, which might draw tations on us, they will certainly be much deranged. s his mother will come over, or put them into a proper od, which she alone can do with authority. We are in the meanwhile to obey her orders implicitly; but do nothing more than what is absolutely necessary out them.

nake this letter short with less regret, as I have news kind to tell you. Lord Chesterfield's death you will a the papers.

r feet begin to walk very tolerably. I must now set

rer 1468.—Not in C.; now first printed from original in possession waldegrave.

myself to enjoy my interval of health, which so promises me. It would be silly to flatter myself, i were not preferable to despendence. Adieu!

1464. To the Rev. William Cole.

Arlington Street, Ma

I should not have hurried to answer your lessir, the moment I receive it, but to send you anoth for your sister, in case she should not have receiver, and I think you said she was to stay but a in town. I would have next it to her, if I he whither; and I have made it for five persons, it should have a mind to carry so many.

I am sorry for the young engraver, but I comeans meddle with his going abroad without the comeant; it would be very wrong, and might young man essentially, if the father has anythin. In any case, I certainly would not be accessory away the son against his father's will. The fatimpertinent fool—but that you and I cannot help.

Pray be not measy about Gertinde More; I the original or at least a copy. Tell me how I you martagens by the safest conveyance, or any you want. I am always in your debt, and the spoon will make the debter side in my book of run over.

Your public orator' has done me too much far-especially as he named me with my father

Larren 1464 A ticket to view Strawberry Hill.

I but ; Itishop of listh 1909-94. The militar edition of the latters that benders had must believe whose present relations for an horizon

Henshaw; see letters to Cole of Jan. 8 and Feb. 18, 1778.

⁸ Richard Headon (1737 1994), Fellow of Mt. John's College, Cambridge; Hishop of Chunester, 1789

o infinitely inferior, both in parts and virtues. I have been abused undeservedly, I feel I have le to censure than praise, and will subscribe to er sooner than the latter. Would not it be prudent upon the encomium as a funeral oration, and conrself as dead? I have always dreaded outliving and writing after what small talents I have should red. Except the last volume of the Anecdotes of which have been finished and printed so long, ch, appear when they may, will still come too late reasons, I am disposed never to publish any more wn self—but I do not say so positively, lest my my intention should be but another folly. s, however, made me so indolent and inactive, that ad does not inform me how old I grow, at least my d feet will—and can one have too many monitors weakness?

sorry you think yourself so much inconvenienced ng from home. This is an incommodity by which ends will suffer more than yourself, and nobody asibly than

> Yours most sincerely, Hor. Walpole.

1465. To the Rev. William Mason.

Strawberry Hill, May 15, 1773.

may imagine I am impatient to hear the history of golden guineas. Though anybody will take such I thought few would fish for so little. We are in style of cheating and plundering.

can I tell you of literary matters? nothing of the ou inquire after by Mons. de Nivernois. He has an hundred or two of fables, and read some of them

to the Academy, but told me it was thought was nobleman in France to publish. How could I when he could be so far prejudiced? The fables as far as anything can be so, that gives one no There is, I am told, a dialogue of Boileau and written by the same nobleman and even published,

lately. I have seen it formerly and thought I like

Lady Russell's Letters 1 too I have seen former are to and from her director, a Jacobite clergym triumphs on her husband's martyrdom, and who her sense and spirit I should have thought she wee kicked out of her house. I am much surprised our day that the Duchess' gives leave for the pul I should have expected that her conjugal piety, with perdigious loyalty, would have concurred v Lord's shade in calling Lord Russell a very silly his Grace did in Ireland, though he was pleased compliment of the Mayor of Calais, who told him he was come with more pacific intentions than ancestor and namesake John Duke of Bedford, been their Regent. There are two other answer John Dalrymple, but not very good. The best a what he made himself to George Onslow, whom on warning him for traducing the immertal Side he had other papers which would have washed him as snow. With this Sir John has been publicly re-

Lord Holdernesse and you, who ought to be bette than I am of the capabilities of court-bards, mume if I think Seame Jenyus could no more have the *Heroic Epistle* than I could the best scene in Shall

in print and has not gainsaid it. The upright soul

upon it in hir John I

n thurtiside Largement the of the fertith broken of him

LETTER 1465..... Lody Russell's Latters were first published in this year with a view to vindicating her husband's character from the attacks

Please to point out any poetry in Jenyns's works: his best are humour rhymed; and sneers checked by the Court of Chancery from laughing out. Pope is more likely to have written the *Heroic Epistle* since his death, than Soame Jenyns during his life.

So much for what we have been reading, at present our ears listen and our eyes are expecting East Indian affairs, and Mr. Banks's voyage, for which Dr. Hawkesworth has received d'avance one thousand pounds from the voyager, and six thousand from the booksellers, Strahan and Co., who will take due care that we shall read nothing else till they meet with such another pennyworth. Sir John Dalrymple, over and above all his glory, has gained toward four thousand. Our Scotch Aldus's and Elzevirs keep down every publication they do not partake; and there is a society who contribute to every purchase they make of books, to keep the price at high-water mark. Another club of printsellers do the same. Woe be to those who do not deal with, and indeed enrich themselves by, the monopolists!

The House of Commons has embarked itself in a wilderness of perplexities. Though Lord Clive was so frank and high-spirited as to confess a whole folio of his Machiavelism, they are so ungenerous as to have a mind to punish him for assassination, forgery, treachery, and plunder, and it makes him very indignant. Tother night, because the House was very hot, and the young members thought it would melt their rouge and shrivel their nosegays, they all on a sudden, and the old folks too, voted violent resolutions, and determined the great question of the right of sovereignty,

⁸ John Hawkesworth, miscellaneous writer. His death (in Nov. 1778) was supposed to have been hastened by distress of mind consequent on the strong disapproval

of the Voyages expressed in several quarters.

⁴ William Strahan (1715-1785), partner in the firm of Cadell and Strahan.

though, till within half an hour of the decision, the whole House had agreed to weigh and modify the questions a little more. Being so fickle, Lord Clive has reason to hope that after they have voted his head off, they will vote it on again the day after he has lost it.

I have been looking over all Mr. Gray's letters as you desired, but cannot find one relating to the Long Story: he therefore probably gave it me at some time that he was with me. I do not know where Mr. Nicholls resides in the country, or would ask your question; he is gone out of town.

Though it will certainly be more convenient to you to have the Life printed under your eye at York, I cannot but lament my press is not to be honoured with it, though in sooth two capital reasons are strong against it. first, that the pace of my single printer, who has not even an aide de camp or devil, is so wondrous slow that your work would not be finished in this century; the other is, that I have not the patience necessary for correcting the press. Gray was for ever reproaching me with it, and in one of the letters I have just turned over, he says, 'Pray send me the proof-sheets to correct, for you know you are not capable of it.' It is very true; and I hope future edition-mongers will say of those of Strawberry Hill, they have all the beautiful negligence of a gentleman. Jerningham 5 has just desired my consent to his dedicating a new poem to me. I remonstrated, and advised him to Augustus 6, the patron supreme; he would not be said nay, and modesty, as it always does when folks are pressing, submitted, but it was to be a homage to my literary merit. Oh, that was too much, I downright was rude. 'Sir,' says I, 'literary merit I have none, literary merit will be inter-

⁵ Edward Jerningham (1727–1812), son of Sir George Jerningham, fifth Baronet, of Cossey, Norfolk.
⁶ The King.

preted, learning, science, and the Lord knows what, that I have not a grain of. I have forgot half my Latin and all my Greek. I never could learn mathematics; never had patience for natural philosophy or chess; I have read divinity, which taught me that no two persons agree, and metaphysics, which nobody understands: and consequently I am little the wiser for either. I know a little modern history of France and England, which those who wrote did not know; and a good deal of genealogy, which could not be true unless it were written by every mother in every family. If I have written anything tolerable, it was to show I had common sense, not learning. I value my writings very little and many others value them still less. which it would be very unreasonable in me to resent, since nobody forgets them so soon as myself, and, therefore, dear Sir,' &c. Well, he has consented, and I hope from his example, I never shall be called the learned author again, as I have been by magazines, when magazines were so cruel as to wish me well.

I should not have said, my pen is my witness, half so much of myself, if I had had anything else to say. Oh yes, I have. Mr. Duncombe⁷ has published a volume of my good Lord of Cork's letters to him from Italy. I fear Pliny would not give him his library for writing them, no more than his father did for thinking he could not write. I am glad your cathedral shuts its doors on you⁸: you did not want that omen of your never wearing a mitre. The cap of liberty becomes such head much better; though I believe you would be as singular as good Hoadley—and wear them together; 'tis therefore I am so much

and ever yours,

H.W.

⁷ Rev. John Duncombe (1729-1786), miscellaneous writer and antiquary.

⁸ Mason was prevented from going into residence at York by some repairs to the roof of the Minster.

1466. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, May 29, 1773.

THE Duchess of Gloucester was delivered of a Princesa¹ this evening; so even their holidays are taken from the Stuarts. The marriages of the two royal Dukes, at the request of his Highness of Gloucester, have been authenticated this week. The King sent the Archbishop, the Chanceller, and the Bishop of London, this day se'nnight, to examine the proofs, and report them with their opinions. They declared themselves fully satisfied with the validity of both marriages, made their report in full council before the King last Wednesday, and the depositions were entered in the Council books.

You will be surprised after this account to hear that the good-natured part of the Duchess's sex has opened its triple mouths to call in question the legality of the Duke of Gloucester's marriage, because there were no witnesses. The law of England requires none. The declaration of the parties is sufficient. The Duke (on his death-bed, as he believed, at Florence) declared it to the Colonels Rainsford and Hoywood 2, who have taken their oaths of it, and the Duchess had owned it to the Bishop of Exeter', which he has attested in like manner but envy is no lawyer. The Duke was advised to be married again with the King's consent, but he had too much sense to take such silly counsel. though the King would have allowed it. The Duke, however, submitted to the King's pleasure, if it should be thought necessary, though fully satisfied himself with the validity. The King sent him word by the Archbishop, that as his Royal Highness was satisfied, and as his Majosty

Invres 1466,...! Princess Sophia Matilda; d. unmarried, 1944.

9 Grooms of the Bedchamber to the Duke. Walpole.

² Fracturin Kappel, Binhop of Exeter, was married to the Duchess's older sister. Walpele.

heard no objections to the validity, he did not think further steps necessary. In fact, the noise of those repine at the Duchess's exaltation is a proof that they convinced her marriage is indissoluble.

told you the attack on Lord Clive was begun: oh, he is hite as snow. He has owned all, and Machiavel would he first to acquit him—for he has pleaded supreme y as his motive. The House of Commons have been of niavel's opinion. The censure was rejected, and even te of applause passed. Cortez and his captains were more spotless heroes. The East India Company have e off the treaty with Government', but are to be forced submission.

ness of Norfolk 5. The old Duke is eighty-nine; the heir drunken and mad. His son a doubtful Catholic 6. come two zealous branches; and then Lord Carlisle. dy Orford distresses us much by not writing. Her son ry bad, and something must be done—but who will do know not-not I, I am sure, without authority, when ght be blamed afterwards. Her not writing makes it nore dangerous for me to direct.

our neighbour the Pope has lost a good friend, the

is is a short epistle, but you must look on it as part of

1467. To the Rev. William Cole.

R SIR,

ast.

Arlington Street, May 29, 1773.

have been so much taken up of late with poor Lord rd's affairs, that I have not had, and scarce have now,

elative to a proposed loan. ary Blount, wife of Edward, of Norfolk. Walpole.

e did afterwards turn Prot. Walpole.—Charles Howard 1815), son of Charles Howard ystoke, who succeeded in 1777

as ninth Duke of Norfolk, and whom he succeeded as tenth Duke in 1786. He was styled Earl of Surrey, 1777-86; Lord of the Treasury, 1783.
7 Query, if the branch of Suffolk

does not precede that of Carlisle. Walpole.

time to write you a line, and thank you for all your kindnesses, informations, and apostle-spoon. I have not Newcourt's Repertorium, and shall be obliged to you for the
transcript; not as doubting, but to confirm what Heaven,
King Edward I, and the Bishop of the Tartars have deposed
in favour of Marlibrunus the Jew-painter's abilities—I should
sooner have suspected that Mr. Masters would have produced
such witnesses to condemn Richard III. The note relating
to Lady Boteler does not relate to her marriage.

I send you two martagon roots, and some jonquils: and have added some prints, two enamelled pictures, and three medals: one of Oliver, by Simon, a fine one of a Pope, and a scarce one of the Seven Bishops. I hope the two latter will atone for the first. As I shall never be out of your debt, pray draw on me for any more other roots, or anything that will be agreeable to you; and excuse me at present.

Yours most assuredly,

H. WALPOLE.

1468. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY,

Arlington Street, June 4, 1773.

THE royalty of my niece and nieceling give me very little pleasure indeed, Madam. You will believe me, I trust, at last, now it is proced, as I always assured you, that I knew nothing of the wedding till it was publicly declared. You must have heard by this time of the depositions that have been registered. If you ever call me mysterious again, I will appeal to the books of the Privy Council.

It is not possible for me to make you a visit yet; poor Lord Orford and his affairs take up my whole time, and keep me in town, much against my will. He is not only worse, but seems growing childish, in which state he may live a great many years. His mother, who was turned to stone sooner than Niobe, will not come over nor concern herself about him. Nobody has authority to regulate his affairs, which run to ruin without having recourse to Chancery, which is too shocking a step. We cannot sell his horses, and one of the best has literally been starved by his ministers. I beg pardon for troubling your Ladyship with such details; but they are both my excuse and all my news.

The East India Bill' has gone through the Committee, and the Parliament will probably break up in a fortnight. Great ocean's King is going to see his kingdom. Lady Caroline Seymour's is dead of a putrid fever: Mr. Seymour will probably very soon try again for a future Duke of Somerset. Lord Bute has voided a quarry of gall-stones; one of them is so large, that it takes place of an immense one in the Museum: as nobody would believe he was ill, I hope it will be registered too in the annals of the Privy Council. Lord Grosvenor has been at Gloucester House; if the Duchess of Cumberland had lain in, I suppose he would have offered to stand godfather with Madame Rheda, or the Countess Dennoff*. If you ask me who are to be the other gossips, I swear Council books I do not know.

To the Countess of Upper Ossory. 1469.

Strawberry Hill, past midnight, June 11, 1778.

Unless I borrow from my sleep, I can certainly have no time to please myself. I am this minute arrived here, Madam,

Lagren 14th. 1 A Hill to goouro the better administration of the affairs of the East India Company.

W Generges III, no called in the Heroic Epistle. He went in June to Portsmouth to review the fleet.

* Indy Caroline Cowper, oldest

of Sherbourne, Somersetshire, who was brother of eighth Duke of Somer-

4 Lady Camilla Elizabeth Bonnet, eldest daughter of third Earl of Tankerville; m. (1764) Count Dennoff or Dunhoff, a Pole, who died in that

and being the flower of chivalry, I sacrifice, like a true knight. the moments I steal from my rest to gallantry. Save me, or I shall become a solicitor in Chancery, unless business and fatigue overset my head, and reduce me to my poor nephew's state. Indeed, I am half hurried out of my senses. of me putting queries to lawyers, up to the ears in mortgages, wills, settlements, and contingent remainders. My lawver is sent away that I may give audience to the Honourable Mr. Manners', the genuine, if not the legitimate, son of Lord William. He came civilly vesterday morning to ask me if he might not seize the pictures at Houghton, which he heard were worth threescore thousand pounds, for nine The vulture's threat thousand he has lent Lord Orford. gaped for them all - what a scone is opened! Houghton will be a rookery of harpies. I doubt there are worse scenes to follow, and black transactions! What occupation chalked out for an end of a life that I had calculated for tranquillity, and which gout and law are to divide between them!

In the midst of this prospect must I keep up the tone of the world, go shepherdizing with Maccaronies, sit up at loo with my Lady Hertford, be witness to Miss Pelham's orgies, dine at villas, and give dinners at my own. 'Tis well my spirits and resolution have survived my youth: you have heard how my mornings pass—now for the rest. Consultations of physicians, letters to Lady Orford, sent for to my brother, decent visits to my court, sup at Lady Powis's on Wednesday, drink tea with all the fashionable world at Mr. Fitzroy's farm on Thursday, blown by a north wind there into the house, and whisk back to Lady Hertford's; this morning to my brother's to hear of new hills, away to dine at Muswell Hill, with the Beauclerks, and florists

LETTER 1469. 1 John (d. 1712), natural son of Lord William Manners, second son of second Duke of

Rutland.

That of the Duke of Gloucester,
At Highgate.

and natural historians, Banks and Solanders; return to town. step to ask a friend whether reversions of jointures can be left away, into my chaise and hither. To-morrow come two Frenchmen to dinner—on Monday, a man to sell me two acres immensely dear as a favour.—Philip, I cannot help it, you must go and put him off; I have not a minute, I must go back to-morrow night to meet the lawyers at my brother's on Sunday morning. Margaret 4 comes in. 'Sir. Lady Bingham 8 desires you will dine with her at Hampton Court on Tuosday;' I cannot. 'Sir, Captain What-d'ye-call'm has sent twice for a ticket to see the house'-Don't plague me about tickets. 'Sir, a servant from Isleworth brought this parcel.' What the deuce is in it?-only printed proposals for writing the lives of all British writers, and a letter to tell me I could do it better than anybody, but as I may not have time, Dr. Berkenhout of proposes to do it, and will write mine into the bargain, if I will but be so good as to write it first and send it him, and give him advice for the conduct of his work, and point out materials, and furnish him with anecdotes.

My dear Madam, what if you should send him this letter as a specimen of my life! Alas, alas! I have already lost my lilac tide. I have heard but one nightingale this year, and my farmer cut my hay last Tuesday morning without telling me, just as I was going to London. Is it to be horne? O for the sang-froid of an Almackian, who pursues his delights,

Though in the jaws of ruin and codille!

Thank you a thousand times, Madam, for your letter,

^{*} The housekeeper at Strawberry Hill.

Margaret (d. 1814), daughter of James Smith, of Canon's Leigh, Devonshire; m. (1760) Sir Charles Bingham, seventh Baronet, created

in 1776 Baron Lucan, and in 1795 Earl of Lucan.

⁶ John Berkenhout (d. 1791), compiler of the Biographia Literaria, published in 1777.

which I received as I got into my chaise, and which for this. Believe me, Lady Orford's absence will no matters. I know not what will. For my royal nispirits, like her uncle's, do not sink under difficultionanty I think they augment. The Duke is in no darway, as the papers say. I hope he will not lose his neither. All I fear is, lest party should want to ma an instrument of its purpose, and lest resentment drive him to that course. I drop a soft word when an opportunity; but where one has no interest, or not increase it by moderation or contradiction.

Good night, Madam; how comfortable to have a latter than militia to do!

P.S. If I run into arrears, do not wonder nor repean I know news or politics in the midst of such a sconfusion as I have sketched?

1470. To Sin Houses Mann.

Arlington Street, June 15

My Lady Orford has employed great art and pains a study of six weeks, to write a letter without any my which, with very ordinary talents, might have been in half an hour. In order to guard every entwork of and cunning, she has left the heart of the place naked, since she has no feeling for her sen, and since she as suspects my brother and me, who have acted in the and most respectful manner, she teaches us to be a con our side. A week after her long-meditated letter another, desiring I would admit Sir John Pringle son—she might as well have sent a tooth-drawer, however, give the doctor notice that he might vis Orford—but the doctor, who has left off business, an

attended mad folks, had too much sense to go on a silly errand, and refused. This, if she inquires, you may tell her, my dear Sir-farther we intend to have no correspondence with her. All you may hint, if you will be so good, is that her Ladyship's letter was so indefinite, and betrayed so little confidence in Sir Edward and me, that you conclude, from the dryness and dissatisfaction of my answer, that I understood it as a rebuke to my officiousness. and that I had only said, that Sir Edward and I, finding our zeal received so coldly, should not trouble her Ladyship any farther; that it is her son, not ours; that we have neither authority nor interest to meddle in his affairs, and that excepting in our care of his person and health, for which too we could not be responsible as we have no power to keep very improper persons from him, we should not concern ourselves any longer. This you will be so good as to say with caution and reserve, and only on being pressed by her -- not as a message to her. Do not read this to her, nor We cannot be too much aware of a woman. lot her see it. who may have very ill designs to us, when she has no tenderness for her own and only child. Indeed, on consultation with the greatest and best lawyers, my brother and I find ourselves possessed of no kind of authority whatever--we could obtain none but by the horrid extremity of taking out a commission of lunacy-we find on inquiry, that Lord Orford's affairs and fortune are in the most deplorable situation. We could not undertake the management without the greatest danger to our characters and fortunes; and though we were ready to undergo any trouble under the sanction of a mother, we certainly are not inclined to expose ourselves to persecution from her. Her professed resolution, we know, is to secure herself from all trouble and expense, with no, even pretended, excuse, but that of her health. She came over two years ago on much less cause, and was perfectly well here. It is her business to justify such conduct, if she deigns to think it worth her while -we lament the ruin we see advancing; we cannot prevent it, and we do not care to partake of it. The estate is wasted, and should either my brother or I survive my Lord, which besides the great difference in his age and ours, is still more improbable now that his health will run no risks, we could reap very little advantage indeed, infinite trouble certainly; and perhaps we have reasons for doubting whether even the small remainder. which naturally ought to come to one or other of us, would not be intercepted. Can it be expected that we will send our private fortunes after that of our family? In one word, all we can do is to watch over my Lord's person and to take care that every attention of humanity and tenderness be paid to him, and that his unfortunate life may be made as comfortable as possible. The recovery of his senses is, I fear. hopeless; his constitution is robust, and his health perfectly good. The physical people that attend him say he may live these forty years.

My dear Sir, I will make you no excuse for these tedious details: it would be doubting what I am so certain of, your attachment to our family. My time passes in the most melancholy and fatiguing details. We see nothing but physicians, stewards, lawyers, and creditors of the family, We must hear claims and complaints, though we cannot redress them. We must listen to what the world says, and we must guard even against opposite censures. People will give us advice, even unasked and some, only to condemn us for not taking it, or to draw us into scrapes by following it. After every repeated trial whether we could do any good, we are reduced to the necessity, and that a difficult one, of disengaging ourselves from taking any part. My brother's temper, constitution, and his own affairs, make it impossible for him to go through all this fatigue. I, almost

as warm, have more command of myself, and though with much less strength, have more patience and resolution. I offered to undertake the whole, if Lady Orford, the law, and my own security, could have indemnified me. discourage me. I must disembarrass myself, and wait with fortitude and composure, as I have long done, after leaving nothing undone to retrieve it, to see the shipwreck of my family brought on inadvertently and by mistaken love for it by the best and wisest of men 1, pushed on by a thoughtless man 1, and completed by a poor man, who I doubt not only is, but always was, mad. I say nothing of the woman, who, though the source of all, was originally to be pitied, by being forced into our family against her will-I wish the interests of her son had reconciled her to it. Nay, I would excuse her entirely, if she would but come over and do, or try to do, all she can for him. Let her return to Italy after she has done it, or finds it vain to endeavour. She is unpardonable if she sits still, wrapping herself up in a resolution of giving herself no trouble, of putting herself to no expense, of risking no inconvenience to her health, which being subject to an asthma only, is not in danger. Sir, hint this to her from yourself; suggest to her that the world will condomn her if she makes no essay, and represent to her that, however short her stay, it is a tribute that would satisfy decency but I have done, though my mind is so full!

Do not wonder I can tell you little news: could you know the unceasing fatigue and perplexities I have lately gone through, you would wonder that I can find time to execute all my business, or for repose; much less can I attend to the affairs of others.

All I do know is, that the Parliament is still sitting, and will sit a fortnight longer, on Indian affairs. Lord North gets through his Regulations, though with many désagrémens.

LETTER 1470 .- 1 Sir Robert Walpole.

WAIFOLE VIII

² The second Earl of Orford.

The world has expected that he would retire: I hope he will not: he is an honest and a moderate man. On Friday Sir W. Meredith and Charles Fox drove Lord Clive out of the House, by apostrophes, like 'Quousque, Catilina'?' and Charles's was admired as much as Tully's: yet Charles's fortune is as desperate as Catiline's, though he is not in opposition.

All the world are preparing for Portsmouth; whither the King is going to see the fleet. I sigh after my own Thames, and its barges; and the more, as I can walk much better than I expected I ever should: I will not tell you how little that is; but I am content without running races, as our Maccaronis do every Sunday evening in Kensington Garden, to the high amusement and contempt of the mob; and yet the mob will be ambitious of being fashionable, and will run races too. Indeed, indeed, were not the constitution, the boasted constitution of England, a dead letter, it ought to take out a commission of lunacy against all its members. Adieu!

P.S. I hear nothing of Mr. Knightley and the parcel.

Second P.S. I must cancel all the directions in this letter, though I continue to send it for your information, and for want of time to write another. Lady Orford, I suppose from the hints I sent her at her own interest, has written a penitential to Mr. Sharpe, her lawyer, and directs him to concur with us in proper management. All I will beg of you therefore is to speak with much reserve and caution: encourage her to act in concert with us, advise her to send necessary powers to Sharpe, and state to her how much her character and interest may suffer if she abandons her sen, and forces us to abandon him. We will do all we can if she does not mean trouble to us.

³ Beginning of one of Clearo's orations against Catilins. Walpole.

P.S. I had sealed my letter and open it again to I have this very instant received the packet of y Mr. Knightley from Jan. 15, 1771, to Mar. 12, clusive: and a most kind billet from yourself, for a thank you a thousand times.

71. TO THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

very fortunate for me, Madam, that what is not

Arlington Street, June 21, 1773.

etters excites your Ladyship's and Lord Ossory's . When I have nothing to say, I will be very ous: it will give me, besides, an air of importance Post Office. My summer will certainly make me ull correspondent, unless my new neighbour Lady enlivens us mightily. I have not yet seen her, ynel, or my new friend Lady Bingham; for though een five days at Strawberry, I have only visited the s yet, Lady Blandford and the Duchess of Newcastle. way, Lady Aylesbury, Lady Lyttelton, and the Is passed Thursday and Friday with me, and quitted aturday for the review of the Blues. On Thursday, ere at dinner, we heard music, and looking out, saw lage-fiddlers on the lawn. I sent to ask the reason: I they were come to congratulate my honour on my . Mr. Conway's servants were come with favours narriage of his nephew and your Ladyship's cousin, ad the credit of the espousals. I assure you I am ppy that I am related to you by any of these ways.

1471.—1 Lady Bridget Fox-(d. 1831), third son of first Earl of Hertford; in. (June 15, 1778) Anne, daughter of Pater Delmé.

riday wo went to see oh, the palace of palaces! a palace sans crown, sans coronet, but such expense!

such taste! such profusion! and yet half an acre produces all the rents that furnish such magnificence. It is a jaghire got without a crime. In short, a shop is the estate, and Osterley Park 3 is the spot. The old house I have often seen, which was built by Sir Thomas Gresham; but it is so improved and enriched, that all the Percies and Seymours of Sion must die of envy. There is a double portice that fills the space between the towers of the front, and is as noble as the Propyleum of Athens. There is a hall, library, breakfast-room, eating-room, all chefs-d'œuere of Adam, a gallery one hundred and thirty feet long, and a drawingroom worthy of Eve before the Fall. Mrs. Child's 'dressingroom is full of pictures, gold filigree, chins, and japan. is all the house; the chairs are taken from antique lyres, and make charming harmony; there are Salvators, Gaspar Poussins, and to a beautiful staircase, a ceiling by Rubens. Not to mention a kitchen-garden that costs 1,400L a year, a menagerie full of birds that come from a thousand islands. which Mr. Banks has not yet discovered: and then, in the drawing-room 1 mentioned, there are door-cases, and a crimson and gold frieze, that I believe were borrowed from the Palace of the Sun; and then the park is the ugliest spot of ground in the universe and so I returned comforted to Strawberry. You shall see these wonders the first time you come to Twicken ham.

I hope you are heartily provoked at the new Voyages, which might make one a good first mate, but tell one nothing at all. Dr. Hawkesworth is still more provoking. An old black gentlewoman of forty carries Captain Wallis's across a river, when he was too weak to walk, and the man

^{*} Then the seat of Robert Child, the banker.

⁴ Sarah, daughter of Paul Jodrell; m. I. Robert Child; E. Francis Roynolds-Moreton, third Baron Ducis;

d. 17143.

⁵ Captain Samuel Wallis (1729-1795), the discoverer of the Society and other islands in the Pacific.

sents them as a new edition of Dido and Æneas. ed, Dido the new does not even borrow the obscurity cave when she treats the travellers with the rites of as practised in Otaheite.

ame to town to-day again to see relations and lawyers, and nothing else left. All England is gone to meet George at Portsmouth. The Duchess of Northumbergives forty guineas for a bed, and must take her bermaid into it. I did not think she would pay so for such company. His Majesty, because the postes of gods are as immortal as their persons, would not a second chaise to be sent for him, and therefore, if ould and did break down, he would enter Portsmouth tumph in a hack. Lord Robert Bertie meets him at sfield, and then curru portatur codem; so everybody know exactly all the celestial conversation on the rest or road.

rd Shelburne, who apprehends the car of administrato be more brittle just at present than that of Neptune,
depted the Regulation Bill ; and they say made a good
on it. The games of the ocean do not finish till Friday.
How nothing of the baptism of my royal nieceling, but
her name is to be neither Neptune nor Amphitrite?

former was invited, but would not bestow a drop of
can water; so no message went any further. I tell
; one is gone to Zell; but as the lady at Zell is
reid, I don't know whether she can dispose of a teacup
ement without a patent under the trident; and thereI see no gossips to be had, but brother Pluto and
Proserpine?. I beg pardon for troubling your Lady-

as Bill for regulating the conof the East India Company, passed the House of Lords on 18 by a large majority. s, that she was not to be

named after either the King or the Queen.

⁸ The Queen of Denmark.

⁹ The Duke and Duchess of Cumberland.

ship with the secrets of the deep, of which I kno more than the man that set the coral. My little neither

Pursues the triumph nor partakes the gale

My allegiance is confined to Ampthill, and I sweat cross that, like the Jacobites of the last age, I am to good Queen Anne, and am

Your Majesty's true liegeman and cousin

1472. To the Countess of Upper Ossor

Strawberry Hill, June 26

I BELIEVE I shall soon be a fitter correspondent f Ossory than for your Ladyship, for I can talk of but sweepstakes and forfeits. Adieu, all my old sy knights, and giants, and fairies! If I write an Hieroglyphic Tales, the scene will lie on Newmarket I must turn Pegasus to grass and mount Alipes. In I have begun my whole education again. Mr. I comes to me three times a week to give me lect jockeyship; the other days I study conveyancing gages, and annuities; and my head not happening very clear, I make sad jumbles, and confound jock usurers, and t'other day asked my tutor when the ma to be run between Mr. Manners and Black-and-a All this, however, is no joke: I am seriously ill v fatigue I undergo; and the application I am forced to what I do not understand half turns my brain, brought back terrible headaches, to which I was f subject, but have not had these twenty years. I a moment's time, I would come and consult Lord

LETTER 1479 .- 1 An army surgeon, and habitud of Nawmark

and must put a question or two to him at the end of this letter.

News it is impossible for me to send or know; I shall soon be as ignorant of everything but Westminster Hall as the Widow Blackacre. Your own Lord will tell you more of the Georgics at Portsmouth than I can, where his Majesty,

Like Cimon triumphs over land and wave.

My own court goes to St. Leonard's Hill² on Wednesday. The christening is to-night, and the new Christian is to be the Princess Sophia; the Queen of Denmark and the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland sponsors. The maternal relations are not to be present, for it would not be civil to kiss the lips of gossips, whose hands one has not kissed. I was very glad to have a few holidays here; nothing can reconcile me to royal courts, or courts of law. The season is divine, and Strawberry Hill greener than the Elysian Fields. I have no objection but to so numerous a neighbourhood, which interferes with the repose I want so much.

Mrs. Meynel talks of calling on your Ladyship on her way to Derbyshire. Lady Bridget enlivens Twickenham extremely. I cannot say that I am much struck with her wit, though she has certainly a great deal more than she can hold. I saw the Duchess of Queensbury last night; she was in a new pink lutestring, and looked more blooming than the Maccaronesses. One should sooner take her for a young beauty of an old-fashioned century than for an antiquated goddess of this age. I mean by twilight. Adieu! Madam. Enter Lord Ossory.

My dear Lord, I must ask your counsel even about my own counsellors, and I will beg it by the return of the post. Brief, may I trust Mr. B.? I am advised to let him sell Lord

² In Windsor Forest

Orford's horses in this July meeting; and his mar &c., in October. He says he must pay for their He did tell Lord O.'s solicitor that he reckoned t would fetch 4,000%. Tother day I got him to a rough sketch of the value of each, and it amoun

but to 2,000%. This frightens me. I dare not be take the trouble of talking to him, unless you s there in July, and it came in naturally. He s for 500 guineas, but with what he has paid, I a balance against us of near 300l. All this is so that I am afraid to go on. I dare not run ris for Lord Orford or for myself. No soul will medd but, if I cannot trust the agents, I know no harm of but I do not know him. It will be the utmost and shall be an inviolable secret whatever you ar as to say to me. The little strength I had is so with the last gout, that I find this ocean of busing whelms me. I venture my health to do my dut poor man, who has ruined himself, and is abandor mother will not contribute a shilling everybody is ing him. To take out the statute would throw places"; and without it, what security have I agents are not upright, dare I proceed? Should B., will you hint my difficulties ? they are not so but common caution. Forgive me this liberty. wanted friendship more, for I never wanted co much. You have always been good to me, my de

P.S. I had scaled my letter, but am forced to to beg the answer may be directed to London, as there.

and Lady Ossory and you have perhaps speiled me

⁵ The Earl of Orford was Lord of the Hedchamber and Hi James's and Hyde Parks.

1473. To SIR HORACE MANN.

June 1773.

R letter, my dear Sir, of the fourth of this month, is and it grieves me much to find Lady Orford has so repugnance to the journey hither, which indeed be advisable on her own account, as well as most ary to her son. It is not proper to tell a mother y that her interest is concerned, in case she should he misfortune to lose him, but as such an accident appen, I believe that if he died without a will, her hip would be heir to a great part of his personal which I doubt will suffer much by her absence; for t repeat that I am determined, and my brother has the sentiments, not to meddle with my Lord's pecuniary sts, which are much confused, and which, do the best uld, would only subject us to ill-natured reflections. adyship's agents, both for her sake and her son's, are ost proper persons to undertake that direction; but only be done in the present situation by her Ladyverbal authority—she has only the authority of a r, and the entire submission of the family to her re. A legal act she cannot execute, but under what dyship must wish to avoid as much as we do, a comn of lunacy. Compassion, humanity, tenderness, hope, all make us dread such a step-and were it the Court of Chancery would undoubtedly not to care of her son in her Ladyship unless she came gland, though were that dreadful measure absolutely ary, in her hands alone we wish to see that trust ted. To avoid that extremity, we presumed to

sa 1478,—Not in C.; now first printed from transcript in possession Waldegrave. press her Ladyship to come over. If that could not be obtained, we offered with the utmost deference to obey implicitly any orders she should please to give us. If we must go farther and tender our advice, we think her Ladyship's agents the proper persons to supervise my Lord's affairs, and to report them to her. The superintendence of his person and health, with the advice of his physicians and relations, we will cheerfully and most tenderly undertake.

These things, my dear Sir, I beg you to represent most respectfully to Lady Orford; and I think it due to her in justice to give her a hint of her own personal interest, which no other consideration than justice should induce me to suggest; as it would not be honest in me, when she does me the honour to repose any trust in me, not to mention it. I must for like reasons inform her Ladyship that among other motives of aversion to a commission of lunacy, one is, that my Lord's posts under the Government would probably be taken from him; which on his recovery would not be so easily recovered, as they were bestowed. I wish, alas! I could give her Ladyship better hopes of such amendment, but am sorry to let her know that the physicians have little expectation of it. Lord Orford has sometimes good intervals, but relapses so often, that they, from experience in such vicissitudes, conclude he is likely to continue in that alternate state.

I will say no more now, because as I am flattered with the hopes of a letter from her Ladyship herself in a few days, and shall then probably have occasion to trouble her again, I will wait till I can speak with more foundation. Having submitted myself to her Ladyship's directions, I must hope she will e'er this have given some; and it is from that deference that I have refused to take the least upon me before I receive them, though I hear the physicians wish we would give them authority to use more restraint, an ill occasion having been taken by some of his friends to visit, and even once to carry him into company, extremely with the disapprobation of his physicians.

My brother has seen this letter, and approves it. I must beg you to keep it, as I have not time to copy it, though it may be necessary hereafter, if we should be censured for any remissness.

We are full of talk, particularly East Indian. Lord Clive and the nabobs are warmly attacked—and if the cause could have been precipitated, would have been condemned last week—but the world is already softened, I will tell you more when I have time.

1474. To the Rev. William Mason.

Strawberry Hill, June 28, 1773.

Nor that I have anything to say, but if I do not write to say so, when shall I have a minute's time? I have given myself two or three holidays, and must enjoy them by conversing with my friends. I am not going to India, nor have been at Portsmouth. It is not sure that I am not going to as unlikely a place. Newmarket. All Lord Orford's affairs are devolved upon me, because nobody else will undertake the office. I am selling his horses, and buying off his matches. I live in town to hear of mortgages and annuities, and do not wonder that Titus was called the delight of mankind, for he put the Jews to the sword. Mr. Manners, who was the son of Lord William, who was the son of Beelzebub, deserves to be crucified. He was so obliging the other day to make me a visit, and tell me he should seize the pictures at Houghton-I sent for a lawyer to exorcise him. My dear Sir, what vicissitudes have I seen in my family! I seem to live upon a chess-board;

every other step is black or white. A nephew mad and ruined, a niece a princess; Houghton, the envy of Eng. land, last week Mr. Vernon', the jockey, offered to vouchsafe to live in it, if he might have the care of the game. You do not think, I believe, that I need hear sermons -I have moralities enough at my elbow. The only shaft that pierces me deep, is the apprehension of losing the tranquillity I had so sodulously planned for the close of my life. To be connected with courts or Inns of Courts is equally poison. To trifle here was my whole wish. My little castle was finished, I was out of Parliament, and temperance had given me her henour, that being as unsubstantial as a sylph, I should be as immortal. I would as soon put my trust in Lady St. Huntingdon, I have been six months in purgatory with the gout; another's ambition has engrafted me upon Sandford's genealogical tree", and I must converse with stewards and moneychangers in the Temple every term. Here is a Hieroglyphic Tale with a witness

You are fretting at being shut up in York, instead of sauntering and piping to your sheep in your own grounds. I grieve for that as much as you, yet you have whole evenings to lell in your chair as you do in your print here. Lay down that paper in your hand, and write me a letter upon it, I shall be transported to receive a line that is not upon business. Does the Life* increase? does it take up all your time? We have nothing new but what is as old as Paul's—the Voyages to the South Sea. The Admiralty have dragged the whole ocean, and caught nothing but the fry of ungrown islands, which had slipped through the meshes of the Spaniard's not. They fetched blood of a

LETTER 1474.—1 Richard Varnon.
2 Brancia Bandstord, author of
A Genealogical History of the Kings
of England. Horsen Walpole here

refers to the marriage of his niceto the Duke of Olemester.

* Of Grav.

whale called Terra Australis incognita, but saw ig but its tail. However, Lord Sandwich has given ocean's King a taste for salt water, and we are to or the Atlantic, or let the sea into Richmond Garden, get which. Adieu; pray do not drop me, though got upon the turf.

1475. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawberry Hill, July 5, 1778.

cote to each other at the same time. I resume my syours requires an answer: mine contained nothing al.

Duke of Gloucester has frequent returns of his a, but they are short. Dr. Jebbe is confident that are no dangerous symptoms; still as there is a latent for which he is not likely to be soon touched by pretender, one must not be too sanguine. I hope ke the Princess Sophia. The history attending her is indeed curious, but fitter for a book than a letter, must wait for it, dear Sir, till we meet; for as I told my last, I am too much occupied by another nephew, to time for being the historian of the royal one. I am a cass that puts its trust in princes, nor that believes it. Cambridge can come within a thousand leagues of distile. Indeed, I should have thought him as little

es 1475. 1 Mason had, in his Walpole of June 28, 1778, at that a stuffed zebra (form possession of the Queen) ng exhibited in York. He i, 'I should think this . . . farnish the author of the Epistle with a series of moral ns which might end with owing pathetic couplet:...

[&]quot;Ah beauctous beast! thy cruel fate evinces

How vain the ass that puts its trust in princes!"'

^{2 &#}x27;I am informed that Mr. Cambridge . . . has awakened his muse . . . and has added forty lines to the Heroic Epistle.' Mason to Walpole, June 28, 1778.

likely to attempt adopting that vein as my Lord Bristol, who vows he would as soon read blasphemy.

I firmly believe the story of Sir J. D.'s s bribery; it was palliated by the intercession of Charles Yorke, but Lord Rockingham would not let it be totally suppressed. Onslow certainly told the other anecdote; but when I questioned him about it lately, he owned he had told it, but that Sir John had spoken to him since and explained away a good deal of the strength,—you will judge whether satisfactorily or not.

I now come to Gray's letters. The first I well remember: the second you may be sure I never saw before. I cannot say that either of them satisfy me, nor do I know whether they would do him honour; though very well, considering how young he was in French; but readers are more apt to criticize than excuse. The language is not correct, nor elegant; many of the idioms are downright English, and what gives them a French air chiefly, is a fault; I mean the phrases, which betray the tone of the provinces, not of the capital. Take them away, and you will not, I think, find the spirit French. If you print them, I have no objection to your inserting the passage you have marked for reprobation, and which alludes to me. You see how easily I had disgusted him; but my faults were very trifling, and I can bear their being known, and forgive his displeasure. I still think I was as much to blame as he was; and as the passage proves what I have told you, let it stand. if you publish the whole letter. I send it with some corrections, most of which I am sure are necessary; but as I am a very imperfect Frenchman myself, a native of France I doubt would find several more, and deem the style very baroque. Des ombres d'Idées may be Spanish, but I doubt the expression will be unintelligible to French ears.

³ Sir John Dalrymple. See letter to Mason of March 3, 1773.

Cela is never ça, I believe. The beginning of the second letter is full of Anglicisms: I have endeavoured to make them a little more academic, but you should not rely on my judgement: Madame du Deffand has told me that I speak French worse than any Englishman she knows.

I have almost waded through Dr. Hawkesworth's three volumes of the *Voyages to the South Sea*. The entertaining matter would not fill half a volume; and at best is but an account of the fishermen on the coasts of forty islands.

I must conclude, that my letter may go by a private hand to town, and be delivered to Mr. Fraser time enough for to-morrow's post. I use this method for the safety of Gray's letters, not for any secrets contained in this. Had I more leisure, I could tell you nothing but melancholy stories of my nephew, who is again grown furious, and has made several attempts lately to destroy himself, which keeps me in unceasing anxiety. Adieu, dear Sir; you do not send me a line, or a couple of lines, with which I am not charmed.

1476. To Dr. Berkenhout.

SIR,

July 6, 1778.

I am so much engaged in private business at present, that I have not had time to thank you for the favour of your letter; nor can I now answer it to your satisfaction.

My life has been too insignificant to afford materials interesting to the public. In general, the lives of mere authors are dry and unentertaining; nor, though I have been one occasionally, are my writings of a class or merit to entitle me to any distinction. I can as little furnish you, Sir, with a list of them or their dates, which would give me more trouble to make out than is worth while. If I have any merit with the public, it is for printing and preserving some valuable works of others; and if ever you

write the lives of printers, I may be enrolled in the number.

My own works, I suppose, are dead and buried; but as I am not impatient to be interred with them, I hope you will leave that office to the parson of the parish, and I shall be, as long as I live,

Your obliged humble servant,

Hor. Walpole.

1477. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, July 18, 1778.

I have delayed writing to you from day to day, my dear Sir, that I might be able at last to say something precisely to you about my poor nephew and myself, with regard to his affairs, chiefly for the information of his mother, who has not allured me to write to herself. Her son has had a terrible relapse, and for above a fortnight kept me under dreadful alarms by attempting to destroy himself. He is now quieter, and is settled at Hampstead in a house I have taken for him, and with which he is pleased. He was to have gone to a farm he has near Newmarket, but as I am much upon my guard, I asked whether there was water near it, and being answered yes, a mill-pond and wet ditches, I would not hear of it. Dr. Jobbe reckons this relapse favourable, as opposite to idiotism, into which he seemed sinking. may be so, but idiotism would guarantee his life; and such relapses (after recovering from the immediate cause of his malady, the violent quack medicines) indicate strongly to me a radical cause. It is not for his mother's ear, but she knows that he may have inherited the seeds from her own family.

Mr. Sharpe, her lawyer, will give, I hope has given, her

nstantial account of the bad posture of his affairs. promised me to tell her that, perplexing and almost te as they are, I have offered to undertake the ment of them, and to endeavour by inspection, and economy to put them on a better foot. Mr. has assured me this will be agreeable to her Ladyut I demand and insist on her giving me a positive ation of that request under her own hand, or I will ately throw up the trust, which must be part of rant to Chancery, or no consideration shall prevent inquishing so difficult and intricate a charge, so g and troublesome to one of my shattered constitud to my love of ease. This, my good friend, for my r the salvation of the family, for the only chance of ling the perplexity of affairs in which your own is concerned, nay, for her own sake, as the whole or whole shame will fall on herself, you must e her to comply with immediately. The whole world stify me in refusing if she refuses. My brother, Valpole, and his next brother, have signed to me quest in form. The whole family is happy that acrifice myself to this duty, and everybody approves duct. I will say to you that I have but too much to think that neither Lord Orford nor a distant view wn interest call upon me, or even Sir Edward, who er, to thrust ourselves into an invidious situation. ve been told by one that ought to know that my as disinherited us both-indeed, I have the less ance for that very reason. My behaviour can then nenced only by duty. I was a very untractable myself, but I will be a just uncle, though my as not so.

I trouble you with no more details, though my head art are full of them. They have jostled out every

other idea, and I fear will occupy the rost of my the vanity of rostoring my family engrosses me father, excellent and wise as he was, ruined it by p this vanity too far. It will be mine to try to rephavoc of three generations; and this I have had the fidence to call duty. But it would please my fath that thought will be my reward; or I shall cease from the labour and all other thoughts in that small spot that an end to vainglery!

When my mind reposes a little, I smile at I intended to tritle out the remnant of my days; they are invaded by lawyers, stewards, physician jockeys! Yes; this whole week past I have been n ing a sale of race-horses at Newmarket, and, to the of my transactions, the sale has turned out greatly Gothic ancestors are forgotton; I am got upon th I give orders about game, dispark Houghton, hav of farming, vend colts, fillies, bullocks, and shoe have not yet confounded terms, nor ordered pointer turned to grass. I read the part of the newspapers to skip, and peruse the lists of sweepstakes: not the of intelligence, nor the relations of the shows at Port for the King, or at Oxford for the Viceroy North 1. leave Europe and its kings and queens to you; we talk of such folks at the Inns of Court. I sold Sta five hundred guineas: I shall never get five pence monarchs of the empire, and therefore we jockeys Temple, and we lawyers of Newmarket, held then very insignificant individuals. The only politica that touches me at present is what does occasion noise and trouble, - the new Act that decries guineau weight. Though I have refused to receive a guinea ed Orford's income, yet I must see it all paid into dy's banker's hands, and I am now in a fright lest irchase-money of the racers should be made in light -not from suspicion of such honourable men, but from nattention to money. I must tell you a story apropos, I had this morning from the person to whom it ned last summer. My deputy, Mr. Tullie, has an in Yorkshire, where clipping and de-coining is most sed. He was to pay an hundred guineas to a farmer and desired the man to stay till he could send for to the next market town. The man was in haste, s Mr. Tullie was just arrived from London, was sure st have money in the house. With much persuasion ened his bureau and took out an hundred new pieces, he did not care to part with in that county where were none but bad. The man started, and refused to nem. 'Sir,' said he, 'there are so many coiners in these that if I was seen to have so many new guineas, uld be sent to prison as one of the gang,' and he ly waited till an hundred bad guineas could be d from Gisborough. They say the bank is to issue ound notes: at present all trade is at a stop, and the sion is extreme. Yea, verily, the villainy and iniquif the age are bringing things rapidly to a crisis! d is drained, and has not a shilling. The explosion Scotch banks has reduced them almost as low, and their flourishing manufactures to low-water ebb. Maccaronis are at their ne plus ultra: Charles Fox is ly so like Julius Cæsar that he owes an hundred thousand ls. Lord Carlisle pays fifteen hundred, and Mr. Crewe ³ e hundred a year for him—literally for him, being l for him, while he, as like Brutus as Cæsar, is

bably John Crewe (1742-1829), M.P. for Cheshire; cr. (Feb. 25, earon Crewe of Crewe.

historian does not interest posterity by the be Clodius when one has no Scipio. Yet, if the me manuelent about such pairty controls; our m

well, if I attend to the state of the nation I Wh barber. I must go back to my shop. I sha what it was I Lord bloss me! I run on like genius, character, or allies; the overgrown robbing, wrangling, railing nation, without despised 1 A country overrun by horse-races 1 nabobs and emptied by Maccaronis A senat What is England now? A - S won briagn H is tall W the Byzantine Empire, marked only by vices narration, this age will be as little known as th

This letter was to have set out last Friday this place delightful. Moughton before my eyes, I am indulging mysel occupy his niche in my new chapel in the gar P.S. St. John Donatello comes down toshe will think I am as mad as hor son. to most Don't read the end of my letter to th

directions. The person on whose account you hour of their appreach you had better writeguests, which you must not even offer. The n You are at least safe from having to Milan. near a year ago are going to Italy for some tim and sister-in-law of one who gave you so much mishid by an accident. I heard yesterday that

M

the heart, was not the cause, which does not add to the action; except in being convinced that a wa treated has no reason to alter his opinion on

and Duchess of Onmberland, wal-mi-retain but resitord sid ; retreeoust() to eated odT .

1478. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

Strawberry Hill, July 17, 1773.

I HAVE had two reasons, my dear Lord, for not offering myself to Nuneham till now. The first was that I could not, the second that I would not; no, not till you should be free from your royal guests. As I hear they are to be with you next week, I am humble enough to be content to succeed them; and so, as Bishop Burnet says, if you will accept of me any day after Monday se'nnight, the 26th, I am at your commands, provided it is not too near your embarkation 1, and that I shall not interrupt your packing up. Do not make any ceremony with me, but tell me freely if so late a visit will be inconvenient. I can come. you know, next summer, as I suppose the King of Ireland will not make an Interregnum, and your Royal Highness probably does not intend to make the inhabitants of your Principality quite so happy. If you should not have leisure to receive me, I most cordially wish Lady Nuneham and your Lordship a good voyage, as tolerable a sojourn as possible, a quick return, and that you may soon, like Roderick O'Connor,

Turn your harp into a harpsichord.

So prays your faithful Beadsman.

1479. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

Strawberry Hill, July 27, 1773.

I RECEIVED your Lordship's two kind letters with the gratitude they deserved, and will thank you for them on

LETTER 1478.—1 For Ireland, where Lord Nuneham's father, Earl Harcourt, was Viceroy. LETTER 1479.—Incomplete in C.; now printed from Harcourt Papers, vol. viii. p. 94. Monday evening next, the 2nd, trusting you will ha me till Thursday morning, which is long enough to tre on you, when you have so many state affairs on your r

Lady Nuncham is very good to bestow a thought or and it brings forth an hundredfold.

I was in London yesterday, where there is scarce a but Maccaronis lolling out of windows at Almack' carpets to be dusted; and not a syllable of news. F new play', they say, is very dull, and so is

Your Lordship's faithful humble servant,

HOR. WALP

1480. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawberry Hill, July 29,

Your letter, dear Sir, arrived here while I was at hill, which prevented my answering it so soon as I ou have done. I do not know a soul in town at present t acquainted with Baretti 1; but I expect to see Mr. Ch. a week, who lived seven years in Italy, and is mas Italian. As far as I recollect that language, I cannot I am at all pleased with the letter: it is made up of p and patches, and does not go off glibly at all -- in she seems to me totally unlike an Italian, and so very Gray's sense, that I think it would discredit him as my a boyish exercise could. Surely you might mentic having spoken of the Venus of Medici to West, w producing the letter itself; and only as an introduct the latter's verses. Indeed, as Gray's fragments wi add to the perfection of his reputation, I should be ave inserting anything that might lower him to the level He was not only great, but original. Forty

¹ The Bankrupt.

LETTER 1480.—1 Joseph Baretti (d. 1789), the friend of Johnson

men that I have known wrote French better than he did. and though few catch Italian so well, yet I would not publish the letter, as it has neither an Italian nor an English understanding. You and I mean the same thing in different ways. You are for showing the universality of his talents; I, only the excellence of them, and there I think and feel as he felt himself. Mr. Chute will tell me whether the verses are Gray's or not: at least he knows where to find Martinelli 2, who will do as well as Baretti.

I like the idea of West's letter, but not at all the execution, which I think falls very short of what it might have As I loved and esteemed poor West very much too, I am glad you have condemned it.

Your design for the tomb 3, dear Sir, is as classic as I like those things should be, and the epitaph as Greek. You order me to object, and therefore I do, but only to the enithet ambrasial, which, however proper to health, seems to clash with the sorrow in the end of the line. I do not believe I should have refined so much, if you had not invited me to be nice; so if you will retract the one, I will the other; as you may be sure I am pleased, when I have but a criticism so slight to make.

I shall go to Nuneham on Monday next, for two or three days, and to Houghton not till the 20th of August; before which you will receive back the two letters.

As the Fishers are at York, I wish they were inclined to take casts of the kings in the screen before the choir, which struck me so much. I am persuaded they might sell them well; at least I should be glad to have exact drawings of Henry IV and Richard III, if they would do them reasonably. Henry's is one of the most remarkable and

litterateur, pettled in England.

⁸ Mason had designed a monument to be erected in York Minster

I Vincenzio Martinelli, an Italian to one Dealtry, a physician. He had also written an epitaph, which he submitted to Horace Walpole.

characteristic countenances I ever saw, and totally unlike the common pictures of him, which have all but one dubious original. Pray remember I do not desire James I, which ought to be changed, in the spirit it was put up, for every reigning king.

The etching of Gray has great resemblance, and I should approve it for the frontispiece, though with some corrections. The eye is too open and cheerful for his; and the eyebrow, towards the ear, rises too much from the end of the eyelid. The top of the head behind is too flat, and the dark shade from the ear to the chin is hard, too black, and should be softened off. In general there is more vivacity than was in his countenance; and yet I think it will be difficult now to produce a more faithful likeness.

My poor nephew is now worse or better, according to the moon; all I mean is, periodically, for I have little faith in moons or physicians. These returns, however, renew my anxiety for his safety; and though every precaution is taken that can be, it is impossible not to be alarmed, as he has all the sullenness and cunning of people in that condition.

Have you got the Annual Register? You will like the article on Sweden, which is remarkably well done; and so is that on Poland.

Are not you escaping to your sensible house and agreeable garden? I have a pedestal making for the tub in which my cat was drowned: the first stanza of the Ode is to be written on it, beginning thus:—

Twas on this lofty vase's side, &c.

However, as this and much of my collection is frail, I am printing the Catalogue; that is, like so many other men, I am pretending to step an inch beyond the grave into

⁴ Etched after a drawing by Mason and Benjamin Wilson, by Charles Carter, Mason's servant.

endless futurity, and record porcelain on paper. Apropos to such trifles, has not a Dr. Berkenhout sent to you for lists of your works and anecdotes of your life? I am sure he ought, for he thought even of me. I sent him word that the only merit I was conscious of, was having saved and published some valuable works of others; and that whenever he should write the lives of printers, I should have no repugnance to appear in the catalogue.

Mr. Adam has published the first number of his Architecture. In it is a magnificent gateway and screen for the Duke of Northumberland at Sion, which I see erecting every time I pass. It is all lace and embroidery, and as croquant as his frames for tables; consequently most improper to be exposed in the high-road to Brentford. From Kent's mahogany we are dwindled to Adam's filigree. Grandeur and simplicity are not yet in fashion. In his Preface he seems to tax Wyatt with stealing from him; but Wyatt has employed the antique with more judgement, and the Pantheon is still the most beautiful edifice in England. What are the Adelphi buildings? warehouses laced down the seams, like a soldier's trull in a regimental old coat.

I will enliven the conclusion of a heavy letter with a riddle by George Selwyn, the only verses I believe he ever made, and marked with all his wit:—

The first thing is that thing without which we hold No very good bargain can over be sold.

The next is a soft white prim delicate thing,

Which a parson has got 'twixt his kness and his chin. Then what at the playhouse we all strive to get,

Or else are content to go in the pit.

Then all this together will make an odd meas

Of something in something, and that you must guess.

So you will; therefore I need not tell you the subject, nay, nor who writes this letter.

1481. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Strawberry Hill, Aug. 9, 1773.

Here is a pause from my journeyings, Madam. I returned yesterday from Park Place and Nuneham, and hope for a letter before I go to Houghton on Thursday so'nnight.

Nuncham astonished me with the first coup d'wil of its ugliness, and the next day charmed me. It is as rough as a bear, but capable of being made a most noble scene. There is a fine apartment, some few very good pictures, the part of a temple acted by a church, and a flower-garden that would keep all Maccaronia in nosegays. The comfort was a little damped by the constant presence of Sir William Lee¹ and Dame Elizabeth his wife, with a prim Miss, whose lips were stuffed into her nostrils. They sat both upright like macaws on their perches in a menagerie, and scarce said so much. I wanted to bid them call a coach! The morning and the evening was the first day, and the morning and the evening was the second day, and still they were just in their places! I made a discovery that was more amusing: Lady Nuneham is a poetess, and writes with great case and sense, and some poetry, but is as afraid of the character as if it was a sin to make verses. You will be more entertained with what I heard of Lord Edgecumbe. Stay, I dare not tell it your Ladyship well, Lord Ossory must read this paragraph. Every scrap of Latin Lord Edgecumbe heard at the Enconia at Oxford he translated ridiculously; one of the themes was Ars Musica: he Englished it Bumtiddle.

I wish you joy, Madam, of the sun's settling in England. Was ever such a southern day as this? My house is a

LETTER 1481.—1 Sir William Lee (d. 1799), fourth Baronst, of Hartwell, Buckinghamahire; m. (1768)

Lady Elizabeth Harcourt, daughter of first Earl Harcourt.

bower of tuberoses, and all Twitnamshire is passing through my meadows to the races at Hampton Court. The picture is incredibly beautiful; but I must quit my joys for my sorrows. My poor Rosette is dying. She relapsed into her fits the last night of my stay at Nuneham, and has suffered exquisitely ever since. You may believe I have too; I have been out of bed twenty times every night, have had no sleep, and sat up with her till three this morning; but I am only making you laugh at me; I cannot help it—I think of nothing else. Without weaknesses I should not be I, and I may as well tell them as have them tell themselves.

P.S. I am going to make a postscript of a very old riddle, but if you never saw it you will like it, and revere the riddle-maker, which was, I am told, one Sir Isaac Newton, a great star-gazer and conjurer:—

Four people sat down at a table to play; They play'd all that night, and some part of next day. This one thing observed, that when they were seated, Nobody played with them, and nobody betted; Yet when they got up, each was winner a guinea; Who tells me this riddle, I'm sure is no ninny.

1482. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

August 10, 1773.

You must forgive my troubling you with my gratitude, my dear Lord. It is impossible to be silent after experiencing so much kindness, and receiving so much pleasure at Nuneham. The scenes and prospect made great impression on me, but your Lordship's and Lady Nuneham's goodness much more. Can neither you nor she guess, my Lord, what made the strongest impression of

all? Not the showing me what your park may be-not that it may be paradise, but that it is Parnassus; that one of the Muses resides there, and is so bashful as to pretend to be only one of the Graces. I hope her eight sisters, who are seldem modest, will be provoked at her possessing a virtue they want, and will expose her stark to the eves of the whole world. A Vice-Queen blushing in a brazen age, and in a brazen kingdom !- well, well, she will return intropid it is incredible how many awkward virtues a crown can cure people of! Such talents were not given to be locked up in a little flower-garden, though it is enamelled. and fit for the loves of Vertumnus and Pomona. be transplanted. Oh that ever I might be henoured so far as to be allowed to join certain lines to those of Lady Temple! The editions of Strawberry would be immortal, and Cipriani should design a frontispiece in which Friendship should present the sister poetesses to Apollo-and the best engraver in England should etch it. No, my Lord, not Bartolozzi, but an idle creature', as humble as his wife, who is able to do justice by his landscapes to the rich vale that is bounded by Abingdon and Oxford, and who leaves a thousand venerable oaks, that stand before his nose, unengraved, as his father leaves their site unimproved. Oh, I pray to all the Dryads to do justice on such a familyand that justice, I hope, will be poetical!

Well! ye are, however, a tender-hearted set of people—some of ye—you will pity me, I am sure. Rosette has suffered dreadfully ever since she was seized at Nuncham; it seems a mixture of complaints, paralytic, and in her bowels. I dare scarce flatter myself with a glimpse of hope! but it is a bad return to give you concern. Pray, my Lord, tell Mr. Jerningham that the next pair of true lovers he kills, I insist on their being buried in your church,

which is so unlike a parish, and worthy of entombing Abélard and Heloïsa. Nay, I beg the whole plan may lie at Nuneham; the swain shall talk to the nymph through the grate of your flower-garden; they shall wander in the wood over the lock. I hope Corydon will not be too pressing; the spot is savage and tempting; and then think what a gloomy evening walk for the funeral procession, along the terrace to the church! There is no resisting such a subject.

Before I take my leave, I must beg you would not be too impatient to embark. I have heard a whisper, as if the King of Poland would not be the first monarch in Europe that may resign his crown rather than meet a refractory Diet. I should not congratulate any other Prince on being reprieved from a throne, but your Lordship; no, your Lordship, not unless I was entirely

Your devoted humble servant,

HORACE WALPOLE.

1483. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Strawberry Hill, Aug. 13, 1778.

I no not care a straw, Madam, for having heard the story of Mrs. Garnier and King Louis, before I received your letter. You told it so well, that it was new again; and I again doubt the truth as I did at first. It would be marvellous indeed that a comely old monarch should be the first man to receive a refusal from a gentlewoman who never refused any man. I doubt whether my friend Mrs. Macaulay herself would be so anti-monarchical.

The history of Lady Mornington 1 is much more credible.

LETTER 1488. - I Hon, Anne Hill (d. 1881), daughter of first Viscount Dungannon; m. (1759) Carret Wellosley, first Baron Mornington, created Earl of Mornington in 1760. Where should bawds and bishops pay court but to y hypocrisy! Could her Ladyship apprehend a cold rewhere Lord Pembroke is a Lord of the Bedchamber how, Madam, can you wonder that her story was not there? When was piety unread in the Chronique scane. There are none but the wicked that are not uncharitathat never trouble themselves about the sins of other

I could not help saying thus much in answer that ship's letter; but mine, I believe, will not immediately, I have so little to put into it. I have two days in town, and heard not a syllable but the classical Barrymore, who died of a fever in seven classy Grandison's. His little widow lies in, but so follow him. His mother is the only person to be pi

George Selwyn was here this evening, which was compliment, as he left Lord March at Richmona bad sore throat, but mending. Our neighbournishes us as little as London. I saw Crau town, who takes the air, and talks of going to S next week. He looks much the better for his gowill not allow it.

You don't flatter me, Madam, by being more conforme than for Resette. She is still alive, but I of her recovery. However, you have so little dog that I will say no more about her, nor about anyth to-night, but his Grace of Devonshire, who seems buying the character of singularity very dear. Making passion for antiques bring forth more dressed old pictures?

17th,—It is in vain to wait for news; none will and my letter must set out, so shall I next Frid probably be absent ten days. As the thunder has our glorious summer sour, I am the less concern

going from home. From Houghton it will be impossible to tell your Ladyship anything, unless of the neighbouring court of Denmark.

When I was in town I sent again to Hamilton for your picture², and to Bonus³ for Barnaby Fitzpatrick's, but could obtain neither.

1484. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Aug. 15, 1773.

LADY Orford really astonishes me! though she may feel total indifference about her unhappy son, how can she proclaim it? But she must do as she pleases. All I shall insist upon is the letter to me under her hand-I go to Houghton next week to regulate all matters there: and when I have reduced the extravagances and settled everything upon the most prudent and economic foot, so that anybody else might go on with my Lord's affairs, I shall throw up the management, unless her Ladyship makes it safe for me: and from this resolution nothing shall make me depart. I begin to doubt indeed whether, without this. the trust will continue long in my hands; my Lord seems to me to grow so much worse. The people about him call it his fit, and fancy he is worse periodically once a month. The great and uncommon heats we have had lately may have contributed—but this fit, as they call it, has lasted longer than the month. He is forced to be confined in his bed at night, and pinioned in the day, as he incessantly tries to escape, or to do himself mischief. He swallows nothing but broth, and that by force; consequently, you may imagine, falls away. I do not understand these cases,

² A crayon drawing of the Countess of Ossory, probably by William Hamilton (1751–1801), which was formerly at Strawberry Hill.

³ A picture-cleaner. LETTER 1484.—Not in C.; now first printed from transcript in possession of Earl Waldegrave.

and his alarms me extremely, though I do not find the physical people under apprehension for his life, if he can be kept from hurting himself, to which his cunning seems to tend; but to guard against which all possible care is taken.

This is the whole matter of my letter, as indeed it is what takes up almost all my time. There is a total stagnation both of news and politics. One must go to Poland or the Danube for any of the latter.

The Duke and Duchess of Cumberland are, I believe, embarked for Italy. I told you they proposed to reside at Milan.

Pray tell me what you think of Lady Orford's health. Some English that saw her lately have told my brother that she is in a bad way. I doubt it. Of your family I know very little indeed. I have made offers of visiting your brother, who is so near me as Richmond, but he always finds civil excuses for waiving it. You are sure I would not be wanting to him but perhaps we shall not agree the worse for not meeting. I have heard nothing lately of your nephew's imprudences, and the last time I saw your brother he seemed to think him more prudent. One should hear it probably if he was not. The extravagance of our young men of fortune or no fortune is no secret. Some of them are so ingenious as to contribute their follies to the public papers, and the public is not mollified by the relation of their exploits. They make no compensation by Such of them as live will be dull old devils. parta. Adieut

1485. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

Aug. 17, 1772.

Your pinks, your tulips live an hour; A fortnight binds your utmost power.

Flora, the niggard goddess, pays
With short-liv'd joys the toil of days.
But, Walter Clark¹, your happy lot
Is fallen in a fairer spot:
A Muse has deign'd to view your bower,
And stamp'd immortal every flower.
Her breath new perfumes can disclose,
Her touch improve the damask rose:
And ages hence the buds you raise
Shall bloom in Nuneham's living lays.
The lilies of the field, that shone
With brighter blaze than Solomon,
Shall beg to quit their rural stations,
And mix with Walter Clark's carnations.

Had Lady Nuneham condescended to let me see the other lines you tell me of, my dear Lord, they would I trust have inspired me with a better return. Those I have scribbled are, however, more disinterested, though not worthy of the subject, which, without a flower, would make St. Paul run mad. Well, you are a fortunate husband! I do not wonder you despise crowns and sceptres. If you had those of an Emperor, you should not make me destroy the lines you have sent me, though I give you and Lady Nuneham my honour that they shall never go out of my hands.

I have neither read the Ode nor the Spiritual Quixote²: but you are too hard on their panegyrist. Would it not be cruel on bad authors if nobody was found to like their writings? For my own part, I am persuaded that foolish writers and readers are created for each other; and that Fortune provides readers as she does mates for ugly women.

LETTER 1485.—1 Cunningham states that Walter Clark (d. 1784) was the gardener at Nuneham.

² The Spiritual Quixote, or the Summer's Ramble of Mr. Geoffrey

Wildgoose, a Comic Romance, published anonymously in 1772. It was by Rev. Richard Graves (1715–1804), Rector of Claverton, near Bath.

Mrs. Clive is gone to Marlow on a visit for

who does not most with a harvest of cards, think there was any prospect. My poor Rose though I still fear not likely to recover. I sha my Veccrovalty on Thursday, a shorter, inca pleasanter poirries than your Lordship's. In Lescenter Fields seemer than you expect! a person reign would only prolong your calamitie be serry if your Highness's father is speedily which is the hearty prayer of, my dear Lord, &

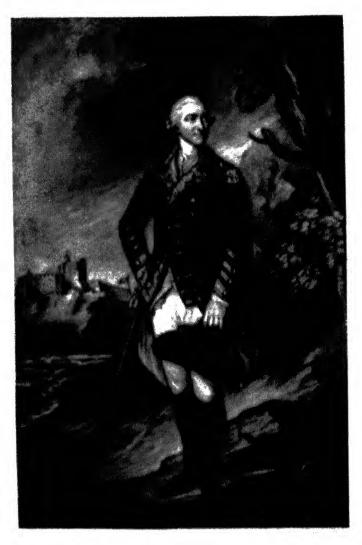
1486. To the Hon, Henry Seymour (

Arlington Street, A

I have nown has night from Houghton', where of huminess detained me four days longer that and where I found a scene infinitely more mo. I expected, though I certainly delined go wit of finding a land flowing with milk and hency, pictures, which are in the finest preservationals, which are become forcets, all the idealation, confusion, disorder, debts, mort pillage, villainy, waste, felly, and madness. Here that five thousand pounds would put the buildings into good repair. The nettles and

ilota of Priving 1400 Laurena 1400 grown ilsering the englesse, America Ma anionateur in mithe affairs Walpela

I Hormon Walpule's manno in monticited netwith times in the account of Nationals in the New the first thirds by 'n theitlement of Hafferd (7th of 1, 17th), and him description of Nationliam Park is question from the desc-



Mon Money deremon to make to

the park are up to your shoulders; horses have been turned into the garden, and banditti lodged in every cottage. perpetuity of livings that come up to the park-pales have been sold—and every farm let for half its value. In short. you know how much family pride I have, and consequently may judge how much I have been mortified! Nor do I tell you half, or near the worst circumstances. I have just stopped the torrent—and that is all. I am very uncertain whether I must not fling up the trust; and some of the difficulties in my way seem insurmountable, and too dangerous not to alarm even my zeal; since I must not ruin myself, and hurt those for whom I must feel, too, only to restore a family that will end with myself, and to retrieve an estate from which I am not likely ever to receive the least advantage.

If you will settle with the Churchills your journey to Chalfont, and will let me know the day, I will endeavour to meet you there; I hope it will not be till next week. I am overwhelmed with business—but, indeed, I know not when I shall be otherwise! I wish you joy of this endless summer.

1487. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 1, 1773.

Your Ladyship was particularly kind in letting me meet so agreeable a letter at my return, which made me for some minutes forget the load of business and mortification that I have brought from Houghton, where I was detained four days longer than I intended. You would I fear repent your love of details, were I to enter on particulars of all I have seen and heard! far worse than my worst apprehensions!

You know, Madam, I do not want a sufficient stock of

family pride, yet perhaps do not know, though I think it far from a beautiful place, how very fond I am of Houghton. as the object of my father's fondness. Judge then what I felt at finding it half a ruin, though the pictures, the glorious pictures, and furniture, are in general admirably well preserved. All the rest is destruction and desolation! The two great staircases exposed to all weathers, every room in the wings rotting with wet, the ceiling of the gallery in danger, the chancel of the church unroofed, the water-house built by Lord Pembroke tumbling down, the garden a common, the park half-covered with nettles and weeds, the walls and pales in ruin, perpetuities of livings at the very gates sold, the interest of Lynn gone, mortgages swallowing the estate, and a debt of above 40,000l. heaped on those of my father and brother. A crew of banditti were harboured in the house, stables, town, and every adjacent tenement; and I had but too great reason to say that the out-pensioners have committed as great spoil-much even since my nephew's misfortune. The high-treasurer who paid this waste and shared it is a steward that can neither read nor write. This worthy prime minister I am forced to keep from particular circumstances-I mean if I continue in office myself; but though I have already done something, and have reduced an annual charge of near 1,200%. a year, the consequences of which I believe were as much more—I mean the waste made and occasioned by bad servants, dogs, and horses-still I very much doubt whether I must not resign, from causes not proper for a letter.

In the shock and vexation of such a scene was I forced to act as if my mind was not only perfectly at ease, but as if I, who never understood one useful thing in my days, was master of every country business, and qualified to be a surveyor-general. Though you would have pitied my sensations, you would have smiled, Madam, I am sure. at my occupations, which lasted without interruption from nine every morning till twelve at night, except that a few times I stole from the steward and lawyer I carried with me, to peep at a room full of painters, who you and Lord Ossory will like to hear, are making drawings from the whole collection, which Boydell is going to engrave. the morning was spent in visiting the kennels, in giving away pointers, greyhounds, and foreign beasts, in writing down genealogies of horses-with all my heraldry I never thought to be the Anstis of Newmarket; in selling bullocks, sheep, Shetland horses, and all kind of stock; in hearing petitions and remonstrances of old servants, whom I pitied, though three were drunk by the time I had breakfasted; in listening to advice on raising leases, in ordering repairs, sending two teams to Lynn for tiles, in limiting expense of coals, candles, soap, brushes, &c., and in forty other such details.

About one or two, arrived farmers to haggle on leases, and though I did not understand one word in a score that they uttered, I was forced to keep them to dinner, and literally had three, four, and five to dine with me six days of the eight that I stayed there; nor was I quit so, for their business literally lasted most days till eight or nine at They are not laconic, nor I intelligent; and the stupidity and knavery of the steward did their utmost to perplex me and confound the map of the estate, every name in which he miscalled, as if he was interpreting to an Arabian ambassador. The three last hours of the night were employed in reducing and recording the transactions of the day, in looking over accounts and methodizing debts, demands, and in drawing plans of future conduct. I am weary even with the recollection-is not your Ladyship with the recapitulation? For the first four days I was amazed at the quickness of my own parts, and almost lamented that such talents had lain so long unemployed. I improved two leases 150*l*., and thought I had raised another more; and let a farm which my Lord kept in his own hands, and has received not a shilling from for seven years, for 500*l*. a year. Alas! I soon found I had been too obstinate or too sanguine, and absolutely had done nothing but blunder. My farmers broke off when I thought them ready to sign, and the second lease I found my Lord had been overreached in, and had engaged for 400*l*., though I was offered 600*l*. by two different persons. I came away chagrined and humbled.

As King Phiz says in The Rehearsal, if I am turned off, nobody will take me; I am glad, therefore, your Ladyship did this time resist your propensity to praising me. I am glad to have done with my own chapter, and to come to your Ladyship's entertaining letter—I should not say entertaining, as you have been a month in apprehensions of you know not what. I hope Lord Ossory will soon be without apprehension, and see what he wishes. Good Madam, do not scamper about like some ladies of antiquity, I forget their country, who thought fatigue went halfway in the procreation of a son and heir. I was not so much frightened at Mrs. Page's news; on the contrary, I was diverted, concluding the antiquated beauty was a lady famous for making ducal captives, and was going to be restored.

Lady Barrymore has, I think, two thousand a year, and I believe will not break her little heart, as you may see I thought by this stanza to the tune of *Green grow the rushes*, oh!

LETTER 1487. — ¹ Hon. Juliana Howe, second daughter of first Viscount Howe; m. (1725) Thomas

Page, of Battlesden, Bedfordshire; d. 1780.

O, my Lady Barrymore,
O, my Lady Barrymore,
If I was you,
I'd bill and coo,
But I would never marry more.

e you I will not myself; nor do I think the lady

will choose another skeleton.

ssed right, Madam; musicians is the key to

If it is too easy, which I am bound not to
could not guess it, remember Sir Isaac was more
solving problems than for wrapping them in

bog not to have my details mentioned to the Jourts, nor to your jockeyhood. I doubt they her touch the one nor reform the other, though me for moralizing. For my part, I sat down by a of Babylon, and wept over our Jerusalem—most say, over my father's ashes, on whose grave-rain pours!

Madam, the reading your letter over again made it. I shall want many such before the impression use last ten days will be obliterated.

1488. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 2, 1773.

we been as kind and zealous in my cause as I my dear Sir; though to little purpose. Lady only sincere when she avows her insensibility for or rather her resolution of caring for nothing but found your two letters at my return from Houghthough there was but an interval of four days neir dates, she had contrived to deceive you and promise between the tenth and the fourteenth,

for she has neither sent to me nor to Mr. Sharpe t she made you believe she would write and had This extreme art, if it is art to be false without d will recoil on herself. The applications made to ! persuaded her that I am eager to have the manag her son's affairs, and consequently she thinks it a for my interest. Now, it happens that nothing we me so much joy as to be dispensed with from the taking. I engaged, because I thought it indecent to when nobody else would submit to the labour, dar expense. When his own mother will not deign t to undergo that fatigue, I am clearly exculpated if I have shown my zeal and everybody applauds it will the world think of her, when she will neither trouble herself nor encourage me to do it? "I'l must light on her, if she is the cause that her son estate are abandoned to plunderers, or that the di a commission of lunacy is taken out against him whole family, or at the instance of his creditors, to of his employments then he will want her supp I believe will want it. So much for her Ladyship - in short, she is flint, and very milly does al she has parts enough to draw me on from time without giving me the satisfaction I claim? I h have a little more sense than she has, as well integrity. I have acquainted Mr. Sharpe in form she does not send me the letter by the first of N I will throw up the trust then we shall see what there are in her cunning to draw me on farther, not a straw for her letter; I am nick of the tren I scorn her suspicions, and they shall fall on herse must tell her, I beg and insist you will, that she mistaken in imagining I am ambitious of the trust. desired Mr. Sharpe to tell her so too, and after Nove she shall know my opinion of her very plainly from myself, the first feature of which is contempt of her paltry cunning. the supreme point of sense in a woman that has not enough. and a certain mark of the want of it. She has affronted the warmth with which I have sacrificed myself, I resent the usage, for I value the good opinion of mankind, though she does not. My uprightness and disinterestedness were never called in question before: I believe it is a match for art at least it is not afraid of coming to a trial. Were I desirous of the trust, the sanction of the family would bear me out, whether she would or not-but I am above taking the charge of her son, if his own mother will not deign to ask it of me. It was a compliment and an unnecessary one, for she has no power to confer; the Chancery would laugh at her, if she in Italy were to pretend to it when she refuses to come and take care of him. happen to have a little more delicacy, will not proceed without the approbation of his mother, nothing shall make me. Though she uses me ill I will do what I think right. not for her sake but my own. It would be justifying her suspicions to thrust myself into the office against her will-I have her consent under Mr. Sharpe's hand; but I will have it under her own, for her delay implies diffidence, and no man living shall say I took advantage of a half assent. Her jealousy cannot hurt me; I should be wounded if she had a shadow of pretence for saying that I asked her approbation, and content myself with it at second hand. I must insist therefore, my dear Sir, that you press her no more, but acquaint her that it is perfectly indifferent to me whether she sends me the letter or not, since I shall be more glad to be delivered of the burden than she can be to have me undertake it or decline it; and for my honour's sake take care to use no arguments to convince her she ought to send it. She would think them dictated by me, and though I think address allowable in a good I shall use none to carry a point which can o me into a labyrinth of uneasiness. I am not so art

You would not wonder I am provoked, my if you know what I had just suffered, when I met unworthy treatment. How can I describe the de-I found? A now debt, contracted by Lord Orford, 40,000L added to those of his grandfather and faths estate overwhelmed by mortgages, the livings : glorious house dilapidated, and open in many part weather; the garden destroyed by horses, the pr unpaled, and overgrown with nettles and brambles of plunderers quartered on all parts, and the he park mortgaged to my Lady Orford; so that if a were to die, my brother would have an empty til no estate to come to, and no house to live in. Th splendid reversion which her Ladyship thinks I serving for myself! Madness and thieves have an my harvest, and I may glean if I please after the son, his led captains, grooms, horses, dogs, jockey gagoes, and creditors! That is, when I have dr money-changers out of the Temple, I may cleanse i Ladyship, and enrich myself by selling their join The poor man himself is now in one of his ravin he is generally at the beginning of the month, with: of recovery even from his intervals. Resides his a frenzy, I have heard many instances that correlate opinion of his having been long out of his senses.

You say I attend to no politics—it is most true, will not wonder. At present I believe there are action, at least I know none, nor even news. The nesses of Cumberland, I believe, are not yet sails will have time enough to ask instructions, especialitrue that they intend a long residence at Milan.

Lord Lyttelton is dead. His worthy son has added so much to his mass of character by histories too opprobrious to be entertaining, that even this age has the grace to shun him; but then he is neither a monarch nor a nabob.

The vacant green riband will certainly not bring home Lord Cowper. It is given to Lord Northington. When I want one of any hue, I will not make interest through the Great Duke. The Pope's policy in tormenting the Jesuits, when he wants to save them, passes my understanding—at least it is not the daring style of roguery in vogue.

Adieu! I am not in a pleasing temper; but fortune and spirits generally remove my greatest difficulties, and I will not distrust such old friends.

1489. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 3, 1773.

Does one break a promise, dear Sir, when one cannot perform it? I have not seen Mr. Chute yet, consequently could not show him the two Italian letters: he is still at the Vine, and I have been learning to moralize in the land of mortification. In one word, I am just returned from Houghton, where I had an ample lecture on the vanity of sublunary grandeur. If I had not suspected myself of being too like Ananias and Sapphira, and of purloining a favourite miniature, I think I should have sold Strawberry the moment I came back, and laid the purchasemoney at the feet of the first Methodist apostle I met. This is telling you the havec and spoil that my poor wretched nephew and a gang of banditti have made on the palace and cetates of my father. The pictures alone have escaped the devastation. Methinks I could write another

LETTER 1488.-1 Thomas Lyttelton (1744-1779), second Baron Lyttelton.

sermon on them; it would be crowded with texts from the Lamentations of Jeromiah. What can I say to you but Woe, woe, woe? I know nothing; I see nobody but lawyers, stewards, and jockeys. I have given up every occupation and amusement of my life, and think of nothing but saving my family; not that I have any prospect of doing so, but merely because it is less uncomfortable than totally to despair of re-establishing it. I know this is folly and visionary pride: I am sensible that I sacrifice the remains of an agreeable life to disquiet and melancholy and trouble, but I cannot help it: the arrow is shot; it sticks in my breast, and I should not feel the pain of it the less for not trying to pluck it out. Go and write a moral satire on me; I deserve it, for I set with my eyes open.

You know Lord Lyttelton is dead: the papers say Mr. Garrick is to be the editor of his papers. I shall not be impatient to see the text or the comment, but truly I believe he left none. He was timid to write anything that he would have been afraid to publish, and was equally in dread of present and future critics, which made his works so insipid that he had better not have written them at all. His son does not seem to have equal apprehensions of the world's censure. Though he was such a

For to the Dryads of his father's groves',

the shades of Hagley are safe from his axe; they are not liable to the fate of Houghton. When the forests of our old barons were nothing but dens of thieves, the law in its wisdom made them unalienable. Its wisdom now thinks it very fitting that they should be cut down to pay debts at Almack's and Newmarket. I was saying this to the lawyer I carried down with me. He answered: 'The law hates a perpetuity.' 'Not all perpetuities,' said I; 'not

LEVYER 1489 .- 1 Pope, Moral Empy, iv. 94.

ts.' Well, I will have done, for I find every close in the same way.

have I told you that I have been at Nuned not; I was strangely disappointed at my ught it very ugly. The next morning totally as; it is capable of being made uncommonly of Nuneham's garden is the quintessence of conder some Maccaroni does not offer tends for it; but indeed the flowers come in ason, and take care to bring their perfumes em. Do you know that the Muses have t there? and a female votary who writes lity and genteelly. I was trusted with the d I don't betray it. Adieu.

490. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 9, 1773.

has succeeded, though you could not, my ave received a satisfactory, and even flatterin Lady Orford this very day; and I enclose it, which I hope will be more welcome to her to me, for it now pins me down to the oar, art of the remainder of life must be given up that duty. I shall do everything in my power and to do justice to her son and my family, an trouble her with letters, as she cares so ubled, but you may assure her, and she may that if she will at any time but give me a hint or Mr. Sharpe, I will do whatever she comve told her the truth, that nothing should do me to go on but the approbation of my other. I think the authority of a parent so

I Lady Nuncham.

sacred that I should have respected it, though ah it unjustly against me. I am sensible how unfit I am for the office I have undertaken, excuses my undertaking; the scrupulous exactit conduct shall atone as much as is possible for errors. Were I an angel I could not do ha My life is too far spent to retrieve so much ruin!

I have had another letter from you, with demolition of the Jesuits. A series of foolish established them: one foolish king has put a r mischief. An hundred wise Popes had suppor one wise Pope " could not save them. This p worldly wisdom or folly are protty indifferent, "I men, not men times. Well! but here is a lar; in the mass of felly, what will replace it upon a maxim of mine, that it is talle to cure men unless one could cure them of being foolish. Some ance will succeed to the Jesuits. Mankind w cheated, or tyrannized the less, because a cer habit is abolished. There are still ermine and se left. St. Ignatius is no more, but St. Frederic St. Catharine of Muscovy, are still red-lettered in rubries. It is no matter whether disciples of incondiarios wear beads or bayonets. Mankind, wolves, admires usurpers; and, to the disgrace Voltaire satirizes Jesuits, and hymns the ravages I should like to know for how many paltry re floring he has prostituted his income and char the floring, I will trust the King of Prussia them being of base metal'. Gray could not hear name with patience, though nobody admired more; but he thought him so vile, that for the

I serren 1490.—1 Charles III ser 3 He adults rated the Spain. Walpels.

2 Benedict XIV. Walpole.

of his life he would read nothing he wrote. Well! but one must read him! Is there another author left in Europe who one wishes should write?

I hope to overwhelm you with no more details relating to my family. I shall jog on now in a steward's routine, but will not plague my friends with accounts of mortgages and leases. They may spoil my style, but shall not fill my letters, though they will make me a very uninteresting correspondent. I have no time for anything but business. Adicu!

1491. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

DEAR SIR.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 17, 1773.

I have been absent from home five days and found twelve letters: after reading them and answering five on business, it is relaxation, dear Sir, to write to you. I will say no more on my occupation: I wish there were such mere merit in it, as to deserve what you say to me.

I enclose the two letters: I kept them to show to Mr. Chute, and am just come from him. He who is a much better Cruscan than I am, dislikes the Italian letter still more; says it is not tolerably pure, and composed of scraps of poetry; that the lines beginning 'Te Dea' are certainly Gray's, they are so incorrect; and yet more poetic than Salvini's lines. I do not wonder; but what would he have been if a Tuscan? You have found by your journey into Westmoreland that his inspired eyes even

Made those bleak rocks and barren mountains smile.

The Swedish curate 2 certainly has not the same talent. With regard to the friendship of the Dedication, I com-

LETTER 1491.—1 There were two Florentine men of letters of this name—Ablate Antonio Maria Salvini (d. 1799) and Salvino Salvini (d. 1751).

² Edward Jerningham, author of The Swedish Curate, a poem published in 1778.

pounded for it in lieu of more pompous. I might, had I so pleased, have been a patron

The drawings of the kings at York will be next year for any leisure I shall have to bes I give up my idea of casts, and any thought an opinion of real curiosity or taste in the The nymphs holding necklaces on the outsis for Sion in Adam's first number, is a specime ductions in architecture, as the Preface is of diffidence. The lettery for the Adelphi b I suspect, be an example of rather more ad patronage of arts in the Parliament, to veland to those brothers, and then sanctify the houses by a bubble!

I have so totally forgotten what the riddyou, that I do not know whether your solution humour is right; you may judge with what head is filled,—I have learned so many new that I have lost my memory. I believe poor I will return in the same situation. You who faculties in perfection may remember who which I long for, that I tell you of the succein a contest, nay, in a money-contest, with will divert you, but is not proper for a left nothing of higher import, and must therefore night!

then showed her gradient lier to apthis time Bishop permitting Bishop permitting help to his refused to singer from Horaco Walmider his direction rectables must be Hishop. For a this strair sees Li-1900, pp. 86 8,

⁸ Edmund Keene, Bishop of Rly, who, as a young man, received preference for Bobert Walpole on condition of marrying om of his natural daughters. According to Borsees Walpole, Keene accepted the lady, The latter (mentioned by Walpole as 'Mrs. Day') lived for years in great poverty, and unknown to her father's family, until Horsee Walpole heard of her existence from a friend. He

1492. To the Earl of Strafford.

Strawberry Hill, Sept. 24, 1773.

multiplicity of business which I found chalked out by my journey to Houghton has engaged me so my dear Lord, and the unpleasant scene opened to ere struck me so deeply, that I have neither had or cheerfulness enough to flatter myself I could my friends by my letters. Except the pictures, d everything worse than I expected, and the prospect too bad to give me courage to pursue what I am I am totally ignorant in most of the branches of ss that are fallen to my lot, and not young enough to ny new business well. All I can hope is to clear rst part of the way; for, in undertaking to retrieve te, the beginning is certainly the most difficult of rk—it is fathoming a chaos. But I will not unfold ision to your Lordship which your good sense will keep you from experiencing-very unfashionably; first geniuses of this age hold that the best method erning the world is to throw it into disorder. nent is not yet complete, as the rearrangement is come.

a very seriously glad of the birth of your nephew 1, rd; I am going this evening with my gratulations; we been so much absent and so hurried, that I have t had the pleasure of seeing Lady Anne 2, though called twice. To Gunnersbury I have had no sumthis summer: I receive such honours, or the want m, with proper respect. Lady Mary Coke, I fear, hase of a Dulcineus that she will never meet. When

a 1492.—1 A son of John, young. Walpole.

Buckingham's, who died ² Lady Anne Conolly. Walpole.

the ardour of perogrination is a little abated, will not she probably give in to a more comfortable pursuit; and, like a print I have seen of the bleesed martyr Charles the First. abandon the hunt of a corruptible for that of an incorruptible crown? There is another heatific print just published in that style; it is of Lady Huntingdon. With much pompous humility, she looks like an old basket-woman trampling on her coronet at the mouth of a cavern. Poor Whitfield! if he was forced to do the honours of the spelanca !- Saint Fanny Shirley' is nearer consecration. I was told two days ago that she had written a letter to Lady Selinas that was not intelligible. Her Grace of Kingston's glory approaches to communication in a more worldly style. The Duke is dving, and has given her the whole estate, seventoen thousand a year. I am told she has already notified the contents of the will, and made offers of the sale of Thoresby. Pious matrons have various ways of expressing decemey.

Your Lordship's new bow-window thrives. I do not want it to remind me of its master and mistress, to whom I am over the most devoted humble servant,

HOR. WALPOLE.

1493. To the Countess of Upper Ossony.

Strawlerry Hill, Oct. 1, 1773.

I no not agree with your Ladyship that the Duchess of Kingston will have recourse to the protection of the King of Prussia. His Majesty has not shown such partiality to Hymen as implies a proposity to bigamy. It might be charity to continue her Maid of Honour, after she was married and had two children, and was starving at Chudleigh

^{*} Min died in 1776

^{*} Lady Melina Stathurst (d 1777), wife of Peter Mathigunt, brother of

first Baron Bathurst, daughter of first Easl Forcers, and sister of Lady Franços Bhirley.

poor fat Mrs. Pritchard in Jane Shore; but is neither so pious nor so gallant as to every time a virgin loses her vestality. I am h what you say, that much will be said that she and more that she does not. One may always et that the world's ill-nature will outgo anyeds; and I am persuaded that Nero and Cæsar as well as Richard III, come out much better the Day of Judgement, and that the pious and the chief losers at that solemnity. I have not e Duke 1 and Duchess's will. She moved to he pace of an interment, and made as many a Bath and London as Queen Eleanor's corpse. nercy she will not send for me to write verses cosses she shall erect where she and the horses eep; but I am in a panic, for I hear my poor pthill are already in the papers. Her black ey say, contained a thousand more yards than seline la Sérieuse, and at one of the inns where ted, she was in too great an agony to descend and was slung into a bow-window, as Mark into Cleopatra's monument. I trust I shall efore this letter sets forth, but you will know I shall, and as authentically. All my intellirrives dislocated through dowager prisms, who on everything in its true colours, and represent hey received it. I always begin my answers I receive your Ladyship's, to keep up the but they often wait two or three days before r complement, and then I am ashamed of their or the liberality of your pen scampers over per in a dozen lines, while my narrow-minded ore words into a line.

Like your Ladyship, I hear of nothing but matches, but, alas! all mine are at Newmarket. I never saw Lady Wrottesley's sister, much loss do I know who her lover is. It is plain how old I grow, for I am quite ignorant of all that relates to the reigning and rising generation, I was showed the other day a very long and bitter lampoon upon many nymphs and swains, now datteing on the present turf of Arcadia, and lo! I could not guess at half the names or characters; yet all the fashionable world are there. It seemed to me a satire on a boarding-school, written by a schoolboy.

Mr. Browne's flippancy divorted me; it is what was called wit two thousand years ago. There are twenty such pieces of importingnee recorded of the Greeian philosophers, and I shall wonder if this does not make its fortune. The moment a fashionable artist, singer, or actor is insolent, his success is sure. The first poor that experiences it laughs to conceal his being angry at the freedom; the next flatters him for fear of being treated as familiarly; and ten more bear it because it is so like Browne!

George Onslow was here this morning, and told me the Parliament is not to meet till after Christmas; so Lord Ossery's cares will not be divided, Madain, between the nation and your month. I bog you be very exact about your rockening, and take the utmost care not to creep on into the new year; there will be nothing but girls in seventy-four. Lord Gowran's manhood depends men his being born before the first of January, and till then you are sure of a son. I don't see why you should take the pains to have a child at all next year.

I must entreat you not to shorten your letters for want of matter. Am not I your Ciciabo established? Do you

Ilon. Frances Courtenay, aldest stray ; see (1774) His John Wyottonlay, daughter of first Viscousist Constansighth Baronet, d. 1821.

think those sentimental pairs in Italy who whisper from morning to night for forty years together, talk of nothing but their passion and news? Dear Madam, depend upon it, in the intervals of love the Signora Antonia tells the Cavalier Giovanni Battista what she had for dinner, how she scolded her maid, and whether her husband allows her a piccion grosso every day or not. I never knew a fair one but poor Lady Rochford who could talk about it and about it to all eternity. In short, every line from your Ladyship's pen will be welcome; and the trifles I tell you prove how little I think of anything but amusing you. Good night!

Saturday noon 3.

Hymen, O Hymenace! Well! I have got my budget full, and my letter shall set out incontinently. The post is come in and the mail is come in, and I shall decant all my news to my Lord and our Lady. The Duchess⁴ is a miracle of moderation! She has only taken the whole real estate for her own life, and the personal estate for ever. Evelyn Meadows⁵ is totally disinherited. The whole real estate after Andromache the Duke gives to the next brother⁶ (who took the Hermione), and in failure of his heirs to his three brothers in succession; and in default of issue thence, to the Duke of Newcastle's second son, Lord Thomas Clinton⁷. Wortley Montagu gets an estate of 1,200L a year that was settled on him. There are small legacies to the amount of 1,200L, and Mr. Brand⁸ is not mentioned. Still, the most curious part I am yet to learn;

³ Hitherto printed as a separate letter.

^{*} The Inchess of Kingston.

⁸ Eblest son of Philip Meadows by Lady Frances Pierrepont, sister of the late Duke of Kingston.

⁶ Captain Charles Meadows (1787-1816), took the name of Pierrepont

in 1778; created Viscount Newark in 1796, and Earl Manvers in 1806.

⁷ Lord Thomas Pelhum-Clinton (1752-1795), second son of second Duka of Nawcastle, whom he succeeded in 1794.

^{*} Thomas Brand, the Duke's uncle by marriage.

my letters do not tell me by what style, as the heralds call it, he has proclaimed his heiross.

The next scene lies in Calais. You shall have the identical words of my Lady Fenouilhet's letter:

'I must acquaint you with a piece of insolence done to the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, Their Royal Highnesses, upon their arrival here on Saturday semnight. went to the play, as likewise on Sunday. On Monday morning two of the players waited on their Royal Highnesses to thank them for the honour that had been done them. and to receive the gratification usual upon such occasions. The Duke gave them three guineas for the two representations, which was so far from satisfying these gentry, that, by way of importinence, they sent their candle-snuffer, a dirty fellow, to present a bouquet to the Duchess, who was rewarded for his impudence with a volley of coups de baton. This chartisement did not intimidate the actors. who sent one of their troop after the Duke to St. Omer. with a letter, to know if it was really true his Royal Highness gave but three guineas, for that they, the players, suspected their companions had packeted the best part of what was given. What answer the Duke gave I know not, but the man who went with the letter has been put in prison, and the whole troop has been ordered to leave the town vaila qui est bien tragique pour les comédiens. This affair is as much talked on at Calais as if it was an affair of state."

Well, Madam, by their debut I think this cour ambulants no laissern pas de rejour l'Europe. Oh, I forget, I ought to be highly offended; but, I don't know how it is, my royal blood does not always take fire immediately.

1494. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Oct. 4, 1773.

I am glad, my dear Sir, that you was satisfied my Lady Orford had written to me, and that you did not deliver my message. Her delay was so critical, and distressed me so much, that you must not wonder I was hurt. The claim she pretends is not quite new to me, though I trust no more to be realized than it is well founded. Take no notice of my having any idea of it. I have reason to think her intention most malicious—but I am satisfied with knowing it, as it will put me on my guard.

The court that is on the road to Milan began their journey with ugly omens. They went two nights to the play at Calais. Next morning a deputation of players went with a compliment, and to be paid. They received only three guineas. In revenge they dispatched a dirty candle-snuffer with a bouquet for the Princess. He was received as he deserved, à coups de bâton. Not content, a third messenger followed to St. Omer to know if really no more than three guineas was given, the company suspecting that their comrades had pocketed part of the gratuity. The French Government have imprisoned the last ambassador, and banished the dramatis personae. This is very proper; but methinks we are seldom lucky when we are transplanted.

This is not much known here. All tongues are busy with her Grace of Kingston; the Duke is dead, and has given her his whole landed estate for her life, and his personal for over: but the quintessence of the history is, that, to be secure of the wealth, she has avowed how little claim she had to it, being intituled in the will, 'My dearest

LETTER 1494, -1 The Duke and Duchess of Cumberland.

wife Elizabeth Duchess of Kingston, alias Elizabeth Hervey.' Did you ever be Duchess described in a will as a street-walker is at the Old Bailey? Perhaps the house of Hervey make a much brighter figure in the narrative.

There is not a syllable of other news. The P is not to meet till after Christmas. Wilkes an lately popular ringleaders of the City are squabl shall be Lord Mayor. At court they are strugs shall have the three vacant Garters. I believe no cares who has.

From France I hear that Monsieur d'Aiguille to display the talons he has long been suspected. The Comte de Broglie was named to fetch the d'Artois. As his family is Piedmontese, instead of her on the confines, he asked leave to go to Turi his court to the King of Sardinia* a month beforended time. Receiving no answer from the Duc d'Broglie wrote to reproach him. The letter gavand the Duke carried it to the King. It was council, and his Majesty as his minister's ministerinal himself to the Count, took away his new office, and him to his own seat, a hundred and twenty in Paris. The Count is the sort of man to have do by anybody else.

My poor nephew is at present quite furious, a the beginning of every month, and apt to attempt At best he seems to have quite lost his head, know is restless, and walks incressantly. You will men particulars, as proper for me to send, though I do is little curiosity to know. My life, which, thou occupied, has in reality been an idle one, is no in business. Combating request is not the lear

² Victor Amedeus II (1778-1766).

nt. The vultures stick to the carcase of the bey had not been gorged with its flesh. on me with offers of managing; the servants hemselves of pilfering; and my Lord's friends es, as if they had left him anything to give. true, that, from the instant he was seized, n but one universal thought of plundering. nies at every step, and must expect torrents use I am determined not to deserve it. In expectation of it will be a sufficient checkist oneself when one sees so much vileness? tration is an epitome of greater scenes; and, er upon it at an age when every passion is dl be inexcusable if I do anything but right. ne was capable of acting on one great plan m the beginning of his life to the end. He or wage war with knaves and malice, and temper; could know men, and yet feel for smile when opposed, and be gentle after was steady, without being eager; and sucit being vain. He forgot the faults of others, merita; and was as incapable of fear as of Oh, how unlike him I am! how passionate, n-glorious! How incapable of copying him, mutive sphere! in short, I have full as much myself as to control in others; and I must own breast as often as into bills and accounts. ith the world and reposed myself on my own now I must engage with men again, and take passions which had agitated my life, and rather become drowsy than were eradicated, coused again-for my part is not merely the ate. I have jealousy, malice, design, and art and an irascible temper ready to betray me.

I must be just and honest to farmers that mean to me, and must keep fair with lawyers that watch to me. I must even be careful not to risk my own by impetuosity to embrace plans for extricating the—but what is all this to you, my dear Sir? I plant I am only repeating my own lesson, and am to myself rather than to you—no, it is not quite indicated you. You feel for me, and will even listen to m I commune with myself—but enough at present—but too often return to the subject. Adiou.

1495. To the Countess of Upper Ossor

Strawberry Hill, Oct. 7

I cannot yet tell you positively, Madam, whet Duke of Kingston has indited the Duchess by all he or not. I believed so, positively, for two days; but to-night that the will was made before they were x I will not swear to this, nor to what I heard farth her first husband has been seen coming out of he since she arrived. I do not mean his ghost, for thusband is not dead, though the second is. I he true, and that Augustus Hervey will be as like Cato peas, and take his Portia again after the loan of her.

I have now learned that Miss Courtney's lover niece's brother-in-law, and am just as indifferentheir history as I was before. Since I am answeri Ladyship's last letter again, I must tell you that recollected a passage in Madame de Sévigné exactly able to Browne's impertinence to the Duke of Marlh and still more just. An upstart gentleman pla picquet with the Marshal de Grammont, and bei flippant, the Marshal said to him, 'Monsieur, gar familiarités-là pour quand vous jouerez avec le Royet, that Mr. Browne was not the King's playfellow.

In lieu of novelties, you must be contented to-day with an account of a dinner, that at least to me was new indeed. Lady Shelburne had engaged me to meet Lady Bingham on Monday. When I arrived, what company do you think I found?-fourteen: herself, her second son 1, two nieces. Lady Bingham and her niece, Townshend the Lord Mayor and his wife, Mr. Deputy Paterson and his, Adair the surgeon, a Mr. Kelly, and a Dr. Bruce, a parson with whom I once had a great quarrel. I cannot say I was sorry, for two of the personages are famous in their generation, and I never had seen them before, Adair and Townshend. I cannot say I was much prejudiced in favour of the latter. nor made any acquaintance with him, though the Countess presented us to each other. I fear I did not even drink the City's health to him as everybody else did. His wife, a bouncing dame, with a coal-black wig, and a face coalred, called him My Lord at every word, and our hostess much'd him as Mrs. Quickly does Falstaff; but I can tell you something more fashionable than these cits. Count Walderen is just returned from Petworth, where he saw Lord Egremont's new liveries; the postilions have white jackets trimmed with muslin, and clean ones every two days. Who will be the first to refine on this delieacy, and give Brussels lace? I know one that will not; that is, I know but one young man who, without affecting wisdom, has no faults; who has all the passions of youth without its ridicules; who loves gaming without making or losing a fortune, and Newmarket without being a dupe or a sharper; who has good sense without vanity, and good nature without weakness; who can live with Maccaronies. and be in fashion without folly; and who does everything

LETTER 1495, -- 1 Hon, John Petty, second son of first Earl of Shelburne; d. 1793, to George III.

² Robert Adair, Sergoant Surgeon

³ George O'Brien Wyndham, third Earl of Egremont,

right and proper so naturally, that both the sensible part of the world and the absurd part always think he is just what he ought to be. If your Ladyship thinks this character is flattered or exaggerated, depend upon it you will never guess whom I mean, and yet it would be wronging your penetration to say you have not discovered the person.

Lady Bingham is, I assure you, another miracle. She began painting in miniature within these two years. I have this summer lent her several of my finest heads; in five days she copied them, and so amazingly well, that she has excelled a charming head of Lord Falkland by Hoskins. She allows me to point out her faults, and if her impetuosity will allow her patience to reflect and study, she will certainly very soon equal anything that ever was done in water-colours.

They are amazingly bold, high-coloured, and finished. She draws them herself; and so far from being assisted, no painter in England could execute them in half the time. It is still more surprising that she copies from oil full as well, and her only fault is giving more strength than the originals have.

Oct. 9, 1778%

As I do not write my letters in a breath, feasts increase upon me. I have quitted the city for the clergy. Yesterday I dined at George Onslow's with the Archbishop⁷, the Dean of Westminster⁸, a head of a college, two more divines, Lady North, and Madam the Metropolitan. Yesterday they all breakfasted here, and Lord North; I enthroned the Primate in the purple chair from the Helbein room, and it will never be filled with a better prelate. I went with

⁴ Lord Omorv.

⁵ John Hoskins, miniature painter;

⁶ Hitherto printed as a separate letter.

⁷ Hon, Frederick Cornwallis, Archi-

^{*} John Thomas, 19san of Westminster, Bishop of Rochester, 1774-168.

them and dined in Bushy Park, and played at loo till ten at night, and came home in a tempest. I hope Jupiter Pluvius has not been so constant at Ampthill: I think he ought to be engraved at the top of every map of England. Mrs. Onslow screamed at the likeness of your picture, and yet I am not satisfied with it.

The post is come in, and I have not had a line from your Ladyship this week. I do not mention it to complain, but for fear it should proceed from any-out-of-orderness.

1496. To THE EARL OF HARDWICKE.

[Oct. 1778,]

Mr. Walpole presents his compliments to Lord Hardwicke, and should have had the honour of waiting upon his Lordship before now, but has not been at Twickenham for two days together, being most unfortunately so involved in the care of Lord Orford's affairs that he has not one minute of time to give even to his own. Lady Orford has refused to meddle, Sir Edward Walpole has other business of consequence, and the whole burthen lies on Mr. Walpole, who is obliged to see the physicians, lawyers, and stewards; and what he still less expected would ever happen to him, he is now perplexed with Lord O.'s concerns at Newmarket, where the horses are to be sold next week.

Mr. W. is therefore forced to entreat Lord Hardwicke will excuse him at present, but as soon as he has a minute's leisure he will look out the papers his Lordship wishes to see, and will beg the honour of his Lordship's company at Strawberry Hill, where he could amuse him with many things, which he is now obliged to abandon for objects

Historw.

⁹ Henristta (d. 1809), daughter of Sir John Shelley, fourth Barenet; m. (1758) George Onslow, afterwards created Baron Cranley and Earl

IRTER 1496,—Now printed for the first time from original in the British Museum.

he is little capable of executing as they ought to be, and which make him very unhappy, and will probably perplex the remainder of his life.

1497. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Arlington Street, Oct. 26, 1773,

The Pope gave a fellow, who pretended to know the art of making gold, a purse. Your Ladyship has sent one to me, who, I assure you, have not that secret anni, I only know how to dissolve it, though not to the perfection of some of my contemporaries. I thank you for it, however, and contrary to custom, value the extrinsic, which is beautiful, and I believe copied from some pattern of Iris's. Thank Heaven it is complete, and did not remain imperfect like a watergall: I don't know if I spell well. I will try if fortune can be dazzled by it, though they say she is blind, the first time I play at loo, but I have left it off: the ladies are all Maccaronies, and game too deep for me. The last time I was in town, Lady Hertford wanted one, and I sat down to what they call crowns. I lost fifty six guineas before I could say an 'Ave Maria.'

I swear by all the saints that I have not the glimpse of an objection to Lord Occory's going to Houghton, but an insurmountable one to his sejectioning at the inn. Trust me, Madam, he will be almost as peorly accommodated at the mansion-house, except in bods; and unless he carries his batteric de cuisine, cook and camp equipage, I doubt he must eat the game raw. The Philistines have been there before him and devoured everything. I shall write incontinently to the housekeeper and order beds to be aired. It is well I did not receive your commands yesterday: I should have sent an excuse. In short, I had resigned the Seals—and did not shed tears. I am plagued out of my

senses; cheated, thwarted, betrayed-a very minister in miniature. I plucked up spirit, threw up my office, and hugged myself with my otium sine dignitate. My brother has been very kind, and has softened me, and I must go on: but with so little prospect of doing any good, that, without the vanity of a martyr, it will be impossible to persevere. I now conceive what I could scarce believe, that there were men capable of plundering Lisbon while it lay in ruins and ashes. I am almost afraid of trusting Lord Ossory,-as he calls himself Lord Orford's friend, I am afraid he should steal a picture. Apropos, he will find but one young pointer there: two have been carried off in spite of my teeth, though I have gnashed them horribly. To Lord Ossery I am obliged for the first and only notice I have received yet of the sale of my horses. I sent down the lawyer and the steward, and neither of them have deigned to send me a line. They mind me as little as if I was really Lord Orford. Seriously, unless there is an Act of Parliament to make all First Ministers absolute, there will be no going on. Lord Mansfield is very good, and I am sure would support my prerogative, but the forms of law are tedious: I want to have power of hanging and beheading everybody that contradicts me on the spot.

Now I have vented my own cares, I can attend to your Ladyship's. You need not press me to be violent against the Irish tax — follow you to the Queen's County! why, I must cross the Channel, if I have a mind to see a friend I have in the world, and I must carry them clothes too: they will not have a shirt left to their backs. Pray write me all Lord Ossory hears thence. I shall be at Strawberry, and know nothing. Cannot you raise a rebellion? There

Inverse 1497... It was intended to propose in the Irish Parliament a tax of two shillings in the pound

is a very protty precedent that I read in the papers this morning from Palermo². They make nothing in Spain and Sicily of shipping off a Viceroy or Secretary of State. Cannot you order a band of O'Bloods to tie Lord Harcourt hand and foot, and send him directed to St. James's? I will be ready at a minute's warning to put on King Francis's armour, and make a diversion in your favour.

Where are Charles Fox, and Mr. Fitzpatrick with the forlorn hope? Come, bustle, bustle, as my friend King Richard says; never despair, you fight for your household gods—they are mercenary folks, and never stay where there is no house.

As to Miss Pelham, she will have neither house nor Lares left. The latter can never believe a syllable she says. It is well our gods are only made of bread, and I wish she may have a manchet of them to eat! Poor soul, I heartily pity her, for she is quite mad!

I do not know a teaspoonful of news. I dined and passed the evening of Saturday with the Hertford party at Sion not at the great Sion, but at Lady Holdernesse's, I could tell you what was trumps, but that was all I heard. In truth, I know nothing, think of nothing but my poor nephew's affairs and Rosette. I left her this morning so ill and weak, that I shall not be surprised, though shocked, if I find her dead. Margaret sat up with her the whole night before last; I have sat up half the night many times, and raised all the family. Well! there ends the last of my favourites! I cannot get rid of nepotiam, but at least Pope Horace will govern by himself.

The pumple of Palettin, who nuffered greatly finess the restrictions placed on their trade and from the high prior of provincian, broke

cut in revolt, penetrated into the Viceroy's palace, and threshed his life. In Sed to Nagles

1498. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Strawberry Hill, Nov. 4, 1778.

I AM sorry, my dear Sir, that our correspondence has almost dwindled into my making you a letter-carrier! Alas! we must only lament the melancholy cause, which, added to a total dearth of events in this country, reduces me to think of nothing but the most disagreeable kinds of business. My life is worn out with fatigue, for I give up my whole time to my duty, and it does not suffice. I not only write all my letters myself, but I am forced to take copies of them too, for it is of too much consequence to me not to know what I say; and many I cannot trust to a copyist, as you will see by the enclosed, which I send you opened, for I cannot write it over a third time. Put a seal that my Lady will not know; but make yourself master of the contents first, that you may be able to assist me if necessary, and say I sent you a summary account of the matter. Pray tell me exactly how she takes it-Mr. Sharpe would have persuaded me against this step; everybody else approves it. In short, I can do nothing else - and if she will do nothing, she, not I, must be answerable for the consequences. I am forced to combat at every step. Jenlousies, knavery, interest, beset me at every turn. as steadily and uprightly as human nature and my own ignorance will let me. I am sometimes forced to fight art at its own weapons. In short, I think in the space of six months I have employed as much labour, address, circumspection, and have made as many enomies, as if I governed a kingdom. I defend the remains of the estate with as great pains as it was raised, and endeavour to do it with the

LEFTER 1498 Not in C.; now first published from original in possession of Earl Wallograms.

same integrity but ah! when I grow vain and reflect a minute, I find I am in everything but the ape of my father! and no more like him than to Hercules! vet Voltaire says I am precisely at the age from which great men date their course. Oh yes, he says that Charles V resigned his crowns 'à l'âge de cinquante-six ans, c'està-dire, à l'âge où l'ambition des autres hommes est dans toute sa force, et où tant de rois subalternes nommés ministres ont commence la carrière de leur grandeur.'-I am sure I have none of the symptoms but the age and the subalternity. I never knew the feel of ambition, and I have not cut it at this time of day! nor, if I have not more repose than I have had lately, will my grandour's career be very long. Little did I think my glory would consist in being an excellent steward! no more than the Pope thought he should wish the Jesuits at the devil.

No mortal here thinks of that holy squabble, except one or two good Catholics, who publish mournful letters in our papers about those persecuted saints—or more probably they publish them themselves, for, as I told the Abbe Chauvelin ¹ at Paris, I could not congratulate him on his victory, since I believe he had only sent the Jesuits to us.

We have literally no news, public or private. They talk of a tax on absentees that is to be passed in Ireland, and that is to make a noise here. They now begin to say it will not be passed there—and how can one think about the ogg of an egg that may be addled?

Justice Fielding has revived the hypothesis of the Beggar's Opera making all our regues. Garrick has in a manner given it up, but they continue it at Covent Garden—so we shall have but half the number. Did you know before that Macheath begot all our nabobs?

My hand is so weary that I could not write any more

¹ A chief author of the demolition of the Jesuits in France. Walpele.

l anything more to say. Consider I have written se six sides to Lady Orford since dinner.

1499. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

cr Lord, Strawberry Hill, Nov. 6, 1778. e once or twice begun to write to you, and commenced stle with 'May it please your O'Royal Highness',' conclude you are as weary of royalty, by this time, n of my portion of it, I will use the freedom you ng allowed me, and only tell you how happy I shall tear you and Lady Nuncham are well. When you your closet and have locked your door, and have off pounds of snuff that you have taken against dy that has approached you, pray, before you double f up, take a pen and write me a line; 'tis all the ill lay on your absenteeship. Mrs. Clive has long ned to write before me, but the campaign is not yet l, nor all the kings, queens, and knaves retired into quarters; so, at most, she can tell you but of a lous draught of fishes that she took in a vole sans . In truth, I have no better materials. London wort, and nobody asks but if there is a mail from I There is not a new book, play, wedding, or Duchess Hervey is already forgotten. ed alone here, or in going to London to talk with and stewards, and writing letters to Norfolk about so that your Lordship is not singular in being out element. The rest of my time has been employed sing Resette -- alas! to no purpose. After suffering illy for a fortnight from the time she was seized at am, she has only languished till about ten days ago. As

^{: 1499,...} I Lord Nuncham was in Iroland, where his father, Earl, was Viesroy.

I have nothing to fill my letter, I will send you her it has no merit, for it is an imitation, but in con the heart, if ever epitaph did, and therefore your of will not dislike it.

Sweetest roses of the year
Strew around my Rose's bier.
Calmly may the dust repose
Of my pretty faithful Rose!
And if, you cloud-topp'd hill behind,
This frame dissolved, this breath resign
Some happier isle, some humbler heave
Be to my trembling wishes given,
Admitted to that equal sky,
May sweet Rose bear me company!

Lady Nuneham should not see these lines, it time to write any herself; but Clio hates or drawing-rooms, and I am persuaded took leave Ladyship embarked. I hope they will meet again and that we shall all meet again in Leicester Fi prays, &c.

1500. To the Earl of Strafford.

Arlington Street, Nov.

I AM vory sorry, my dear Lord, that you as towards us so slowly and unwillingly. I can wonder at the latter. The world is an old acceptate does not improve upon one's hands: how must not give way to the disgusts it creates. Me and practice, too, is to laugh, because I do not list could shed a pailful of tears over all I have learnt since my poor nephew's misfortune—the has to do with men the worse one finds them. one mend them? No. Shall we shut ourselve them? No. We should grow humorists—as

ls an Englishman is least made to live alone. ny part, I am conscious of so many faults, that k I grow better the more bad I see in my neighbours; ere are so many I would not resemble that it makes tchful over myself. You, my Lord, who have forty good qualities than I have, should not seclude your-I do not wonder you despise knaves and fools; but ther, they want better examples; they will never ashamed by conversing with one another.

ne to settle here on Friday, being drowned out of Twick-. I find the town desolate, and no news in it, but e ministry give up the Irish tax—some say, because not pass in Ireland; others, because the City of n would have petitioned against it; and some, because were factions in the Council—which is not the most able of all. I am glad, for the sake of some of my who would have suffered by it, that it is over. respects, I have too much private business of my own ak about the public, which is big enough to take care f.

we heard of some of Lady Mary Coke's mortifications. regard and esteem for her good qualities, which are but I doubt her genius will never suffer her to be happy. As she will not take the Psalmist's advice putting trust, I am sure she would not follow mine; ith all her piety, King David is the only royal person ill not listen to, and therefore I forbear my sweet ol. When she and Lord Huntingdon meet, will not put you in mind of Count Gage and Lady Mary rt, who met in the mines of Asturias, after they had

sa 1500. 1 Joseph, Count ho made a large fortune by was ruined, and retired to

Spain, where he tried gold-mining in the Asturias. His wife, nde Lady to purchase the crown of When Law's scheme failed, in 1766.

failed of the crown of Poland?—Adieu, my dear Lord! Come you and my Lady among us. You have some friends that are not odious, and who will be rejoiced to see you both—witness, for one,

Yours most faithfully, Hon. Walfork.

1501. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Arlington Street, Nov. 18, 1778.

I be not know, Madam, whether my satisfaction has not overflowed a little too noon. The fate of the tax' is tant soit pen more uncertain than I thought it, though still not expected to pass in Ireland. I hate to send you false news, therefore you must hear my authority. Lady Hortford told me on Sunday night, with great pleasure, that the Duchess of Bedford had assured her it was given up; and the next morning I heard so as positively from others. It is still believed that instructions for damping it have been sent to Dublin. Mr. Fortescue Clermont, the intended mover, declares he finds it unpopular, and will not propose it. Commentators say he has been provailed on to drop it. However, an account is come that Colonel Blaquiere', who, contrary to usage, has opened the budget instead of the Attorney-tioneral', has mentioned a tax on absenteen among the possible ways and means of replenishing the national purse. This is not imputed to that first minister's address. He has talked of a tentine, too, still more likely to be obnoxious than the tax, as it must be provided for by a permanent revenue, a measure that would annihilate the necessity of Parliaments. This is the totality of my intelligence, collected solely for the information of your

LETTER 1801,- On the estates of absentee landlords.

⁷ Chief Newrotary for Ireland 2 Philip Tadail (1707 1777).

Treasury. I have nothing of so small moment as the public to think of: nor did Irish politics ever before come under the meridian of mine; but I have been such a harlequin, and changed my habit so often of late, that it would scarce be wonderful if I were to turn Whiteboy.

I am so cowed by having given you unauthentic history. that I must protest devoutly I do not affirm one syllable of what I am going to tell you. I know nothing of the following legend, but from that old maid, Common Fame, who outlies the newspapers. You have read in Fielding's chronicle the tale of the Hon. Mrs. Grieve; but could you have believed that Charles Fox could have been in the list of her dupes? Well, he was. She promised him a Miss Phipps, a West Indian fortune of 150,000L Sometimes she was not landed, sometimes had the small-pox. meantime, Miss Phipps did not like a black man: Celadon must powder his eyebrows. He did, and cleaned himself. A thousand Jews thought he was gone to Kingsgate to settle the payment of his debts. Oh no! he was to meet Celia at Margate. To confirm the truth, the Hon. Mrs. Grieve advanced part of the fortune some authors say an hundred and sixty, others three hundred pounds-but how was this to answer to the matron? why by Mr. Fox's chariot being seen at her door. Her other dupes could not doubt of her noblesse or interest, when the hopes of Britain frequented her house. In short, Mrs. Grieve's parts are in * universal admiration, whatever Charles's are.

I went last night to see Mrs. Hartley. She is beautiful indeed, but has not quite so much sense in her countenance as Mrs. Grieve, and I think will never be half so good an actress. You will be sick of the sight of my letters. I will not even tell you if the tax is thrown out.

1502. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Arlington Street, Nov. 19, 1778.

I know nothing of you: you have left me off. I know you are alive, for Lord Strafford has seen you twice. Yot it is plain I am not out of charity with you, for I have been to see Elfrida; think it was out of revenge, though it is wretchedly acted, and worse set to music. virgins were so inarticulate, that I should have understood them as well if they had sung choruses of Sophocles. Organ had a broad Irish accent: I thought the First Virgin, who is a lusty virago, called Miss Miller, would have knocked him down, and I hoped she would. stared at his own crown, and seemed to fear it would tumble off. For Miss Catley', she looked so impudent and was so big with child, you would have imagined she had been singing the 'black joke,' only that she would then have been more intelligible. Smith did not play Athelwold ill; Mrs. Hartley is made for the part, if beauty and figure could suffice for what you write, but she has no one symptom of genius. Still it was very affecting, and does admirably for the stage under all these disadvantages. The tears came into my eyes, and streamed down the Duchess of Richmond's lovely cheeks.

Mr. Garrick has been wondrously jealous of the King's going twice tegether to Covent Garden, and to lure him back, has crammed the town's maw with shows of the Portsmouth review, and interlarded every play with the most fulsome loyalties. He has new-written the Fair Quaker of Deal, and made it ten times worse than it was originally, and all to the tune of Portsmouth and George

for ever! not to mention a Preface in which the Earl of Sandwich, by name, is preferred to Drake, Blake, and all the admirals that ever existed.

Dr. Hawkesworth is dead, out of luck not to have died a twelvemonth ago.

Lady Holdernesse has narrowly escaped with her life; she fell on the top of the stairs at Sion, against the edge of a door, which cut such a gash on her temple, that they were forced to sew it up; it was within half an inch of her eye, which is black all round, but not hurt, and her knee was much bruised.

This good town affords no other news, and is desolate; not that I make you any apologies for being so brief. I have ten times more business than you, and millions of letters of business, and sure you might always find as much to say as I had now.

1503. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

DEAR SIR.

Arlington Street, Nov. 27, 1773.

Mr. Stonhewer has sent me, and I have read, your first part of Gray's Life, which I was very sorry to part with so soon. Like everything of yours, I like it ten times better upon reading it again. You have with most singular art displayed the talents of my two departed friends to the fullest advantage; and yet there is a simplicity in your manner, which, like the frame of a fine picture, seems a frame only, and yet is gold. I should say much more in praise, if, as I have told Mr. Stonhewer, I was not aware that I myself must be far more interested in the whole of the narrative than any other living mortal, and therefore may suppose it will please the world still more than it will ———. And yet if wit, parts, learning, taste, sense,

friendship, information, can strike or amuse manking not this work have that effect? and yet, though may affect far more strongly, self-love certainly share in my affection to many parts. Of my two and me, I only make a most indifferent figure. mean with regard to parts or talents. I never one of my life had the superlative vanity of ranking with them. They not only pressessed genius, which not, great learning which is to be acquired, and I never acquired; but both Gray and West had marvellously premature. What wretched hevie would my contemporary letters to them appear, existed; and which they both were so good-nature destroy. What impostic things were mine at the some of which unfortunately do exist, and which could never surpass; but it is not in that light I my own position. We had not get to Calain befe was dissatisfied, for I was a boy, and he, though i more a man, was not enough so to make alle Hence am I never mentioned once with kindner letters to West. This harts me for him, as well as For the oblique common on my want of curiouty nothing to say. The fact was true; my eyes w purely classic; and though I am now a dull antique age then made me taste pleasures and diversions modern: I say this to you, and to you only, in cor I do not object to a syllable. I know how triffs useless, how blamable I have been, and submit my faults, both because I have had faults, and I hope I have corrected some of them; and thou, hints at my unwillingness to be told them, I truly that to the end of his life he neither spared t mand nor mollified the terms, as you and others ke I believe have fult.

These reflections naturally arose on reading his letters again, and arose in spite of the pleasure they gave me for self will intrude, even where self is not so much concerned I am sorry to find I disobliged Gray so very early. 1 and sorry for him that it so totally obliterated all my friendship for him; a remark the world probably, and I hope. will not make, but which it is natural for me, dear but to say to you. I am so sincerely zealous that all possible honour should be done to my two friends, that I care not a straw for serving as a foil to them. And as confession of faults is the only amendment I can now make to the one disobliged, I am pleased with myself for having our sented, and for consenting, as I do, to that public reparates I thank you for having revived West and his, alas! stated genius, and for having extended Gray's reputation. Htto world admires them both as much as they deserved, I start enjoy their fame; if it does not, I shall comfett to real for standing so prodigiously below them, as I do even with out comparison.

There are a few false printings I could have corrected but of no consequence, as 'Grotto del Cane,' for 'thetta' and a few notes I could have added, but also of little consequence. Dodsley, who is printing Lord Chesterfields Letters, will hate you for this publication. I was asked to write a Preface—Sic notus Ulysses? I knew Ulysses to well. Besides, I have enough to burn without adding to the mass. Forgive me, if I differ with you, but I cannot think Gray's Latin poems inferior even to his builded at least as I am not a Roman. I wish too that man is the had referred to West's Ode on the Queen' in I have a historian worthy of them, and who matches the and your friend

Hote Warner

P.S. Since I wrote my letter, which is not to go till to-morrow, I have received your letter, and most delightful lines; you are sure I think them so, and should if they were not yours. The subject prejudices me enough, without my affection for your writings. I cannot recollect now (for I lose my memory by having it overstuffed with business) who told me the story of the blasphemy', and I will never affirm to you anything where I cannot quote my evidence. Perhaps I shall remember; the story however ought not to be lost, and may be reserved for even a twentieth edition; no, I don't knew whether there will be a twentieth. If what you tell me of a message be true. there will not be one. I had not heard it, but can easily believe it, and I could tell you exactly what it would coat. and will by word of mouth, if I ever see you again; for though I shall got some courtier to direct this, that it may pass safe. I cannot name my authority in writing. The fact is a secret yet, but will not be so long.

I will send for the Life again to Mr. Stenhewer, since the impression is not perfect, and will add two or three corrections and perhaps a note or two, which you may reject if you please. I do not recollect the notes on Education', but will look for them, if I can get to Strawberry Hill next week, but I am demolished both in health and spirits by my poor nephew's affairs. I have neither strength nor understanding to go through them. I sometimes think of throwing them up and going to lay my bones in some free land, while there is such a country. This does not deserve to be so, but Qui cult tyrannisari tyrannisctur!

I did not know the Preface to the new Shakespeare was

Notes on just of they's up-

^{*} The Earl of Briefol said that he would as some read blasphony as the Heroic Epistle.

tieriahust goness sin this allianes of Riducation and theoremsonal, by which Museus had naked

Garrick's, which I suppose is what you mean. He is as fit to write it, as a country curate to compose an excellent sermon from having preached one of Tillotson's. I will send you the volume, and you will return it when you have done with it.

I don't know when the young lady's head will be broken, they say next week. If her heart is not tough and Dutch, that may be broken too.

Saturday.

I cannot possibly recollect who told me the story above, but I am certain it was related as an undoubted fact, nor does it sound at all like invention.

1504. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Sunday night, Nov. 28, 1778.

WE are told that he that runs may read. It would not do me, who cannot run, much good, if it were said that he that runs may write and yet, unless I could write so little at my ease, it would be difficult to find time, as our Lord will tell your Ladyship, who found me up to the chin in papers. You, perhaps, think I find too much time to write to you, especially when it is so unnecessary, as he is in town, and I have told him all the news I know, and he may have picked up ten times more. I write for that very reason. It at least shows I think of you, when you are thinking of another, and when I know another's letters will be more welcome than mine. There is, besides, more merit in writing when one has nothing to say, which everybody else makes an excuse for not writing. There is again more merit in writing when one has other business; other folks pretend it, when they have none: in short, if I must

⁵ Lady Amelia D'Arcy, married to the Marquis of Carmarthen on Nov. 29, 1778.

write twenty letters on disagreeable affairs, I will write one for pleasure, and about nothing.

I have talked Lord Ossory to death, for my mind runs over, and I have not a drawer in my head that will hold any more. I have lost my memory too, for being obliged to empty my brain and new-furnish it, I have mislaid the inventory, my recollection, and know not where to look for anything. My soul is a perfect chaos; and Governor Pownall, who came this morning to tune my spheres, snapped several of the wires, and I write to beg that you would send me some notes to restore me to harmony with myself.

Our Lord will tell you about the Opera, and the absentee tax, and Charles Fox's debts, and Lord Holland, and Lady Bridget's match with Mr. Tall-Match 1, and the Duke of Leinster's will, and Peter Oliver's miraculous picture, &c., &c. I only mention these articles to help your Ladyship to catechize him. You are to adore a bon mot of Madame de Sévigné, and you are to know that because I have a great deal of idle time, I have undertaken to carry an election at Cambridge for Lord Sandwich. Nothing comes amiss to my universal capacity. In truth, I am in the meantime worn to a more skeleton, as if a witch had rid me to the sabbat; I am nervous from head to foot; and shall be dead like Harlequin's horse, when I am just arrived at the point of perfection. I will take care to let you know the moment I am dead, that you may not expect a letter, and may find a new gazetteer forthwith. I grudge nobody my places when I can enjoy them no longer, but Mr. Martin, who was a little too impatient last year. Now I think of him. I will take more care of myself.

I have not wished you joy, Madam, of Lady Mary Fox's

LETTER 1504.—1 Hon, John Tellemache, fourth son of third Earl of d. 1777.

son 2: I told Lord Ossory I call it a Messiah come to foretell the ruin and dispersion of the Jews; but I doubt they will continue to drive the same trade they have done ever since they were chased out of the Temple; and that Charles Fox will not, like Titus, though the delight of mankind too, put them to the sword, as they deserve. Pray take notice, Madam, that if my letters are very frequent, they are at least not long.

1505. TO SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Nov. 28, 1778.

Don't commend me yet, my dear Sir; I will be a good man before I die, if it is possible; but at present I am only learning virtues at the expense of all the world. time I had wrapped myself up in my indifference and integrity; and hoped the former, like cedar-chips, would preserve the latter, as it lay useless by me in my drawer. The swarms of rogues that my nephew's affairs have let loose upon me oblige me to produce all my little stock of honesty; and all the service I intend to do myself by my endless fatigue, shall be to make myself better. The possession of one vice, pride, and the want of two more, ambition and self-interest, have preserved me from many faults; but into how many more have I fallen! The fruit is past; but the soil shall be improved. I do not talk with a lawyer, that, at the same time, I am not looking into him as a glass, and setting my mind into a handsomer attitude. When he gives me advice, I often say, silently, 'This I will be sure not to follow'; for, if many try to cheat me, some are as zealous to make me defraud for my family; which, though more likely to tempt me than if it

² Henry Richard Fox (1773-1840), only son of Hon. Stephen Fox, eldest son of first Baron Holland. He suc-

ceeded his father as third Baron Holland in Dec. 1774.

was for myself, shall not make me sworve from that narrow middle path, that does exist, but is seldom perceptible, especially as we rarely look for it but through spectacles that we take care should not magnify.

Oh, my dear Sir, we are wretched and contemptible creatures! Have I not been writing a panegyric here. when I meant a satire on myself, and did not dare to finish it? I am not mercenary, and therefore lash those that are. I pick out a single negative quality, which I happened to be been without, and think that, like charity, it is to cover a multitude of sine! I am a Pharisee, and affect the modest humility of the publican! Well! I give up all protonsions; but I will try to have some positive I nover thought of it while I was idle my life in now a scene of incessant business. I shall never learn my business; but, thank God! virtue is not so intricate as law and farming. My honesty shall not be a sinecure like my places. I will learn economy for my nephew's estate, though I never had it for the care of my own fortune. My pride, no, pray let me keep that : if I expel it, neven worse devils will enter in; and I should sell another passion, a very predominant one, the love of liberty. While all the world is selling the thing, pray let me, if but as a virtuoso, preserve the affection, which is already a curiosity, and will soon, I believe, be an unique,

Luckily for you, I have not time to talk any longer about myself, which you see one loves to do, even though it be to rail at oneself: indeed, like Montaigne, one contrives to specify no failings without giving them a foil that makes them look like virtues. For my part, I forswear any good qualities; I am mortified at knowing I have none; or, if I have had, and Virtue fathered them, Pride was their mother, and, whoever she laid them to, Hypocrisy was her gallant. Still, if she be not

past child-bearing, her husband shall yet have some lawful issue.

You receive my letters very late, unless it may happen that you do not answer soon, for yesterday, November 27. I received yours of the 9th, which mentions getting mine of the 4th. At first I was rejoiced, and did not consider that mine of November 4 could not possibly have reached you, as I wish most carnestly to hear it has-but, alas! it was mine of October 4, and what is worse, I find Lady O. is gone to Naples, which will be an excuse for her not answering mine to her this age; though it is of so much consequence that she should determine immediately; and it is still much more unfortunate that you are not where she is, to hasten her decision. Her delay may ruin all, and I hope you have at least wrote to press her, or the object I wish to preserve may be gone, as I am told it will be I hope you understand me. I fear she will be so cunning as to deceive herself, in order to show her cunning. Her son grows worse, for he is more furious and mischievous, and for longer seasons. I will not enter on the theme again now, but I am half-dead with the fatigue, anxiety, difficulty, and unrelaxing trouble this misfortune has brought upon me! It will destroy any talents I have, and already affects my memory, by the multiplicity of new names and new matter with which I am forced to stuff my head, and which crowd out every other idea.

News there is none; and if there were, have I time to hear or remember it? There are scarce three themes. The great one is the Irish absentee tax, which the ministers first espensed, then tried to avoid, and is now likely to be saddled on them by mismanagement at Dublin. They have got too great a majority there, who will carry it for them in spite of England's and Iroland's teeth too.

Lord Holland is dying, is paying Charles Fox's debts, or

most of them, for they amount to one hund thousand pounds! ay, ay; and has get a heir. I thought this child a Massiah, who can the ruin and dispersion of the Jess; but a broker or a gamester upon the face of the will not be out of debt. Pray, do your en at Florence emulate their countrymen? I other day from Aix, which said a young En

had lost twenty-two thousand pounds at on ness and perdition are gone forth! Is it p

I can tell you of two English above the co-

should not be underse?

coming to you. The great Indian Verres, you please, Lord Clive, is one; the other Coke? She was much a friend of mine, I riage?, which she particularly disapproved, I herself with the hopes of one just a stern a little cooled our friendship. In short, the greatly been, she has a frenzy for royalty in love with, and at the feet of, the Grundlers, especially the formers, for new Empress herself, she advect the Empress to perhaps that passion, not being quite have waned. However, bating every Englishers, for every English person must have Lady Mary has a thousand virtues and good

is noble, generous, high spirited, undaint friendly, sincere, affectionate, and above as She loves attention, and I wish you to pay

4 f bf 6 hom I ten hom and f b borner combined in co. 5.

* The Heart !

R From Maria and Statement & Brain

Larrina Math. A Mourth daughter of John, Dohn of August, and widow of Edward Lord, Vincount Cohe, sally of Indonter

Prike had the Released, Inchesof of the Italia of marry her Wal

sake, for I would do anything to serve her. I have often tried to laugh her out of her weakness; but, as she is very serious, she was so in that, and if all the sovereigns in Europe combined to slight her, she still would put her trust in the next generation of princes. Her heart is excellent, and deserves and would become a crown, and that is the best of all excuses for desiring one. I am glad you will have so little trouble with those that are nearer.

Thank you a thousand times for your anecdotes of the Jesuits. It is comfortable to see the world ever open its eyes. If it had all Argus's, it would have need to stare with every pair; but I think it was said of them, that some watched while others slept. Just so would the world's, and would say with the sluggard in the Psalms, 'A little more slumber, a little more sleep, a little more folding of the arms to sleep.' The Jesuits have many collaterals, besides other monks. Adieu!

P.S. We have just heard that the tax on Irish absentees has been thrown out even at Dublin.

1506. To the Rev. William Mason.

Arlington Street, Dec. 1, 1773.

I HAVE again perused your sections very carefully, dear Sir, and have made some slight but necessary corrections, and have added a few still more inconsiderable notes. But there are two errors in point of dates of more consequence. They relate to Crébillon's works and The Churchyard, and I think you will alter them. Crébillon's Écumoire was his first, and is perhaps his most known work, and is also the most indecent.

⁵ The Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, then in Italy. Walpole.

The Churchyard was, I am persuaded, posterior to West's death at least three or four years 1, as you will see by my note. At least I am sure that I had the twelve or more first lines from himself above three years after that period, and it was long before he finished it. As your work is to be a classic, I wish therefore that you would give me leave to see the rest before it is published. A dull but accurate commentator may be useful before publication, however contemptible afterwards; and I am so anxious for the fame of your book, that I wish you not to hurry it. It may have faults from precipitation which it could have no other way.

I think you determined not to reprint the lines on Lord H.² I hope it is now a resolution. He is in so deplorable a state, that they would aggravate the misery of his last hours, and you yourself would be censured. I do not of all things suspect you of want of feeling, and know it is sufficient to give your heart a hint. As Gray too seems to have condemned all his own satirical works, that single one would not give a high idea of his powers, though they were great in that walk:- you and I know they were not inferior to his other styles; and I know, though perhaps you do not, that there never was but one pen as acute as his with more delicacy and superior irony.

I have read to-day a pretty little drama called *Palladius* and *Ircne*, written by I know not whom. The beginning imitates Gray's Runic fragments, the rest Shakespeare.

P.S. Lady Emily was married last Monday.

LETTER 1506.—1 The Elegy was begun in 1742 (the year of West's death), and then apparently laid aside until 1749, when Gray resumed it, and finished it in June 1750. (See Gosse, Works of Gray, vol. i. p. 74.)

² Lord Holland. The lines are those beginning, 'Old, and abandoned by each venial friend,' and were written by Gray after seeing Lord Holland's seat, Kingsgate, in Kent.

1507. To VISCOUNT NUNEHAM.

Strawberry Hill, Dec. 6, 1773.

NTED an excuse for writing to you, my dear Lord, ur letter gives me an opportunity of thanking you; t is not all I wanted to say. I would, if I had dared, ddressed myself to Lady Nuncham, but I had not nce enough, especially on so unworthy a subject as Lady Tomple, my friend, as well as that of human has shown me some verses; but alas! how came arming poetry to be thrown away on so unmeritorious ? I don't know whether I ought to praise the lines or censure the object most. Voltaire makes the ace of French poetry consist in the number of ties it vanquishes. Pope, who celebrated Lord proke, could not have succeeded, did not succeed, and yet I hope that, though a meaner subject, I am bad an one! Well! with all my humility, I cannot greatly flattered. Madame de Sévigné spread her d over all her acquaintance, and made them shine; I not doubt of the same glory, when Lady Nuncham's shall come to light, if my own works were but burnt ame time; but alas! Coulanges' verses were preserved, may my writings too. Apropos, my Lord, I have ew volume of that divine woman's letters. Two are ning; the rest, not very divine. But there is an ion, the happiest, the most exquisite, that even she ever made! She is joking with a Prosident do so, who was hurt at becoming a grandfather. She him there is no such great misfortune in it; 'I have iced the case, says she, and, believe me, Parte, non If you are not both transported with this, ye are

^{1807. 1} Cassima Pastus, Claudian to commit annida, has dared by the Emperor tated to do no. His wife Arria these

not the Lord and Lady Nuncham I take ye to bare besides some twenty letters of Madame de Simshows she would not have degenerated totally, not lived in the country, or had anything to say end are reprinted Madame de Sévigne's letters on trial, which are very interesting.

I do not know how you like your new subjects, they are extremely content with their Prince and I ought to wish your Lordship joy of all your pand of Mr. Fludd's baptism into the Catholic of Faith; but I reserve public felicities for your of Room in Leicester Fields. Private news we have Lord Carmarthen's and Lord Cranborne's mar the approaching one of Lady Bridget Lane and Match. Lord Holland has given Charles Fox an hundred thousand pounds, and it pays all his a trifle of thirty thousand pounds, and thos Carlisle, Crewe, and Foley, who being only follows, may wait. So now any younger son a losing his father's and elder brother's esta cedent.

Neither Lord nor Lady Temple are well, and y both gone to Lord Clare's, in Essex, for a w Temple had a very bad fall in the Park, and lose for an hour. Yet, though the horse is a vicious

upon stabled hereoff, and, handing the degger to her husband, said, 'Pactus, it them not hurt me.'

I Grand-laughter of Madame de Sévigné.

* Henry Flowl (1782 1791), states-

man and mater.

He married Lady Assessed with the Early of the Control of the Early of the Control of the Contro

Errors Wirter in the mean time.

A Jastron the alt (1744)
Crassler time, which the
Real of Malinbury, when
its 1790, exampled Marinity
They is 1799, Energy
1701 1804.

⁴ Francis Godolphin Oslarias (1751-1788), Marquis of Carmarthen, aldest son of fourth Duka of Leads, when he succeeded in 1789, Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, 1777-80, Ambassador at Paris, Feb. April 1788; Foreign Secretary, 1788-81

of the Earl of Hillstor * Hop. Thomas Fole aldest non of first whom he succeeded i

been upon it again. In short, there are no right-headed people but the Irish!

As it is ancient good breeding not to conclude a letter without troubling the reader with compliments, and as I have none to send, I must beg your Lordship not to forget to present my respects to the Countesses of Barrymore and Massareene, my dear sisters in loo. You may be sure I am charged with a large parcel from Cliveden, where I was last night. Except being extremely ill, Mrs. Clive is extremely well; but the tax-gatherer is gone off, and she must pay her window-lights over again; and the road before her door is very had, and the parish won't mend it, and there is some suspicion that Garrick is at the bottom of it; so if you please to send a shipload of the Giant's Causey by next Monday, we shall be able to go to Mr. Rofey's rout at Kingston. The papers said she was to act at Covent Garden. and she has printed a very proper answer in the Evening Post. Mr. Rafter told me, that formerly, when he played Luna in The Rehearsal, he never could learn to dance the hays, and at last he went to the man that teaches grown gentlemen.

Miss Davis? is the admiration of all London, but of me, who do not love the perfection of what anybody can do, and wish she had less top to her voice and more bottom. However, she will break Millico's heart, which will not break mine. Fierville has sprained his leg, and there is another man who sprains his mouth with smiling on himself—as I have heard, for I have not seen him yet, nor a fat old woman and her lean daughter, who dance with him. London is very dull, so pray come back as soon as you can. Mason is up to the ears in Gray's Life; you will like it exceedingly, which is more than you will do this long letter. Well! you have but to go into Lady Nuncham's

⁷ Cacilia Davies (1740 1836), known as 'l'Inglesina.'

dressing-room, and you may read something ten thousand times more pleasing. No, no! you are not the most to be pitied of any human being, though in the midst of Dublin Castle.

1508. To the REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Arlungton Street, Dec. 8, 1773.

I have been to Strawberry Hill, but cannot find the notes you mention on Education, and which I do not remember over to have seen. By Mr. Fraser's assistance I send you four more of Gray's letters; all I can select that are printable yet. I mean that would not be too obscure without many notes, or that contain criticisms on living authors, very just, but therefore offensive. Your book will have future editions enough, and then they may appear. I have added an epitaph on West, that he well merited, and nine of his letters to me, that you may use if you have room, reject if you please, or if you please, reserve.

The passage you desire to see is in the Preface to the new Firir Quaker of Ireal, or, as for the puppet-show's cake it is now called, The Fair Quaker of Pertineuth. Take notice that you are not to suppose the corrections Garrick's, for they are dedicated to him, and he, you know, never flatters himself. You will not find Drake and Blake and Raleigh totalem certis, but what you will find is a new mode of reasoning, vis., that a man, not bred to the sea, may draw a marine character in perfection, because Lord S., who was not bred there neither, is an excellent First Lord of the Admiralty; ceps, anybody that is dead might have written the Gheat in Hamlet as well as Shakespeare. But here is the passage itself: 'perhaps some may say that none but a sailor could have made these alterations; the answer to that is simple and apposite; that many dramatic writers have drawn

strong characters of professional men, without serving an apprenticeship to the trade. At present we have a strong instance to the contrary in the E. of S., who, not bred a sailor, yet governs the department in every minute sense of it, as well as any sailor that ever presided at the board!

There is another little misfortune in this passage, which is, that nobody could have made these alterations but a man who had picked up some sea-phrases, and had not the least idea of character at all. There is a rough sailor and a delicate one, which, bating the terms, are Garrick's own 'Flash' and 'Fribble' over again: I leave you to judge who was the author.

Mr. Palgrave shall certainly have a Grammont, but I told you that I forgot everything, - my mind is a chaos, and my life a scene of drudgery. I must now quit you to write letters on farming and game. I have quarrels with country gentlemen about manors. Mr. Granger teases me to correct catalogues of prints, Dodsley for titles of Lord Chesterfield's works, and for a new edition of the Noble Authors; at least I may take the liberty to refuse myself. My printer is turned into a secretary, and I myself into a packhorse. I have elections of all sorts to manage, and might as well he an acting justice of the peace; I could not know less of the matter. All my own business stands still; all my own amusements are at an end. Yet I have made one discovery that gives me great consolation, for the sake of the species. I now one may be a man of business and yet an honest man. I have cheated nobody yet; indeed, by the help of a lawyer, I was on the point of doing an unjust thing. I spend my own money, and there is no probability of my ever being the better for all my trouble. My family will, but they shall have no reason to be ashamed of their benefactor; that is, my vanity hopes that when the sexton shows my grave in the parish church at Houghton, he will say, 'Here lies old Mr. Walpele, who was steward to my Lord's great-uncle.' Well, that is better than having played the fool all the rest of one's life, as I have done.

1509). To the Hoy, Mas, Cher.

DEAR MADAM.

Thee 9, 1773.

As I hear Ludy Blandford has a return of the gout, as I foretold last night from the red spot being not gone, I beg you will be so good as to tell her, that if she does not encourage the swelling by keeping her foot wrapped up as hot as conside in tlannel, she will terment herself and bring more pain. I will answer that if also will let it awell, and suffer the swelling to go off of itself, she will have no more pain; and she must remember, that the gout will hear contradiction no more than she herself. Pray read this to her, and what I say farther that though I know she will not bear pain for herself, I am sure she will for her friends. Her minfortume has produced the greatest satisfaction that a good firml can treere, the experience that that goodness has given her a great many amouse friends, who have shown as much concern as over was known, and the most disinterested; as we know her generouty has left her nothing to give. We wish to preserve her for her own sake and ours, and the paor lessowh her to bear a little pain for them.

I am going out of town till Monday, or would bring my prescription myself. Blie wants no virtue but patience; and patience takes it very ill to be left out of such good company.

I am, dear Madam,

Your obedient Servant,

Da. WALFOLD.

1510. To LORD HAILES.

Sir.

Arlington Street, Dec. 14, 1778.

I have received from Mr. Dodsley, and read with pleasure, your Remarks on the History of Scotland, though I am not competently versed in some of the subjects. Indeed, such a load of difficult and vexatious business is fallen upon me by the unhappy situation of my nephew, Lord Orford, of whose affairs I have been forced to undertake the management, though greatly unfit for it, that I am obliged to bid adieu to all literary amusement and pursuits; and must dedicate the rest of a life almost worn out, and of late wasted and broken by a long illness, to the duties I owe to my family. I hope you, Sir, will have no such disagreeable avocation, and am your obliged servant.

1511. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Arlington Street, Dec. 14, 1778.

PRAY, Madam, where is the difference between London and the country, when everybody is in the country and nobody in town? The houses do not marry, intrigue, talk politics, game, or fling themselves out of window. The streets do not all run to the Alley, nor the squares mortgage themselves over head and ears. The play-houses do not pull themselves down; and all summer long, when nobody gets about them, they behave soberly and decently as any Christian in the parish of Marylebone. The English of this preface is, that I have not the Israelitish art of making bricks without straw. I cannot invent news when nobody commits it.

We have been at short allowance, and lived three weeks upon Charles Fox's debts, two marriages, and Lady Bridget's coupling. We are now picking a duel between a Mr. Temple and a Mr. Whately, the latter of whom has been drilled with as many holes as Julius Casar or a cullender, and of which I know no more than the newspapers, who tell everything I have told you. His Majesty, who though as talkative, is not quite so communicative, will not tell a soul, but his friends, who is to have the vacant Garters and bishopric; and all his friends will tell is that Lord North's friend, Dr. Dampier', is not to have the latter; nay, nor Lord Manshel's Dr. Hurd. For my part, I guess that Lord Barrington will have the relaid, and General Harvey the mitre, or the terish, for I take it for an opposition lie that Madaine Schwellenberg is to have a Garter, and be declared Prime Minister, Lord Butes's panic after such a false step not being yet forgetten.

Tell me, of all loves, who is Mr. Hanbury and his play, and whether at Mr. Hanbury's play they have always two prologues to an epilogue, as Miss Chudleigh had two husbands. Oh, I mistake, I see it is two epilogues to a prelogue, like my friend Mr. Hurlton. I like the prologue, Mr. Cumberland's Epilogue is a very long ruddle, which I guessed from the two first lines; the short wife is much profine from not being so gossiping. There is an antique statue of Fatura going to eat Jupiter, which Guide imitated divinely in the 'Simeen and Child' at Houghton, which I have mentioned in the Acids Hubpilianus, and which I suppose the bard confounded. I will return these pieces, and send you my Sorigue, a new poom by Voltaire, in which there is an admirable description of an army, and some very pretty lines by M. de Liale, who

சாற்கு நாற்கு நேரும் நிரும் நிறிய முற்று நிரும் நிறிய நிறும் நிற்கிரைம் நிறும் நிறும் நிறும் நிறும் நிறும் நிறும் நிறும் நிறும்

⁴ Thursday Indiagnes (1948 1972), Itamic and Thursday 1984 1982. Bindings of those water 1982 9 Indiagnes.

was here with the Châtelets; but I must, yes, must have my Sévigné again, and La Tuctique, or I will never lend you a tittle again.

Poor Miss P. outgoes her usual outgoings. She sits up all night at the club without a woman, loses hundreds every night and her temper, beats her head, and exposes herself before all the young men and the waiters; in short, is such an object that one cannot but be heartly sorry for. I am sorry too to say that the affair of Lord Carlisle's debt⁵ makes still more noise.

I dined and passed Saturday at Beauclerk's, with the Edgecumbes, the Garricks, and Dr. Goldsmith, and was most thoroughly tired, as I knew I should be, I who hate the playing off a butt. (loldsmith is a fool, the more wearing for having some sense. It was the night of a new comedy, called The School for Wives, which was excoolingly applauded, and which Charles Fox says execrable. Carrick has at least the chief hand in it. I never saw anybody in a greater fidget, nor more vain when he returned, for he went to the play-house at half an hour after five, and we sat waiting for him till ten, when he was to act a speech in Cato with Goldsmith! that is, the latter sat in t'other's lap, covered with a cloak, and while Goldsmith spoke, Garrick's arms that embraced him made foolish actions. How could one laugh when one had expected this for four hours?

Mrs. Fitzroy has got a seventh boy. Between her and the Queen, London will be like the senate of old Rome, an assembly of princes. In a few generations there will be no joke in saying Their Highnesses the Mob.

A Rank general do Luctique, by Jacques Antoino Hippolyto, Comto de tenibert 11746-1780

⁴ Mins l'ollimin.

^{*} The Earl of Carlisle was at this

time trying to secure the repayment of a large sum of money which he had lent to Charles Fox.

a A comedy by Hugh Kelly.

1512. To the Rev Witten Mason.

Arlungton Street, Den. 14, 1178.

Ir your aphorium and the inference you draw from it did not mean to include a compliment, I would thank you door Hir, for your letter as the kindest possible, for you reprove me like a friend, and nothing comes so welcome to me as to les told of my faults; the great business of my life being to mend as many, at least as much of them as I can, for this reason that though I have lived many uncleas years. yet I shall never think I have lived too long, since, if I do not flatter myself. I have fewer faults than I had. The commenteness of the manifer still branchine may and required the molf disastisfaction you have perfected and which I have you will no longer call self leve, but a great deare of meriting my nwn salesm. When I have acquired that, I will engerly claim the friendship you are so good as to offer me. present I am in the predicament of descrit persons, who nimeraly report all praise, and migh if they are reministrated.

With the same spirit of verity I allow the force of all your arguments, now, I go farther. Whatever I feel on my own account, I had rather be mortified than subtract a little from the honour your pen is conforming on my two dead friends. It would be base to rob their graves, to save my uwn varily, and give me leave to say, that were I capable of asking it, you would be scarce less culpable in granting it. I communicated to you the reflections that naturally arose to my mind on reading your work, but I prefer truth and justice to myself, and for a soliish reason too. I mean, I had rather exercise those virtues, than have my vanity gratified; for I doubt whether even you and La Rochefoucault will not find that the love of virtue itself is founded on self-love, at least I can say with the strictest

that I never envied Gray or West their talents. d Gray's poetry as much as man ever did or will; a that I had no more faults than they had! I must that though I allow he loved me sincerely in the g of our friendship, I wish he had felt a little more for errors that were not meant to hurt him, and want of reflection in me which I regret as much as mned. I have now done with that subject, and no more on it. As I mean to be decile to your henever I have the pleasure of seeing you, we will r the remainder of the letters together, and burn you disapprove of my keeping. Several of them I think worth preserving. They have infinite and wit, are the best proofs of his early and parts, before he arrived at that perfection at which , and which thence appear to me the more natural. opt them long with pleasure, may have little time their longer, but hereafter they may appear with opriety than they would in your work, which is to the rank of his reputation. At least I admire very much, that I should trust to the good taste of (were they mine) and despise any criticisms.

ote on Crebillon is certainly of no importance, to me in what I have just said, repose on taste and tasteless criticisms. Your account of the *Elegy* and to my other criticism.

esent you in the manner, and by the hand you out, a few more of Gray's and West's letters, and ct from the Dedication you wot of. I hope all is a safety and you may swear, I pray as fervently you tell me. Adicu! I must answer three more and in fact have nothing to tell you that deserves estragraph.

HOR. WALPOLE.

P.S. I have reason to think all letters to and from me are opened since my relation to royalty. I know not what they will find that will answer but the blumlers I make in letting farms.

1513. To Countries Temple

Danie, 301, 1773.

I had a person with me that prevented my answering your Ladyship's kind letter immediately, which I wished to do, and to thank you for having relieved my mind from the greatest anxiety imaginable. The enormous sum of 800%, compared with 200%, which I had thought a very great price, makes me apprehensive that I should seem to have offered far below the value of the pictures, the plain English of which could only be that I would have defrauded orphans for my own advantage, an idea that would make me shudder. If a lady in the country is so amazingly deceived as to expect to get half the sum of 800%. I doubt she will keep them till they are of no value at all, which must be the case in miniatures, that must lose their beauty by time, and which makes them so greatly less valuable than enamels.

My behaviour to Miss Staploton', I hope, has been perfectly respectful, and allow me to repeat, Madam, that my great exteem for her character, and gratitude for having made me the offer of purchasing the pectures, carried me beyond my judgement, and made me desirous of pleasing her by the handsomeness of the offer. I hearlily beg her pardon, if regard for my own honour has carried me too far in disculpating myself.

LETTER 1518. - 1 Record daughter of James Russell Stepheton, of the dryddan, Denbighshire, by a daughter of Sir John Costway, second Baronet, whose wife was a tirebuilt More Staphetors spoul surple time with the theoryides the first contention is 1810. Homes in alpha also there eath how Mrs. Staphetor The more esteem I had for her, the more shocked I was at seeming to have acted in an unworthy manner; and I own I should still wish that she should show the pictures to some good judge, and see what such a person would say of 800l. for them. I shall always be Miss Stapleton's obliged humble servant, if she justifies me, and I shall be, if possible, more than ever Lady Temple's most devoted humble servant, who I am sure will forgive my not being able to bear the thought of being lowered in her esteem.

P.S. I am prevented to-day, but will have the honour of calling on your Ladyship to-morrow.

1514. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Dec. 21, 1773.

It is an age since I have written to you, my dear Sir, but I have had nothing to say, and too much to do. Not that my business would have prevented my hearing common events; the calm of the times and the emptiness of the town have given birth to nothing singular; the newspapers are my witnesses, which, though always full of lies, seldom fail to reach the outlines at least of incidents. To talk of the manners of the age is the occupation of a morose old man. That they augment, I must not say improve, in extravagance, is not the symptom of my growing old (though I do), but of our country's growing so—and what is the old age of a country? Is it not its approaching to dotage and caducity? If the definition is true, we grow every day more blind, deaf, tottering, and distempered.

Examples are better than doctrines, especially in a letter, from their brevity. Charles Fox, the type, the archetype of the century, is just *relaxed* by his father from part of his

debts. Lord Holland has paid an hundred thousand pounds more for him, and not above half as much remains unpaid. How one should detest Lord Holland if one were a father. when he sets such a precedent before the eyes of younger Nay, elder sons must hate him too: they used to think profusion was to descend only like titles in the right line. My thoughts naturally revert to that right line. poor nephew, I hope, is sinking into imbecility, but the passage is dreadful. For above eight weeks he has been furious, and disposed to be to the last degree mischievous, The physicians declare him absolutely incurable, and never fit to go abroad more vet I can have no peace till I shall cease to tremble for his life by his growing childish. From his mother I have not had a word, nor expect it yet. My letter, I conclude, will be well pondered, and probably sent over first to her council here. I cannot help it. Delays are added to all my other vexations, and all must be borne. Indeed I ought not to blame Lady Orford yet, for she is at Naples, and I have not heard, though I wrote on the fourth of last month, that you yourself have yet received my letter with that enclosed for her. I do not know whence this procrastination proceeds, but formerly I used to receive an answer from you in a month, and since I have had more cause for observation by the importance of my nephew's affairs, I have remarked that the expedition is much less --I do not guess why, for who can have any interest in knowing or retarding such melancholy affairs? if my unhappy connection higher is the cause, no curiosity can be gratified, for I neither know nor can communicate any I adhere strictly to the line I prescribed to myself of behaving respectfully, ceremoniously, and silently in a case that I could not prevent.

My business occupies my whole time. I have none for politics, public or private. My health declines, and so do

my animal spirits, as I am sensible my letters show you. My amusements are at end, for I have no leisure for them; and therefore whatever curiosity intercepts our correspondence, it will be gratified with no entertainment. I am sorry for your sake that it is grown so dull,—I will not say uninteresting, for whatever touches me so nearly is not indifferent to you. When I revive, or the world is more animated, you will know it, for the lifelessness is not all my own: I am apt enough to be infected with the temper of the times, though but a distant spectator; but I will have done accounting for having nothing to say, which the account itself proves. You have seen me a Proteus in temper; you now find that Proteus's decline is like that of other old folks.

P.S. Andrew Stone 1 is dead suddenly, who, I remember, made you pay very dear for the no-protection he gave you.

1515. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Strawberry Hill, Christmas night, 1778.

You must not expect, Madam, not to be scolded, when you excuse yourself so well. You and the King of Prussia, and Major-General Xenophon, shine more by retreats after a defeat occasioned by your own faults, than others by victories. I am now doubly obliged to rate you, for you have made me your ghostly father, and confessed your sins of omission; indeed, we old directors are more tickled with details of those committed, and are so afraid the penitent should forget the minutest circumstance! This part of my office, you tell me, is to be a sinecure for the

Larran 1514 1 Farmorly Scoretary to the links of Newcastle, after 1 howager of Wales. Walpole.

future; it is well I have so good an opinion of you, or don't you think my imagination would help me as well as you suppose it does in filling up your sent

Your reflection on Madame de Grignan's letter a mother's death is just, tender, and admirable, and painter's hiding Agamemnon's face, when he desp expressing the agony of a parent. No, Madame de could not have written a letter of grief, if her daug died first. Such delicacy in sentiment women of feel. We can never attain that sensibility, which is refined and yet natural and easy, and which makes write letters so much better than men ever did and which if you will allow me to pun in Latin, the seems your Ladyship does not understand that he I could lay down as an infallible truth in the word godfather,

Pennis non homini datis,

the English of which is, 'it was not given to man letters.' For example, how tiresome are Corbinelli's and how he wears out the seclerat and the jealousy!

The President Moulceau², I doubt, was not de i ment bonne compagnie, and only served as a pis province, or, as I rather guess, by Madame de Simir a man whose interest and credit they made use of dates do not contradict one another, but the edito an unpardonable laziness, have not taken the pains them in order.

The Address to Kings is not Voltaire's. I thoug said it was written by M. de Lisle, who was here a Châtelets.

As I am here, and do not know when this let

have got its carge, I will not tell you all I have yet to tell you, Miss Leveson's several legacies. It would, indeed, be sending coals to Newcastle, to acquaint you with the wills and testaments of your own relations. I only mention the event to wish you joy of Miss Vernon having a remembrance.

Crawfurd I have not yet seen; he called one day at past four o'clock. I am rejoiced he is better, and, indeed, concluded so; he oftenest calls on me when it is low water.

I have not a word more to say; and this being but a parcel of answers to questions, no matter when it sets out. As your confessor, I dispense with, nay, enjoin your breaking your last rash vow, of writing no more long letters; nay, you have not written a long one yet. The god of letter-writing does not, like the god of Chancery Lane. count by sheets of paper or parchment. If your Ladyship's pen straddles, like the giant's boots, over seven leagues or pages at once, the packet is the heavier, but the letter has not a word the more in it. I am grateful for every syllable you do write, nay, am reasonable, and do not expect volumes from the country; but I cannot allow that a sheet and a half are longer than one sheet, when they hold no more. I speak from self-interest: I write so close that these two pages and a bit would make three sheets in your Ladyship's hand; and then what apologies and promises I should have to make for the enormity of my letters. Well, this is not a reproof, but a mark of my attention to all you say and do; and how determined I am to bate nothing of the This has been a very barren half-year. intrinsic. next, I hope, will reinstate my letters in their proper character of newspapers.

Arlington Street, 27th 3.

I have seen Crawfurd, who positively denies the accusation of being in health and spirits, which he protests he

Hitherto printed as a separate letter. never was guilty of in his born days. He goes to Althorp, and will call on you again as he goes to or from Winterslow. I know nothing of any the town will not commit news, it is no fault of I can I help my letters being as barren as the Greets.

1516. To THE COUNTRIES OF PETRIC OBSC

From the House that Jack B

MADAM,

By the Dunstable ceach I make held to send yo ship the raw head and bloody hones of the only gia killed this season, very few having come over this account of the scarcity and dearnoss of provisions that a whole flock has gone to St. Petersburg to re Empress's memagerre, since the disgrace of the O that indeed I have had very little most, and have my hand in practice by shooting at flights of ost they sat on the roof of our barn. We have no nes your ladyohip, but that You Hickathrift has children in a wood by l'attent tiricael; and t Thurst has botted a thousand poursie that he re horses at once next Newmarket meeting. Moth lungs her duty; past soul, she is nothing the we was; in my mind, Madam, Charlette Edwin, the ... woman that says nothing but 'Waal! waal! who

> Headaman and tiamokeoper Jack min titaer-

tall one now?' is full as good company; so no n

VOME LANDY MALLS & PRINCE

1517. To THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Arlington Street, Dec. 30, 1773.

I HAVE twenty letters to write, Madam, but the first shall be to you, as it would have been, though I had not just received yours and the packet from the Duke of Dorset. Don't expect I should talk of plays; my heart is open to nothing but my own happiness and deliverance. I shall have time enough now soon to think of anything but myself; in short, by the most wonderful of all changes. my Lord Orford has come to his senses from the lowest ebb of misery and desperation. Now think what physiciansmay, what experience is! Dr. Battie and Dr. Jebb have been with me this morning, and, to their honour, frankly declare that from total persuasion of his irrecoverability, they see great prospect of his being quite well. He talks and writes perfect sense. They have opened his past situation to him, and told him if he will keep himself cool and quiet for some time, not write, do business, nor see company, they think there is the fairest prospect of not falling back. He has promised all. Oh, Madam, what a burthen does this take off my mind! I shall have no care but dread of a relapse; and may be so happy as once more to be the idlest and freest of human beings. All the world shall be regues if they will, and it will be no business of mine to reform them. If an empire were laid at my feet, I should toss its sceptre out of the window, and Lord Weymouth or Lord Rockingham might pick it up if they pleased, or my senior Lord Guilford, who is a more rising man, and is just made Treasurer to the Queen. The town laughs, and says the reversion of that place is promised to Lord Bathurst 1.

LEPTER 1517. - 1 Lerd Bathurst was nearly ninety and Lord Guilford nearly seventy

off, not for want of young or old comedians, but dangerons state of both Lord and Lady Holland former would be happy for him, the latter a sensil to all who know her. One of the actresses at Cash Lady Elizabeth Capel?, they say, is to marry the ne Grimston? Garrick has brought out what he calls a mas Tule, adorned with the most beautiful scenes, those in the Opera at Paradiss, designed by Louther They have much ado to save the piece from being the devil. It is believed to be Garrick's own, and proof that it is possible to be the best actor are author in the world, as Shakespears was just the trary.

Have you read the character of Lord Chatham Robertson' in to slay's Public Advertiser? It is time finely written. I do not quite subscribe to the sol his Lordship's sense, or to the propriety of his measures a proper Prime Minister to Queen Fortune, which hold, and favours those most who are for stretch proregative. Dr. Robertson, I should think, would appointed historiographer royal scen.

The three Graces' leaving you! Bless me, Madai will become of you! What an awkward dowly a grow! What would June do without her peaceck? a fine figure will you make in your chaise and pair of without the body coach and Maids of Henour fol Lady Spencer would as soon keep up her drawi-

^{*} Eldent daughter of fourth Rayl of Bones, m. (\$111) John Monaca, third Baron Monaca

^{*} Annen Buch and their element 1747 1969, third Vincenset their ates

⁴ Philippe Jacques Loutherborg (1740 1919), at this time shirt dosigner of seesery at Brury Lace Theatre.

^{*} The leave to il from man reid weither by the to by the approve of a motion of action thereto in more Josephine in more Josephine.

^{*} The three Miss Very

without Mrs. Howe and Miss Lloyd. You are hiring the Virtues, I perceive, to replace your loss: you have taken Miss Resignation, Miss Friendship, and Miss Their-owngood, to repair the gap in your circle: to be sure they are three pretty wholesome girls, and when they are a little fashioned, will do pretty well on your public days; but you can never produce such ungain country creatures in town. They will come with their Christian names embroidered in their arms in gunpowder, and ask blessing of you as their godmother when they are going to bed. Lord March will whisper them at the first public place, and George Selwyn will awear a child to him by the prettiest. It will not do. Madam, it will not do: keep the Graces and the Duke of Dorset at Ampthill; assemble everything that is agreeable round you, shine at the head of them, and do not imagine that your sisters will improve by being educated in London. Where, what will they see that are better models?

1518. To SIR HORAGE MANN.

Arlington Street, Dec. 80, 1778.

On, my dear Sir, you need not make me any apologies about the lady , who is so angry with your tribunals, and a little with you. If you have yet received the letter I wrote to you concerning her some time ago, you will have seen that I cannot be surprised at what has happened. It is a very good heart, with a head singularly awry; in short, an extraordinary character even in this soil of phenomena. Though a great lady, she has a rage for great personages and for being one of them herself; and with these preten sions, and profound gravity, has made herself ridiculous at home, and delighted de promener sa folic par toute Europe. Her persoverance and courage are insurmountable, as she

LETTER 151% . 1 Lady Mary Coke. Walpole.

showed in her conduct with her husband, and his father. in which contest she got the better. Her virtue is unimpeachable, her friendships violent, her anger deaf to remonstrances. She has cried for forty people, and quarrelled with four hundred. As her understanding is not so perfect as her good qualities, she is not always in the right, nor is skilful in making a retreat. I endeavoured to joke her out of her heroine-errantry, but it was not well taken. As she does the strangest things upon the most serious considerstion, she had no notion that her measures were not prudent and important; and, therefore, common sense, not delivered as an oracle, only struck her as ludicrous. This offence, and the success of my niece" in a step equally induscreet, has a little cooled our intimacy; but, as I know her intrinsic worth, and value it, I beg you will only smale at her ponting, and assist her as much as you can. She might be happy and respected, but will always be miserable, from the vanity of her views, and her passion for the extraordinary. She idolized the Empress Queen, who did not correspond with equal sentiments. The King of Prussia, with more feminine malice, would not indulge her even with a sight of him : her non-reception at l'arma is of the same stuff; and I am amazed that the littleness she has seen in so many severeigns has not cured her of royal admirations. These Solomons delight to ait to a maker of waxwork, and to have their effigies exhibited round Europe, and yet lock themselves up in their closets when a Queen of Sheba comes to stare at their wisdom!

I am glad you are not likely to be embarraced with our

I Lord Coke was half and life father and he conflind her. She sweet the peace against her less band, and the King's Bonch actional her own family to have access to her; somefar which Lead Leisman.

into I loosed flooden consummational for land Holoing and bire-librarile, then will and deny manufacture. Windowsky

I lie thomoger tody Wallegrave, who married the Duke of Glomester.

court-ambulant. How you must dread your countrymen and women, from the highest to the lowest! Such a fund of follies, for which you must seem answerable without any power of control!

Thank you for the Gazette on the Gunpowder Plot⁵. How amazing that the Jesuits should have preserved that paper, after so long warning of their fate! Did they think it a monument that would redound to their honour?

My nephew, after being for nine weeks at the lowest pitch of deplorable frenzy, has suddenly emerged to a strange degree of reason, and has written three letters with more coolness and clearness than he did almost when he was, what was called, in his senses. I am afraid to flatter myself with the thought of this being a recovery; and as much alarmed lest he should avail himself of this interval to deceive his attendants, and do himself some harm. Indeed, no change leaves any comfortable prospect for me. I cannot expect he should not relapse—his life entails slavery on me, and his death would ruin all my hopes of serving my family!

Dec. 31st.

As I wrote the above words yesterday the Doctors Battie and Jebb entered. They confirmed the wonderful recovery of Lord Orford, and though so contradictory to the sentence they had pronounced upon him three weeks ago, have the fairness to own their mistake and surprise. He is in fact come to his senses so much, that they have opened his whole case to him, and told him they expect he will be quite well if he keeps himself cool and quiet for some time, neither writing letters nor seeing company, which he has promised. Dr. Johb is, I think, rather less sanguine than

^{*} That of the Duke and Duchess of Camberland

the Jesuits' College at Rone. Wal-

Battie; but being less a mad dector, seemed unwilling to take much decision upon him. My first sensation was, that it seemed to me as if I was recovered myself, such a load would be taken off my mind, such anxiety, such fatigue. such doubts removed my cool reflections are not so comfortable. Can I trust to this sunshine? May be not relapse soon? May be not be acting that cunning deceit, so common to lunatics when they meditate mischief? If he is pronounced sane, will be remain so? Must I not tremble to hear that he is fallen back or worse? At best, can I flatter myself that lunsey is a remedy for excessive improduce? Will be return to a discretion that he never possessed? I have chased out some devils, but will not seven worse enter in? Will not the old ones come back, with villainy improved into revenge? In a year more I could have put his affairs into much better order but adien those visions! All I have gained in to have refreshed my memory with the destruction of my family, to have been eye-witness to its rain, and to have revived a concern for it, which time and keeping in ignorance of the details had in a manner seared over. From my Lord himself I doubt not I must expect at best disapprobation of all I have done, though I have done nothing but what I would repeat. I have nothing to palliate or conceal yet how will be lear the sale of his herees and dogs, and the dismission of his favourites? I can have no doubt how they will bear it. That atorm must come, and I am prepared for it with that sole shield of the innecent, consciousness of having done right but how many will protend to have record behind it, and to have seen self-interest at least black designs? Self-interest knows it has been behind forty shields itself, and will not make a compliment to me that it cannot make to itself. My character is at stake, and God knows I am not indifferent to it! The moment is critical - but still

scope; the instant the physicians shall it to be free, he shall be so, happen what his own told me this morning I ought to sus not to be hasty—Jesus! I warn them! I of the world—the instant I knew he was ed it. 'Sir,' said the person who doubts ou ought to be satisfied with doing what—'Sir,' replied I, 'I doubt as you do, but on, I have not your courage: were I my could still confine him, but I am his uncle, r but one. I have sacrificed my amuse-business, my time, my pains, my health, ny Lord and my family; I have not virtue o my character.'

Lady Orford an account of her son's great a going to write to her, but my letter may

THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Arlington Street, Jan. 5, 1774.

s continue to flatter us with the fairest ford's recovery, yet I am far from seeing to build on. He persists in only whispert of all contradiction, cannot without t from wine, thinks of nothing but his and the physicians themselves are afraidly are gone. My anxiety, instead of being led. I dare not contradict the faculty, been rash. I dread a relapse; I dread ensequences of a sudden release. The aid he is so well, that all his acquaintance pon him, and yet I am told I must keep limit nobody. My whole time is employed

in sending messages to his house; while everyone gives me different advice, and expects I should attend to every contrariety; but though you are so very kind, Madam. as to interest yourself in my perplexed and grievous situation, ought I to weary you with the circumstances? Any other subject is preferable; but I have no news, and if I spin out of my own bowels, what can I find there but the poison I have been swallowing these eight months?

The character of Lord Chatham was written by the Irish Mr. Flood', and published in Dublin a year ago in a book called Baratariana. Indeed there was little probability of its being the work of Dr. Robertson : could so much truth come out of Nazareth?

The play at Cashiobury is much vaunted, both for acting and magnificence. Mr. Cradock, author of a bad tragedy called Zobeide, was introduced between the acts to repeat Gray's Eton Ode. It is a pity Sir Ralph Pain was not here to pronounce an oration of Demosthenes or Hurlothrumbo. I have seen the Christmas Tale: it is a due mixture of opera, tragedy, comedy, and pantomime, with beautiful scenes, This effort of genius is, among others, given to me: one of the penalties one pays for having played the fool is to be suspected of being a greater fool, and oftener than one is. Not that I complain, for I am a considerable gainer on the balance of false reputation. If the School for Wices. and the Christman Tale, were laid to me, so was the Heroic Epistic. I could certainly have written the two former,

Lower am Inth. It wanter the attach non note our letter to Leady Cheerry of Dec. 30, 1773.

Julia, Lady Elizabeth Capol, Mr. History, Lord Waldegravo's miss, Master Usaliw, Lord Mallies, Mr. Carino, the Earl of Essent, at: with the esterialisment of 114th 1.4% belies Shiers. Their wars present Land and Lady North Lord and Lady Hydh, Lord March, etc. atc." (Grant, May, 1774, to 184.

[&]quot; Dec. 80, 1778. 'The following persons of distinction acted the play of The Provided Husband or A Jour-ney to London, at the Earl of Kenex's country seat at Cashioberry Park, Hertfordshire, vis. Col. Nt. John, Lady Besser, Mr. St. John, Mrs. Nt.

it the latter. Hoth show for what it from mon authors. I deresay the Horor band is an inset. d at being confounded with me, as I am with the and with more reason. Mediceraty is much acases bottom than to the top; but here and I taken god n writers, when I can tell you of a gable case talled in my Catalogue. The present Lord treater uther, and has written a poem on Charity, and so Modest Apology for Adultery. I am when associated we been printed and published. I much dead the but have employed emmarion to find out the truth sy his Lardship writes in concert with a near charce man', whose name I have forgotten.

idulo for your loss of the Graces, and the breaking your Academy'. Mothinks I wish look the or employ für Jembua en a large peture like listeer lmanufacing! Lada Anno's admatos and ordan . if better than that of Mary do Medica A contra it in your last our lord, like Morrise intentume no Vernous, and with me much truth you would see Hogory, which I do not have. You will stave at a . far a nors erapped it it among a north ag wonder. Had I children, my nimmet a bear one les les betweel theres maintenante d'amendering I have mer over thought of miner the preference meetes ful yet it is sufficient on frequent reflections. In farlans, as my arm would be to make their happy is the most probable method. It is a reservice

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as Bennett bile. ware.

^{\$350} mm T & Jack bie er naremeille.

to the second of persons to the second Achting

I do do the of you are upon the second of No. 1. 1 Warm & Breeze Warm Bertell France

will last their lives, unless they grow deaf: it depends on themselves, not on others; always amuses and soothes, if not consoles; and of all fashionable pleasures is the cheapest. It is capable of fame, without the danger of criticism; is susceptible of enthusiasm, without being priest-ridden; and, unlike other mortal passions, is sure of being gratified even in heaven.

1520. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

DEAR SIR,

Jan. 14, 1774.

Whom I respect and admire more and more, do not be surprised at my sending an express: the subject of your letter is of too much consequence to venture the answer by the post, and I do not mind the expense, when it is to show my zeal for you and the cause, and enables me to speak more plainly.

Never was a man less fit to give advice than I, who want it myself to the highest degree. I am in all lights in the most difficult and delicate situation upon earth, and have half-lost my sense anyself with fatigue, plagues, anxiety, and dread, for my nephew, my family, and my character. In short, Lord Orford is at once amazingly come to his senses, that is, to these he had or had not, before this time twelvementh. The physicians, who must act by rules, declare they shall leave him this day month, because they dare not do otherwise by law. He will relapse, and perhaps kill himself, and I dare not stop them or him. My character is at stake and will suffer, whether I release or restrain him; indeed I cannot restrain him. Judge of my situation without my tiring you with it! Judge too of my perplexity about what you have sent me. It is glorious—it is truth;

Levren 1590. - 1 Memor's latter the Hernic Epistic, published in Fol. dealt chiefly with the Postscript to 1774.

noblest dignity of authoritative poetry,-must do s wanted. Your country wants an avenger; you what a whole dirty nation will not do. Then what nat would check your career a moment; yet hear r. ---- delivered it to me with great marks of ision, and protested he knew not what it contained; was ordered to deliver it to a person who was to it. This struck me extremely; the person I con-Almon², whom I know and have found to be He has already bragged such a poem was coming remember, if he guesses the author, that you must him. Money will be offered him to tell, and he e it and tell. Hence arises my first difficulty, and account, who I am sure would not for the world . ---, whom Almon will name. My next difficulty ng to myself. If Dr. —, whom I cannot know, name me, it would fall on one whom I am as tender self, the Duchess of Gloucester.

ot imagine my paltry connection with royalty has me. I despise it, Iament it,—did my utmost to it, and am hated both by those who are angry d by him whom I would not humour in it. I have he King's resentment, and am ill-used by the Duke, I would not encourage. It is not for him I fear, my poor niece. If her uncle could be proved to be your piece, she would be still more undene than nay, what could I say, if the Doctor should name never could tell a lie without colouring, and I trust ow that my heart is set on acting uprightly; that at my faults, and study to correct myself; in short, if give the world the poem had gone to the press coming to me in the manner it did. Do not

John Almon (1787–1805), publisher.

³ The Dake of Gloucester.

imagine that a man who thinks and tells you be should colour if he lied, would betray you to save his life. I give you my honour that I have not to the dearest friend I have named you for author of the other, nor would for this. I can answer for invasil; I cannot for the Ibetse, and I dare not hazard the Duchess.

The moult therefore, of all in that I wish you could contrive to convex the poom to Almon without the intervention of Dr. . . , whom I may matake, but who seemed unuary; and as he did not souture to trust me with his knowledge of the contents, I am not in the wrong to be unwilling to trust. I will keep it till I got your answer; and shall only a rading it were and uses. If it is in in morning than the former, though it has infinite himmer too, the manusty of the bard, equal to that of the Welsh bards, more than compensates. If it appears, as I hope, I will write to von upon it, as a new poem, in which I am much disappointed, and think it very unequal to the first. (This is the common style of little critics, who I remember and just no of the three last parts of the Larry on Mont It will his hard if my letter is not opened at the post, when we with it should. I am above decay outed in not finding a heratomic effermed to Algernon Sadnes, that worst done of the worst plan, for what is so criminal as a settled plot to depreciate writing? I hope it in in the part on the press I can give lifty additional metison and present to what your MINUST.

How I wish I would see you but for a day: I am charmed have by the fact to a madman, but can I award wishing you would stead to town for a day. It might be a secret; I would sum to you wherear you would appoint. At least sequit me of royalty or court serving. I am not a traiter I am not corrupted. I am hated at court, and detect it. Keep my letter and print it in the thisetic either before

ter my death, if I deceive you. Tell, show here, under and, that I exhorted you to publish both the *Heroic le* and the *Postscript*.

Hor. WALPOLE.

1521. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, Jan. 19, 1774.

was much pleased, my good Sir, with the letter Lady d told you she had written to me, and thank your ness for transcribing part of hers to you. As the letter is not yet arrived, and as this is the second time Ir. Sharpe told me yesterday is her way) that she has the past time for the future, I shall not hastily depend i on immediate performance. In fact, I believe her olution has called in a little cunning to its aid: she by the proofs I have given her of my sincerity, that not possible I should be deceiving her: and yet, having tle propensity to art herself, she thinks it would not nsible to give meentire credit—well, no matter. I have en to her, and told Mr. Sharpe that if the letter does , I shall not open it, but will leave it in his hands, so her son relapses; for unless to serve him, what end have in meddling with her boroughs? When I have her into a method of preventing myself of ever having estate, I certainly do not intend to defraud her of the ughs. Lord Orford is amazingly recovered -that is, a most lucid interval, though neither I nor his own

THE 1521 Not in C., now first printed from transcript in possession of Waldegrave

friends, whom I have made visit him, look on him as perfectly in his senses. Dr. Battie, however, has been so precipitate as to promise to quit him in a month if he does not relapse, and he counts the hours eagerly and exactly, which makes us suspect that the temper he shows is but pretended. My situation will be frightful when the day shall come, if he is neither quite well nor werse, for nobody can restrain him, if the physicians prenounce him in his senses; and if he does mischnef to himself or others, there will not be wanting kind friends to blame me for setting him free, though void of authority to confine him. I have passed three most auxious weeks in this suspense; and the delicacy of the crisis does not decrease. I know not what I shall do, though I know not how to do anything but submit.

Don't imagine that my mind is so occupied with these affairs that I neglect talking to you of anything class. The times are favourable to indulging one's own reveries. The Parliament is met, but the opposition is so quiet, that even their general, Lerd Rockingham, is not come to town; nor closs anybody foresee one heatile debate. The Itaka of Richmond alone maintains the war, but in that distant quarter, the India House, where he has given the ministerial forces a great defeat. It is not a season more fruitful of foreign news, unless a cloud in Russia increases to a storm. An impostor there, who calls himself Peter III, claims the crown for his pretended son, and has besten the troops sent against him. I shall not wonder if this attempt costs him, and the Great Puke himself, their lives: nor shall I be surprised if France or Prussia has conjunct up this phantom.

Methinks I wish Lady Mary had left you. Her disposition will always raise storms, and you may be involved in them as innocently as you have been. I expect to hear of her in some strange fracus at Rome; and as there is another Archduchess at Naples, whatever visious she is disappointed

Il be laid to the implacability of Juno 1. For yourself, ver, you may be easy, for nobody here sees Lady is disasters in a serious light.

ar nephew Horace was a long time with me the other ing, and pleased me extremely by his sense, propriety, good nature. I am mistaken if his youthful vapours of dispersed.

at can I tell you else?—the Opera is a kind of Italian Miss Davis has great success. I cannot say she as me. Her knowledge of music seems greater than into; or perhaps it is that I do not like the new taste. o is jealous of her, and they make something like s; but operas are not upon the foot now of creating discord. They are ill-attended, and the burlettas bad and the dancers so execrable that the managers fraid of not being able to go on. What shall I tell ins succeeded to politics and pleasures? Nothing. ng hasheaten out everything. The Maccaronis, amongst exists the only symptom of vivacity, are all undone: an distinguish themselves by insensibility alone. They or feel for their families nor themselves. How long ceneral lethargy will last I do not know; I remember it would have grieved me. Adieu!

1522. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Arlington Street, Jan. 19, 1774.

was disappointed, Madam, in not seeing Lord Ossory, was promised to us on the Birthday. I hope there to graver reason for his not coming than not having trimmed with Brussels-point, or buttons to his clothes, with fur, which our English travellers, who never end company at Paris, are made to believe by their

The Empress-Queen, mother of the Archduchess.

tailors are French fashions, and which I, who did live in grand company, mover behold there, nor, indeed, anything in dress that was very abound. Amgularities grow here, and are not existed. If I which dragoons' hall thermolyes, it in to lor a l'anglore. The most singular thing at present in there being no news; and an exent since the destruction at Winterslow , where, I hear that next day they drank to Site Fox's freezele. Who you, there is a bit of news; General Granus has resigned his places about the Green, and old Hormon' of Malsabors, father of Harris' at Horling in made her Majesty's recretary of he timilford. I am plad to find that at my age one may still be a rosing young man and ancesed one arrestors.

In Kinnera there is laid a great political regit if it does but hatch. Nothing loss than a reacht. An importor has declared himself l'eter III, and domanda the crown for the tireat Diske, his protonded man, who, he may a is hope down by an infamous regency. This man may be the tireat Dishon father, but the t garma tend show care that he elsewhit and be her humband. However, he has defeated mente of her trivian, in man limit to Moories, and also dance met motel away the recruits to the army. I heartsly wish the l'retender nurround, and I alweed the glad to one revolutions, and unity in Russia, but in Sweden Prisons and Austria

[·] 集·相对中枢的 李教读者 · 5 集 柳小 女二八八九世 野田田大人名 Appetracing services intent moderate selection Christian Pay 1719 ... an . seen at the Shemile mean Sherin. Philippa Billion Esperature Alternaguemakemen Anthérinéen and Athènic tend will proposed to

^{*} Emerit Street to a sent count timber boning, boning down on Jan 9 1214

[·] Impere Mussia the cities of the 1780) Morrolasy next thereperates to Queen Charlette author of Herman per a Philosophical Impery consuming Corneral Grammar,

^{*} Insteam Marris (174th 18080); N. St. 1770, or (Boys, 10, 1700) Badwa

Maintain and they of Maderical trees in Will. thet explanate Main agree a test Sharge t Affaires at Madual 1789, Mis aton at Made, t. 1221 (# Meising to they been 2100 to Annihousement of mit \$5 Peterstrong 1510 as Mary to the Hagnes tink 49 Auctonomit val the Haging 1750 to Reve of the line \$ 100 Mark o to Housewood, where he motort as propy for the massage of the Frience of the see to Trinoces time-line of Strangerick, 1794 Ambearanter to the Francis Sayable. 1 Total or 7

^{*} Tugatan haff

ephew continues mending, but I doubt his recovery be depended upon. I would compound for his reg as well as the Duchess of Queensberry, and such sioners of Bedlam.

ashamed to send this scrap by itself, but what can he secret of making events is lost. Nobody makes debate but the Duke of Richmond, and I know no Indian politics than I did of farming, a year ago. marriageable royal family is married, and the next con of princes is not ripe. Pactolus is dry both in and at Almack's: and even Juno, the goddess of making, forbids the banns, instead of tying them. herefore, Madam, excuse my not knowing nothing. has been listening all day for your service, but can nothing newer than how much I am, &c.

1523. To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

IR, Jan. 21, 1774.

e returned those letters of Gray¹ to your friend, and y beg, as well as consent myself, that they should ted. I should never forgive myself their being sed, as they will do him so much honour, and you resetly satisfied me that the lady² in question cannot ted by them, which was my whole concern. I beg I excuse all the trouble I have given you, but my as in such violent agitation about my nephew, that eject came magnified to my eyes; and my dread of arong, when it is so difficult to do right in the of relations in which I stand, made me fearful that a innocent a thing as Gray's letters might hurt a

think i The Profession of an Aprofes the Reside, them species of the American the State Office if they should species

Walpolo's letter, ² The Duchess of Gloucester. See p. 401

person of whom I have no cause to complain; but I will say no more, than that I approve your reasons for emitting the epitaph on West, and the author of it, and that I wish it may not be too late to desire your silence on my Epistle to the same person. Neither he nor my lines deserve notice in such a book. I no longer care about fame: I have done being an author, and, above all, I should blush to have you stamp memory on anything that is not worthy of it. It is a sad place to offer you, especially considering that it has been self-filled, but you rise in my opinion as fast as I sink in my own. The spot, however, will be dignified by gratitude, of which I never can feel enough, considering the sacrifice you so generously offered to make, and which nobody could make, but one that can do what he pleases. What a beast should I be, had I been capable of accepting it!

What can I tell you, I who for fifteen months have felt nothing but anguish in body and mind? Before I was delivered from the gout in every limb, my nephew's madness fell on me; since that, the burthen of his affairs; and for these last three weeks an anxions suspense between his recovery and fears of his relapse, all now heightened by the probability that the physicians will quit him in three weeks more, when he must be at full liberty to destroy himself if he pleases! I neither dare restrain him, nor can approve his release, and shall probably be to answer for consequences that I foresee, without having power to prevent! my mind is broken, and where I am free enough to own it, sunk. I have spirits enough left to conceal my serious thoughts from the world, but I own them to you my I have found I have sense enough to learn confessor. many common things that I never believed myself capable of comprehending. I have found that better sense of acting as I ought, when it was necessary; for till this year I never really had anything to do. I shall be rejoiced to resume

idleness: I know not whether it will be my lot. hould taste my old amusements again of books et with much less eagerness, for I feel that even leness would be an enjoyment, though till eight I never knew what it was to be unemployed for an hour. My ghostly father, tell me if you can onfession, what I really think, for I protest I do or if you will, laugh at me, and tell me anyurself, a much more interesting subject. I know it that politics are dead, literature obsolete, the than in the days of mysteries, the actors as bad s, the Maccaronis as poor as the nabobs are rich, g new upon earth, but coats and waistcoats; as nen, they think almost as little of their petticoats do. We are to have my Lord Chesterfield's I my Lord Lyttelton's Works, which will not mate the age, the Saturnia regna. pare you, pray let me have a line.

Yours most entirely,

H. W.

on. Grame has resigned, and old Hermes of a made Secretary to the Queen; which I tell politics, which you do not care about, but as a title-page.

4. To the Duchess of Gloucester.

Jan. 27, 1774.

t proper mark of respect that I can show to the o your Royal Highness on a subject of such importance, is to use as few words as possible, ise enough to advise, much less to decide upon I know a man in England who I think could Duke upon it with good effect. All I can do is

to suggest what comes into my fund on the most intense thought and coolest reflection, submitting my sentiments, with the utmost deference, to his Royal Highness's judgement.

No man living has a higher opinion of the Duke of Richmond's unequalled honour and integrity than I have. I respect his spirit and abilities, and am as sure as I can be of anything that he is incapable of an unworthy action. Still I should not recommend him for the money, if the question is resolved upon. The D. of E. is particularly unwelcome to his Majesty; and the measure will be thought the more heatile if proposed by his Grace.

The question itself asserts to me most unlikely of auceass. The ministers will plead that when the King, however necessitous, does not ask for an increase of income, from the present distressed situation of the country, it cannot be reasonable to augment the revenue of his bridhers. An increase of the King's own revenue might be supposed to include the charge of his own children; but an addition to that of his bridhers would not leasen the burthen of his own issue, and it would infallfully be arged that a numerous a progeny as his Majesty's makes it inquisiont to establish a precedent of such large reconses for each Prince of the royal family.

In any case, so great is the power of the crown, and so infamous the servicity of l'arlament, that there cannot be the shadow of hope that an increase could be obtained for the two royal Dukes against the King's inclination.

But a question moved and lost, as undoubtedly this would be, could only make his Royal Highmose's case worse, if possible, than it is at present. His Royal Highmose's father's, though heir-apparent to an old King, could not obtain an

Cloucester wished to Apply to Pas. * Francoit for an invesse of invesses.

e of income when parties ran high, and were almost divided. His Royal Highness, the Duke of Gloucester, id out neither hopes nor rewards, and, in the very low opposition, would obtain scarce any support. When pay common respect by waiting on him, though not itenanced for it, would they vote for him? no, not allow pay their duty to him.

question moved and lost, would change the state of so to his Royal Highness's disadvantage. His treatmay now be thought hard. When he should have course to opposition, which a Parliamentary applicaould be called, the courtiers would term it an hostile re, and thus claim a sanction for their servility, by any to support offended majosty.

King himself would then too plead that he only acted opinion of Parliament, who did not think it reasonable rease the income of the two Princes. And the most ato ministers, if any such there are, who may have I a reconciliation between the King and his brothers, hen oppose it, as concluding that, by voting against they have made the two royal Dukes their personal ass.

be every door to a reconciliation in the royal family be shut, and no advantage gained. On the contrary, eyal Highness would only let the world know how few a stand by him. When so few even of the opposition in him, I doubt whether they would be heartier friends interest.

are been to me insurmountable difficulties. It is still arrivous for me to chalk out an alternative.

resumed to tell your Royal Highness, Madam, when irst mentioned this great point to me, that I thought rat step in wisdom to be taken, was to engage the of mankind to the Duke's cause by showing he had

done everything rather than act in what might be called a hostile manner. His Royal Highness will, I flatter myself, forgive me if I use even an improper term. Will it be too free-spoken in so important a moment to say, that previous to an application to Parliament, which should in prudence be the last resort. I would recommend even that application, if the Duke could show he had tried every method of softening his Majosty's displeasure? Nobedy knows so well as his Royal Highness how to mix dignity with propriety. not his Royal Highness, Madam, blond those two in a representation of his youthful error, of his concern for having afflicted an affectionate brother and King, of tenderness for a wife, and a sweet little innocent Princess, calling on his Majesty's piety for forgiveness, and by touching his heart on his own conjugal and parental affections; and, above all, by stating his own anxious cares on the incertitude of the fate of persons so dear to him as your Royal Highness and the infant Princess, his daughter? These, Madam, are noble motives, and would justify a tender and fraternal application to his Majesty's heart, and would distress it far differently from a question in l'arliament. They would engage the compassion of the disinterested world, and in the last resort would corroborate in the strongest manner all arguments in Parliament, where it would cortainly be asked if his Royal Highness had used any intercession with the King, his brother. When the Duke had tried all other methods in vain, such application could not be condemned; and the preference of all softer methods first would redound to his Royal Highness's honour.

Having said thus much, Madam, I think my conscience and duty oblige me to add, that I think it indispensably incumbent on those who have the honour to be related to your Royal Highness, to give you no advice but such as may tend to repair the breaches which the Duke's tender-



Home & nonto or Walk mare

has occasioned in the royal family. The good Highness calls on you and on us to consult his a first instance. You have always told me how are of sacrificing yourself for him. I know the of your heart, Madam, and I know you spoke se him to whatever is most for his benefit and your duty by him, and trust to a just God for In the presence of that God I have given you se in my power. I am sure I have not disobliged reedom: I hope I have not offended his Royal at I declare on my conscience and honour, that what better advice to give, and sign it with my firm opinion of, Madam, your Royal Highness's Most faithful and devoted humble servant.

TO THE COUNTESS OF UPPER OSSORY.

Jan. 29, 1774.

2 St. George's Church, Hanover

excuse my silence, Madam, which is not, nor etfulness. While Lord Ossory was in town, sould not want letters. Since he went, I have estant's time; and though I write now, instead have not a tittle to tell you that can entertain on will allow yourself to be diverted with the a methodist, as I am, who hate those knaves, as George, who has ordered the pure, precise be struck off the list of his chaplains, not for h a Magdalen , as you would expect, but for amping bribe to my Lord Chancellor for the St. George's . It is droll that a young comely led have fallen into the sin, not of Mary the r of her host, Simon the Pharisee, but of Simon

Square.

1 He was Chaplain

i Himmo.

Magus, the founder of simony. Perhaps, as the Dector married Lord Sandwich's mistress', he had had enough of des filles repenties,

A parcel of Warwickshire colliers alarmed the court yesterday, and drow a great crowd round St. James's, but it was only a tribute to their severeign from their mines, I hope no wicked ballad monger will ridicule the levalty of those mor men, and paraphrase the ancient song of 'Old King Cole,' who called for his fiddlers three, and there was fiddle faddle and twice fiddle faddle, &c.

I ought to be in great spirits to-day, if I know where to find thorn; but they have been so long such under troubles. I have no many still, and my moves are so shattered, that I do not know how to be no happy no I ought to be, when I can say with truth, that I do believe my nephew perfeetly in his senses. He owns he thinks his disorder the greatest blessing of his life; that he is convinced all that has been done is right; that it is what he wrehed done, but could not undertake; and that he is determined to purage the plan I have chalked out for him. You may judge, Madam, how very kind I think this treatment and how much I feel myself obliged to him I am to see him to-morrow, and have such a confusion of sensations that I dread the moment, though it is so delicious. Nav. I trouble more than ever lest he should relaine, for new my tombertions is interested in his health, which is still warmer than compassion. Nor am I yet out of this or twenty other labyrinths ! but I must hold my tongue and drink the cur in allence.

ther Lord and I talked much on a subject that is much at my heart, though my heart is so full. The outward and visible signs are very promining : other prognesics are not no favourable. A door eleuro is almorved even on what

^{*} Mary Porking daughter of a ranger at Implant. 1 1764

ly else talks of—the late rupture. I sounded , who had not heard even of that; which confirms have told you, that two persons will not so much as anything that can lead to the subject. It was s scene on Wednesday night, when all the parties ady Charlotte's; the rejected lover played at quinze " Duchoss; but what had happened and what will happen, was not so well disguised by the rest young actors and actresses. I do not think any becision will be taken soon; and I do not doubt interval will be employed to defeat it. Still I have to judge by, but these observations; for if everyas settled, not a word the more would be said. ew, Madam, discretion is like the bird that hides its d fancies it is not seen; a remark that comforts indiscreet, prodigiously. The language of art is vell understood as that of frankness: nay, even its s talkative, that is, intelligible. Cunning does not ipes half so often as it is itself the dupe of good . It would be ill-bred to tell people that one sees them; and therefore they flatter themselves that not seen through: but all this is commonplace, ad bottor bid you adieu, Madam, en attendant notre

1526. To Sin Horace Mann.

Feb. 2, 1774.

more dealings I have with my Lady Orford the discover of her insensibility, falsehood, and folly. Contemptible. How strange, that people will not at, if they would always speak truth, they would a detected! I do not allude to her letter to me, a not yet arrived, but to one Mr. Sharpe received as week ago, in which she repeats again her

having written to me, as truly as in here to you, and in which, notwithstanding her canting, and her declaration to you that she had estimied me, she tells him she has promised one seat at Callington to Fir William Hamilton, will not let me have the other, but will give me her interest at Ashburton, where on my Lord's I could choose without Why will this woman not be content with lying, but must drag in devotion to make her want of veracity more offedlad ariance for bloode I should one bill ? enoughfor contradiction, unless she added hypering too? Well, if thin in being artful, it in the classicat, addicat thing in the world. I am not suggermed to find his William Hamilton on the carret. He has a shrewd mose my dear bir, you have been thrice as long a minister, and have not vet learned to turn the penny! but I have nothing to say against Mir William, who is agreeable, and I do not wonder at his turning a galant old woman to account. Nav. your wild greate are no often hubbled, that I believe it teaches them to be curning with everybody who has not the charity to offer them a civility but I have done with her. I shall write her one more letter to tell her her son is quite recovered, and then forgot her till also is laint to a coal like the ancient tinder in Herculaneum

Yet her son is recovered entirely; and is certainly her son, whosever also he is. He has not indeed, like her Ladyship, given me a bill upon that for payment of his obligations to me, but I believe intends to refer me to the same sucht. He is very gracious, but like her too, seems to intend to hart himself rather than come into anything I propose for his benefit. I have affered to continue to be his steward. To make that post a sinceure, though too great an honour for me, he is dispersing already by hamifuls and pocketfuls the savings of a whole year, which he found, not in my power or packet, but in the hands of his own

In short, I have done nothing wrong, and yet o more forgive me than if I had done all that my memies would have said they expected. I care ave set an example of an uncle treating a nephew, ed an incurable lunatic, with more tenderness and han ever was heard of, as if I had daily expected very. I have humbled myself to his mother, who memy, to engage her to assist him. This precedent, will make a good impression, and then I shall be stent, though I shall see all my endeavours baffled smed. I have indeed another great satisfaction. aldsined my whole conduct to your nephew young see, and he approves of it. Nay, sees that I had plan that might have been of the greatest service nd your family, which indeed was a chief object in . I fear a great deal will be intercepted now! --igh of this subject, since it is not proper to say ilil.

at you say in your last, which I received yesterday, no delay probably in our letters, but those that are Indeed, I do not think anybody would have to read dull letters of business, with which they thing to do. I know little of public affairs, nor myself with them but as news; and the only a my letters which could excite particular curiosity rarely there, and of which I believe I know less danly. I never was a favourite in a certain place 1, now particularly ill there for having spoken my ith more freedom than was welcome; but I shall a the best legacy my father left me, his Fari quae an importment motte, when the fari is unnecessary. Seedel Princess 1, I doubt, is really mad. Does not

thereas this - Wilde ester House. Wilpole & Lady Mary Cake. Wilpole,

she put you in mind of your friend Lord Pane", who kept his bod six wooks, because the Puke of Newcastle, in one of his letters, forget to such humself 'your very humble mervant,' as usual, and only put 'your humble servant'? These follow would have done very well, when folks fancied their stars did everything, and had good and had domons; but toute demon as the Empress Queen is, and womanish too, I don't believe that, like June, she persecutes the pions Ziness in every voyage and peregrination. Then, what an importinent quarrel that with Lord Huntingdon !! One mean indeed how provish and persenting her Ladyship would In, if also were Limpenson or Queen; but it is more reducibling to prescribe l'unces and l'uncesses, when one is molady When the Sophi of Persia has dired, a horald commolf. gives leave to all other monarchs to go to dinner; but if a merchant's widow at Ispahan was to give the same permission to her nevereign, she would be shut up in a madhouse, though she was to insist that she had been married to Kouli Khan. I really wish you was well rid of hor: cannot you permade her to go to Home, where there is a muck court that has nothing better to do than to quarrel ministra amerik estimamenter ?

We have no nown public or private; but there is an estrichegg laid in America, where the Hestonians have canted three hundred chests of tea into the ocean', for they will not drink tea with our Parliament. My understanding is no narrow, and was continued no long to the little meridian of England, that at this late hour of life it cannot extend itself to such huge objects as East and West Indies, though everylandy else is acquainted with those continents

^{*} Charles, Sant Viscount Pain, Minister at Flurence. Hulpola. * France, East of Hunting-ton Lady Mary Color quarential with him for waiting on the implement Cumberland in Italy Lady Mary

thekin trime to purrusplu jungla that who had been constanted to the Inche ed Vierk, and adjoind her letters 'Marye,' past of the y significing c ore tank, no broke temporanty . Wildfolds.

^{3 43}th \$2000. 1th, 1778.

ith the map of Great Britain. Lord Chatham quering America in Germany; I believe Engconquered some day or other in New England I think I have heard of such a form in law, one of the parish of St. Martin's-in-the-Fields. Martin's parish literally reaches now to the the globe, and we may be undone a twelve-we hear a word of the matter—which is not and a little drawback on being masters of thousand times bigger than ourselves. Well I me time or other, some learned Jesuit Needd out that Indostan was peopled by a colony gate or St. Mary Axe, which will compensate d misfortunes.

ay dear Sir, I forget my troubles the moment in end. Lady Orford concorns me no more than ion in the Massachusetts. Every year's events the next. One's cares, once at an end, are but is, and to be flung by, like an old almanac, ive by the future; I care only about the prene present being very calm, is worth enjoying.

ont my late letters to Lady O. in Sir W.'s think it safer to convey the enclosed by you. has just been here; he will go into the country

the reverse of what states. By a legal done in Asia could having been done in the Walpide probably as calebrated case of typ, tried before Mr. a tow mention before This was an acton connect one build hard against timeral

Mostyn, Governor of Minores, by Antonio Fabrigas, a native of Minorea, who in his declaration stated that the defendant assaulted him 'at Minorea (to wit) at London aforesaid, in the parish of St. Maryle Bow, in the Ward of Cheap.' (See Notes and Queries, Aug. 11,

7 Father John Turberville Needham (1781-1781), scientific writer. on Monday, though a week sooner than the physicians had fixed. I shall be surprised at nothing!

1527. To the Colsten or Perke Chaony.

Fab. 12, 1374.

I ment moon natropoly sulpable to your Ladyahar for not anawaring your very hand letter the matant I received it; but it has been absolutely impossible. Though I have given up my trust, I have had many things to settle before I was quite quit of it. I have been in arrears for visits, had neglected my own affairs, and have no many other duties and avocations that I have not a mornish's lainting. I stayed at higher this mothers, on parrisons to write this and two other letters, but no many people have come in that it is almost three, and I have only begun, na you see, Madam. I am quite well again, and think my note the impricat being alive, with having got an fortunately, in spite of all my ignorance and incapacity, through my dinmal hummen, and with nearing it at an and I aliculate an I told you before, be in great agains, if I know where to fittel them; but my mind has been termented and oppressed, my nerves are affected, and the impressions remain, though the cause is removed. I feel what is passed, and tremble lest it should return. In short, I sometimes think of going abroad, to vary the seems, receiver my health, and avoid a relayer, for no Lord Orford's would be to me, unlose I can docline the charge, as I am deter mined to do if I possibly can. I should not say so much on myself, were it not an excuse to lody Anne, as well as to your Ladyahip, but how write a proper letter to her, or defend myself from the accusation of wit, unless by

proving how very dull I am! Oh, would I were capable of inventing stories of owls!

I am rejoiced Lord Ossory is coming, and overjoyed that there is a prospect of your both passing some time here. As he will not be with you when you receive this. I shall take the liberty of hinting at a little selfishness, that appears in your purloining him from the world, because you are determined to quarrel with it.

His acquiescence gives the pas to his virtues over yours. and you will not be the perfect wife, in my eyes, till you give up those of a shepherdess.

The accounts of Lady Holland are most cruel and melancholy. I have not yet been able to go to Holland House: partly from my disorder and business; still more from not having spirits to bear the sight. But I will gather resolution, and perhaps she will not see me.

I know not a syllable of news. There is some political, but I care not about it, nor would it entertain your Ladyship. It relates to a quarrel between the Speaker? and the printer's; and about Mr. Grenville's bill for elections 4. One must be deep in politics to be amused with such points.

The history of Charles Fox and Mrs. Grieve is published in very wretched verse, but curious for being authentic. There is a Postscript too to the Heroic Epistle, with some

2 Sir Fletcher Norton.

George Grenville's bill 'transferred the decision of disputed elections from the whole House to a committee of fifteen members, thirteen of whom were elected by ballot, and the remaining two by the rival candidates. They were bound to examine all witnesses on oath, and they were themselves sworn to decide according to evidence.' The bill was introduced in February 1770. 'It was at first limited to seven years, but it proved so popular that in 1774 it was made perpetual.' (Lecky, Hist. Cent. XVIII, ed. 1895, vol. iii. pp. 436-7.)

Henry Sampson Woodfall (1739– 1805), printer of the Public Advertiser, which on Feb. 11, 1774, contained an attack on the Speaker, written by Horne. The Speaker complained to the House of Commons, and Woodfall was ordered to appear at the Bar of the House.

excellent lines, but inferior to the first, as second parts generally are.

I have again been interrupted; it is four civelock, and I am not dressed; but I need not apologize for concluding such a letter. I am worn out; and, next to being a man of business, I find the worst thing in the world is to be a decayed one.

1528. To the Rev. William Manon.

Pati 14, 1774

I am most impatient for your Lyric section and the completion of the Ode³. Nay, I am glad to have lost so much of schoolboy and schoolmaster, as to be charmed with the Fragment, though Dr. Barnard frowns on it. Fray remember, however, that when you have so much piety for Mr. Gray's remains, you are unpardonable in leaving your own works imperfect. I trust, as you will now enjoy your own garden in summer, and will have timehed the Life by your return from York, that you will perfect your Fasay on Modern Gardening; you have given a whole year to your friend and are in debt to the public.

My troubles are at an end, my nephew is as well as ever he was, and is gone into the country either to complete his own ruin and his family's, or to relapse. I shall feel the former, I dread the latter; but I must decline the charge a second time. It half killed me, and would entirely have ruined my health. Indeed, it has hurt me so much, that though my mind has recovered its tranquillity I cannot yet shake off the impressions and recall my spirits. Six menths of gout and nine of stewardship and fears were too much for my time of life and want of strength. The villainy too

LIGHTER Bill - The unfinished Vicinitale, which Mason proposed to the in the Pleasure origing from conclude.

ave seen has shocked me; and memory preover cheerfulness. My inclination will certainly this summer into Yorkshire, if dread of my gout does not restrain me. Sometimes I have go to a warmer climate; but either at Aston or at y will insist on our meeting before winter. What a neighbour you do not wish to see? Are our a deprive us of our best satisfaction—seeing our I will presume to say you cannot have a warmer incere one than myself, who never call myself so not feel myself so, and who have few pleasures hat of saying what I think. You are too wise good not to despise the dirtiness of fools, or to nan, who came to years of discretion before he his childhood, and is superannuated before he is us understanding. He is decaying fast, and will but in his epitaph, like those poor Knights of who are recorded on their gravestones for their Charles I.

a question that lies between the integrity of thors and English booksellers. The other House to a new scrape with the City and printers, which will end to the detriment of the press. The have a much tougher business on their hand, in on their factorum the Parliament may not be usure success—I mean the rupture with America. black slaves were in rebellion, I should have no hoosing my side, but I scarce wish perfect freedom into who are the bloodiest of all tyrants. I should souls of the Africans would sit heavy on the the Americans.

of Hoddernessa, Mason's terms), had a country seat at Sion whom he was on had Hill, Islaworth.

We are still expecting the Works of Lord Chesterfield and Lord Lyttelten on my part with no matter of impationer; one was an apo of the Lyon-is the other of the tipsche, and I lake neither account hand pertures more militarity. There is justished a Postsceipt to the Merow Emistle, costainly by the name author, as in existent by some charming buon, but infered to the former as nevert parts are and to be. The history of tharica has and Mrs. terrese in return sout tem us they saw, wantelsmally choose load iteraterally I think I have told you all I home, and made than you will care whether you know or not. It is an mound age. Even the Maccarena degenerate they have limit all their money and credit, and rum nelsely but their tailora Adieu!

1529. To the Catarani or Urana Canona.

B'es la til

I will may no more Madain, on the subject of our last letters, for one reason that is worth all officer In one word, I loan that only est to home one rear my and I carried tripet it in botton basicio. You will do whatever so ment proper, I am sure; all I presumed was to represent to you what I feared your own feelings might very naturally intercept; the only excuse for ever presumment or give advice.

Sionalde people know all that can be said to them at loant an well as their commollors; but it is not always that they admit their own reason much the calmet. It is only a diagraced minister to a dead king that plagues the successor with repeated remonstratives. I have me ench opinion of my own windom, and am always glad to give up my place, and relayer into my oven idlenous. At present, I could tell you nothing but what Lord theory has brought you.

whim but one minute, which is not extraordinary, little time he passes in town cannot allow him to sit with one that is out of the round of pleasure, ness amusements even do not extend to politics or one. I am a little afraid that I shall not be here con come yourself. I am to go either to-morrow it or to-morrow fortnight, with Lord Orford, to on, a very unpleasant journey, -- but I cannot de-; nor would it become one that preaches to others onse with his own duty, which I have unluckily, late, made my rule. You will smile, Madam, vord unluckily, but it is peculiarly so to me. I came e world when all my contemporaries were wise non and hopeful senators. They had been bred at and tieneva, and it was a charm to behold such ising generation! I only was a reprobate, and used and do whatever came into my head; I used to my Lord Hartington, and Lord Coke, and Lord rough, and Lord Barrington, and had more pleasure ge Selwyn's company, than in sucking wisdom at of those Gamaliels, Mr. Pelham and the sage Duke castle. In my latter days I have changed my and have taken into keeping that old battered ed harridan, Common Sense and still am in the and out of the fashion. If I went to Almack's and out my wrinkles in pink and green, like Lord ton, I might still be in vogue; or if I paid nobody, nt drunk to hed every morning at six, I might to be called out of bed by two in the afternoon to nation, and govern the House of Lords by two or entences as profound and short as the Proverbs mon. Well! I must dress and dine and go to nedy of The Man of Business 1. As a proof of my

Leryan 1529 1 By George Colman.

incapacity, I read it this morning, and it is so full of modern lore, of rencounters and I know not what, that I scarce comprehended a syllable. No. I shall never be not for anything as long as I live. A miscarriage I was been and shall die, without any merit but that of being

Your Ladyship's most attached.

1530. To Sin Honack Mass.

Ashington Street, Pate 23, 1714.

I may taken care not to be too sanguine about the continuation of my nother's receivery and yet it begins to finttor tim with a prompact of its durations spiless one of and to be bewitched with whatever complitionity exceeds but my my doar Sir, I will not conclude that he is more in his merimen than over, because he is pleased with my conduct. I have a better reason for hopes. It is not because he loves ma, but himself, which he nover did before in a sensible way. I have convinced him that I can greatly raise his entate, and he has sent for me to go with him to Hangliton. I shall add this redict to all I have done, and then shall desire to depart in peace. I again see that my family might his navied, but then in a remote which the first marin meather may dispersed and though visions are assuming, I know their texture ton well to nigh at their examition. When one means nothing but what is right, the sting of disappoint mont only pains the ourface: a very different sensation from what one's faults excite! The pleasantest system is to have no news at all. Even the best require as much management that it is irkeems to a mind that delights in the indolence of truth, which has all its arranges ready, has nothing to diagnise or palliate, and hates to be flattering people for their own good. How delicious is every moment to me now, when I have no point to carry ! With what pay

to Strawberry Hill the other day alone, where I had on in two months! How my pictures and books and acod after so long a separation! What a knave or and Charles V have been to repent of having done naves and fools! I have reigned eight months, and ad the gout as he had, but know a little better than how to value health and liberty. But, though so wiser than Charles V, I have not quite the sagacity onen, who prenounced everything vanity and vexaf spirit. I have finished my temple, and onjoy it. ht in my trees and shrubs, though I don't know why are tall and some short; and learned doctors divert ough they cannot selve my doubts. Our Sanhedrim sized me last week, as I am no longer a member. were grievously affronted in the person of their utor; and, no doubt, by the instigation of the wicked it least it is certain that the agents were devils. the press, which exceeds even the Day of Judgefor it brings to light everybody's faults, and a good ere, fell upon the Speaker of the House of Commons: aplained: the printer was taken up, and accused the and Parson Horne as the author. The House conthat the divine would shelter himself in the City, at the magistrates there would protect him—no such he came to the Bar, acted respect, denied the charge artfully reduced them to this dilemma: Was the 's deposition the accusation or the evidence? which was, the counterpart would be wanted. The janisof the law, who can tie knots more easily than loosen were at a nonplus, though they said a great deal. baret out into a laugh. They were forced to vote rould got more evidence; and sent for the printer's who appeared the next day, but still to no purpose. of them know a syllable, as they hoped to be saved,

of Horne being the author. Well! what to do? Why, nothing. Horne was dismissed, and the printer remains in custody!. The majesty of the senate is a little singed.

Well; but I must do justice; the press has done some justice. There is just published a very good dialogue between three persons of some note namely, the partitioners of Poland. There is a great deal of wit and just satire in this piece; but though the press can pass sentence, I doubt it cannot see it executed. I do not know but part of it may be put in force. The rebellion in Russia still exists, which looks a little serious. How the Poles must pray that it may prosper! The King of Prussia is so thorough-paced a villain, that I should not be surprised if he had set it on foot. I am sure he will support it, if he can see his interest in it. How happy would it be to have those three moneters punished by each other!

I am heartily glad you are rid of the posthumous Duchosa", who thinks herself the object at which all the darts of one of those furies are simed. She is get to Turin, and will be at home in about two spouths. Personaly, I apprehend that she is literally mad. Her late visions pass pride and fully. The world here is exceedingly disposed to laugh at her; and by a letter that is already come from her to Princess Amelic, she does not at all mean to keep her imaginary persecutions secret. Indeed, indeed, my dear Mir, I have long told you that we are all mad, and everything one hears proves it. Nay, don't you find every English man or woman that arrives at Florence out of their somes? I am persuaded that if you were not discretion itself, your letters would be as full of extravagant events as mine are. What think you of that pompours piece of effrontery and imposture, the Duchess of Kingston ? In

Lawren 1860 - 1 Woodfull man released on March 3, 1774 * Lady Mary Colo.

common sense in her estentation and grief, and train crape and band of music? I beg you would not be a that chapter; it is as comic a scene as that of the a Trifabline in Den Quixote; and though she is the d mighty Princess, at least she does not yet pretend reval one.

se had mighty civil dispatches from my sister-in-law. sixes the continuation of our correspondence, which now and then obey. I may be obliged to renew it; orefore, it is best to keep it up. I have no resentable. I wish to keep her and her son on good and what signifies writing half a dozen letters more. I have done all I can to persuade him to write to I have done all I can to persuade him to write to I he promises it. There is an end I believe of her to your brother at Naples, who finds it would have a very expensive affair. I have good wishes for sough I own I was piqued at his interfering in an emportant to my nephew. Adicu!

24th. The famous Charles Fox was this morning out of his place of Lord of the Treasury for great iss in the House towards Lord North. His parts a have a full opportunity of showing whether they mee his character, or whether patriotism can white. The Queen was brought to bed this evening of Prince?

Bute desires me to tell you that Mrs. Anne Pitt is o Pisa, and that I would recommend her to you. I do that on my own account, as I am very intimate r. You know she is Lord Chatham's sister, as well very image; but you must take care not to make art to her on that head, as they are no dear friends.

e Adalphus Frederick (1774-1850), created Duke of Cambridge in

She has excellent parts, a great deal of wit, and not so aword a temper as to contradict the likeness of her features. She has at times been absolutely English', but not in the present style of the fashion, and has much too good sense to exhibit any extraordinary scenes. She is extremely well-bred, and known the world perfectly. In short, she will be much pleased with your attentions, and will please you in a very different way from the generality of our I dread sending you anybody that I have not known long, and some that I do ; but there is no danger from Mrs. Pitt, who has always lived in the great world, and is not of an age to play the feel especially on a small theatre. She has not succeeded so well as she intended on a very large one"; but you may depend upon it. Tuscany will not tempt her. I will not answer but she may take libertion with some" that have been tempted by great duchies; but you will have the prudence not to seem to hear what it is better not to answer.

1531. To the REV WILLIAM MASON

DEAR BIR.

Arimston Street, March 19, 1774.

I arrived here but four hours ago from Houghton, where I have been this fortnight with my nephew. I find your letter, your printed Ode, and messages from Mr. Stonhower, to whom I have not yet had an instant's time to send, nor have, but to say one syllable to you, as I approve your additions' exceedingly, and would not delay saying so; that, if my taste or judgement can have any weight, you may be determined to print what Gray might envy. I am

time transle, was diagramed. Walnute.

^{*} Out of her norms. The treat measure popular. His was live lived to the light.

A file was live lived to the line light common lived or live who had out of the light lived l

^{*} Durkens of Cambarlatel. Wel-

Lauren 150). The titrage of surficialism that them systems in inter-to-Mannes of Feb. 14, 1774

modesty even in the flower of authors, but not too far, as you do now, by degrading Gray to an x, because you, though unworthy, will not sit by his Works. You have finished him as well as he with all his love of polishing, could have done, and truly that yours have more harmony than some hos. I wonder at it, for I dislike the metre, which fourth line has a sudden sink, like a man with shorter than the other; but I have not time for more. You shall have a longer letter in a post Adieu.

HOR WALPOLE.

1532. To the Rev. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawborry Hill, March 28, 1774. H, to my last in a great hurry, and not much knowing aid, being just lighted from my chaise after being tht at Houghton with my nephew; where my head al with business, and my heart with anxiety and d twenty other passions, for (not to return to the if he is recovered I doubt it will not be for a long He is neither temperate in his regimen nor cond if I have chased away seven evil spirits, as many y to enter. In short, the rest of my life, I find, and l shorten it, is to be spent in contests with lawyers, at nort of lawyers, attorneys, stewards, farmers, ees, and toad-eaters. I do not advance and cannot I wished to live only for my friends and myself; now, I find, live for my relations -or die for them. very kind in pitying, and advising me to conease and health; but if you knew my whole story, was not too long, even for a series of letters like a, you would encourage me to proceed.

flatter myself that my duty is the incentive to my conduct, and you, whose life is blameless, would, I am sure, advise your friend to sacrifice his happiness at last to his family, and to the memory of a father to whom he owes everything. But no more on this, though it has, and does occupy my mind so much, that I am absolutely ignorant of the affairs of the world, and of all political and literary nows though the latter are the only comforts of the few moments. I have to myself.

I began Mr. Bryant's 'what shall I call it? pre-existent History of the World, but had not time to finish the first volume. It put me in mind of Prior's Madam, who

To cut things came down to Adam !.

There are two pages under the radical Macar that will divert you; an absolute account of Macacare, though I dare to awear the good man never dreamt that he was writing the history of Almack's. I have just got Mr. Warton's Life's of poetry, and it seems delightfully full of things I love, but not a minute to begin it; nor Campbell's long expected work on Commerce', which he told me, twenty years ago, should be the basis on which he meant to build his reputation. Lord Lyttelton and Lord Chesterfield are coming forth, and one must run them over in self-defence. Still I say to you, O quando ego to aspeciame, yes, Te, both you and your Gray! I am impatient for the remainder, though I would not have it hurried.

Mr. Stonhower will have told you what I said on the print; but if he could make some of it I shall wonder,

LETTER 1609 - I Jacob Bryand (1715-1804). His book was railed A New System, or see Analyses of Ancient Mythology. Israelass.

[&]quot;And last I should be maried, To out things about, came down to Alam, "Prior, Alma 11 375 &

The first column of Warton's History of English System, recently published

^{*} A Political Survey of threat Strings, by Julia Campbell :1709 1775.

vas on both sides; for your print', as the more le; for Wilson's picture as extremely like, though osa that shocks one. There are marks, evident of its being pointed after Gray's death. I would g it up in my house for the world. I think I am no to know my own mind: it is to have prints of rom yours at the beginning to front his Juvenilia: ilson's, at or towards the end, as the exact repreon of him in his last years of life. The delay will nify, as your book is a lasting one- no matter if it out in the middle of summer. It does not depend nale on a full London; it will be sent for into the , and will always continue to be sold. Were I to nything that I could hope to have minded, I would in summer. The first ball, duel, divorce, new a of Carrick, or debate in the House of Commons, everything forgotten in a minute in winter. Wedderphilippie on Franklin , that was cried up to the Thief Justice de Grey's on literary property, Lord ch's honograble behaviour to Miller the printer". ady at the bottom of Lethe. Mademoiselle Heinel to-morrow, and Wedderburn and Lord Sandwich ch their deaths, if they wait in either of the Temples or Infamy in expectation of admirors.

ow not a word more than I told you, or you have

wing of they by Mason, och made on Jen 29, 1274, ling of the Prity Control, consider a polition from excite. Wellerburn attaching wellerburned to thomas of inching public of the action of the control of the lines of the thereon, of Massachurt the thereon, of Massachurt the thereon, of Massachurt.

ation Pranklin 1707 (Vien), Inne eigent in Regional for Hilly of Massachmette *Hefore the conclusion of the year, Sandwich, who had resisted all marner of applications from Miller, the printer, to be torgiven his fine of \$2.000L, and who had vowed never to forgive it, but to bestow it on some charity, privately compounded it for had said his own costs.' Hornes Walpele's note on this pussage: Tool Sandwich repetited of, or was paramated out this lenity, and sout Miller would be would resist to part of the time.'

heard, of the affair of literary property. Lord Manateld's finesse, as you call it, was christened by its time names pitiful and paltry. Poor Mrs. Maccolay has written a very had pumphlet on the subject. It marks dejection and sickness. In truth, anylask that has principles must feel. Half of the King's opposition at legal are hurrying to court. Sir William Meredith has rudden thather on a white stick 1; Colonel Harro on the necks of the Bostemans, his old friends; Mr. Burke, who has a telerable stake in St. Vincent's", seems to think it worth all the nest of America. Still, I do not know how, an amazing fell of an amazing parent has dipped through the ten theward ingers of venulity, and gives the constitution serve chance of country itself I man tiremalle's tall for trang electione. passed as rapidly as if it had been for a repeal of Magna Charta, brought in by Mr. Cofferer Byson. Well' it is one n'clock in the morning, and I must go to bed I have passed one calm evening here alone, and have concluded it ment agreeably by chatting with your formeries I must roturn into the bustle, but I carry excessibere with me the inclancibly impression of my life's tranquillity being at an ond. I not no prospect of peace for me, whother my tupliew lives, dies, relapses, or remains as he is at present. I love to be occupied, but in my own was, unabserved and unconnected. My juy to to read or write what I please. mut letters of laminess, accounts, or applications. That good night; I have tired you and myself; my sole excuse is, if you will take it for one, that I had other things to do that I should have liked doing; but writing to you was the greatest pleasure, and according to my former haldte I preferred what amused me lest. \$ 1215 #75 RP\$ #7 \$.

* No land boost appointed than trained

1. He had presumented atroughy in favour of presidents the inhabitation of Beaters

14 Republic made usedy in Andrea of Tearring judgmed here for editors with Smarch agreemed in Angular des 996. Visit 101.

11 W

1533. To SIR HORACE MANN.

Arlington Street, March 28, 1774.

ill know by my letters, my dear Sir, long before I have received a gracious epistle from the enclosing one to her son, open, and full of comus of my behaviour. I have exerted all my to persuade him to answer it, and hope he hassurs. Openness to persuasion is not his most mality. I have just gone through a fortnight's e of most of his characteristics. I have been with loughton, and am returned full of sorrow, conone hand, that if he remains in what are called , his conduct will not be more reasonable than and, on the other, expecting a relapse. In one observes no regimen, eats intemperately, and eve a lattle a day. To me his behaviour is all and respect but I have not only not the least ith him, but the whole cunning of his temper is to bar my being one instant alone with him. ais old conductors have furnished him with a new who is indecently eager to riot in what I had com the ruin. This is the present situation and prespect. You may unroll the map in your own hurts me to expatiate on it.

orrespondent at Turin has found so flattering on at that court, that it has smoothed all the her brow, and suspended hostilities against far, that she has proclaimed an armistice, and is to her ministers at home to observe a strict her former dispatches. I am glad you will be come all our wandering courts, except her Grace of

Lerran 1333. I Lady Mary Coke. Walpole.

Kingston's, which is so contemptible, that, was I in your place, I should be extremely determined to let it give me no trouble.

We are in profound tranquillity here. Even America gives us no pain at least it makes little sensation, for the opposition have not taken up the cause; in the first place, because the opposition is very feeble; and, secondly, because it has a great mind to be less; that is, they are, many of the few, endeavouring to wriggle into court by different doors. The general tone against the Bostonians is throats. It remains to see whether America will be as pliant as we say they must be. I don't pretend to guess, for I seldom guess right; but we could even afford to lose America. Every day gives us more East Indies. Advice has just come that we have taken Tanjore, and a General Smith has got 150,000t, for his own share. Spaniards are forced to dig in mines before they are the better for the gold of Potosi; we have nothing to do but to break a truce, and plunder a city, and we find the pretty metal ready coined and brilliants ready cut and mounted, Nay, don't frown; depredation is authorized by Act of Parliament, at least by the vote of the House of Commons that acquitted and applauded Lord Clive. How much more just would that sentence of a barbarian ambassador be, if applied to our Parliament than to the Senate of Rome, that he thought he saw an assembly of kings; we sanctify such violences and iniquities, that one should think the House of Commons were composed of three hundred and sixty-five Empresses and Kings of Prussia.

The Duke of Devenshire marries Lady Georgiana Spencer*; she is a levely girl, natural, and full of grace; he, the first match in England. Your old friend, Lord Pelham, is made

² Eldest daughter of first Earl Cavendish, fifth links of December, Spencer, m. (June 5, 1774) William 4, 1899

n Eyre. There are some other promotions of no to you, that you will read in the newspapers. I know what to do with the letter you sent ment a servant all round the town and to the Opera art can get no tidings of a Scultore Capezzuoli³, t send me a direction, or I shall never find him. correspondents think that London would stand him of one's hand, like Florence?

34. To the Countess of Upper Ossory.

Pitrawherry Hill, April 6, 1774.

to obey your Ladyship in nothing so little as in I myzelf; and yet I must, as you inquire after it; stude obliges me to thank you for so much goodhave been here these four days, have slept well, less pain in my breast, and fewer nerves. I am to go to Bath, which I will not do for the very am advised to it, as I would do anything to avoid or jost it off, rather than seek it. In short, I shall ol doal of this air, as long as it suits mo; and if it , go somowhere to the seaside, which has always re serviceable than any remedy, and as it is my the good, I wish to get a little strength to support land Orford succeeding to the last long fit, I have covered it. There, Madam, if you was my apotheould not have been more circumstantial. Look in , and see if you deserve to be treated like a nurse; are so very kind to me, that I write to your heart, mir face and person. If you were not to be in the apring advances so charmingly, I think I should . thather One is frightened with the inundation

 $_{\rm G,10}=2.6$ $_{\rm AS}$ smalls. He executed the line relief on Wolfe's monucosts, states $A^{\pm}{\rm tey}$

of breakfasts and balls that are coming on. Every is engaged to everybody for the next three weeks, a one must hunt for a needle, I had rather look for a bottle of hay in the country than in a crowd. 1 want company here; Lord and Lady Strafford a Twickenham, and the Meynells at your old residence I want literature or news, yonder is Mr. Cambridge; pe or places I do not want, or Lord and Lady Nort at Bushy. At present I am immersed in Warton's L of Poetry, and can listen to no news that don't thus: --

Herkeneth now, bothe olde and yvng, For Maries love, that swete thyng: How a werre bigan Bitwone a god Cristone kyng, And an bothere beybe lordyng, Of Damas the Soudan'.

If the Czarina takes Constantinople, I shall think it proper conclusion of the story, and only correct the ? ' god Cristene Queen."

Dr. Goldsmith is dead, and my cousin Mrs. Hi The owl hooted last night on the round tower I thought was going to tell me a story for Lady but had been reading Warton too, and only repeated lines:---

Than shal you, doughter, aske the wyne, Wyth spisos that be gode and fyne: Gentyll pottes, with genger grone Wyth dates and doynties you betweene. Fortie torches, brenynge bright, At your brydges to bring you lyght. Into yours chambre they shall you brynge Wyth much myrthe and more lykynge,

LETTER 1584. - The opening lines of the tale of The King of Ture, from which extracts are given in the and of General Conway. History of Poetry, ed. 1824, vol. ii.

tr. 18年, " Mister of the Earl of 1 our blankettes shal be of fustyane, our shetes shal be of cloths of rayne, our head-shete shal be of pery pyght, ith dyamends set and rubys bryght, hen you are layd in bed so softe, cage of gold shal hange alofte, ythe longe peper fayre burning, id cloves that be swete smellyng, ankinsense and olihanum, at whan ye slepe, the taste may come, if yf ye no rest can take,

dam, if Lady Anne does not like this promise in Arabian tale, I will burn my books and give. What luxury to repose on fustian blankets and is of the skins of reindeer. Rude and savage our ancestors, you see they indulged in more can the Maccarenies do. The future Duchess of will have nothing but tea and sack-whey, not of ginger green; nor will her head lie soft on twith diamonds and rubies, unless Miss Loyd lowe hear of this sumptuous description, and ady Georgians's having a still richer bolster, will never come. Adden! my goddess of health; ill or low-spirited when I am writing to you.

35. TO THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

Strawlerry Hill, April 7, 1774.

have read Mr. Warton's book; and shall I tell think of it? I never saw so many entertaining

tale of the Squies of Sect in the History of signification both of Romes? the finest winds to the finest of lines and not reindeer, as Walpele supposes.

particulars crowded together with so little entertainment and vivacity. The facts are overwhelmed by one another, as Johnson's sense is by words: they are all equally strong. Mr. Warton has amassed all the parts and learning of four centuries, and all the impression that remains is that those four ages had no parts or learning at all. There is not a gleam of poetry in their compositions between the Scalds and Chaucer: nay, I question whether they took their metres for anything more than rules for writing prose. In short, it may be the genealogy of versification with all its intermarriages and anecdotes of the family; but Gray's and your plan might still be executed. I am sorry Mr. Warton has contracted such an affection for his materials, that he seems almost to think that not only Pope but Dryden himself have added few beauties to Chaucer.

The republic of Parnassus has lost a member; Dr. Goldsmith is dead of a purple fever, and I think might have been saved if he had continued James's powder, which had had much effect, but his physician interposed. His numerous friends neglected him shamefully at last, as if they had no business with him when it was too serious to laugh. He had lately written epitaphs for them all, some of which hurt, and perhaps made them not serry that his own was the first necessary. The poor soul had sometimes parts, though never common sense.

I shall go to town to-morrow and send for my Lord Chesterfield's Letters, though I know all I wished to see is suppressed. The Stanhopes applied to the Chanceller for an injunction, and it was granted. At last his Lordship permitted the publication on two conditions, that I own were reasonable, though I am serry for thom. The first, that the family might expunge what passages they pleased:

LETTER 1535. - The posts Helshitten, published after the lamith's double.

I, that Mrs. Stanhope² should give up to them, esserving a copy, Lord Chesterfield's Portraits atomporaries, which he had lent to his son, and ed of the widow, who gave them up, but had in. He burnt the originals himself, just before a disgust with Sir John Dalrymple's book, a new hat sycophant's libel.

Il's book I have not looked into, and am told is y. Thus I have given you an account of my a my confessor in literature. I know nothing am happy to have time for thinking of my t.

d friend passes by here very often airing, and looks ghastly and going. It has been so much hat his pest of Governor was destined, I hear, to tol, and his Cinque Ports I know were offered beergo] Germaine, for there seems to be a general wind, and nobody is to remain discontented, but see their reversions promised.

ask about your own books, for I wish you to have immer of readers to yourself, as I told you in my imquire when I shall see you, and hope it will summer too, for in autumn I expect the gout, my yeart. If he is as severe as last time, he will be the woman who killed her hen that laid golden

in my confession to say that I have gone through r. Hryant's first volume. Lord John' has read likes them, and thinks there is a great deal made t far enough to see that the Tower of Babel might i timished, if you would allow the workmen to he top and bottom at once; but this was not my

a linguaged's to we h

I The Earl of Holdernman

^{*} Lard John Cavendish.

reason for mentioning the book. If you have it or it is in your neighbourhood, pray in the radicals read the article of You will find that there was a happy people, a favourite name, who lived in an island and were called Minergeners, Mr. Hyanti in the johne and I darw to awear never thought on our Maccaronies, when he was talking of Conhites and Ammonians. But I forgot that you are not as idle as I am, nor are bound to hear of every book I read. I can only say in excuse that when one is alone one is apt to think of those one loves, and wishes to converse with them on common pursuits. Is not it natural too, to wish to engage them in a little conversation? One tells them news, and wants them to care for it, in hopes of an answer short, you have wen my affection, and must sometimes be troubled with it; but you are at liberty to treat it coully or kindly, as you please. The mass will remain, though you should not succurage me to send you papers full of it at a time. Adiou!

Wh April.

I was too late for the post on Thursday, and have since got Lord Chestorfield's Letters, which, without being well entertained, I sat up reading last night till between one and two, and decoured above 1 to. To my great surprise they seem really written from the heart, not for the henour of his head, and in truth do no great honour to the last, nor show much feeling in the first, except in wishing for his son's fine gentlemanhood. He was sensible what a cub he had to work on, and whom two quartes of licking could not mould, for cub he remained to his death. The repetitions are suddens and tiresome. The next volume, I see, promises more amissment, for in turning it over, I spied many political names. The more curious part of all is that one perceives by what infinite assishity and attention his Lordship's own great sharacter was raised and supported; and

all that great character what was there worth some but his loss mots? His few fugitive pieces main abow his gented turn for songs and his wit: elities he rather escaped well, than succeeded by In short, the diamond swed more to being brillianted indied, and well set, than to any intrinsic worth or

1536 To THE REV. WILLIAM MASON.

April 17, 1774.

may can what you please, my dear Sir, but yes, you tarvel with the night of my letters; and this perhaps atall less welcome than any of its predecessors. was sends had no excuse for their gessiping. This en more seriously, and from good will propense. In ed, has admirated has been riponed into warm buy and I do not see why friendship should be d of the perceloge of telling one's friend his merits, Il mature may see chearly berrow its mask to reprove has faults. Mr Stonhower brought me your section as Infero I received your letter; and do you know, a containly discontinual with it? not for its faults, for a not a ample bleimsh, but for your honesty and a What can provoke you to be so imprudent? may though I have you am little, as to enjoy your free and not tell you what a nest of hornets, may of Yes are incensing! I do besouth you to repress Angustion and cancel the papers in question. They rage and you will have a life of warfare to lead to yong day. Martyrstom itself might be delightful, if whit apraise from the drope of blood. In the present at besieff could arise? to yourself endless disquiet e the consequence. Well, but if I cannot touch your trepulate. I know I can stagger it, when your friend's

memory is at stake. In Gray's own letters there is enough to offend: your notes added well involve bus in the quarrel; every milly story will be resired, and his ashes will be districted to ver you. You know my idea was that your work should consecrate his mame. To emure that end, nothing should be blended with it that might make your work a look of party and controversy. Hy raining simmion to it, you will defeat in part your own beneatchit purpose of a charitable fund. Whom so numerous a heat are banded against it, the sale will be chegged, reflect how many huyers you will exclude. At least, as there is no loving kindness in sist simily, immorto the objectionable letters and your man notes to a future edition; nay, it will be policy. If the bench appears without its still, triay's character will be outablished, and unimpeached. Horeafter let them there him if they can. I will dwell no longer on the subject; your letter tells me you are not in haste. thir Mr. Stonhower will write, and tell you that the neighbourne inconcences will needs for resistanced one way, and my fact that it is likely to be removed every way. Thopse to see you at Stranberry Hill on the first dielodgement, and then we shall have time to semilable on the several attains I adject to

I have a few other difficulties, not of much consequence. I would simil overs passage that hands at the cause of his removal from l'oterhouse. Hen't vou, or de you, know that that and other tills atorica were printed in an about back called Lexistance? I would be as wary as the Church of

Lawrence States State State of

A like about of history a new rat from the extentions to some given in the application. Test in the true to the dustance by the amics writer by the bush themptodi, Apolic schools who there is the application of the reach Marriage suplies of the second history, highling conduct second

remarked a three plack can be thin given your a common tract thinged for heave no course of thinged for heave never extensive and a contract the constant flow of professed flow or dearly another three parties for and the contract of religious for and the contract of religious for and the contract of t

Rome is before they canonize a saint. They wait till he has been dead an hundred years, that no old woman may exist to tell a tale of the frailty of his youth, as a beldame did when Charles Borromée was to be sainted-'I am glad of it.' said she, 'for he had my maidenhead.' Now I descend to verbal criticism. In p. 234, line 17 of the note, there is an he that is obscure. It means Gray, but by the construction refers to Akenside. 'He would tire of it as soon as he did.' The second he should be Mr. Gray. In p. 241. note 1. Grav was not mistaken. Before the Duc de Choiseul was disgraced, I was privy to many abject solicitations made by Voltaire to both the Duke and Duchess for leave to go to Paris: but the Duke did not think it worth his while to quarrel with the clergy and Parliament upon his account. The moment the Duke was out, Voltaire renewed the battery of flattery to the breast of the Duc d'Aiguillon, but as the first part of the transaction was communicated to me in confidence, I would not have it made public while the parties are living. His letters on that occasion are extant. and some time or other I suppose will appear.

In Algarotti's 3 letter are two false printings: for quan io porso it should be quanto io porrò, or rather I believe potrò: and for sottescrivam, read sottoscrivermi.

In defiance of my Lord Chesterfield, who holds it vulgar to laugh, and who says wit never makes one laugh, I declare I laughed aloud, though alone, when I read of the professor 4 who died of turbot and made a good end. If this is not wit, I do not know what is. I am much more in doubt of his

of fire below his windows. Immediately the windows were seen to open, and the poet descending in his shirt by his ladder. Thus we caught him at last, and one of the watchmen, to prevent his nerves being totally benumbed by frigorific torpor, lent him his great-coat.

3 Francesco (1712-1764), Count Al-

garotti, man of letters and Chamberlain to Frederick the Great. He wrote to Gray and Mason in 1763 to express his admiration of their works.

4 Thomas Chapman, D.D. (1717-1760), Master of Magdalene College, Cambridge. See Gray's letter to Dr. Clarke of Aug. 12, 1760.

spears, which is all I can say of mortal wit. Nay, I would rather accept that pride of virtue preferably to all earthly blessings, for its own comfortable impletee, though I were supe to be annihilated the moment I doe; so far am I from thinking with the saint, that suffering virtue without a future reward would of all conditions be the most miserable, There are none, or few real evils, but pain and guilt : the district of virtue makes everything also a trifle, or very tolorable. Penury steelf may flatter one, for it may be inflicted on a man for his virtue, by that paltry thing in ormino and volvet, a king. I'rav, therefore, never respect me any more, till my virtues have made me a leggar. I am not molambody, nor going to write drive porms. I have a more manly resolution, which is to mend invest as much as I can, and not lot my age be as alonged as my vonth. I want to respect myself, the person in the world whose approbation I desire most. The next title I sepire to, but not till that person is content with me, is that of being Vastir'

Simore friend,

II. W.

P.S. You will be divorted to hear that a man who thought of nothing so much as the purity of his language, I mean Lard Chesterfield, says, 'you and see shall not be well together,' and this not once, but on every such cocasion. A friend of mine says, it was certainly to avoid that female inscuracy of they don't mind you and I, and yet the latter is the least bad of the two. He says too, Lord Chesterfield dose, that for forty years of his life he never used a word without stopping a moment to think if he could not find a better. How agreeably he passed his time!

1537. To Sin Horace Mann.

Strawberry Hill, May 1, 1774.

The period of time, rather than anything I have to say, brings you my letter. Political events are so much the materials of a distant correspondence, that I don't know how ours would have crept on for so many years, if the last thirty had been as batten as the present one. There is indeed a great business in agitation, and has been for some time, but, without the therough base of opposition, it makes no religiont of l'arliament. Ita l'arliamentary name is Regulate as to Doton'. Its reserve, the question of sovereignty and America Bhall I tell you in one word my opinion? If the last-mans resist, the dispute will possibly be deterinmed in farcial of the crown by force. If they temporize is subsect, wasting for a more favourable moment, and programs for it the wound, skinned over, will break out bereafter with more violence and that I lay any stress on my wan conjectures. People rollect their guesses from what they have read, heard, or meen; but times are unlike; and a specie man " can comotimes give a new colour to an age.

Would not one think that people die or marry only out of appoints a too? There is not anything more new in private than in public life. One would think the summer began two months some than it used to do; yet the Parliament soll probable out late, in expectation of hearing how the right referenced on the Restonians is received by them and the extensed sizes.

Laste Mary toke is not yet arrived, nor was even got to Passe, at least, a letter I received theree yesterday does not

I remain that A tail which come at the III.

I This proved the case in Dr. grantful to Massachasta by Will

Franklin Wilpole.

mention her. She is expected at home some time month.

I have not yet been able to discover Capera

I have not yet been able to discover tapezh sculptor, for whem you sent me a letter long ago, inquired at every statuary's in town to no part. Mr. Chute's servant, Martelli, is now injoin the him; but his correspondent ought to know that I a little bigger than Florence. It was directed to t'ap Scultore, a London increases every day; I believe th soon be no other town left in England, for inigrations as fast as buildings. All the Scotch and I right the come to London go to America. If you ever return devoutly wish, you will find a larger city than Flor which you never saw a street; without including adjacent villages, which the town bas surrounded or Perhaps it will be at last like Palmyra, in the ma vast desort!

Next to gaming, which subsides a little from insterials, the predominant felly is pictures; I be parden for associating them with gaming. For the broke, a citizen, and marter to what is called specular his pictures sold by auction last week. A view of Nii by Cuyp, not large, and which he had bought very for seventy guiness, sold for two hundred and nine they could be sold in proportion, the collection at He would fetch two hundred thousand. A Mr. Pearsowhu married the Giacomars, brought over a few, part

Remarkand of Law young duck that are a few and a second and a few and a second are as you have a second a few and a few

Traches (Monocies, s.d. ii g. 64); simulting that he most all file gios (Manth the poor 1700) 'n any interests callege friend Mr. I'. adjusted sallege friend Mr. I'. adjusted here for the edge-active of the children. He had formarly possesses to great session in Clareland, York white, and married as speech that con-

tions Voice. He sold one Unido for two thousand pounds to Mr. Democrated. The 'Dectors' at Houghton, the first protein in Lugland, and equal to any in Italy but Raphael's, cost but a little above six hundred pounds. Well! we are year and and year quiet. I hope it will last! Adieu!

1176 Moss Davis, the Inglesma, is more admired than anything I removable of late years in operas; but though success a security in fashion, that some of our fine gentlemen less, to say, at holds no proportion with hazard and Nowmasket. The turnoni and Faustina would not be paid higher than a race lesse.

11 AM TO THE REV. WILLIAM COLE.

Disem Man.

Adlington Street, May 4, 1774.

We have drapped one another, as if we were not antiquities but people of this world or do you disclaim the le were I have quitted the Society ? I could give you lead the rate reasons for my silones. The gout kept entire passession of me for six months; and, before it released me, Lord code of a illness and affairs engressed me totally. have been two e in Norfolk mace you heard from me. tion at liberty again what is your account of yourself? It ask and to come above ground, even se far as to see me, I know in a in sain or I certainly would ask it. You impose t or the sam shackles on yourself, will not quit your cell, nor will speak above once a week. I am glad even to hear of and to see your hand, though you make that as much If you were to be tempted abroad, it lake , as some an would be by a polynomage, and I can here you even with that. Mx stray of in transfeed, and the shrine will actually be placed

a 21. cm. d. 23. moune Linchensteilen ich d. 2. d. Linchen erweite Kaste Konkadisten, d. d. 18.0. Kast Paparins Kurnendinsteil

of the second creation.

Lawren 1584, ... The Society of Anti-paries.

in less than a fortnight. My father is said to have said, that every man had his price; you are a Reatus, indeed, if you resist a shrine. Why should not you add to your claustral virtues that of a peregrination to Strawberry? You will find me quite alone in July. Consider, Strawberry is almost the last monastery left, at least in England. Poor Mr. Bateman's is despoiled: Lord Bateman has stripped and plundered it; has sequestered the lest things, has advertised the site, and is dirtily selling by auction what he neither would keep, nor can sell for a sum that is worth while. I was hurt to see half the ornaments of the charel. and the reliquaires, and in chart a thousand trities, expensed to sneers. I am buying a few to keep for the founder's make. Surely it is very indecent for a favourity relation, who is rich, to show so little remembrance and affection. I suppose Strawberry will have the same fate! It has already happened to two of my friends. Lord Bristol got his mother's house from his brother ', by persuading her he was in love with it. He let it in a month after she was dead - and all her favourite pictures and ornaments, which she had ordered not to be removed, are mouldering in a garret! You are in the right to care so little for a world where there is no measure but avoirdupois. Adieu!

Yours sincerely,

H. W.

1539. To Sin Honack Mann.

Strawborry Hill, May 15, 1774.

This is a great morsel of news, indeed nay, not that we know actually yet that Louis Quinzo is dead; but we conclude so. Lord Stormont's courier arrived on Wednesday.

² At Windpor.

⁵ Mary Lepel, Baroness Hervey, d. 1768. Her house was in Mt. James's Place, overlooking the Green

Thursday.

^{*} Hon. Augustus Hervey, after-

ad left Paris on Sunday night at cleven, when the was begun. He said he might not be able to write soon, as all horses would be stopped. Some protend the King died on Tuesday, others conclude he is red but herses would not be stopped on that account he centrary. Many foretell war not on knowledge. auphin is little known the first acts of a new King dom the expression of his meaning. There is a notion on the Chancellor'. If Monsieur de Choiseul returns ver, it will want no prophet to announce war. Two King's daughters, though they never had the smallstended him, and it is said the Dauphin saw him the emption, which was not very prudent. Madame rri was retired to the Due d'Aiguillon's at Ruel. This I have heard that I believe. One never attains the ed first accounts of a reign truly, till half a century is What is first said is generally the least to be credited. reports are coincil by vanity of knowing, by credulity, man time. We believed firmly for two days that Sutton wullet was at Paris, and that Lord Stormont had been I to carry him to the King. Sutton was actually in 21 3.

ope, or in France. Will the new King go to war, or the Jesusta? Will the Dauphiness have any weight? he Emperor? Oh, but they say the King of Prussiang too. That would make a greater change. The a protends to have beaten Pugatschoff? but I don't the story has much the air of truth. A rebel so often, and that still makes a stand, is a new kind of rebel.

in 1996 — I Marginetti. ro moro two teritlorii Mitterii , Morey man isi l'arin at tliin More Americal , y Liedy Mary

⁽ble, vol. iv. p. 845.)

ito had been defeated in several engagements, but was still at large.

the first. How thick calamities fall on that family! Lord Holland drags on a wrotched life, and Lady Holland is dying of a cancer. Their youngest and only good son?" is just gone with his regiment to America.

lucalay, 17th.

Well! the King of France is dead; but nothing farther is yet known. The new King was not to see the ministers for nine days, so to-morrow will be a bustling day in that court, and of some importance to this! Adicu!

to Hast Rossey (afterwards thousand) Pros

SNICKS VOL. VIII